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## The DRAMATICK

# ORKS

O F

# John Dryden, Esq;

## VOLUME the FOURTH.

## CONTAINING.

The STATE of INNO- ALL for Love: Or, cence, and the Fall the World well Loft. of MAN.

AURENGE-ZEBE: Or, the GREAT MOGUL. | OF DIPUS.

the World well Loft. LIMRERHAM: Or. the KIND-KEEPER.

### LONDON:

Printed for JACOB TONSON at Shakespear's Head over-against Katharine-Street in the Strand. M DCC XVII.



THE

## State of Innocence,

AND

FALL of MAN.

AN.

## OPERA.

Written in Heroick VERSE.

------Utinam modò dicere possem Carmina digna Deá: Certe est Den Carmine digna. Ovid. Met.

Printed in the YEAR MDCCXVII.





TO HER

# ROYAL HIGHNESS,

THE

## DUTCHESS.

MADAM,

MBITION is so far from being a Vice in Poets, that 'tis almost imposfible for them to succeed without it. Imagination must be rais'd, by a Defire of Fame, to a Defire of Pleafing:

And they whom in all Ages Poets have endeavour'd most to please, have been the Beautiful and the Great. Beauty is their Deity to which they sacrifice, and Greatness is their Guardian-Angel which protects them. Both these are so eminently join'd in the Person of Your Royal Highness, that it were not easie for any, but a Poet, to determine which of them out-shines the other.

## The Epistle Dedicatory.

other. But I confess, Madam, I am already byats'd in my Choice: I can eafily refign to others the Praise of Your Illustrious Family, and that Glory which you derive from a long continu'd Race of Princes, famous for their Actions both in Peace and War: I can give up to the Historians. of your Country, the Names of fo many Generals and Heroes which croud their Annals; and to our own, the Hopes of those which you are to produce for the British Chronicle. I can yield. without Envy, to the Nation of Poets, the Fami-Iy of Este, to which Ariosto and Tasso have ow'd their Patronage; and to which the World has ow'd their Poems: But I could not without extream Reluctance refign the Theme of your Beauty to another Hand. Give me leave, Madam, to acquaint the World that I am Jealous of this Subject; and let it be no Dishonour to you, that after having rais'd the Admiration of Mankind, you have inspir'd one Man to give it Voice. But . with what soever Vanity this new Honour of being your Poet has fill'd my Mind, I confess my felf too weak for the Inspiration; the Priest was always unequal to the Oracle: The God within him was too mighty for his Breast: He labour'd with the facred Revelation, and there was more of the Mystery left behind, than Divinity it self could enable him to express. I can but discover 2 Part of your Execulencies to the World; and that too according to the Measure of my own Weakness. Like those who have survey'd the Moon by Glaifes, I can only tell of a new and shining World above us, but not relate the Riches and Glories of the Place. 'Tis therefore that I have already wav'd the Subject of your Greatness. to relign my felf to the Contemplation of what

## The Epiftle Dedicatory.

is more peculiarly yours. Greatness is indeed communicated to some few of both Sexes; but Beauty is confin'd to a more narrow compass: 'Tis only in your Sex, 'tis not shar'd by many, and its Supreme Perfection is in you alone. And here, Madam, I am proud that I cannot Flatter: You have reconcil'd the differing Judgments of Mankind: For all Men are equal in their Judgment of what is eminently best. The Prize of Beauty was disputed only till you were seen; but now all Pretenders have withdrawn their Claims: There is no Competition but for the second Place. Even the fairest of our Island (which is fam'd for Beauties) not daring to commit their Cause against you, to the Suffrage of those who most partially adore them. Fortune has, indeed, but render'd Justice to so much Excellence, in setting it so high to publick View: Or, rather Providence has done Justice to it self, in placing the most perfect Workmanship of Heaven, where it may be admir'd by all Beholders. Had the Sun and Stars been feated lower, their Glory had not been communicated to all at once; and the Creator had wanted so much of his Praise, as he had made your Condition more obscure. But he has plac'd you so near a Crown, that you add a Lustre to it by your Beauty. You are join'd to a Prince who only could deserve you: Whose Conduct, Courage, and Success in War, whose Fidelity to his Bornel Brooker whose for Fidelity to his Royal Brother, whose Love for his Country, whose Constancy to his Friends, whose Bounty to his Servants, whose Justice to Merit, whose inviolable Truth, and whose Magnanimity in all his Actions, seem to have been tewarded by Heav'n by the Gift of you. You are never seen but you are blest: And I am sure Ar YOU.

## The Epifile Dedicatory.

you bless all those who see you. We think not the Day is long enough when we behold you: And you are so much the Business of our Souls, that while you are in fight, we can neither look nor think on any else. There are no Eyes for other Beauties: You only are present, and the rest of your Sex are but the unregarded Parts that fill your Triumph. Our Sight is so intent on the Object of its Admiration, that our Tongues have not leisure even to praise you: For Language seems too low a thing to express your Excellence; and our Souls are speaking so much within, that they despise all foreign Conversation. Every Man, even the Dullest, is thinking more than the most Eloquent can teach him how to Thus, Madam, in the midst of Crouds you reign in Solitude; and are ador'd with the deepest Veneration, that of Silence. 'Tis true, you are above all mortal Wishes: No Man defires Impossibilities, because they are beyond the reach of Nature: To hope to be a God, is Folly exalted into Madness: But by the Laws of our Creation we are oblig'd to adore him; and are permitted to love him too, at human Distance. Tis the Nature of Perfection to be attractive; but the Excellency of the Object refines the Nature of the Love. It strikes an Impression of awful Reverence; its indeed that Love which is more properly a Zeal than Passion. 'Tis the Rapture which Anchorets find in Prayer, when a Beam of the Divinity shines upon them; That which makes them despise all worldly Objects, and yet 'tis all but Contemplation. They are feldom visited from above; but a single Vision so transports them, that it makes up the Happiness of their Lives. Mortality cannot bear it often: It

## The Epistle Dedicatory.

It finds them in the Eagerness and Height of their Devotion, they are speechless for the Time that it continues, and prostrate and dead when it de-That Ecstasie had need be strong, which without any End, but that of Admiration, has Power enough to destroy all other Passions. You render Mankind insensible to other Beauties; and have destroy'd the Empire of Love, in a Court which was the Seat of his Dominion. You have subverted (may I dare to accuse you of it) even our Fundamental Laws; and Reign absolute over the Hearts of a stubborn and free-born People, tenacious almost to Madness of their Liberty. The brightest and most victorious of our Ladies make daily Complaints of revolted Subjects: If they may be said to be revolted, whose Servitude is not accepted: For your Royal Highness is too Great, and too Just a Monarch, either to want or to receive the Homage of Rebellious Fugitives. Yet if some few among the Multitude continue stedfast to their first Pretensions, 'tis an Obedience so luke-warm and languishing, that it merits not the Name of Passion: Their Addresses are so faint, and their Vows so hollow to their Sovereigns, that they seem only to maintain their Faith, out of a Sense of Honour: They are asham'd to desist, and yet grow Careless to obtain. Like despairing Combatants, they strive against you as if they had beheld unveil'd the Magical Shield of your Ariosto, which dazled the Beholders with too much brightness: They can no longer hold up their Arms, they have read their Destiny in your Eyes.

Splende lo Sendo a guisa di Piropo; E Luce altra non è tanto lucente:

## The Epifile Dedicatory.

Cader in terra a lo splendor su d'vopo, Con gli occhi abbacinati, e senza mente.

And yet, Madam, if I could find in my felf the: Power to leave this Argument of your incomparable Beauty, I might turn to one which would equally oppress me with its Greatness. For your Conjugal Virtues have deserv'd to be set as an Example, to a less-degenerate, less-tainted Age. They approach to near to Singularity in ours, that I can scarcely make a Panegyric to your Royal Highness, without a Satyr on many others: But your Person is a Paradise, and your Soul a Cherubin within to guard it. If the Excellence of the Outside invite the Beholders, the Majesty of your Mind deters them from too bold Approaches; and turns their Admiration into Religion. Moral Perfections are rais'd higher by you in the softer Sex: As if Men were of too coarse a Mould for Heaven to work on, and that the Image of Divinity could not be cast to likeness in so hars a Metal. Your Person is so admirable, that it can scarce receive Addition. when it shall be glorify'd: And your Soul, which thines thorough it, finds it of a Substance so near her own, that she will be pleas'd to pass an Age. within it, and to be confin'd to fuch a Palace.

I know not how I am hurried back to my former Theme: I ought, and purpos'd to have celebrated those Endowments and Qualities of your Mind, which were sufficient, even without the Graces of your Person, to render you, as you are, the Ornament of the Court, and the Object of Wonder to Three Kingdoms: But all my Praises are but as a Bull-rush cast upon a Stream; if they sink not, 'tis because they are born up-by

the

## The Epiftle Dedicatory.

the Strength of the Current, which supports their Lightness; but they are carry'd round again, and return on the Eddy where they first began. proceed no farther than your Beauty: And even on that too, I have said so liftle, considering the Greatness of the Subject that, like him who would lodge a Bowl upon a Precipice, either my Praise falls back, by the Weakness of the De-livery, or stays not on the Top, but rowls over, and is lost on the other Side. I intended this a Dedication, but how can I consider what belongs to my felf, when I have been to long contemplating on you! Be pleas'd then, Madam, to receive this Poem, without Intitling fo much Excellency as yours, to the Faults and Imperfections of so mean a Writer: And instead of being favousable to the Piece, which Merits nothing, forgive the Presumption of the Author; who is, with all possible Veneration,

YOUR ROYAL HIGHNESS'

Most Obedient, most Humble,

most Devoted Servant,

JOHN DRYDEN.



# To Mr. DRYDEN, on his POEM of PARADISE.

Orgive me, awful Poet, if a Muse, Whom artless Nature did for Plainness chuse, In loose Attire presents her humble Thought, . Of this best Poem, that you ever wrought. This fairest Labour of your teeming Brain I wou'd embrace, but not with Flatt'ry stam; Something I wou'd to your vast Virtue raise, But scorn to dawb it with a fulsome Praise; That would but blot the Work I would commend, And shew a Court-Admirer, not a Friend. To the dead Bard, your Fame a little owes, For Milton did the wealthy Mine disclose, And rudely cast what you cou'd well dispose: He roughly drew, on an old fashion'd Ground, A Chaos, for no perfect World was found, Till through the Heap, your mighty Genius shin'd; He was the Golden Ore which you refin'd. He first beheld the Beauteous rustic Maid, And to a Place of Strength the Prize convey'd; You took her thence: To Court this Virgin brought, Drest her with Gemms, new weav'd her hard-spun Thought, And softest Language, sweetest Mamers taught: Till from a Comet she a Star did rise, Not to affright, but please our wondring Eyes. Betwixt ye beth is fram'd a nobler Piece, Than e're was drawn in Italy or Greece. Thou from his Source of Thoughts ev'n Souls dost bring, As smiling Gods, from sullen Saturn spring. When Night's dull Mask the Face of Heav'n does wear, Tis doubtful Light, but here and there a Star, Which ferves the dreadful Shadows to display, That vanish at the rising of the Day;

But then bright Robes the Meadows all adorn, And the World looks as it were newly born. So when your Sense his mystick Reason clear d, The melancholy Scene all gay appeard; New Light leapt up, and a new Glory smil'd, And all throughout was mighty, all was mild. Before this Palace which thy Wit did build, Which various Fancy did fo gamily gild, And Judgment has with folid Riches fill'd, My humbler Muse begs she may Centry stand, Amongst the rest that guard this Eden Land. But there's no need, for ev'n thy Foes conspire Thy Praise, and hating thee, thy Work admire. On then, O mightiest of th' inspired Men, Monarch of Verse; new Theams employ thy Pen. The Troubles of Majestick CHARLES set down, Not David vanquish'd more to reach a Crown: Praise him, as Cowley did that Hebrew King, Thy Theam's as great, do thou as greatly sing. Then thou mayst boldly to his Favour rise, Look down, and the base Serpent's his despise, From thund'ring Envy safe in Lawrel sit, While clam'rous Criticks their vile Heads submit, Condemn'd for Treason at the Bar of Wit.

NAT. LEE.





The AUTHOR's

## APOLOGY

# For Heroick Poetry, and Poetick Licence.



O satisfie the Curiosity of those who will give themselves the trouble of reading the ensuing Poem, I think my self obliged to render them a Reason, why I publish an Opera which was never acted. In the first place I shall not be asham'd to own, that my chiefest Motive was, the Ambition

which I acknowledg'd in the Epistle. I was desirous to lay at the Feet of so Beautiful and Excellent a Princes, a Work which I confess was unworthy her, but which I hope she will have the Goodness to forgive. I was also induc'd to it in my own Desence: Many hundred Copies of it being dispers'd abroad without my Knowledge or Consent: So that every one gathering new Faults, it became at length a Libel against me; and I saw, with some Dissain, more Nonsense than either I, or as bad a Poet, could have cram'd into it, at a Month's warning, in which time 'twas wholly Written, and not since Revis'd. After this, I cannot without Injury to the deceas'd Author

Author of Paradise Lost, but acknowledge that this Poem has receiv'd its entire Foundation, part of the Delign, and many of the Ornaments, from him. What I have borrow'd, will be so easily discern'd from my mean Productions, that I shall not need to point the Reader to the places: And, truly, I should be forry, for my own sake, that any one should take the Pains to compare them together: The Original being undoubtedly, one of the greatest, most noble, and most sublime Poems, which either this Age or Nation has produc'd. And though I could not refuse the Partiality of my Friend, who is pleased to commend me in his Verses, I hope they will rather be esteem'd the Effect of his Love to me, than of his deliberate and fober Judgment. His Genius is able to make beautiful what he pleases: Yet, as he has been too favourable to me, I doubt not but he will hear of his Kindness from many of our Contemporaries. For, we are fallen into an Age of illiterate, censorious, and detracting People, who thus qualified, fet up for Criticks.

In the first place I must take leave to tell them, that they wholly mistake the Nature of Criticism, who think its Business is principally to find Fault. Criticism, as it was first instituted by Aristotle, was meant a Standard of judging well. The chiefest part of which is, to observe those Excellencies which should delight a reasonable Reader. If the Design, the Conduct, the Thoughts, and the Expressions of a Poem, be generally such as proceed from a true Genius of Poetry, the Critick ought to pass his Judgment in savour of the Author. 'Tis malicious and unmanly to snark at the little lapses of a Pen, from which Virgil himself stands not exempted. Horace acknowledges that honest Homer nodds sometimes: He is not equally awake in every Line: But he leaves it also as a standing Measure for our Judgments,

Non, Ubi plura nitent in Carmine, paucis
Offendi maculis, quas aut incuria fudit,
was humana parum cavit Matura,————

And Longinus, who was undoubtedly, after Ariftotle, the greatest Critick amongst the Greeks, in his twenty seventh Chapter weed I Les, has judiciously preferr'd the fublime Genius that sometimes errs, to the middling or indifferent one which makes few Faults, but seldom or never rifes to any Excellence. He compares the first to a Man of large Possessions, who has not leisure to consider of every flight Expence, will not debase himself to the management of every Trifle: Particular Sums are not hid out or spar'd to the greatest Advantage in his Occonomy: But are sometimes suffer'd to run to waste, while he is only careful of the Main. On the other fide, he likens the Mediocrity of Wit, to one of a mean Fortune, who manages his Store with extream Frugality, or rather Parlimony: But who with fear of running into Profuseness, never arrives to the magnificence of Living. This kind of Genius writes, indeed, correctly. A wary Man he is in Grammar; very nice as to Solcecism or Barbarism, judges to a Hair of little Decencies, knows better than any Man what is not to be written: And never hazards himself so far as to fall: But plods on deliberately, and, as a grave Man ought, is fure to put his Staff before him: in short, he sets his Heart upon it; and with wonderful Care makes his Business sure: That is, in plain English, neither to be blam'd, nor prais'd-I could, says my Author, find out some Blemishes in Homer: And am perhaps, as naturally inclin'd to be disgusted at a Fault as as nother Man: But, after all, to speak impartially, his Failings are fuch, as are only Marks of Human Frailty: They are little Mistakes, or rather Negligences, which have efcap'd his Pen in the fervor of his Writing; the Sublimity of his Spirit carries it with me against his Carelesness; And though Apollonius his Argonautes, and Theocritus his Eidullia, are more free from Errors, there is not any Man of so false a Judgment, who would chuse rather to have been Apollonius or Theocritus, than Homer.

'Tis worth our Consideration, a little to examine how much these Hypercriticks of English Poetry, differ from the Opinion

Opinion of the Greek and Latin Judges of Antiquity: From the Italians and French who have succeeded them; and, indeed, from the general Taste and Approbation of all Ages. Heroick Poetry, which they contemn, has ever been esteem'd, and ever will be, the greatest Work of human Nature: In that Rank has Aristotle plac'd it, and Laginus is so full of the like Expressions, that he abundantly consirms the others Testimony. Horace as plainly delivers his Opinion, and particularly Praises Homer in these Verses.

Trojani Belli Scriptorem, Maxime Lolli, Dun tu déclamas Roma, Praneste relegi: Qui quid sit pulchrum, quid turpe, quid utile, quid non, Planus ac melius Chrysippo & Crantore dicit.

And in another Place modestly excluding himself from the Number of Poets, because he only writ Odes and Satyrs, he tells you a Poet is such an one,

Cui mens Divinior, atque es Magna fenaturum.

Quotations are superstuous in an establish'd Truth: Otherwise I could reckon up amongst the Moderns, all the Italian Commentators on Aristotle's Book of Poetry; and amongst the French, the greatest of this Age, Boilean and Rapin: The latter of which is alone sufficient, were all other Criticks lost, to teach anew the Rules of Writing. Any Man who will seriously consider the Nature of an Epick Poem, how it agrees with that Poetry in general, which is to Instruct and to Delight; what Actions it describes, and what Persons they are chiefly whom it informs, will find it a Work which indeed is sull of difficulty in the Attempt, but admirable when 'tis well performed. I write not this with the least Intention to undervalue the other Parts of Poetry: For Comedy is both excellently Instructive, and exteamly Pleasant: Satyr lashes Vice into Reformation,

and Humor represents Folly, so as to render it ridiculous. Many of our present Writers are eminent in both these kinds; and particularly the Author of the Plain Dealer, whom I am proud to call my Friend, has oblig'd all honest and virtuous Men, by one of the most bold. most general, and most useful Satyrs which has ever been presented on the English Theatre. I do not dispute the Preference of Tragedy; let every Man enjoy his Tafte: But 'tis unjust, that they who have not the least Notion of Heroick Writing, should therefore condemn the Pleasure which others receive from it, because they cannot comprehend it. Let them please their Appetites in eating what they like: But let them not force their Dish on all the Table. They who would Combat general Authority with particular Opinion, must first Establish themselves a Reputation of Understanding better than other Men. Are all the Flights of Heroick Poetry, to be concluded Bombaft, Unnatural, and meer Madness, because they are not affected with their Excellencies? Tis just as reasonable as to conclude there is no Day, because a blind Man cannot diftinguish of Light and Colours. Ought they not rather, in Modesty, to doubt of their own Judgments, when they think this or that Expression in Homer, Virgil, Tasso, or Milton's Paradise, to be too far strain'd, than positively to conclude, that 'tis all Fustian, and meer Nonsense? Tis true, there are Limits to be set betwixt the Boldness and Rashness of a Poet; but he must understand those Limits who pretends to judge, as well as he who undertakes to write: And he who has no liking to the whole, ought in reason to be excluded from centuring of the Parts. He must be a Lawyer before he mounts the Tribunal: And the Judicature of one Court too, does not qualifie a Man to prefide in another. He may be an excellent Pleader in the Chancery, who is not fit to Rule the Common Pleas. I will presume for once to tell them, that the boldest Strokes of Poetry, when they are manag'd Artfully, are those which most Delight the Reader.

· Virgil and Horace, the severest Writers of the severest Age, have made frequent use of the hardest Metaphors, and of the strongest Hyperboles: And in this case the best Authority is the best Argument. For generally to to have pleas'd, and through all Ages, must bear the Force of universal Tradition. And if you would appeal from thence to right Reason, you will gain no more by it in effect, than first, to set up your Reason against those Authors; and secondly, against all those who have admir'd them. You must prove why that ought not to have pleas'd, which has pleas'd the most Learn'd, and the most Judicious: And to be thought knowing, you must first put the Fool upon all Mankind. If you can enter more deeply, than they have done, into the Causes and Reforts of that which moves Pleasure in a Reader, the Field is open, you may be heard: But those Springs of human Nature are not so easily discover'd by every superficial Judge: It requires Philosophy as well as Poetry, to found the Depth of all the Passions; what they are in themselves, and how they are to be provok'd: And in this Science the best Poets have excell'd. Aristotle rais'd the Fabrick of his Poetry, from observation of those things, in which Euripides, Sophocles, and Æschylus pleas'd: He confider'd how they rais'd the Passions, and thence has drawn Rules for our Imitation. From hence have fprung the Tropes and Figures, for which they wanted a Name, who first practis'd them, and succeeded in them. Thus I grant you, that the Knowledge of Nature was the Original Rule; and that all Poets ought to Study her; as well as Arifteele and Horace her Interpreters. But then this also undeniably follows, that those things which delight all Ages, must have been an Imitation of Nature; which is all I contend. Therefore is Rhetorick made an Art: Therefore the Names of fo many Tropes and Figures were invented: Because it was observed they had such and such an Effect upon the Therefore Casachreses and Hyperboles have found their Place amongst them; not that they were to be avoided, but to be us'd judiciously, and plac'd in Poe-

try, as heightnings and shadows are in Painting, to make the Figure bolder, and cause it to stand off to sight.

Nec retia Cervis

Ulla dolum meditantur; fays Virgil in his Eclogues: And fpeaking of Leander in his Georgicks,

Cacâ nocte natat ferus freta, quem fuper, ingens Porta tonat Coeli, & feopulis illifa reclamant Æquera:

In both of these you see he sears not to give Voice and Thought to things inanimate.

Will you arraign your Master Horace, for his Hardness of Expression, when he describes the Death of Cleopatra? and says she did Asperos tracture serpences, ut arrans corpere combiberest venenum? because the Body in that Action, performs what is proper to the Mouth?

As for Hyperboles, I will neither quote Lucan, nor Statius, Men of an unbounded Imagination, but who often wanted the Poyze of Judgment. The Divine Virgil was not liable to that Exception; and yet he describes Polyphemus thus:

———Graditurque per aquor Jam medium; nec dum fluctus latera ardua tingia.

In Imitation of this Place, our admirable Complay thus paints Goliah,

The Valley, now, this Manster seem'd to fill; And we, methought, look'd up to him from our Hill.

Where the two Words feer'd, and mathengles, have mollify'd the Figure: And yet if they had not been there, the fright of the Ifraelites might have excus'd their belief of the Giant's Stature.

In the 8th of the Aneids, Virgil paints the Swiftness of Camilla thus:

Illa vel intacta fegetis per fumma volaret Gramma, nec teneras curfu lafifet ariftas; Vel Mare per medium, fluctu fufpenfa tumenti, Ferret iter, celeres nec tingeret aquore plantas.

You are not oblig'd, as in History, to a literal Belief of what the Poet says; but you are pleas'd with the Image, without being cozen'd by the Fiction.

Yet even in History, Longinus quotes Herodotus on this occasion of Hyperboles. The Lacedemonians, says he, at the Straights of Thermopyla, defended themselves to the last Extremity: And when their Arms fail'd them, sought it out with their Nails and Teeth: Till at length, (the Persians shooting continually upon them) they lay buried under the Arrows of their Enemies. It is not reasonable, (continues the Critick) to believe that Men could defend themselves with their Nails and Teeth from an arm'd Multitude: nor that they lay buried under a Pile of Darts and Arrows; and yet there wants not Probability for the Figure: Because the Hyperbole seems not to have been made for the sake of the Description; but rather to have been produc'd from the Occasion.

Tis true, the boldness of the Figures is to be hidden, sometimes by the Address of the Poet; that they may work their Effect upon the Mind, without discovering the Art which caus'd it. And therefore they are principally to be us'd in Passion; when we speak more warmly, and with more precipitation than at other times: For then, Si vis me flere, dolendum est primum ipsi tibi; the Poet must put on the Passion he endeavours to represent: A Man in such an Occasion is not cool enough, either to reason rightly, or to talk calmly. Aggravations are then in their proper Places, Interrogations, Exclamations, Hypsidata, or a disorder'd Connection of Discourse, are

graceful there, because they are natural. The Sum of all depends on what before I hinted, that this Boldness of Expression is not to be blam'd, if it be manag'd by the Coolness and Discretion, which is necessary to a Poet.

Yet before I leave this Subject, I cannot but take notice how diffingenuous our Adversaries appear: All that is dull, insipid, languishing and without Sinews in a Poem, they call an Imitation of Nature: They only offend our most equitable Judges, who think beyond them; and lively Images and Elocution, are never to be forgiven.

What Fustian, as they call it, have I heard these Gentlemen find out in Mr. Cowley's O.les? I acknowledge my self unworthy to defend so excellent an Author, neither have I room to do it here; only in general I will say, that nothing can appear more beautiful to me, than the strength of those Images which they condemn.

Imaging is, in it felf, the very heighth and life of Poetry. 'Tis, as Longinus describes it, a Discourse, which, by a kind of Enthusiasm, or extraordinary Emotion of the Soul, makes it seem to us, that we behold those things which the Poet paints, so as to be pleas'd with them, and to admire them.

If Poetry be Imitation, that part of it must needs be best, which describes most lively our Actions and Passions; our Virtues and our Vices; our Follies and our Humours: For neither is Comedy without its part of Imaging: And they who do it best, are certainly the most excellent in their Kind. This is too plainly prov'd to be deny'd: But how are Poetical Fictions, how are Hippocentaures and Chimzeras, or how are Angels and immaterial Substances to be imag'd? Which some of them are things quite out of Nature: Others, such whereof we can have no Notion? This is the last Refuge of our Adversaries; and more than any of them have yet had the Wit to object against us. The Answer is easie to the

the first part of it. The Fiction of some Beings which are not in Nature, (second Notions, as the Logicians call them) has been sounded on the Conjunction of two Natures, which have a real separate Being. So Hippocentumes were imaged, by joining the Natures of a Man and Horse together; as Lucretius tells us, who has us'd this Word Image oftner than any of the Poets.

Nam certè ex vivo, Centauri non fit Imago, Nulla fuit quoniam talis natura animai: Verìm ubi equi atque bominis, cafu, convenit imaze, Harefeit facilè extemplò, &c.

The same reason may also be alledg'd for Chimere's and the rest. And Poets may be allow'd the like liberty, for describing things which really exist not, if they are sounded on popular Belief: Of this Nature are Fairies, Pigmies, and the Extraordinary Effects of Magick: For 'tis still an Imitation, though of other Mens Fancies: And thus are Shakespean's Tempes, his Midsummer Nights Dream, and Ben Johnson's Masque of Witches to be defended. For immaterial Substances we are authorized by Scripture in their Description: And herein the Text accommodates it self to vulgar Apprehension, in giving Angels the Likeness of beautiful young Men. Thus, after the Pagan Divinity, has Homer drawn his Gods with human Faces: And thus we have Notions of things above us, by describing them like other Beings more within our Knowledge.

I wish I could produce any one Example of excellent imaging in all this Poem: Perhaps I cannot: But that which comes nearest it, is in these four Lines, which have been sufficiently canvas'd by my well-natur'd Censors.

Scraph and Cherub, careless of their Charge, and wanton, in full ease now live at large: Unguarded leave the Passes of the Sky, and all dissolved in Hallelujahs lie.

I have heard (says one of them) of Anchovies dissolv'd in Sauce; but never of an Angel in Hallelujahs. A mighty Wittycism, (if you will pardon a new Word!) but there is some difference between a Laugher and a Critick. He 'might have Burlesqu'd Virgil too, from whom I took the Image. Invadunt urbem, sommo vinoque sepultam. A City's being buried is just as proper on Occasion, as an Angel's being dissolv'd in Ease, and Songs of Triumph. Mr. Conley lies as open too in many places.

#### Where their vast Courts the Mother Waters keep, &c.

For if the mass of Waters be the Mothers, then their Daughters, the little Streams, are bound in all good Manners, to make Court'sie to them, and ask them Biessing. Howessie 'tis to turn into ridicule the best Descriptions, when once a Man is in the Humour of laughing, 'till he wheezes at his own dull Jest! but an Image which is strongly and beautifully set before the Eyes of the Reader, will still be Poetry, when the merry sit is over; and last when the other is forgotten.

I promis'd to say somewhat of Poetick Licence, but have in part anticipated my Discourse already. Poetick Licence I take to be the Liberty, which Poets have assumed to themselves in all Ages, of speaking things in Verse, which are beyond the severity of Prose. 'Tis that particular Character, which diftinguishes and sets the Bounds betwixt Oratio foluta, and Poetry. This, as to what regards the Thought, or Imagination of a Poet, consists in Fichion: But then those Thoughts must be express'd; and here arise two other Branches of it: For if this Licence be included in a fingle Word, it admits of Tropes: If in a Sentence or Proposition, of Figures: Both which are of a much larger extent, and more forcibly to be us'd in Verse than Prose. This is that Birth-right which is deriv'd to us from our great Forefathers, even from Homer down to Ben. and they who would deny it to us, have, in plain Terms, the Fox's quarrel to the Grapes; they cannot reach it.

How

How far these Liberties are to be extended, I will not presume to determine here, since Horace does not. But it is certain that they are to be varied, according to the Language and Age in which an Author writes. That which would be allow'd to a Greeian Poet, Martial tells you, would not be suffer'd in a Roman. And 'tis evident that the English does more nearly follow the strictness of the latter, than the freedoms of the former. Connection of Epithets, or the Conjunction of two Words in one, are frequent and elegant in the Greek, which yet Sir Philip Sidney, and the Translator of Du Bartas, have unluckily attempted in the English; though this I confess, is not so proper an Instance of Poetick Licence, as it is of variety of Usion in Languages.

Horace a little explains himself on this Subject of Liumia Poetica; in these Verses,

Pictoribus atque Poetis Quidlibet audendi, semper fuit aqua potestas: Sed non, ut placidis coeant immisia, non ut Serpentes avibus geminentur, Tygribus Hoedi.

He would have a Poem of a Piece: Not to begin with one thing and end with another: He restrains it so far, that Thoughts of an unlike Nature, sught not to be joined together: That were indeed to make a Chaos. He tax'd not Homer, nor the Divine Viggil, for interesting their Gods in the Wars of Troy and Italy; neither, had he now liv'd, would he have tax'd Milton, as our false Criticks have presum'd to do, for his Choice of a supernatural Argument: But he would have blamed my Author, who was a Christian, had he introduc'd into his Poem Heathen Deities, as Tasso is condemn'd by Rapin on the like Occasion: And as Campens, the Author of the Lufinds, ought to be censur'd by all his Readers, when he brings in Bacchus and Christ into the same Adventure of his Fable. From that which has been said, it may be colktird, that the definition of Wit (which has been so often attempted)

eattempted, and ever unsuccessfully by many Poets,) is only this: That it is a Propriety of Thoughts and Words; or in other Terms, Thoughts and Words, elegantly adapted to the Subject. If our Criticks will join issue on this Definition, that we may tonvenire in aliquo tertio; if they will take it as a granted Principle, 'twill be easie to put an end to this Dispute: No Man will disagree from another's Judgement, concerning the dignity of Style, in Heroick Poetry: But all reasonable Men will conclude it necessary, that sublime Subjects ought to be adorn'd with the fublimest, and (consequently often) with the most figurative Expressions. In the mean time I will not run into their Fault of imposing my Opinions on other Men, any more than I would my Writings on their Taste: I have only laid down, and that superficially enough, my present Thoughts; and shall be glad to be taught better, by those who protend to reform our Poetry.



THE



THE

## State of Innocence,

AND

## FALL of MAN.

## ACT L SCENE L

The first Scene represents a Chaos, or a consus'd Mass of Master; the Stage is almost wholly dark: A Symphony of war-like Musick is heard for some time; then from the Heavens, (which are open'd) fall the rebellious Angels wheeling in the Air, and seeming transfix'd with Thunderbolts: The bottom of the Stage being open'd, receives the Angels, who sall out of fight. Tunes of Victory are play'd, and in Hymmasing; Angels discover'd above, brandishing their Swords: The Musick ceasing, and the Heavens being clos'd, the Scene his, and on a sudden represents Hell: Part of the Scene is a Lake of Brimsone or rowling Fire; the Earth of a burnt colour: The fall'n Angels appear on the Lake, lying prostrate; a Tune of Horror and Lamentation is heard.

Lucifer raising bimself on the Lake.

Lucifer.

S this the Seat our Conqueror has given?

And this the Climate we must change for Head ven?

[got;
These Regions and this Realm my Wars have
This mournful Empire is the Loser's Lot:

Вз

## 30 The STATE of INNOCENCE,

In liquid Burnings, or on Dry to dwell, Is all the fad Variety of Hell. But fee, the Victor has recall'd, from far, Th'avenging Storms, his Ministers of War: His Shafts are spent, and his tir'd Thunders sleep; Nor longer bellow thro' the boundless Deep. Best take th' Occasion, and these Waves forsake, While time is giv'n. Ho, Asmoday, awake, If thou art he: But ah! how chang'd from him, Companion of my Arms! how wan! how dim! How faded all thy Glories are! I see

My self too well, and my own Change, in thee.

Asimolay, Prince of the Thrones, who, in the Fields of Led'st forth th' imbattel'd Scraphim to fight,
Who shook the Pow'r of Heavens eternal State,
Had broke it too, if not upheld by Fate;
But now those Hopes are fied: Thus low we lie,
Shut from his Day, and that contended Sky,
And lost, as far, as heav'nly Forms can die;
Yet, not all perish'd: We desie him still,
And yet wage War, with our unconquer'd Will.

Lucif. Strength may return.

Aim. Already of thy Virtue I partake,

Erected by thy Voice.

Lucif. See on the Lake
Our Troops like scatter'd Leaves in Autumn lie:
First let us raise our selves, and seek the dry,
Perhaps more ease dwelling.

Afin. From the Beach,
Thy well-known Voice the fleeping Gods will reach,
And wake th' immortal Sense which Thunders Noise
Had quell'd, and Lightning deep had driv'n within 'em.

Lucif. With Wings expanded wide, our selves we'll rear,
And fly incumbent on the dusky Air;

Heil, thy new Lord receive.

Heaven cannot envy me an Empire here.

[Both fly to dry Land.

Afm. Thus far we have prevailed; if that be Gain Which is but change of Place, not change of Pain. Now fummon we the rest.

Lucif.

Lucif. Dominions, Pow'rs, ye Chiefs of Heav'n's bright (Of Heav'n, once yours; but now, in Battel, loft) [H. R. Wake from your Slumber: Are your Beds of Down? Sleep you so easie there? Or fear the Frown Of him who threw you thence, and joys to see Your abject State confess his Victory? Rise, rise, ere from his Battlements he view Your prostrate Postures, and his Bolts renew, To strike you deeper down.

Afm. ——They wake, they hear, Shake off their Slumber first, and next their Fear;

And only for th' appointed Signal stay.

Lucif. Rife from the Flood, and hither wing your way. Moloch from the Lake.] Thine to command; our part

'tis to obey.

[The rest of the Devils rise up, and say to the Land.
Lucif. So, now we are our selves again, an Host
fit to tempt Fate, once more, for what we lost.
T' o'erleap th' Etherial Fence, or if so high
We cannot climb, to undermine his Sky,
And blow him up, who justly Rules us now,
Because more strong: Should he be forc'd to bow,
The Right were ours again: "Tis just to win
The highest place; t'attempt, and fail, is Sin.
Mol. Chang'd as we are, we're yet from Homage free;

We have, by Hell, at least, gain'd Liberty:
That's worth our Fall; thus low tho' we are driven,
Better to rule in Hell than Green in Heaven

Better to rule in Hell, than serve in Heaven.

Lucif. There spoke the better half of Lucifer!

Afm. Tis six in frequent Senate we confer,
And then determine how to steer our Course;
To wage new War by Fraud, or open Force.
The Doom's new past; Submission were in vain.

Mal. And, were it not, such Baseness I disdain.

I would not stoop, to purchase all above;

And should contenna a Pow'r whom Pray'r could move,

As one unworthy to have conquer'd me.

Beelzabub. Moloch, in that, all are refolv'd like thee.

The means are unpropos'd; but 'tis not fit Our dark Divas in publick view should fit:

, \*

## 32 The STATE of INNOCENCE,

Or what we plot against the Thunderer, Th' ignoble Crowd of vulgar Devils hear.

Lucif. A golden Palace let be rais'd on high;
To imitate? No, to out-fine the Sky!
All Mines are ours, and Gold above the reft;
Let this be done; and quick as 'twas expreft.
[A Palace rifes, where sit, as in Cosmeil, Lucifer, Asmoday, Moloch, Belial, Beelzebub and Sathan.

Most high and mighty Lords, who better fell From Heav'n, to rise States-General of Hell, Nor yet repent, tho' ruin'd and undone, Our upper Provinces already won, (Such Pride there is in Souls created free,

(Such Pride there is in Souls created free, Such hate of universal Monarehy;)

Speak, (for we therefore meet)

If Peace you chuse, your Suffrages declare; Or means propound, to carry on the War.

Mol. My Sentence is for War; that open too:
Unskill'd in Stratagems; plain Force I know:
Treaties are vain to Losers; nor would we,
Should Heav'n grant Peace, submit to Sovereignty.
We can no caution give we will adore;
And he above is warn'd to trust no more.

What then remains but Battel?

Sathan. I agree,
With this brave Vote; and if in Hell there be
'Ten more fuch Spirits, Heav'n is our own again:
We venture nothing, and may all obtain.
Yet who can hope but well, fince ev'n Success
Makes Foes fecure, and makes our Danger less.
Seraph, and Cherub, careless of their Charge,
And wanton, in full ease now live at large;
Unguarded leave the Passes of the Sky,
And all dissolved in Hallelujahs lie.

Mol. Grant that our hazardous attempt prove vain; We feel the worst, secur'd from greater Pain: Perhaps we may provoke the conquiring Foe To make us nothing; yet, ev'n then, we know That not to be, is not to be in Woe.

Relial. That Knowledge which, as Spirits, we obtain.

Is to be valu'd in the midft of Pain:
Annihilation were to lose Heav'n more:
We are not quite exil'd where thought can foar.
Then cease from Arms;
Tempt him not farther to pursue his Blow;
And be content to bear those Pains we know.

If what we had, we could not keep, much less

Can we regain what those above possess.

Beelzebub. Heav'n sleeps not; from one wink a Breach in the full Circle of Eternity.

[would be

Long Pains, with use of bearing, are half eas'd; Heav'n unprovok'd, at length may be appear'd. By War, we cannot scape our wretched Lot;

And may, perhaps, not warring, be forgot.

Afm. Could we repent, or did not Heav'n well know
Rebellion once forgiv'n, would greater grow:
I should, with Belial, chuse ignoble Eale;
But neither will the Conqueror give Peace,
Nor yet so lost in this low State we are,
As to despair of a well-manag'd War.
Nor need we tempt those Heights which Angels keep,
Who fear no Force, or Ambush from the Deep.
What if we find some easier Enterprize?
There is a Place, if ancient Prophecies
And Fame in Heav'n not err, the blest Abode'
Of some new Race, call'd Man, a Demy-God,
Whom, near this time, th' Almighty must create;
He swore it, shook the Heav'ns, and made it Fate.

Lucif. I heard it; thro' all Heav'n the Rumour ran, And much the talk of this intended Man:
Of Form divine; but less in Excellence
Than we; inqu'd with Reason lodg'd in Sense:
The Soul pure Fire, like ours, of equal Force;
But, pent in Flesh, must iffue by Discourse:
We see what is; to Man Truth must be brought
By Sense, and drawn by a long Chain of Thought;
By that faint Light, to will and understand;
For made less knowing, he's at mo command.

34 The STATE of INNUCENCE,

Alm. Tho' Heav'n be shut, that World, if it be mader As nearest Heav'n, lies open to invade: Man therefore must be known, his Strength, his State, And by what Tenure he holds all of Fate. Him let us then seduce, or overthrow: The first is easiest; and makes Heav'n his Foc. Advise, if this Attempt be worth our Care.

Belial. Great is th' Advantage, great the Hazards are. Some one (but who that Task dares undertake?) Of this new Creature must Discovery make. Hell's Brazen Gates he first must break, then far Must wander thro' old Night, and thro' the War Of antique Chaos; and, when these are past, Meet Heav'n's Out-guards who scout upon the Waste:

At every Station must be bid to stand,

And forc'd to answer every strict demand. Mil. This glorious Enterprize-

-- Rash Angel, stay;

[Rifing, and laying his Scepter on Moloch's Head. That Palm is mine, which none shall take away. Hot Braves, like thee, may fight; but know not well To manage this, the last great Stake of Hell. Why am I rank'd in State above the rest, If while I stand of Sovereign Pow'r possest, Another dares, in Danger, farther go? Kings are not made for Ease, and Pageant-show. Who would be Conqueror, must venture all: He merits not to Rife, who dares not Fall,

Amf. The Praise, and Danger, then, be all your own. Lucif. On this Foundation I creek my Throne: Thro Brazen Gates, vast Chaos, and old Night, I'll force my Way; and upwards fleer my Flight: Discover this new World, and newer Man; Make him my Foot-step to mount Heav'n again: Then, in the Clemency of upward Air, We'll fcour our Spots, and the dire Thunders fcar, With all the Remnants of th' unlucky War, And once again grow bright, and once again grow fair.

Alm. Mean time the Youth of Hell first guard may And fet their Centries to the utmost Deep, ſkœp,

[Risng up.

That no Etherial Parasite may come To spy our Ills, and tell glad Tales at home.

Lucif. Before you' Brimstone Lake thrice ebb and slow, (Alas, that we must measure Time by Woe!)

I shall return: (my. Mind presages well)

And outward lead the Colonies of Hell.

Your Care I much approve; what Time remains, Seek to forget, at least divert your Pains

With Sports and Musick, in the Vales and Fields,

And whate'er Joy so sad a Climate yields.

Betwixt the first Ast and the second, while the Chiefs sit in the Palace, may be expressed the Sports of the Devils; as Flights and dancing in Grotesque Figures: And a Song expression the Change of their Condition; what they enjoy'd before, and how they fell bravely in Bastle, having deserv'd Victory by their Valour, and what they would have done if they had conquer'd.

# LINGUE ALOUS AND THE SALES

#### ACT II. SCENE I,

SCENE A Champaign Country.

Adam, as newly created, laid on a Bed of Moss and Flowers by a Rock.

Adam. W HAT am I? or from whence? For that I [Rifing.

I know, because I think; but whence I came, Or how this Frame of mine began to be. What other Being can disclose to me? I move, I see, I speak, discourse, and know, Though now I am; I was not always so. Then that from which I was, must be before; Whom, as my Spring of Being, I adore. How full of Ornament is all I view la all its Parts! and seems as beautiful as new:

O goodly order'd Work! O Pow'r Divine, Of thee I am, and what I am is thine!

Raphael descends to Adam in a Cloud.

Raphael. First of Mankind, made o'er the World to reign.

Whose fruitful Loins an unborn Kind contain,
Well hast thou reason'd: Of himself is none
But that Eternal Infinite, and One,
Who never did begin, who ne'er can end;
On Him all Beings, as their Source, depends
We first, who of his Image most partake,
Whom He all Spirit. Immortal, Pure did make.

We first, who of his Image most partake, Whom He all Spirit, Immortal, Pure did make. Man next; whose Race exalted, must supply The Place of those who, falling, lost the Sky. Adam. Bright Minister of Heav'n, sent here below

To me, who but begin to think and know; If such could fall from Bliss, who knew and saws. By near Admission, their Creator's Law, What Hopes have I, from Heav'n remote so far, To keep those Laws, unknowing when I err?

Resphael. Right Reason's Law to every human Hearts. Th' Eternal, as his Image, will impart:
This teaches to adore Heaven's Majesty;
In Pray'r and Praise does all Devotion lye:
So doing, thou and all thy Race are bleft.

Adam. Of every creeping thing, of Bird, and Beak, I fee the Kinds: In Pairs diffinct they go; The Males their Loves, their Lovers Females know. Thou nam'dft a Race which must proceed from me, Yet my whole Species in my self I fee: A barren Sex, and single, of no use;

But full of Forms which I can ne'er produce.

Raphael. Think not the Pow'r, who made thee thus No way like theirs to propagate thy Kind: [can find Mean time, live happy in thy felf alone; Like him who, fingle, fills th'Etherial Throne. To fludy Nature will thy Time employ; Knowledge and Innocence are perfect Joy.

Adam. If Solitude were best, th'All-wise above

Adam. If Solitude were best, th' All-wise above Had made no Creature for himself to love.

1 add

I add not to the Pow'r he had before; Yet to make me, extends his Goodness more. He would not be alone, who all things can; But peopled Heav'n with Angels, Earth with Man.

Raphael. As Man and Angels to the Deity, So all inferior Creatures are to thee.

Heav'n's Greatness no Society can bear;

Servants he made, and those thou want'st not here.

Adam. Why did he Reason in my Soul implant, And Speech, th' Effect of Reason? To the Mute My Speech is lost; my Reason, to the Brute. Love and Society more Blessings bring

To them, the Slaves, than Pow'r to me their King.

Raphael. Thus far to try thee; but to Heav'n 'twas It was not best for Man to be alone; [known, An Equal, yet thy Subject, is design'd For thy soft Hours, and to unbend thy Mind. Thy stronger Soul shall her weak Reason sway; And thou, through Love, her Beauty shalt obey: Thou shalt secure her helpless Sex from Harms, And she thy Cares shall sweeten with her Charms.

Adam. What more can Heav'n bestow, or Man require? Raphael. Yes, he can give beyond thy own Desire.

A Manfion is provided thee, more fair

Than this, and worthy Heav'n's peculiar Care: Not fram'd of common Earth, nor Fruits, nor Flowers, Of vulgar Growth, but like Celestial Bowers:

The Soil luxuriant, and the Fruit divine,
Where golden Apples on green Branches shine,
And purple Grapes dissolve into immortal Wine;
For Non-day's Heat are glosin Abbayes made;

For Noon-day's Heat are closer Arbours made, And for fresh Ev'ning Air the op'ner Glade.

Ascend; and, as we go,

More Wonders thou shalt know.

Adam. And, as we go, let Earth and Heav'n above
Sound our great Maker's Pow'r and greater Love.

[They ascend to safe Musick, and a Song is sung.

In Scene changes, and represents, above, a Sun gloriously riling, and moving orbicularly; at a Distance, below, is the Moon;

Moon; the Part next the Sun enlightened, the other dark. A black Cloud comes whirling from the adverse Part of the Heavens, bearing Lucifer in it; at his nearer Approach the Body of the Sun is darken'd.

Lucifer. Am I become so monstrous? so disfigur'd, That Nature cannot suffer my Approach, Or look me in the Face? but stands aghast; And that fair Light which gilds this new-made Orb, Shorn of his Beams, shrinks in; accurst Ambition! And thou, black Empire of the neather World, How dearly have I bought you! But, 'tis past: I have already gone too far to stop, And must push on my dire Revenge, in ruin Of this gay Frame, and Man, my upstart Rival, In scorn of me created. Down, my Pride, And all my swelling Thoughts; I must forget, Awhile, I am a Devil, and put on A smooth submissive Face; else I, in vain Have past through Night and Chaos, to discover Those envy'd Skies again which I have loft. But stay; far off, I see a Chariot driv'n, Flaming with Beams, and in it Uriel, One of the Seven, (I know his hated Face) Who stands in Presence of th' Eternal Throne, And feems the Regent of that glorious Light.

From that Part of the Heavens where the Sun appears, a Chariot is discovered drawn with white Horses, and in it Uriel the Regard of the Sun. The Chariot moves swiftly towards Lucifer, and at Uriel's Approach the Sun recovers his Light.

Uriel. Spirit, who art thou, and from whence arriv'd? (For I remember not thy Face in Heav'n)
Or by Command, or hither led by Choice?
Or wander'st thou within this lucid Orb,
And stray'd from those fair Fields of Light above,
Amidst this new Creation want'st a Guide,
To reconduct thy Steps?

Lucifer. — Bright Wiel, Chief of the Seven, thou flaming Minister, Who guard'st this new-created Orb of Light, (The World's Eye that, and thou the Eye of it) Thy Favour and high Office make thee known: An humble Cherub I, and of less Note, Yet, bold, by thy Permission, hither come, On high Discoveries bent.

Uril. Thy Business is not what deserves my Blame, Nor thou thy self unwelcome; see, fair Spirit, Below yon' Sphere (of Matter not unlike it) There hangs the Ball of Earth and Water mixt, Self-center'd and unmov'd.

Lucifer. — But where dwells Man?

Urid. On youder Mount; thou fee'st it fenc'd with

And round th' Ascent a Theatre of Trees, [Rocks.

And round the Alcent a Theatre of Trees,
A fylvan Scene, which rifing by Degrees,
Leads up the Eye below, nor gluts the Sight
With one full Prospect, but invites by many,
To view at last the whole: There his Abode,
Thither direct thy Flight.

Lucifer. O bleft be thou, Who to my low Converse hast lent thy Ear, And favour'd my Request: Hail, and farewel.

[Flies downward out of Sight.

Uriel. Not unobserv'd thou goest, whoe'er thou art;
Whether some Spirit on holy Purpose bent,
Or some fall'a Angel from below broke loose,
Who com'st with envious Eyes and curst Intent,
To view this World and its created Lord:
Here will I watch, and, while my Orb rouls on,

Purfue

40 The STATE of INNOCENCE,
Pursue from hence thy much suspected Flight,

Puriue from hence thy much inspected Flight,
And, if disguis'd, pierce through with Beams of Light.

[The Chariot drives forward out of Sight.

#### The SCENE Paradise.

Trees cut out on each Side, with several Fruits upon them; a Fountain in the Midst: At the far End the Prospect terminates in Walks.

Adam. If this be dreaming, let me never wake;
But still the Joys of that sweet Sleep partake.
Methought—but why do I my Bliss delay
By thinking what I thought? Fair Vision stay;
My better Half, thou softer Part of me,
To whom I yield my boasted Soveraignty,
I seek my self, and find not, wanting thee,

Enter Eve.

Eve. Tell me, ye Hills and Dales, and thou fair Sun, Who shin'st above, what am I? whence begun? Like my self, I see nothing: From each Tree The feather'd Kind peep down to look on me; And Beasts with up-cast Eyes forsake their Shade, And gaze, as if I were to be obey'd. Sure I am somewhat which they wish to be, And cannot; I my self am proud of me. What's here? another Firmament below,

[Locks into a Fountain.]
Spead wide, and other Trees that downward grow?
And now a Face peeps up, and now draws near,
With finiling Looks, as pleas'd to fee me here.
As I advance, fo that advances too,
And feems to imitate whate'er I do:
When I begin to fpeak, the Lips it moves;
Streams drown the Voice, or it would fay it loves.
Yet when I would embrace, it will not ftay:

[Stoops down to embrace.]
Lost e'er 'tis held;, when nearest, far away.
Ah, fair, yet false; ah Being form'd to cheat,
By seeming Kindness, mixt with deep Deceit.

Enter Adam.

Adam. O Virgin, Heav'n begot, and born of Man, Thou fairest of thy great Creator's Works; Thee, Goddess, thee th' Eternal did ordain. His softer Substitute on Earth to reign: And, wheresoe'er thy happy Footsteps tread, Nature in triumph after thee is led. Angels with Pleasure view thy matchless Grace,

And love their Maker's Image in thy Face.

Evs. O, only like my felf, (for nothing here so graceful, so majestick does appear:)
Art thou the Form my longing Eyes did see,
Loos'd from thy Fountain, and come out to me?
Yet sure thou art not, nor thy Face the same,
Nor thy Limbs moulded in so soft a Frame;
Thou look'st more sternly, dost more strongly move,
And more of Awe thou bear'st, and less of Love.
Yet pleas'd I hear thee, and above the rest;
I, next my self, admire and love thee best.

Adam. Made to command, thus freely I obey, And at thy Feet the whole Creation lay. Pity that Love thy Beauty does beget; What more I shall defire, I know not yet. First let us lock'd in close Embraces be,

Thence I, perhaps, may teach my self and thee.

Eve. Somewhat forbids me, which I cannot name, For ignorant of Guilt, I fear not Shame:
But some restraining Thought, I know not why,

Tells me you long should beg, I long deny.

Adam. In vain! my Right to thee is seal'd above;
Look round and see where thou canst place thy Love:
All Creatures else are much unworthy thee;
They match'd, and thou alone art left for me.
If not to Love, we both were made in vain;
I my new Empire would resign again,
And change with my dumb Shaves my nobler Mind,
Who, void of Reason, more of Pleasure sind.
Methinks for me they beg, each silently
Demands thy Grace, and seems to watch thy Eye.

Eve. I well fore-see, when e'er thy Suit I grant, That I my much-lov'd Sovereignty shall want: Or like my felf, some other may be made; And her new Beauty may thy Heart invade.

Adam. Could Heav'n some greater Master-piece devise, Set out with all the Glories of the Skies: That Beauty yet in vain he should decree,

Unless he made another Heart for me.

Eve. With how much ease I, whom I love, believe! Giving my felf, my want of Worth I grieve. Here, my inviolable Faith I plight, So, thou be my Defence, I, thy Delight.

[Exerent; he leading her.

#### ACTIII. SCENE I.

#### SCENE Paradife.

Lucif. TAir place; yet what is this to Heav'n, where I Sate next, fo almost equal'd the most High? I doubted, measuring both, who was more strong; Then, willing to forget time fince so long, Scarce thought I was created: Vain defire Of Empire, in my Thoughts still shot me higher, To mount above his facred Head: Ah why, When he so kind, was so ungrateful I? He bounteously bestow'd unenvy'd Good On me: In arbitrary Grace I stood: T' acknowledge this, was all he did exact; Small Tribute, where the Will to pay was Act. I mourn it now, unable to repent, As he, who knows my hatred to relent, Jealous of Pow'r once question'd: Hope, farewel; And with Hope, Fear; no depth below my Hell Can be preparid: Then, Ill be thou my Good; And vast Destruction, be my Envy's Food.

Thus

43

Thus I, with Heav'n, divided Empire gain; Seducing Man, I make his Project vain. And, in one Hour, destroy his fix Days pain. They come again; I must retire.

Enter Adam and Eve.

Alam. Thus shall we live in perfect Bhis, and see, Deathless our selves, our num'rous Progeny. Thou young and beauteous, my Desires to bless; I, still desiring, what I still possess.

Eve. Heav'n, from whence Love (our greatest Bleffing Can give no more, but still to be the same.

Thou more of Pleasure may it with me partake;

I, more of Pride, because thy Blass I make.

Adam. When to my Arms thou brought'st thy Virgin Fair Angels sung our Bridal Hymn above: [Love; Th' eternal, nodding, shook the Firmament, And conscious Nature gave her glad Consent. Roses unbid, and ev'ry sragrant Flow'r, the form their Steller to Group the Name of Popular Consents.

Flew from their Stalks, to strow thy Nuptial Bower: The furr'd and feather'd Kind the triumph did pursue, And Fishes leap'd above the Streams, the passing Pomp

to view.

Ew. When your kind Eyes look'd languishing on mine, And wreathing Arms did foft Embraces join, A doubtful trembling seiz'd me first all o'er; Thin, wishes; and a warmth, unknown before: What follow'd, was all Ecstasie and Trance; Immortal Pleasures round my swimming Eyes did dance, And speechless Joys, in whose sweet Tumust tost, I thought my Breath, and my new Being lost.

Luif. O Death to hear! and a worse Hell on Earth:

What mad Profusion on this clod-born Birth:
Abys of Joys, as if Heav'n meant to shew
What, in base Matters, such a Hand could do:
Or was his Virtue spent, and he no more
With Angels could supply the exhausted Store
Of which I swept the Sky?
And wanting Subjects to his haughty Will,
On this mean Work, employ'd his trisling Skill.

Eus.

Eve. Bleft in our felves, all Pleafures else abound; Without our Care, behold th'unlabour'd Ground, Bounteous of Fruit, above our fhady Bowers The creeping Jess'min thrusts her fragrant Flowers; The Myrtle, Orange, and the blufhing Rose, With bending heaps so nigh their Blooms disclose, Each feems to fmell the Flavour which the other blows: By these the Peach, the Guava, and the Pine, And creeping 'twixt 'em all, the mant'ling Vine, Does round their Trunks her purple Clusters twine.

Adam. All these are ours, all Nature's Excellence Whose Taste or Smell can bless the feasted Sense; One only Fruit, in the mid Garden placed, (The Tree of Knowledge,) is deny'd our Tafte; (Our proof of Duty to our Maker's Will:)

Of Disobedience, Death's the threatned Ill.

Eve. Death is some harm, which, tho' we know not Since threatned, we must needs imagine great: And fure he merits it, who disobeys. That one command, and one of so much ease.

Lucif. Must they then die, if they attempt to know? He fees they would rebel, and keeps them low. On this Foundation I their Ruin lay.

Hope to know more shall tempt to disobey. I fell by this, and, fince their Strength is less,

Why should not equal Means give like Success?

Adam. Come, my fair Love, our Morning's Task we Some Labour av'n the easiest Life would chuse: Ours is not great; the dangling Boughs to crop, Whose too luxuriant growth our Alleys stop, And choak the Paths: This our Delight requires, And Heav'n no more of daily Work defires.

Eve. With thee to live, is Paradife alone: Without the pleasure of thy Sight, is none. I fear small Progress will be made this Day; So much our Kisses will our Task delay.

External ( Lucif. Why have not I like these, a Body too, Form'd for the tame Delights which they purfue? I could (so variously my Passions move) Enjoy and blast her, in the Act of Love.

Unwill-

Uswillingly I hate fuch Excellence;
She wrong'd me not; but I revenge th' Offence
Thro' her, on Heav'n, whose Thunder took away
My Birth-right Skies! Live happy whilst you may,
Bleft Pair, y'are not allow'd another Day!

[Exit.]

Gabriel and Ithuriël descend, carried on bright Clouds; and spring cross each other, then light on the Ground.

Gabriel. Ithuriel, fince we two Commission'd are From Heav'n the Guardians of this new-made Pair, Each mind his Charge; for see, the Night draws on, And rising Miss pursue the setting Sun.

Ithuriel Blest is our Lot to serve; our Task we know: To watch, least any, from th' Abyss below, Broke loose, disturb their Sleep with Dreams; or worse,

Affault their Beings with superior Force.

[Uricl flies down from the Sun.

Uriel. Gabriel, if now the Watch be set, prepare With strictest Guard, to show thy utmost Care. This Morning came a Spirit, fair he seem'd, Whom, by his Face, I some young Cherub deem'd; Of Man he much inquir'd, and where his place, With shews of Zeal to praise his Maker's Grace; But I. with watchful Eyes, observ'd his Flight, And faw him on you steepy Mount alight; There, as he thought unfeen, he laid afide His borrow'd Mask, and re-assum'd his Pride: I mark'd his Looks, averse to Heav'n and Good; Dusky he grew, and long revolving stood On some deep, dark Design; thence shot with haste, And o'er the Mounds of Paradise he past: By his proud Port, he seem'd the Prince of Hell; And here he lurks, in Shades, 'till Night: Search well Each Grove and Thicket, pry in ev'ry Shape, Least, hid in some, th' arch Hypocrite escape.

Gabriel. If any Spirit come t'invade, or fcout From Hell, what earthy Fence can keep him out? But rest secure of this, he shall be found, And taken, or proscrib'd this happy Ground.

libu. Thou to the East, I westward walk the round,

MDC

And meet we in the midft. Uviel, Heav'n your Defign Succeed; your Charge requires you, and me mine.

[Uricl flies forward out of Sight; the two Angels exe-

A Night-piece of a pleasant Bower: Adam and Eve asleep in it.

#### Enter Lucifer.

Lucifer. So, now they lye fecure in Love, and fleep Their fated Senses in full Draughts of Sleep. By what sure Means can I their Bliss invade? By Violence? No; for they're immortal made. Their Reason sleeps, but mimick Fancy wakes, Supplies her Parts, and wild Ideas takes From Words and Things, ill forted and misjoyn'd; The Anarchy of Thought, and Chaos of the Mind: Hence Dreams confus'd and various may arise; These will I set before the Woman's Eyes; The weaker she, and made my easier Prey; Vain Shows and Pomp the softer Sex betray.

[Lucifer fits down by Eve, and feems to whifeer her in her Eur.

A Vision, where a Tree rises loaden with Fruit; four Spirits rise with it, and draw a Comopy out of the Tree; other Spirits dance about the Tree in deform'd Shapes; after the Dance an Angel enters, with a Woman habited like Evc.

Angel. [Singing.] Look up, look up, and see What Heav'n prepares for thee; Look up, and this fair Fruit behold, Ruddy it smiles, and rich with Streaks of Gold. The loaded Branches downward bend, Willing they stoop, and thy fair Hand attend. Fair Mother of Mankind, make haste, And bless, and bless thy Senses with the Taste.

Woman. No, 'tis forbidden; I In tasting it shall dye.

Angel. Say, who enjoyn'd this harsh Command.

Woman. 'Twas Heav'n; and who can Heav'n with said?

Angel.

Angel. Why was it made so fair, why plac'd in Sight? Heav'n is too good to envy Man's Delight. See, we before thy Face will try

What thou so fear'st, and will not dye.

[The Angel takes the Fruit and gives to the Spirits, who danc'd; they immediately put off their deferm'd Shapes, and appear Angels.

Angels. [Singing:] Behold what a Change on a fudden is How glorious in Beauty, how bright they appear!
From Spirits deform'd they are Deities made,

Their Pinions at pleasure the Clouds can invade,

[The Angel gives to the Woman, who eats.

Till equal in Honour they rise

With him who commands in the Skies;

Then taste without Fear, and be happy and wife.

Woman. Ah, now I believe; fuch a Pleasure I find, As enlightens my Eyes, and enlivens my Mind.

The Spirits who are turn'd Angels, fly up when they have tafted.

I only repent

I deferr'd my Content.

Angil. Now wifer Experience has taught you to prove What a Folly it is,

Out of Fear to foun Blifs.

To the Joy that's forbidden we eagerly move; It inhances the Price, and increases the Love.

Chorus of both. To the Joy, &c.

Two Angels descend; they take the Woman each by the Hand, and fly up with her out of Sight. The Angel who sang, and the Spirits who held the Canopy, at the same Instant such down with the Iree.

Enter Gabriel and Ithuriel to Lucifer, who remains, Gabriel. What art thou? speak thy Name and thy Intent. Why here alone? and on what Errand sent? Not from above; no, thy wan Looks betray Diminish'd Light, and Eyes unus'd to Day.

Integer. Not to know me, argues thy self unknown: Time was when, shining next th' Imperial Throne,

The STATE of INNOCENCE, I fate in awful State; while fuch as thou Did in th'ignoble Crowd at Distance bow. Gabriel. Think'ft thou, vain Spirit, thy Glories are the And feek not Sin obscures thy God-like Frame? [same? I know thee now by thy ungrateful Pride, That shows me what thy faded Looks did hide. Traytor to him who made, and fet thee high, And, Fool, that Pow'r which form'd thee to defie. Lucifer. Go, Slaves, return, and fawn in Heav'n again; Seek Thanks from him whose Quarrel you maintain. Vile Wretches! of your Servitude to boaft; You basely keep the Place I bravely lost. Ithuriel. Freedom is Choice of what we will and do: ) Then blame not Servants who are freely fo. \*Tis base not to acknowledge what we owe. Lucifer. Thanks, howe'er due, proclaim Subjection yet; I fought for Pow'r to quit th'upbraided Debt. Whoe'er expects our Thanks, himself repays, And seems but little, who can want our Praise. Gabriel. What in us Duty, shows not Want in him; Blest in himself alone -To whom no Praise we, by good Deeds, can add; Nor can his Glory suffer from our bad. Made for his use; yet he has form'd us so, We, unconstrain'd, what he commands us, do. So praise we him, and serve him freely best; Thus thou, by Choice, art fall'n, and we are bleft. Ithuriel. This, left thou think thy Plea unanswer'd, good; Our Question thou evad'st: How did'st thou dare To break Hell Bounds, and near this human Pair In nightly Ambush lye? Lucifer. Lives there who would not feek to force his way From Pain to Ease, from Darkness to the Day? Should I, who found the Means to 'scape, not dare

Lucifer. Lives there who would not feek to force his way
From Pain to Eafe, from Darkness to the Day?
Should I, who found the Means to 'fcape, not dare
To change my sulph rous Smoak for upper Air?
When I, in Fight, sustain'd your Thunderer,
And Heav'n on me alone spent half his War,
Think'st thou those Wounds were light? should I not seek
The Clemency of some more temp'rate. Clime

To purge my Gloom; and by the Sun refin'd, Bask in his Beams, and bleach me in the Wind? Gabriel. If Pain to Thun be all thy Bufiness here, Methinks thy Fellows the same Course should steer. Is their Pain less who yet behind thee stay? · Or thou less hardy to endure than they? Lucifer. Nor one, nor t'other; but, as Leaders ought, I ventur'd first alone; first Danger sought; And first explor'd this new-created Frame. Which fill'd our dusky Regions with its Fame; In hopes my fainting Troops to settle here, And to defend, against your Thunderer, This Spot of Earth; or nearer Heav'n repair, And forage to his Gates from middle Air. Ithuriel. Fool, to believe thou any Part canst gain From him, who could'st not thy first Ground maintain. Gabriel. But whether that Design, or one as vain, Tattempt the Lives of these, first drew thee here, Avoid the Place, and never more appear Upon this hallow'd Earth, else prove our Might. Lucifer. Not that I fear, do I decline the Fight: You I disdain; let me with him contend On whom your limitary Powers depend. More Honour from the Sender than the Sent: Till then, I have accomplish'd my Intent; And leave this Place, which but augments my Pain. Gazing to wish, yet hopeless to obtain. Exit.

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[They following him.

#### ACT IV. SCENE I,

SCENE Paradise.

Adam and Eve.

m. S Trange was your Dream, and full of fad Portent;
Avert it, Heav'n (if it from Heav'n were fent:)
on thy Foes the dire Prefages fall;
18 be good and easy, when we call.
70L. IV C Eve.

Eve. Behold from far a breaking Cloud appears
Which, in it, many winged Warriors bears;
Their Glory shoots upon my aking Sense;
Thou stronger may'st endure the Flood of Light,
And while in Shades I chear my fainting Sight,
Encounter the descending Excellence.

The Cloud descends with fix Angels in it, and when it's near the Ground, breaks, and on each Side discovers fix more: They descend out of the Cloud. Raphael and Gabriel discourse with Adam, the rest stand at distance.

Raphael: First of Mankind, that we from Heav'n are lend, Is from Heav'n's Care thy Ruin to prevent.

Th' Apostate Angel has by Night been here,
And whisper'd through thy sleeping Consort's Ear.
Delusive Dreams. Thus warn'd by us, beware,
And guide her Frailty by thy timely Care.

Gabriel. These, as thy Guards from outward Harms, Ills from within thy Reason must prevent. [are sent; Adam. Natives of Heav'n, who in Compassion deign.

To want that Place where Joys immortal reign, In care of me; what Praises can I pay,

Defended in Obedience; taught to obey?

Raphael. Praise him alone who, God-like, form'd thee. With Will unbounded, as a Deity; [free, Who gave thee Reason, as thy Aid, to chuse Apparent Good, and Evil to refuse.

Obedience is that Good; this Heav'n exacts, And Heav'n, all-just, from Man requires not Acts Which Man wants Pow'r to do: Pow'r then is giv'n Of doing Good, but not compell'd by Heav'n.

Gabriel. Made good, that thou don't to thy Maker owe;

But to thy self, if thou continuist so.

Adam. Freedom of Will of all good things is best,
But can it be by finite Man possest?

I know not how Heav'n can communicate
What equals Man to his Creator's State.

Raphael. Heav'n cannot give his boundless Pow'r away.
But boundless Liberty of Choice he may,

.So

So Orbs from the first Mover Motion take, Yet each their proper Revolutions make.

Adam. Grant Heav'n could once have given us Liberty; Are we not bounded, now, by firm Decree, Since whatfoe'er is preordain'd must be?

Else Heav'n for Man Events might preordain, And Man's free Will might make those Orders vain.

Gabriel. 'Th' Eternal, when he did the World create,

'All other Agents did necessitate: 'So what he order'd, they by Nature do;

Thus light things mount, and heavy downward go.

Man only boasts an arbitrary State.

Adam. Yet Causes their Effects necessitate In willing Agents: Where is Freedom then? Or who can break the Chain which limits Men To act what is unchangeably forecast,

Since the first Cause gives Motion to the last?

Raphael: Heav'n by fore-knowing what will furely be, Does only, first, Effects in Causes see, And finds, but does not make Necessity. Creation is of Pow'r and Will th' Effect.

Foreknowledge only of his Intellect: His Prescience makes not, but supposes things;

Infers Necessity to be; not brings.

Thus thou art not constrain'd to Good or Ill; Causes which work th' Effect, force not the Will.

Adam: The Force unfeen, and diftant, I confess, But the long Chain makes not the Bondage lefs. Evn Man himself may to himself seem free,

And think that Choice which is Necessity. [State? Gabriel.: And who but Man should judge of Man's free

Alam. I find that I can chuse to love or hate,

Obey or disobey, do good or ill;

Yet such a Choice is but Consent, not Will. I'cm but chuse what he at first defign'd,

For he before that Choice my Will confin'd.

Gabriel. Such impious Fancies, where they Entrance gain. Make Heav'n, all-pure, thy Crimes to preordain.

Adam. Far, far from me be banish'd such a Thought,

I argue only to be better taught.

Can

Can there be Freedom, when what now feems free Was founded on some first Nocessity?
For whate'er Cause can move the Will t'elect,
Must be sufficient to produce th' Effect:
And what's sufficient must effectual be;

Then how is Man, thus forc'd by Causes, free?
Raphael. Sufficient Causes only work th' Effect,
When necessary Agents they respect.
Such is not Man; who, though the Cause suffice,

Yet often he his free Assent denies.

Adam. What causes not, is not sufficient still. Gabriel. Sufficient in it self; not in thy Will.

Raphael. When we see Causes join'd t'Effects at last, The Chain but shews Necessity that's past.
That what's done, is: (ridiculous proof of Fate!)
Tell me which part it does necessitate?
I'll chuse the other; there I'll link th' Effect.
Ochain, which Fools, to catch themselves, project!

Adam. Tho' no Constraint from Heav'n, or Causes, be; Heav'n may prevent that Ill he does foresee:

And, not preventing, tho' he does not cause.

He seems to will that Man should break his Laws.

He feems to will that Man hould break his Laws.

Gabriel, Heav'n may permit, but not to Ill confent;

For hindring Ill, he would all Choice prevent. 'Twere to unmake, to take away thy Will.

Adam. Better constrain'd to Good, than free to Ill. Raphael. But what Reward or Punishment could be, If Man to neither Good nor Ill were free? Th' eternal Justice could decree no Pain To him whose Sins it self did first ordain; And Good compell'd, could no Reward exact: His Pow'r would shine in Goodness, not thy Act. Our Task is done: Obey; and, in that Choice, Thou shalt be bleft, and Angels shall rejoice.

[Raphael and Gabriel fly up in the Cloud: the other Angels go off.

Adam. Hard State of Life! fince Heav'n fore-knows my Why am I not ty'd up from doing Iil? [Will Why am I trusted with my felf at large, When he's more able to sustain the Charge?

Sinœ

Since Angels fell, whose Strength was more than mine; Twould show more Grace my Frailty to confine. Fore-knowing the Success, to leave me free, Excuses him, and yet supports not me.

Eve. Behold, my Heart's dear Lord, how high the Sun Is mounted; yet our Labour not begun.

The Ground, unbid, gives more than we can ask; But Work is pleafure when we chuse our Task.

Nature, not bounteous now, but lavish grows;

Our Paths with Flow'rs she prodigally strows;

With Pain we lift up our intangled Feet,

While cross our Walks the shooting Branches meet.

Adam. Well has thy Care advis'd; 'tis sit we haste;

Nature's too kind and follows us too fost:

Nature's too kind, and follows us too faft; Leaves us no room her Treasures to possess, But mocks our Industry with her Excess; And wildly wanton wears by Night away The sign of all our Labours done by Day.

The fign of all our Labours done by Day. [few, Eve. Since, then, the Work's fo great, the Hands fo This Day let each a feveral Task purioe.

By thee, my Hands to Labour will not move, But round thy Neck, employ themselves in Love. When thou would'd work, one tender Touch, one

When thou would'ft work, one tender Touch, one Smile (How can I hold?) will all thy Task beguile.

Adam. So hard we are not to our Labour ty'd, That Smiles, and foft Endearments are deny'd. Smiles, not allow'd to Beafts, from Reason move, And are the Priviledge of human Love: And if, sometimes, each others Eyes we meet. Those little Vacancies from Toil, are sweet. But you, by absence, would refresh your Joys, Because perhaps my Conversation cloys.

Yet this, would Prudence grant, I could permit.

\*Eve. What Reason makes my small Request unsit?

Adam. The fall'n Archangel, envious of our State,.
Pursues our Beings with immortal Hate.

And hopeless to prevail by open Force, seeks hid Advantage to betray us worse:

Which

Which when afunder, will not prove so hard; For both together are each others Guard.

Eve. Since he, by Force, is hopeless to prevail, He can by Fraud alone our Minds affail:
And to believe his Wiles my Truth can move, Is to misdoubt my Reason, or my Love.

Adam. Call it my Care, and not Mistrust of thee;
Yet thou art weak, and full of Art is he;
Else how could he that Host seduce to Sin,
Whose Fall has left the heav'aly Nation thin?

Eve. I grant him arm'd with Subtilty, and Hate; But why should we suspect our happy State? Is our Perfection of so frail a Make, As er'ry Plot can undermine or shake? Think better both of Heav'n, thy self, and me:: Who always fears, at Ease can never be.. Poor State of Bliss, where so much Care is shown,.

As not to dare to trust our selves alone!

Adam. Such is our State, as not exempt from Falls. Yet firm, if Reason to our Aid we call:
And that, in both, is stronger than in one;
I would not; why would'st thou, then, be alone?

Eve. Because thus warn'd, I know my self secure, And long my little Tryal to endure, T'approve my Faith; thy needless Fears remove; Gain thy Esteem, and so deserve thy Love. If all this shake not thy obdurate Will, Know that, ev'n present, I am absent still: And then what Pleasure hop'st thou in my stay, When I'm constrain'd, and wish my felf away?

Adam. Constraint does ill with Love and Beauty sute; I would persuade; but not be absolute. Better be much remiss than too severe. If pleas'd in absence thou wilt still be here, Go; in thy native Innocence proceed, And summon all thy Reason at thy need.

Eve. My Soul, my Eyes delight; in this I find Thou lov'st; because to Love is to be kind.

[Embracing him. Seeking Seeking my Tryal, I am still on Guard: Tryals less sought, would find us less prepar'd. Our Foe's too proud the weaker to affail; Or doubles his Dishonour if he fail.

Exit.

Adam. In Love, what use of Prudence can there be? More perfect I, and yet more pow'rful she. Blame me not, Heav'n, if thou Love's pow'r had'st try'd, What could be so unjust to be deny'd? One Look of hers my Resolution breaks; Reason it self turns Folly when she speaks: And aw'd by her whom it was made to fway, Flatters her Pow'r, and does its own betray. Exit.

The middle Part of the Garden is represented, where four Rivers meet: On the right side of the Scene, is plac'd the Tree of Life, on the left, the Tree of Knowledge.

Enter Lucifer.

Lucif. Methinks the Beauties of this Place should mourn; Th' immortal Fruits, and Flow'rs at my return should hang their wither'd Heads; for fure my Breath Is now more pois nous, and has gather'd Death Enough, to blaft the whole Creation's Frame: Swoln with Despite, with Sorrow, and with Shame, Thrice have I beat the Wing, and rid with Night, About the World, behind the Globe of Light, To shun the Watch of Heav'n; such Care I use: (What Pains will Malice, rais'd like mine, refuse? Not the most abject Form of Brutes to take.) Hid in the spiry Volumes of the Snake, I lurk'd within the Covert of a Brake; Not yet descry'd. But, see, the Woman here Alone! beyond my Hopes! no Guardian near. Good Omen that: I must retire unseen, And, with my borrow'd Shape, the work begin.

Retires.

Enter Evc. Eve. Thus far, at least, with Leave; nor can it be A Sin to look on this celestial Tree: I would not more; to touch, a Crime, may prove: Touching is a remoter Taste in Love.

Death

Death may be there, or Poison in the Smell, (If Death in any thing so fair can dwell:) But Heav'n forbids: I could be satisfy'd Were every Tree but this, but this deny'd.

A Serpent enters on the Stage, and makes directly to the Tree of Knowledge, on which winding himself, he plucks an Apple;, then descends and carries it away.

Strange Sight! did then our great Creator grant
That Priviledge, which we their Masters want,
To these inferior Beings? Or was it Chance?
And was he blest with bolder Ignorance?
I saw his curling Crest the Trunk infold:
The ruddy Fruit, distinguished o'er with Gold.
And smiling in its native Wealth, was torn
From the rich Bough, and then in Triumph born:
The vent'rous Victor march'd unpunished hence,
And seem'd to boast his fortunate Offence.

To ber Lucifer in a human Shape:
Lucif. Hail, Sovereign of this Orb! form'd to possess:
The World, and, with one Look, all Nature bless.
Nature is thine; thou, Empress, dost bestow
On Fruits, to blossom; and on Flowers, to blow.
They happy, yet insensible to boast
Their Bliss: More happy they who know thee moss.
Then happiest I, to human Reason rais'd,
And Voice, with whose first Accents thou art prais'd.

And Voice, with whole first Access thou art praise.

Eve. What are thou, or from whence? For on this Ground,
Beside my Lord's, ne'er heard I human Sound.

Art thou some other Adam, form'd from Earth,
And com'st to claim an equal Share, by Birth,
In this fair Field? Or sprung of heav'nly Race?

Lucif. An humble Native of this happy Place,
Thy Vassal born, and late of lowest Kind,
Whom Heav'n neglecting made, and scarce design'd,
But threw me in, for number to the rest,
Below the mounting Bird, and grazing Beast;
By Chance, not Prudence, now superior grown.

Eve. To make thee such, what Miracle was shown.

Eurif.

Lucif. Who would not tell what thou youch fall to hear Saw'st thou not late a speckled Serpent gear His gilded Spires to climb on yon' fair Tree? Before this happy Minute I was he.

Eve. Thou speak'st of Wonders: Make thy Story plain. Lucif. Not wishing then, and thoughtless to obtain So great a Blifs; but, led by Sense of good, Inborn to all, I fought my needful Food: Then, on that Heav'nly Tree, my Sight I cast; The Colour urg'd my Eye, the Scent my Taste. Not to detain thee long; I took, did eat: Scarce had my Palate touch'd th'immortal Meat, But on a sudden, turn'd to what I am: God-like, and, next to thee, I fair became: Thought, spake, and reason d; and, by Reason found Thee, Nature's Queen, with all her Graces crown'd.

Eve. Happy thy Lot; but far unlike is mine: Forbid to eat, not daring to repine.

'Twas Heav'n's Command; and should we disobey, What rais'd thy Being, ours must take away.

Lucif. Sure you mistake the Precept. or the Tree: Heav'n cannot envious of his Bleffings be. Some chance-born Plant he might forbid your Use, As wild, or guilty of a deadly Juice: Not this, whose Colour, Scent divine, and Taste, Proclaim the thoughtful Maker not in hafte:

Eve. By all these figns, too well I know the Fruit,

And dread a Pow'r severe and absolute.

Lucif. Severe, indeed; ev'n to Injustice hard; If Death, for knowing more, be your Reward: Knowledge of good, is good; and therefore fit; And to know ill, is good; for shunning it.

Eve. What, but our Good, could he design in this,

Who gave us all, and plac'd in perfect Bliss?

Lucif. Excuse my Zeal, fair Soveraign, in your Cause, Which dares to tax his Arbitrary Laws. Tis all his Aim to keep you blindly low, That servile Fear from Ignorance may flow: We from to Worship whom too well we know.

He knows that eating, you shall god-like be; As wife, as fit to be ador'd, as he. For his own Intrest he this Law has giv'n; Such Beauty may raise Factions in his Heav'n. By awing you, he does Possession keep, And is too wife to hezard Partnership.

Eve. Alas, who dares dispute with him that Right? The Power which form'd us must be infinite.

Lucif. Who told you how your Form was first design'd? The Sun and Earth produce of every kind; Gass, Flow'rs, and Fruits; nay, living Creatures too: Their Mould was base; 'twas more refin'd in you: Where vital Heat, in purer Organs wrought, Produc'd a nobler Kind rais'd up to Thought; And that perhaps, might his Beginning be: Something was first; I question if 'twere he. But grant him first, yet still suppose him good, Not envying those he made, immortal Food.

Eve. But Death, our Disobedience must pursue.

Lucif. Behold, in me, what shall arrive to you. I tasted: yet I live: Nay, more; have got A State more perfect than my native Lot. Nor fear this petty Fault his Wrath should raise: Heav'n rather will your dauntless Virtue praise, That fought, through threat'ned Death, immortal Good: Gods are immortal only by their Food. Tafte and remove

What diffuence does 'twixt them and you remain:

As I gain'd Reason, you shall God-head gain. Bre. He eats, and lives, in Knowledge greater grown:

Was Death invented then for us alone? Is intellectual Food to Man deny'd Which Brutes have, with so much Advantage try'd? Nor only try'd themselves, but frankly, more, To me have offer'd the unenvy'd Store?

Lucif. Be bold, and all your needless Doubts remove: View well this Tree, (the Queen of all the Grove,) How vast her Bole, how wide her Arms are spread, How high above the rest she shoots her Head,

Place

Plac'd in the mid'it: would Heav'n his Works disgrace, By planting Poison in the happiest Place? Haste; you lose time and God-head by delay.

[Plucking the Fruit.

Eve. 'Tis done; I'll venture all and disobey.

Looking about ber.

Perhaps, far hid in Heav'n, he does not spy, And none of all his Hymning Guards are nigh. To my dear Lord, the lovely Fruit I'll bear; He to partake my Bliss, my Crime shall share. [Exit bastily.] Lucif. She flew, and thank'd me not, for hafte: 'Twas hard With no return fuch Counsel to reward. My Work is done, or much the greater Part; She's now the Tempter, to enfnare his Heart. He, whose firm Faith no Reason could remove, Will melt before that foft Seducer, Love. Exit.

# SAN SERVE SERVENCE SE

#### ACT V. SCENE

SCENE Paradise.

Eve, with a Bough in her Hand.

MEthinks, I tread more lightly on the Ground; My nimble Feet, from unhurt Flow'rs rebound: I walk in Air, and scorn this Earthly Seat; Heav'n is my Palace; this my base Retreat. Take me not Heav'n, too foon; 'twill be unkind To leave the Partner of my Bed behind. I love the Wretch; but stay, shall I afford Him part? already he's too much my Lord. Tis in my Pow'r to be a Soveraign now; And, knowing more, to make his Manhood bow. Empire is sweet; but how if Heav'n has spy'd? If I should die, and he above provide Some other Eve, and place her in my stead? Shall the possess his Love, when I am dead?

No; he shall eat, and die with me, or live: Our equal Crimes shall equal Fortune give. Enter Adam.

Adam. What Joy, without your Sight, has Earth in store! While you were absent, Eden was no more. Winds murmur'd, through the Leaves, your long delay; And Fountains, o'er their Pebbles, chid your stay. But with your Presence cheer'd, they cease to mourn, And Walks wear fresher Green, at your Return.

Bue. Henceforth you never shall have cause to chide;

No future Absence shall our Joys divide:

Twas a short Death my Love ne'er try'd before, And therefore strange; but yet the Cause was more. Adam. My trembling Heart forebodes some Ill; I fear

To ask that Cause which I desire to hear.
What means that lovely Fruit? what means (alas!)
That Blood, which slushes guilty in your Face?
Speak — do not — yet, at last, I must be told.

Eve. Have Courage then: 'tis mandy to be bold.' This Fruit — why doft thou shake? no Death is nigh:

"Tis what I tasted first; yet do not die.

Adam. Is it——(I dare not ask if all at first; Doubt is some Ease to those who sear the worst;) Say, 'tis not.

Eve. 'Tis not what thou need'ft to fear: What danger does in this fair Fruit appear? We have been cozen'd; and had still been so, Had I not ventur'd boldly first to know. Yet, not I first; I almost blush to say The Serpent eating taught me first the way. The Serpent tasted, and the god-like Fruit Gave the Dumb Voice; gave Reason to the Brute.

Adam. O fairest of all Creatures, last, and best, Of what Heav'n made, how art thou dispossest Of all thy native Glories! fal'n! decay'd! (Pity so rare a Frame so frail was made) Now Cause of thy own Ruin; and with thine, (Ah, who can live without thee!) Cause of mine.

Eve. Referve thy Pity, till I want it more: I know my felf much happier than before;

More

More wise, more perfect, all I wish to be, Were I but sure, alas! of pleasing thee.

Adam. Y'have shown how much you my Content design: Yet, ah! would Heav'n's Displeasure pass like mine.

Must I without you, then, in wild Woods dwell?

Think, and but think of what I lov'd so well,

Condemn'd to live with Subjects ever mute;

A Salvage Prince, unpleas'd though absolute.

Eve. Please then your self with me, and freely taste, Left I, without you, should to Godhead haste: Left diffring in degree, you claim too late

Unequal Love, when 'tis deny'd by Fate.

Adam. Cheat not your felf, with Dreams of Deity; Too well, but yet too late, your Crime I fee:
Nor think the Fruit your Knowledge does improve;
But you have Beauty still, and I have Love.
Not cozen'd, I with choice, my Life resign:
Imprudence was your Fault, but Love is mine.

[Takes the Fruit and eats it.

Eve. O wondrous Pow'r of matchless Love exprest:

[Embracing bim.

Why was this Tryal thine, of loving best? I envy thee that lot; and could it be, Would venture something more than Death, for thee. Not that I fear, that Death the Event can prove; W'are both immortal, while so well we love.

Adam. What e'er shall be the Event, the Lot is cast: Where Appetites are giv n, what Sin to taste? Or if a Sin, 'tis but by Precept such; Th'Offence so small, the Punishment's too much, To seek so from his new made World's decay: Nor we, nor that, were fashion'd for a Day.

Eve. Give to the Winds thy Fear of Death, or III;

And think us made but for each others Will.

Adam. I will, at leaft, defer that anxious Thought,
And Death, by Fear, shall not be nigher brought:

If he will come, let us to Joys make haste;
Then let him seize us when our Pleasure's past.

We'll take up all before; and Death shall find
We have drain'd Life, and left a Void behind.

[Exempt.

Enter

Enter Lucifer.

Lucif. "Tis done:
Sick Nature, at that instant, trembled round;
And Mother Earth sigh'd, as she selt the Wound.
Of how short durance was this new-made State!
How far more mighty than Heav'n's Love, Hell's Hate!
His Project ruin'd, and his King of Clay:
He form'd an Empire for his Foe to sway.
Heav'n let him Rule, which by his Arms he got;
I'm pleas'd to have obtain'd the second Lot.
This Earth is mine; whose Lord I made my Thrall;
Annexing to my Crown, his conquer'd Ball.
Loos'd from the Lakes, my Legions I will lead,
And, o'er the darkned Air, black Banners spread:
Contagious Damps, from hence, shall mount above,
And force him to his inmost Heav'ns remove.

[A Clap of Thunder is heard.

He hears already, and I boast too soon;
I dread that Engine which secured his Throne.
I'll dive below his Wrath, into the deep,
And waste that Empire, which I cannot keep, Sinks down.

Raphael and Gabriel descend.

Raph. As much of Grief as Happiness admits In Heav'n, on each Celestial Forchead sits: Kindness for Man, and Pity for his Fate, May mix with Bliss, and yet not violate. Their Heav'nly Harps a lower Strain began; And in soft Music, mourn the Fall of Man.

And in foft Music, mourn the Fall of Man.

Gab. I saw th' Angelic Guards, from Earth ascend,
(Griev'd they must now no longer Man attend:)
The Beams about their Temples dimly shone;
One would have thought the Crime had been their own.
Th' Etherial People sleck'd for News in haste,
Whom they, with down cast Looks, and scarce saluting past:
While each did, in his pensive Breast, prepare
A sad Accompt of their successes Care.

Raph. Th' Eternal yet, in Majesty severe, And strictest lustice, did mild Pity bear: Their Deaths deferr'd; and Banishment, (their Doom) In Penitence foreseen, leaves Mercy room.

GAD.

Gab. That Meffage is thy Charge: Mine leads me hence;. Plac'd at the Garden's Gate, for its defence, Left, Man, returning, the bleft Place pollute, And scape from Death, by Life's immortal Fruit: Another Clap of Thunder. Execut, severally.

Enter Adam and Eve, affrighted.

Adam. In what dark Cavern shall I hide my Head? Where feek Retreat, now Innocence is fled? Safe in that Guard, I durst ev'n Hell defie; Without it, tremble now, when Heav'n is night.

Eve. What shall we do? or where direct our Flight? Eastward as far as I could cast my Sight, Brom op'hing Heav'ns, I saw descending Light. Its glitt'ring through the Trees, I still behold; The Cedar Tops feem all to burn with Gold.

Adam. Some Shape divine, whose Beams I cannot bear ! Would I were hid, where Light could not appear. Deep into some thick Covert would I run, Impenetrable to the Stars or Sun, And fenc'd from Day, by Night's eternal Skreen; Unknown to Heav'n, and to my self unseen.

Eve. In vain: What Hope to shun his piercing Sight, Who, from dark Chaos, struck the Sparks of Light?

Adam. These should have been your Thoughts, when You trusted to your guideless Innocence. [parting hence, See now th' Effects of your own wilful Mind: Guilt walks before us; Death pursues behind. So fatal 'twas to feek Temptations out: Most Confidence has still most Cause to doubt.

Eve. Such might have been thy hap, alone affail'd; And so, together, might we both have fail'd. Curs'd Vaffallage of all my future Kind: First Idoliz'd, till Love's hot Fire be o'er, Then Slaves to those who courted us before. Adam. I counsel'd you to stay; your Pride refus'd:

By your own lawless Will you stand accus'd. Eve. Have you that Priviledge of only wife, And would you yield to her you so despise? You should have shown the Authority you boast, And, Soveraign-like, my headlong Will have croft:

Counsel was not enough to sway my Heart; An absolute Restraint had been your Part.

Adam. Ev'n such Returns do they deserve to find, When Force is lawful, who are fondly Kind. Unlike my Love; for when thy Guilt I knew, I shar'd the Curse which did that Crime pursue. Hard Fate of Love! which Rigor did forbear, And now 'tis tax'd, because 'twas not severe.

Eve. You have, your felf, your Kindness overpaid:

He ceases to oblige, who can upbraid.

Adam. On Womens Virtue, who too much rely,. To boundless Will, give boundless Liberty. Restraint you will not brook; but think it hard Your Prudence is not trusted as your Guard: And, to your selves so left, if Ill ensues, You first our weak Indulgence will accuse. Curst be that Hour-When, sated with my single Happiness, I chose a Partner, to condole my Bliss, Who wants that Reason which her Will should sway.

And knows but just enough to disobey.

Eve. Better with Brutes my humble Lot had gone; Of Reason void, accountable for none: Th'Unhappiest of Creation is a Wife, Made lowest, in the highest Rank of Life: Her Fellow's Slave; to know and not to chuse: Curst with that Reason she must never use.

Adam. Add, that she's proud, fantastick, apt to change; Restless at home; and ever prone to range: With Shows delighted, and so vain is she, She'll meet the Devil; rather than not see. Our wife Creator, for his Choirs divine. Peopled his Heav'n with Souls all masculine. Ah! Why must Man from Woman take his Birth? Why was this Sin of Nature made on Earth? This fair Defect; this helpless Aid call'd Wife; The bending Crutch of a decrepit Life. Posterity no Pairs from you shall find, But such as by mistake of Love are join'd:

The worthiest Men, their Wishes ne'er shall gain; But see the Slaves, they scorn, their Loves obtain. Blind Appetite shall your wild Fancies rule; False to Desert, and faithful to a Fool.

[Turns in Anger from her, and is going off.

Eve. Unkind! wilt thou for sake me, in Distress,

[Kneeling.

For that which now is past me to redress? I have missione; and I endure the Smart: Loath to acknowledge; but more loath to part. The Blame be mine; you warn'd, and I refus'd: What would you more? I have my self accus'd. Was plighted Faith so weakly seal'd above, That, for one Error, I must lose your Love? Had you so err'd, I should have been more kind, fore: Than to add Pain to an afflicted Mind. Adam. Y'are grown much humbler, than you were be-I Pardon you; but see my Face no more. Eve. Vain Pardon, which includes a greater Ill: Be still displeas'd; but let me see you still. Without your much-lov'd Sight, I cannot live: You more than kill me if you so forgive... The Beafts, fince we are fall'n, their Lords despile; And, passing, look at me, with glaring Eyes: Must I then wander helpless, and alone? You'll pity me, too late, when I am gone. Adam. Your Penitence does my Compassion move; As you deserve it, I may give my Love. Eve. On me, alone, let Heav'n's Displeasure fall: You merit none, and I deserve it all. [Part, Adam. You all Heav'n's Wrath! how could you bear a Who bore not mine, but with a bleeding Heart? I was too stubborn, thus to make you sue:

Enter Raphael.

Raph. Of Sin to warn thee, I before was fent;

For Sin, I now pronounce thy Punishment:

Forgive me; I am more in fault, than you. Return to me, and to my Love return; And, both offending, for each other mourn.

Yet that much lighter than thy Crimes require; Th' All-good does not his Creatures Death defire: Justice must punish the rebellious Deed: Yet punish so, as Pity shall exceed.

Adam. I neither can dispute his Will, nor dare: Death will dismis me from my future Care, And lay me softly in my Native Dust,

To pay the Forfeit of ill-manag'd Trust.

Eve. Why feek you Death? consider e're you speak:: The Laws were hard; the Pow'r to keep 'em, weak. Did we solicite Heav'n to mould our Clay? From Darkness, to produce us to the Day? Did we concur to Life, or chuse to be? Was it our Will which form'd, or was it he? Since 'twas his Choice, not ours, which plac'd us here; The Laws we did not chuse, why should we bear?

Adam. Seek not, in vain, our Maker to accuse: Terms were propos'd; Pow'r left us to refuse. The Good we have enjoy'd from Heav'n's free Willy. And shall we murmur to endure the Ill? Should we a Rebel-son's Excuse receive, Because he was begot without his Leave? Heav'n's Right, in us, is more: First form'd to serve; The Good, we merit not; the Ill, deserve.

Raph. Death is deferr'd, and Penitence has room. To mitigate, if not reverse the Doom:
But, for your Crime, th' Eternal does ordain.
In Eden you no longer shall remain:
Hence, to the lower World, you are exil'd:
This Place, with Crimes shall be no more defil'd.

Eve. Must we this blisful Paradise forego? [grow, Raph. Your Lot must be where Thorns and Thistles Unbid, as Balm and Spices did at first;
For Man, the Earth, of which he was, is curst. By thy own Toil procur'd, thou Food shalt eat; [To Adam, And know no Penty, but from painful Sweat. She, by a Curse, of sturre Wives abhorr'd, Shall pay Obedience to her lawful Lord: And he shall Rule, and she in Thraidom live; Pesiring more of Love than Man can give.

Adam. Heav'n is all Mercy; Labour I would chuse; Knd could sustain this Paradise to lose:
The Bliss; but not the Place: Here could I say Heav'n's winged Messenger did pass the Day; Under this Pine the glorious Angel staid:
Then, show my wondring Progeny the Shade.
In Woods and Lawns, where e'er thou didst appear, Each Place some Monument of thee should bear.
I, with green Turs, would grateful Altars raise, And Heav'n, with Gums, and offer'd Incense praise.

Raph. Where-e'er thou art, He is; th'eternal Mind. Acts through all Places; is to none confin'd: Fills Ocean, Earth, and Air, and all above, And through the universal Mass does move. Thou canst be no where distant: Yet this place Had been thy Kingly Seat, and here thy Race, From all the Ends of peopled Earth, had come To rev'rence thee, and see their Native home. Immortal, then; now Sickness, Care, and Age, And War, and Luxury's more direful Rage, Thy Crimes have brought, to shorten mortal Breath, With all the num'rous Family of Death.

Eve. My Spirits faint, while I these Ills foreknow: And find my self the sad Occasion too.

But what is Death?

Raph. In Vision, thou shalt see his griefly Face, The King of Terrors, raging in thy Race.
That, while in suture Fate thou shar'st thy Part, A kind Remorse, for Sin, may seize thy Heart.

The SCENE shifts, and discovers Deaths of several Sorts. A Battel at Land, and a Naval. Fight.

Adam. O wretched Off-fpring! O unhappy State Of all Mankind, by me betray'd to Fate! Born, through my Crime, to be Offenders first, And, for those Sins they could not shun, accurst.

Ew: Why is Life forc'd on Man; who, might be chuse, Would not accept, what he, with Pain, must lose? Unknowing, he receives it; and, when known, He thinks it his, and values it, 'tis gone.

He thinks it his, and values it, 'tis gone.

Raph. Behold of ev'ry Age; ripe Manhood see,
Decrepit Years, and helples Infancy:
Those who, by lingring Sickness, lose their Breath;
And those who, by despair, suborn their Death:
See yon' mad Fools, who for some trivial Right,
For Love, or for mistaken Honour, sight:
See those, more mad, who throw their Lives away.
In needless Wars; the Stakes which Monarchs lay,
When for each others Provinces they play.
Then as if Earth too narrow were for Fate,
On open Seas their Quarrels they debate;
In hollow Wood they sloating Armies bear;
And force imprison'd Winds to bring 'em near.

Eve. Who would the Miseries of Man foreknow? Not knowing, we but share our Part of Woe: Now, we the Fate of suture Ages bear; And, e'er their Birth, behold our Dead appear. [Str

Adam. The Deaths, thou show'st, are forc'd and full of Cast headlong from the Precipice of Life.

Is there no smooth Descent? no painless Way

Is there no imooth Descent? no painless Way Of kindly mixing with our Native Clay?

Raph. There is; but rarely shall that Path be trod, Which, without horror, leads to Death's abode. Some few, by temp'rance taught, approaching slow, To distant Fate, by easie Journeys, go: Gently they lay 'em down, as ev'ning Sheep On their own Woolly Fleeces, softly sleep.

Adam. So noiseless would I live, such Death to find, Like timely Fruit, not shaken by the Wind, But ripely dropping from the sapless Bough,

And, dying, nothing to my felf would owe.

Eue. Thus daily changing, with a duller Tafte
Of less'ning Joys, I, by degrees, would waste:
Still quitting Ground, by unperceiv'd Decay,
And steal my felf from Life, and melt away.

Rapb. Death you have feen: Now fee your Race revive, How happy they in deathless Pleasures live. Far more than I can show, or you can fee, Shall crown the Bless with Immortality.

Here a Heaven descends, full of Angels and blessed Spirits, with soft Musick, a Song and Chorus.

Adam. O Goodness Infinite! whose Heav'nly Will Can so much Good produce, from so much Ill! Happy their State! Pure, and unchang'd, and needing no desence From Sins, as did my frailer Innocence. Their Joy sincere, and with no Sorrow mixt: Eternity stands permanent and fixt, And wheels no longer on the Poles of Time: Secure from Fate, and more secure from Crime. Eve. Ravish'd with Joy, I can but half repent The Sin which Heav'n makes happy in th' Event.

Raph. Thus arm'd, meet firmly your approaching Ille For, fee, the Guards, from yon' far Eastern Hill, Already move, nor longer Stay afford; High, in the Air, they wave the flaming Sword, Your Signal to depart: Now, down amain They drive, and glide, like Meteors through the Plain.

ddam. Then farewel all; I will indulgent be To my own Ease, and not look back to see. When what we leve, we ne'er must meet again, To lose the Thought, is to remove the Pain.

Eve. Farewel, you happy Shades!
Where Angels first should practise Hymns, and string
Their tuneful Harps, when they to Heav'n wou'd sing.
Farewel, you Flow'rs, whose Buds, with early Care,
I watch'd, and to the chearful Sun did rear:

Who now shall bind your Stems? or, when you fall, With Fountain Streams, your fainting Souls recal? A long farewel to thee, my nuptial Bow'r, Adom'd with ev'ry fair and fragrant Flow'r. And last, farewel, farewel my Place of Birth; I go to wander in the lower Earth,

# 70 The STATE of Innocence, &c.

As distant as I can; for, disposses,
Farthest from what I once enjoy'd, is best.
Raph. The rising Winds urge the tempestuous Air;
And on their Wings, deformed Winter bear:
The Beasts already feel the Change; and hence
They fly, to deeper Coverts, for defence:
The feebler Herd, before the stronger run;
For now the War of Nature is begun:
Sut, part you hence in Peace, and having mourn'd your
Sin,

For outward Eden loft, find Paradife within.

Exempt ournes:



# AURENG-ZEBE:

A

## TRAGEDY.

As it is Acted at the

THEATER - ROYAL,

BY

His MAJESTY'S Servants.

-----Sed, cum fregit subsellia versu, Esarit, intactam Paridi nisi vendat Agaven.

Juv.

Printed in the YEAR MDCCXVII.





#### To the Right Honourable

# $\mathcal{F}$ O H $N_{\bullet}$

# EARL of MULGRAVE,

Gentleman of his Majesty's Bed-Chamber, and Knight of the most Noble Order of the Garter.

My Lord,

IS a fevere Reflection which Montaign has made on Princes, That we ought not, in reason, to have any Expectations of Favour from them; and that tis Kindness enough,

if they leave us in Possession of our own. The boldness of the Censure shows the free Spirit of the Author: And the Subjects of England may justly congratulate to themselves, that both the Nature of our Government, and the Clemency of our King, secure us from any such Vol. IV.

#### The Epistle Dedicatory.

Complaint. I, in particular, who subsist wholly by his Bounty, am obliged to give Posterity a far other Account of my Royal Master, than what Montaign has left of his. Those Accusations had been more reasonable, if they had been plac'd on inferior Persons. For in all Courts, there are too many, who make it their Business to ruin Wit; And Montaign, in other places, tells us, what Effects he found of their good Natures. He describes them fuch, whose Ambition, Lust, or private Interest, seem to be the only end of their Creation: If good accrue to any from them, 'tis only in order to their own Defigns: Conferr'd most commonly on the base and infamous; and never given, but only bapning sometimes to Well-deservers. Dulness has brought them to what they are; and Malice secures them in their Fortunes. But somewhat of Specious they must have, to recommend themselves to Princes, (for Folly will not easily go down in its own natural Form with differning Judges.) And diligence in waiting, is their gilding of the Pill; for that looks like Love, tho' its only Interest. 'Tis that which gains' em their Advantage over witty Men; whose love of Liberty and Ease, makes them willing too often to discharge their burden of Attendance on these officious Gentlemen. 'Tis true, that the nauseousness of such Company is enough to disgust a reasonable Man; when he fees, he can hardly approach Greatness, but as a moated Castle; he must first pass through the Mud and Filth with which it is encompass'd. These are they, who wanting Wit, affect Gravity, and go by the name of solid Men: And a folid Man is, in plain English, a folid, solemn Fool. Another Difguise they have, (for Fools, as well as Knaves, take other Names, and pass by

eR.

#### The Epiftle Dedicatory.

an Alias) and that is, the Title of honest Fellows. But this Honesty of theirs ought to have many Grains for its Allowance; for certainly they are no farther honest, than they are filly: They are naturally mischievous to their Power; and if they speak not maliciously, or sharply, of witty Men, tis only because God has not bestow'd on them the Gift of Utterance. They fawn and crouch to Men of Parts, whom they cannot ruin: Quote their Wit when they are present, and when they are absent, steal their Jests: But to those who are under 'em, and whom they can crush with ease, they shew themselves in their natural Antipathy: there they treat Wit like the common Enemy, and give it no more Quarter, than a Dutchman would to an English Vessel in the Indies; they strike Sail where they know they shall be master'd, and murder where they can with Safety.

This, my Lord, is the Character of a Courtier without Wit; and therefore that which is a Satyr to other Men, must be a Panegyrick to your Lordthip, who are a Master of it. If the least of these Reflections could have reach'd your Person, no necessity of mine could have made me to have fought so earnestly, and so long to have cultivated your Kindness. As a Poet, I cannot but have made some Observations on Mankind: The lowness of my Fortune has not yet brought me to flatter Vice; and 'tis my Duty to give tellimony to Virtue. 'Tis true, your Lordship is not of that Nature, which either feeks a Commendation, or wants it. Your Mind has always been above the wretched affectation of Popularity. A popular Man is, in truth, no better than a Prostitute to common Fame, and to the People. He lies down to every one he meets for the hire of Praise; and

with the are our oppide of man of Friends; beca comit we so be fil nim of my Formene; v L next totally from the Po

#### The Epistle Dedicatory.

from my worst of Enemies, my own Modesty and Lazineis. Which Favour, had it been employ'd on a more deserving Subject, had been an Effect of Justice in your Nature; but, as plac'd on me, is only Charity. Yet, withal, 'tis conferred on such a Man, as prefers your Kindness it self, before any of its Consequences; and who values, as the greatest of your Favours, those of your Love, and of your Conversation. From this Constancy to your Friends, I might reasonably assume, that your Resentments would be as strong and lasting, if they were not restrain'd by a nobler Principle of good Nature and Generosity. For certainly, 'tis the same Composition of Mind, the same Resolution and Courage, which makes the greatest Friendships, and the greatest Enmities. And he who is too lightly reconcil'd, after high Provocations, may recommend himself to the World for a Christian, but I should hardly trust him for a Friend. The Italians have a Proverb to that Purpose, To forgive the first time shows me a good Catholick, the second time a Fool. To this firmness in all your Actions (though you are wanting in no other Ornaments of Mind and Body, yet to this) I principally ascribe the Interest your Merits have acquir'd you in the Royal Fumily. A Prince, who is constant to himself, and steady in all his Undertakings; one with whom that Character of Horace will agree,

Si fractus illabatur orbis. Impavidum ferient ruina,

Such an one cannot but place an Esteem, and repose a Confidence on him, whom no Adversity, no Change of Courts, no Bribery of Interests, or Dз Cabals

#### The Epistle Dedicatory.

his Humility is only a difguis'd Ambition. Even Cicero himself, whose Eloquence deserv'd the Admiration of Mankind; yet by his insatiable thirst of Fame, he has leffen'd his Character with succeeding Ages: His Action against Catiline may be said to have ruin'd the Consul, when it sav'd the City: For it so swell'd his Soul, which was not truly great, that ever afterwards it was apt to be over-let with Vanity. And this made his Virtue so suspected by his Friends, that Brutus, whom of all Men he ador'd, refus'd him a place in his Conspiracy. A modern Wit has made this Obfervation on him, That coveting to recommend himself to Posterity, he begg'd it as an Alms of all his Friends, the Historians, to remember his Consulship: And observe, if you please, the Oddness of the Event; all their Histories are lost, and the vanity of his Request stands yet recorded in his own Writings. How much more great and manly in your Lordship, is your Contempt of popular Applause, and your retir'd Virtue, which thines only to a few; with whom you live to eafily and freely, that you make it evident, you have a Soul which is capable of all the Tenderness of Friendship, and that you only retire your self from those, who are not capable of returning it. Your Kindness, where you have once plac'd it, is inviolable: And 'tis to that only I attribute my Happy ness in your Love. This makes me more easily forfake an Argument, on which I could other-wife delight to dwell: I mean, your Judgment in your choice of Friends; because I have the Honour to be one. After which, I am fure you will more easily permit me to be filent, in the care you have taken of my Fortune; which you have retou'd, not only from the Power of others, but from

#### The Epiftle Dedicatory.

from my worst of Enemies, my own Modesty and Lazineis. Which Favour, had it been employ'd on a more deserving Subject, had been an Effect of Justice in your Nature; but, as plac'd on me, is only Charity. Yet, withal, 'tis confer-red on such a Man, as prefers your Kindness it self, before any of its Consequences; and who values, as the greatest of your Favours, those of your Love, and of your Conversation. From this Constancy to your Friends, I might reasonably assume, that your Resentments would be as frong and lasting, if they were not restrain'd by a nobler Principle of good Nature and Generosity. For certainly, 'tis the same Composition of Mind, the same Resolution and Courage, which makes the greatest Friendships, and the greatest Enmities. And he who is too lightly reconcil'd, after high Provocations, may recommend himself to the World for a Christian, but I should hardly trust him for a Friend. The Italians have a Provent to that Purpose, To forgive the first time shows me a good Catholick, the second time a Fool. To this firmness in all your Actions (though you are wanting in no other Ornaments of Mind and Body, yet to this) I principally ascribe the Interest your Merits have acquir'd you in the Royal Fumily. A Prince, who is constant to himself, and steady in all his Undertakings; one with whom that Character of Horace will agree,

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#### The Epifile Dedicatory.

Cabals of Factions, or Advantages of Fortune, can remove from the folid Foundations of Homour and Fidelity.

Ille meos, primus qui me fibi junxit, amores Abstulit; ille babeat secum, servetque sepulcro.

How well your Lordship will deserve that praise, I need no Inspiration to foretel. You have already left no room for Prophecy: Your early Undertakings have been such, in the Service of your King and Country, when you offer'd your felf to the most dangerous Employment, that of the Sea; when you chose to abandon those Delights, to which your Youth and Fortune did invite you, to undergo the Hazards, and, which was worse, the Company of common Seamen, that you have made it evident, you will refuse no Opportunity of rendring your felf useful to the Nation, when either your Courage or Conduct shall be requir'd. The same Zeal and Faithfulness continues in your Blood, which animated one of your noble Ancestors to sacrifice his Life in the Quarrel of his Sovereign; Tho', I hope, both for your fake, and for the publick Tranquillity, the same Occasion will never be offer'd to your Lordship, and that a better Destiny will attend you. But I make haste to consider you as abstracted from a Court, which (if you will give me leave to use a term of Logick) is only an Adjunct, not a Propriety of Happiness. The Academicks, I confess, were willing to admit the Goods of Fortune into their Notion of Felicity; but I do not remember, that any of the Sects of old Philosophers did ever leave a room for Greatness. Neither am I form'd to praise a Court, who admire

#### The Epiftle Dedicatory.

mire and covet nothing, but the easiness and quiet of Retirement. I naturally withdraw my Sight from a Precipice; and admit the Prospect be never so large and goodly, can take no pleasure even in looking on the Downsal, tho' I am secure from the Danger. Methinks there's something of a manignant Joy in that excellent Description of Lucterius,

Suave mari magno turbantibus aquora ventis, E terrà magnum alterius spectare laborem; Non quia vexari quenquam est jucunda voluptas, Sed quibus ipse malis careas, quia cernere suave est.

lam fure his Master Epicarus, and my better Master Cowley, preferr'd the Solitude of a Garden, and the Conversation of a Friend to any Consideration, so much as a regard, of those unhappy People, whom in our own wrong, we call the Great. True Greatness, if it be any where on Earth, is in a private Virtue; remov'd from the Notion of Poinp and Vanity, confin'd to a Contemplation of it self, and centring on it self:

Omnis enim per se Divum natura, necesse est Immortali ævo summå cum pace sruatur; — Curå semota, metuque, Ipsa suis pollens opibus——

If this be not the Life of a Deity, because it cannot confist with Providence; 'tis' at least a godlike Life: I can be contented, (and I am sure I have your Lordship of my Opinion) with an humbler Station in the Temple of Virtue, than to be set on the Pinnacle of it.

#### The Epifile Dedicatory.

Despicere unde queas alios, passimque videre . Errare, atque viam palantis quarere vita.

The truth is, the confideration of so vain a Greature as Man, is not worth our pains. I have Fool enough at home, without looking for it abroad: And am a sufficient Theater to my self of ridiculous Actions, without expecting Company, either in a Court, a Town, or Play-house. 'Tis on this account that I am weary with drawing the Deformities of Life, and Lazars of the People, where every Figure of Imperfection more refembles me than it can do others. If I must be condemn'd to Rhyme, I should find some Ease in my change of Punishment. I desire to be no longer the Sifyphus of the Stage; to rowl up a Stone with endies Labour (which, to follow the Proverb, gathers no Moss) and which is perpetually falling down again. I never thought my self very fit for an Employment, where many of my Predeceffors have excell'd me in all kinds; and some of my Contemporaries, even in my own partial Judgment, have out-done me in Comedy. Some little hopes I have yet remaining, and those too, considering my Abilities, may be vain, that I may make the World some part of amends, for many ill Plays, by an Heroick Poem. Your Lordship has been long acquainted with my Design; the Sub-ject of which you know is great, the Story Englift, and neither too far distant from the present Age, nor too near approaching it. Such it is in my Opinion, that I could not have wish'd a nobler Occasion to do Honour by it to my King, my Country, and my Friends; most of our ancient Nobility being concern'd in the Action. your

#### The Epistle Dedicatory.

your Lordship has one particular Reason to promote this Undertaking, because you were the first who gave me the Opportunity of discoursing it to his Majesty, and his Royal Highness: They were then pleas'd, both to commend the Defign, and to encourage it by their Commands. But the Un-fettl'dness of my Condition has hitherto put a stop to my Thoughts concerning it. As I am no Successor to Homer in his Wit, so neither do I desire to be in his Poverty. I can make no Rhapsodies, nor go a begging at the Grecian Doors, while I fing the Praises of their Ancestors. The Times of Virgil please me better, because he had an Augustus for his Patron. And to draw the Allegory nearer you, I am fure I shall not want a Mesense with him. Tis for your Lordship to stir up that Remembrance in his Majesty, which his many Avocations of Business have caus'd him, I fear, to lay aside. And, (as himself and his Royal-Brother are the Heroes of the Poem) to represent to them the Images of their Warlike Predecessors: as Achilles is faid to be rouz'd to Glory, with the fight of the Combat before the Ships. For my own part, I am satisfy'd to have offer'd the De-fign, and it may be to the advantage of my Reputation to have it refus'd me.

In the mean time, my Lord, I take the Confidence to present you with a Tragedy; the Characters of which are the nearest to those of an Heroick Poem. 'Twas dedicated to you in my Heart, before 'twas presented on the Stage. Some things in it have pass'd your Approbation, and many your Amendment. You were likewise pleased to recommend it to the King's perusal, before the last hand was added to it, when I receiv'd the Favour from him, to have the most considerable.

D 5. Event.

#### The Epistle Dedicatory:

Event of it modell'd by his Royal Pleasure. It may be some Vanity in me to add his Testimony then, and which he graciously confirm'd afterwards, that it was the best of all my Tragedies; in which he has made Authentick my private Opinion of it; at least, he has given it a Value by his Commendation, which it had not by my Wri-

ting. That which was not pleasing to some of the fair Ladies in the last Act of it, as I dare not vindicate, so neither can I wholly condemn, till I find more Reason for their Censures. The Procedure of Indamora and Melesinda, seems yet, in my Judgment, natural, and not unbecoming of their Characters. If they who arraign them, fail not more, the World will never blame their Conduct: And I shall be glad, for the Honour of my Country, to find better Images of Virtue drawn to the Life in their Behaviour, than any I could feign to adorn the Theatre: I confess, I have only represented a practical Virtue, mix'd with the Frailties and Imperfections of human Life. I have made my Heroine fearful of Death, which neither Caffandra nor Cleopatra would have been; and they themselves, I doubt it not, would have outdone Romance in that particular. Yet their Mandana (and the Cyrus was written by a Lady) was not altogether so hard-hearted: For she sate down on the cold Ground by the King of Assyria, and not only pity'd him, who dy'd in her Defence; but allow'd him some Favours, such, perhaps, as they would think, should only be permitted to her Cyrus. I have made my Melefinda, in opposition to Nourmabal, a Woman passionately loving of her Husband, patient of Injuries and Contempt, and constant in her Kindness, to the last: And in

#### The Epifile Dedicatory.

that, perhaps, I may have err'd, because it is not a Virtue much in use. Those Indian Wives are loving Fools, and may do well to keep themselves in their own Country, or, at least, to keep Company with the Arria's and Portia's of old Rome: Some of our Ladies know better things. But, it may be, I am partial to my own Writings: Yet I have labour'd as much as any Man, to divest my self of the Self-opinion of an Author; and am too well satisfy'd of my own Weakness, to be pleas'd with any thing I have written. But on the other fide, my Reason tells me, that, in probability, what I have seriously and long consider'd, may be as likely to be just and natural, as what an ordinary Judge (if there be any fuch amongst those Ladies) will think fit, in a transient Presentation, to be plac'd in the room of that which they condemn. The most judicious Writer is sometimes mistaken, after all his Care: But the hasty Critick, who judges on a View, is full as liable to be deceived. Let him first consider all the Arguments, which the Author had, to write this, or to design the other, before he arraigns him of a Fault: And then, perhaps, on second Thoughts, he will find his Reason oblige him to revoke his Censuro. Yet, after all, I will not be too posi-tive. Homo sum, bumani à me nibil alienum puto. As I am a Man, I must be changeable: And sometimes the gravest of us all are so, even upon ridi-culous Accidents. Our Minds are perpetually wrought on by the temperament of our Bodies: Which makes me suspect, they are nearer ally'd, than either our Philosophers or School-Divines will allow them to be. I have observ'd, fays Montaign, that when the Body is out of Order, its Companion is feldom at his case. An ill Dream,

#### The Episite Dedicatory.

or a cloudy Day, has Power to change this wretched Creature, who is so proud of a reasonable Soul, and make him think what he thought not Yesterday. And Homer was of this Opinion, as Cicero is pleas'd to translate him for us:

Tales sunt hominum mentes, quali pater ipse Jupiter, auctiferà lustravit lampade terras.

Or as the same Author, in his Tusculane Questions, speaks with more Modelty than usual of himself: Nos in diem vivimus; quodeunque animos nostros probabilitate percussit, id dicimus. Tis not therefore impossible, but that I may alter the Conclusion of my Play, to restore my self into the good Graces of my sair Criticks. And your Lordship, who is so well with them, may do me the Ossice of a Friend and Patron, to intercede with them, on my Promise of Amendment. The Impotent Lover in Petronius, tho his was a very unpardonable Crime, yet was received to Mercy on the Terms I offer. Summa sucusationis mee bac est: Placebo tihi, si culpum emendare permiseris.

But I am conscious to my self of offering at a greater Boldness, in presenting to your view what my Meanness can produce, than in any other Error of my Play. And therefore make haste to break off this tedious Address, which has, I know not how, already run it self into Pedantry, with an excuse of Tully's, which he sent with his Books De Finibus, to his Friend Brutus: De ipsis rebus auteus, sepenumero Brute vereor ne reprehendar, cum has ad te seribam, qui tum in Poess, (I change it from Philosophia) tum in optimo genere Poeseos tautum processers. Quad se secreta quasita erudieus, jure repre-

#### The Epifile Dedicatory.

reprehenderer. Sed ab eo plurimum absum: Nee, at ea cognoscas que tibi notissima sunt, ad te mitto; sed quia facilime in nomine tuo acquiesco, y quia te habeo equissimam eorum studiorum, que mihi communia tecum sunt, estimatorem y judicem. Which you may please, my Lord, to apply to your self, from him, who is

Your Lordship's

most Obedient

Humble Servant;

DRYDEN.

PROF



# PROLOGUE.

UR Author by Experience finds it true, "Its much more hard to please himself than you: And out of no feign'd Modesty, this Day Danms his laborious Trifle of a Play: Not that it's worse than what before he writ, But he has now another Tafte of Wit; And to confest a Truth, (though out of time) Grows weary of his long-lov'd Mistress, Rhyme. Paffon's too fierce to be in Fetters bound. And Nature flies him like Enchanted Ground. What Verse can do, be has perform'd in this, Which he presumes the most Correct of his: But spite of all his Pride, a secret Shame Invades his Breaft at Shakespear's sacred Name: An'd when he hears his Godlike Romans Rage, He, in a just Despair, would quit the Stage. And to an Age less polish'd, more unskill'd, Does, with distain the foremest Henours yield. As with the greater Dend be dares not strive, He would not match his Verfe with thefe who live: Let him retire, betwixt two Ages caft, The first of this, and hindmost of the last. A losing Gamester, let him sneak away; He bears no ready Money from the Play.

#### PROLOGUE.

The Fate which governs Poets, thought it fit, He should not raise his Fortunes by his Wit. The Clergy thrive, and the litigious Bar; Dull Heroes fatten with the Spoils of War: All Southern Vices, Heav'n be prais'd, are here; But Wit's a Luxury you think too dear. When you to cultivate the Plant are loath, The a shrewd Sign 'twas never of your Growth: And Wit in Northern Climates will not blow, Except, like Orange-trees, 'tis hous'd from Snow. There needs no Care to put a Play-house down, Tes the most Defart Place of all the Town. We and our Neighbours, to speak proudly, are Like Monarchs, ruin'd with expensive War. While, like wife English, unconcern'd, you sit, And fee us play the Tragedy of Wis.



**Dramatis** 

# Dramatis Personæ.

#### MEN.

The old Emperor.

Aureng-Zebe his Son.

Morat, his younger Son ..

Arimant, Governor of Agra.

Dianet.

Solyman .. Mir Baba.

Abas.

Asaph Chan.

Fazel Chan.

Mr. Mobau.

Mr. Hart.

Mr. Kynaston.

Mr. Winterfal

Indian Lords, or

Omrabs, of several Facti-

#### WOMEN.

Nourmabal, the Empress.

Indamora, a Captive Queen.

Melefinda, Wife to Morat.

Zayda, Favourite Slave to the Mrs. Upbil. Empress.

Mrs. Marsball.

Mrs. Cox.

Mrs. Corbet.

SCENE, Agra, in the Year 1660.

AURENG



### AURENG-ZEBE.

#### ACTI SCENEI.

Enter Arimant, Afaph Chan and Fazel Chan.

ARIMANT.



Eav'n feems the Empire of the East to lay On the Success of this important Day:
Their Arms are to the last Decision bent,!!
And Fortune labours with the vast Event:
She now has in her Hand the greatest:
Stake.

Which for contending Monarchs she can make. What e'er can urge ambitious Youth to fight, She pompously displays before their Sight: Laws, Empire, All permitted to the Sword, And Fate could ne'er an ampler Scene afford.

Afaph. Four feveral Armies to the Field are led, Which, high in equal Hopes four Princes head: Indus and Ganges, our wide Empire's Bounds, Swell their dy'd Currents with their Native's Wounds: Each purple River winding, as he runs, His bloody Arms about his flaughter'd Sons.

Fazel. I well remember you foretold the Storm, When first the Brothers did their Factions form:

When

#### O. AURENG-ZEBE.

When each, by curs'd Cabals of Women, strove To draw th'indulgent King to partial Love.

Arim. What Heav'n decrees, no Prudence can prevent, To cure their mad Ambition, they were fent To rule a distant Province cach aloné. What could a careful Father more have done? He made Provision against all, but Fate; While, by his Health, we held our Peace of State. The weight of seventy Winters prest him down, He bent beneath the Burthen of a Crown: Sickness, at last, did his spent Body seize, And Life almost sunk under the Disease: Mortal 'twas thought, at least by them desir'd, Who, impiously, into his Years inquir'd: As at a Signal, streight the Sons prepare For open Force, and rush to sudden War: Meeting, like Winds broke loofe upon the Main, To prove, by Arms, whose Fate it was to reign. Alaph. Rebels and Parricides!

Ajaph. Rebels and Parricides!

Arim. Brand not their Actions with fo foul a Name: Pity, at leaft, what we are forc'd to blame. When Death's cold Hand has clos'd the Father's Eye, You know the younger Sons are doom'd to die. Lefs Ills are chosen greater to avoid, And Nature's Laws are by the State's destroy'd. What Courage tamely could to Death consent, And not, by striking first, the Blow prevent? Who falls in fight, cannot himself accuse, And he dies greatly who a Crown pursues:

To them Solyman Agah.

Solym. A new Express all Agra does afright:

Darah and Aureng-Zebe are join'd in Fight;

The Press of People thickens to the Court,

Th'impatient Crowd devouring the Report.

h'impatient Crowd devouring the Report. [bring.

Arim. T'each changing News they chang'd Affections

And servilely from Fate expect a King.

Solym. The Ministers of State, who gave us Law, In Corners, with selected Friends, withdraw: There, in deaf murmurs, solemnly are wise; Whisp'ring, like Winds, e'er Hurricanes arise.

The

The most Corrupt are most Obsequious grown, And those they scorn'd, officiously they own.

Asaph. In change of Government,
The Rabble rule their great Oppressor's Fate:
Do Sovereign Justice, and Revenge the State.

Solym. The little Courtiers, who ne'er come to know
The Depth of Factions, as in Mazes go,
Where Int'refs meet and cross so oft, that they
With too much care are wilder'd in their Way.

Asim. What of the Emperor?

Arim. What of the Emperor?
Solym. Unmov'd, and brave, he like himself appears,
And, meriting no Ill, no Danger scars:
Yet mourns his former Vigour lost so far,
To make him now Spectator of a War:
Repining that he must preserve his Crown
By any Help or Courage but his own:
Wishes, each Minute, he could unbeget
Those Rebel-Sons, who dare t'usurp his Seat:
To sway his Empire with unequal Skill,
And mount a Throne, which none but he can fill.

Arim. Oh! had he still that Character maintain'd,
Of Valour, which in blooming Youth he gain'd!
He promis'd in his East a glorious Race;
Now, sunk from his Meridian, sets apace.
But as the Sun, when he from Noon declines,
And with abated Heat, less fiercely shines,
Seems to grow Milder as he goes away,
Pkasing himself with the Remains of Day:
So he who, in his Youth, for Glory strove,
Would recompence his Age with Ease and Love.

Asaph. The Name of Father hateful to him grows,

Which, for one Son, produces him three Foes.

Fazel. Darah, the Eldeft, bears a generous Mind;
But to implacable Revenge inclin'd,

Too openly does Love and Hatred show:
bounteous Master, but a deadly Foe.
Solym. From Sujah's Valour I should much expect,
t he's a Bigot of the Persian Sect:
d, by a Foreign Int'rest seeks to Reign,
peleis by Love the Sceptre to obtain.

Asph

Alabh. Merat's teo insolent, too much a Brave, His Courage to his Envy is a Slave. What he attempts, if his Endeavours fail T'effect, he is resolv'd no other shall.

Arim. But Aureng-Zebe, by no strong Passion Sway'd, Except his Love, more temp'rate is, and weigh'd: This Atlas must our finking State uphold; In Council cool, but in Performance bold: He sums their Virtues in himself alone, And adds the greatest, of a Loyal Son:

His Father's Cause upon his Sword he wears, And with his Arms, we hope, his Fortune bears. Solym. Two vast Rewards may well his Courage move, A Parent's Bleffing, and a Mistress' Love.

If he succeed, his Recompence, we hear, Must be the Captive Queen of Cassimere.

To them, Abas.

Abas. Mischiefs on Mischiefs, greater still, and more: The neighb'ring Plain with Arms is cover'd o'er: The Vale an Iron-Harvest seems to yield Of thick-sprung Lances in a waving Field. The polish'd Steel gleams terribly from far, And every moment nearer shows the War. The Horses neighing by the Wind is blown, And Castl'd-Elephants o'er-look the Town.

Arim. If, as I fear, Morat these Pow'rs commands. Our Empire on the Brink of Ruin stands: Th'ambitious Empress with her Son is join'd, And, in his Brother's Absence, has design'd The unprovided Town to take with eafe, And then, the Person of the King to seize.

Solym. To all his former Issue she has shown Long hate, and labour'd to advance her own.

Abas. These Troops are his. Surat he took; and thence, preventing Fame, By quick and painful Marches hither came. Since his Approach, he to his Mother fent, And two long Hours in close Debate were spent. Arim. I'll to my. Charge, the Cittadel repair,

And show my Duty by my timely Care.

To them the Emperor with a Letter in his Hand: After him, an Ambassador, with a Train following.

Alabh. But see, the Emperor! a siery red His Brows, and glowing Temples does o'er-spread, Morat has some displeasing Message sent.

Morat has some displeating metage tent.

Amb. Do not, great Sir, misconfirme his Intent;

Amb. Do not, great Sir, milconfirtue his Intent; Nor call Rebellion what was prudent Care, To gaard himfelf by necessary War: While he believ'd you living, he obey'd:

His Governments but as your Vice-Roy fway'd: But, when he thought you gone

Taugment the Number of the Bless'd above, He deem'd 'em Legacies of Royal Love:

Nor arm'd his Brothers Portions to invade, But to defend the Present you had made.

Emp. By frequent Messages, and strict Commands, He knew my Pleasure to discharge his Bands: Proof of my Life my Royal Signet made; Yet still he arm'd, came on, and disobey'd. [ceal'd:

Amb. He thought the Mandat forg'd, your Death conand but delay'd, till Truth should be reveal'd.

And what he wish'd, he has believ'd:
But long demurr'd, though from my Hand he knew
I liv'd, so loath he was toghhink it true.
Since he pleads Ignoration that Command,
Now let him show he waty, and disband.

Amb. His Honour, Sir, will fuffer in the Cause; He yields his Arms unjust, if he withdraws: And begs his Loyalty may be declard, By owning those he leads to be your Guard.

Emp. I, in my felf, have all the Guard I need; Bid the prefumptuous Boy draw off with speed: If his audacious Troops one Hour remain, My Cannon from the Fort shall scour the Plain.

Amb. Since you deny him Entrance, he demands: His Wife, whom cruelly you hold in Bands: Her, if unjustly you from him detain, He justly will by force of Arms regain.

Emp. O'er him, and his, a Right from Heav'n I have; Subject, and Son, he's doubly born my Slave. But whatfoe'er his own Demerits are, Tell him, I shall not make on Women, War. And yet I'll do her Innocence the Grace, To keep her here, as in the fafer Place. But thou, who dar'st this bold Definace bring, May'st feel the Rage of an offended King. Hence from my Sight, without the least Reply: One Word, nay, one Look more, and thou shalt die.

[Exit Ambassala.]

Re-enter Arimant.

Arim. May Heav'n, great Monarch, still augment your With length of Days, and every Day like this. For, from the Banks of Gemma news is brought, Your Army has a bloody Battel fought:

Darah from Loyal Ameng-Zebe is fled;
And forty thousand of his Men lye dead.

To Sujah next your conquering Army drew;
Him they surpris'd, and easily o'er-threw.

Emp. 'Tis well. [done, Arim. But well! what more could at your Wish be Than two such Conquests gain'd by such a Son? Your Pardon, mighty Sir; You seem not high enough your Joys to rate;

You stand indebted a vast Sum to Fate: And should large Thanks for the great Blessing pay.

Emp. My Fortune owes me greater every Day.

And should my Joy more high for this appear,

It would have argu'd me before of Fear.

How is Heav'n kind, where I have nothing won.

And Fortune only pays me with my own?

Arim. Great Aureng-Zebe did duteous Care express:
And durst not push too far his good Success.
But lest Morae the City should attack,
Commanded his victorious Army back;
Which, lest to march as swiftly as they may,
Himself comes first, and will be here this Day,

Before a close-form'd Siege shut up his way.

Em)

Emp. Prevent his Purpose, hence, with all thy speed. Stop him; his Entrance to the Town forbid.

Arim. How, Sir? your Loyal, your Victorious Son? Emp. Him would I, more than all the Rebels, shun.

Arim. Whom with your Pow'r and Fortune, Sir, you Now to suspect is vain, as 'tis unjust.

He comes not with a Train to move your Fear, But trusts himself, to be a Pris'ner here.

You knew him Brave, you know him Faithful now: He aims at Fame, but Fame from serving you.

Tis said, Ambition in his Breast does rage:

Who would not be the Heroe of an Age? All grant him prudent: Prudence Interest weighs, And Interest bids him seek your Love and Praise. I know you grateful; when he march'd from hence,

You bad him hope an ample Recompence:

He conquer'd in that Hope; and from your Hands, His Love, the precious Pledge he left, demands.

Emp. No more; you fearch too deep my wounded And show me what I fear, and would not find. [Mind: My Son has all the Debts of Duty paid: Our Prophet sends him to my present Aid. Such Virtue to distrust were base and low: I'm not ungrateful—or I was not so! Inquire no farther, stop his coming on:

I will not, cannot, dare not fee my Son. Arim. 'Tis now too late his Entrance to prevent:

Nor must I to your Ruin give consent.

At once your Peoples Heart, and Son's you lose: And give him all, when you just things refuse.

Emp. Thou lov'st me sure; thy Faith has oft been try'd, In ten pitch'd Fields, not shrinking from my Side,

Yet giv'st me no advice to bring me case.

Arim. Can you be cur'd, and tell not your Disease?

I ask'd you, Sir.

Emp. ——Thou should'st have ask'd again: There hangs a fecret Shame on guilty Men. Thou should'st have pull'd the Secret from my Breast, Torn out the bearded Steel to give me Rest:

Thou seek me naked, and without disguise: I look on Aureng-Zebe with Rival's Eyes.

He has abroad my Enemies o'ercome,

And I have fought to ruin him at home.

Arim. This free Confession shows you long did strive:

And Virtue, though opprest, is still alive. But what Success did your Injustice find?

Emp. What it deferv'd, and not what I defign'd. Unmov'd fine stood, and deaf to all my Prayers, As Seas and Winds to finking Mariners. But Seas grow calm, and Winds are reconciled: Her Tyrant Beauty never grows more mild. Pray'rs, Promises, and Threats were all in vain.

Arim. Then cure your felf by generous Dissain.

Emp. Virtue, Dissain, Despair, I oft have try'd,

And foil'd, have with new Arms my Foe defy'd.

This made me with so little Joy to hear

The Victory, when I the Victor fear.

Arim. Something you swiftly must resolve to do, Lest Aureng-Zebe your secret Love should know. Morat without does for your Ruin wait; And would you lose the Buckler of your State? A jealous Empress lyes within your Arms, Too haughty to endure neglected Charms. Your Son is duteous, but (as Man) he's frail, And just Revenge o'er Virtue may prevail. Emp. Go then to Indamora, say from me,

Two Lives depend upon her Secrefie. Bid her conceal my Passion from my Son. Tho Aureng-Zebe return a Conqueror, Both he and she are still within my Pow'r.

Say, I'm a Father, but a Lover too:
Much to my Son, more to my self I owe.
When she receives him, to her words give Law:
And even the Kindness of her Glances awe.
See, he appears! [After a's short whisper, Arimant departs.
Enter Aureng-Zebe, Dianet, and Astendants. Aureng-Zebe kneels to his Father, and kisses his Hand.

Anr. My Vows have been fuccessful as my Sword: My Pray'rs are heard, you have your Health restor'd. Once more 'tis given me to behold your Face: The best of Kings and Fathers to embrace. Pardon my Tears; 'Tis Joy which bids 'em flow, A Joy which never was fincere till now. That which my Conquest gave, I could not prize; Or 'twas imperfect till I saw your Eyes.

Emp. Turn the Discourse: I have a Reason why would not have you speak so tenderly.

Knew you what Shame your kind Expressions bring, You would in pity spare a wretched King.

Aur. A King! you rob me, Sir, of half my due:
You have a dearer Name, a Father too.

Emp. I had that Name.

What have I faid or done,
That I no longer must be call'd your Son?
Tis in that name, Heav'n knows, I glory more,
Than that of Prince, or that of Conqueror.

Emp. Then you upbraid me; I am pleas'd to see You're not so perfect, but can fail, like me.

I have no God to deal with.

Aur.—Now I find
Some fly Court Devil has feduc'd your Mind:
Fill'd it with black Sufpicions, not your own:
And all my Actions through false Opticks shown.
I ne'er did Crowns ambitiously rega d:
Honour I fought, the generous Mind's Reward.
Long may you live! while you the Sceptre sway,
I shall be still most happy to obey.

Emp. Oh, Aureng-Zebe! thy Virtues shine too bright, They slash too sierce: I, like the Bird of Night, Shut my dull Eyes, and sicken at the Sight.

Vol. IV.

Thou

Thou hast deserved more Love than I can show! But 'tis thy Fate to give, and mine to owe. Thou feeft me much distemper'd in my Mind: Pull'd back, and then push'd forward to be kind. Virtue, and - fain I would my Silence break, But have not yet the Confidence to speak. Leave me, and to thy needful Rest repair.

Aur. Rest is not suiting with a Lover's Care.

I have not yet my Indamera feen.

Is going. Emp. Somewhat I had forgot; come back again:

So weary of a Father's Company?

Aur. Sir, you were pleas'd your self to License me. Emp. You made me no relation of the Fight.

. [Afida

Besides, a Rebel's Army is in sight.

Advise me first: Yet go-He goes to Indamora; I should take A kind of envious Joy to keep him back.

Yet to detain him makes my Love appear: I hate his Presence, and his Absence fear.

Aur. To some new Clime, or to thy native Sky, Oh friendless and forsaken Virtue fly.

Thy Indian Air is deadly to thee grown: Deceit and canker'd Malice rule thy Throne. Why did my Arms in Battel profp'rous prove. To gain the barren Praise of filial Love? The best of Kings by Women is mis-led. Charm'd by the Witchcraft of a second Bed. Against my self I Victories have won,

And by my fatal Absence am undone. To him, Indamora, with Arimant.

But here she comes! In the calm Harbour of whose gentle Breast, My Tempest-beaten Soul may safely rest. Oh, my Heart's Joy! what e'er my Sorrows be, They cease and vanish, in beholding thee! Care shuns thy Walks; as at the chearful Light, The groaning Ghosts, and Birds obscene take flight. By this one View, all my past Pains are paid: And all I have to come more case made.

Ind. Such fullen Planets at my Birth did shine, They threaten every Fortune mixt with mine. Fly the Pursuit of my disastrous Love, And from unhappy Neighbourhood remove.

Asr. Bid the laborious Hind,
Whose hardned Hands did long in Tillage toil,
Neglect the promis'd Harvest of the Soil.
Should I, who cultivated Love with Blood,

Refuse Possession of approaching Good?

Ind. Love is an Airy Good, Opinion makes:
Which he who only thinks he has, partakes.
Seen by a strong Imagination's Beam;
That tricks and dresses up the gaudy Dream.

That tricks and drefles up the gaudy Dream, Prefented so, with Rapture 'tis enjoy'd: Rais'd by high Fancy, and by low destroy'd.

Aur. If Love be Vision, mine has all the Fire Which, in first Dreams, young Prophets does inspire! I Dream, in you, our promis'd Paradise:

An Age's Tumust of continu'd Bliss.

But you have still your Happiness in doubt:

Or else 'tis past, and you have dreamt it out.

Ind. Perhaps not fo.

Aur. —Can Indamora prove
So alter'd? Is it but, Perhaps you Love?
Then farewel all! I thought in you to find
A Balm, to cure my much distemper'd Mind.
I came to grieve a Father's Heart estrang'd,
But little thought to find a Mistress chang'd.
Nature her felt is chang'd to punish me:
Virtue turn'd Vice, and Faith Inconstancy.

Ind. You heard me not Inconstancy consess: Twas but a Friend's Advice to love me less. Who knows what adverse Fortune may befal? Arm well your Mind: Hope little, and fear all. Hope, with a goodly Prospect, seeds your Eye: Shows, from a rising Ground, Possession nigh: Shortens the Distance, or o'er-looks it quite: So case 'tis to travel with the Sight.

Aur. Then to Despair you would my Love betray, By taking Hope, its last kind Friend, away.

E 2

You hold the Glass, but turn the Perspective;
And farther off the 'essen'd Object drive.
You bid me fear: In that your Change I know:
You would prepare me for the coming Blow.
But, to prevent you, take my last Adieu;
I'll sadly tell my self you are untrue,
Rather than stay to hear it told by you.

Ind. Stay, Aureng-Zebe, I must not let you go.
And yet believe your self, your own worst Foe,
Think I am true, and seek no more to know.

Let in my Breast the fatal Secret lye,
Tis a sad Riddle, which, if known, we die.

[Seeming to paule.]

Aser. Fair Hypocrite, you feek to cheat in vain;
Your Silence argues you ask time to feign.
Once more, farewel: The Snare in Sight is laid,
'Tis my own Fault if I am now betray'd. [Going again.
Ind. Yet once more stay; you shall believe me true,

Though in one Fate I wrap my self and you.

Your Ablence———Hold; you know the hard Command
I must obey: You only can withstand
Your own Mishap. I beg you on my Knee,

Be not unhappy by your own Decree.

Aur. Speak, Madam, by (if that be yet an Oath)
Your Love, I'm pleas'd we should be ruin'd both.

Both is a found of Joy.

In Death's dark Bow'rs our Bridals we will keep:
And his cold Hand

Shall draw the Curtain when we go to fleep.

Ind. Know then, that Man whom both of us did trus, Has been to you unkind, to me unjust. The Guardian of my Faith so false did prove, As to sollicite me with lawless Love: Pray'd, promis'd, threaten'd, all that Man could do, Base as he's great; and need I tell you who?

Aur. Yes; for I'll not believe my Father meant:
Speak quickly, and my impious Thoughts prevent.

Ind. You've faid; I wish I could some other name!

Arim. My Duty must excuse me, Sir, from blame.

2

A Guard there.

Enter Guards.

dur. \_\_\_\_Slave, for me?
drim. \_\_\_\_My Orders are

To seize this Princess, whom the Laws of War Long fince made Prisoner. . .

Aur. — Villain.

Arim. \_\_\_\_\_ Sir, I know

Your Birth, nor dufft another call me fo.

Aur. I have redeem'd her; and as mine she's free. Arim. You may have Right to give her Liberty:

But with your Father, Sir, that Right dispute; For his Commands to me were absolute;

If the disclos'd his Love, to use the Right

Of War, and to secure her from your Sight: Aur. I'll rescue her, or die.

Draws. And you, my Friends, though few, are yet too brave To see your Gen'ral's Mistress made a Slave. [All draw.

Ind. Hold, my dear Love! if so much Pow'r therelyes,

As once you own'd, in Indamora's Eyes, Lose not the Honour you have early won;

But fland the blameless Pattern of a Son.

My Love your Claim inviolate secures: Tis writ in Fate, I can be only yours.

My Suff'rings for you make your Heart my Duc:

Be worthy me, as I am worthy you.

Aur. Pre thought, and blessti be you who gave me time: [Putting up bis Sword.

My Virtue was surpris'd into a Crime.

Strong Virtue, like strong Nature, struggles still:

Exerts it felf, and then throws off the Ill.

I to a Son's and Lover's Praise aspire:

And must fulfil the Parts which both require.

How dear the Cure of Jealousie has cost!

With too much Care and Tenderness y'are lost.

So the fond Youth from Hell redeem'd his Prize,

Till looking back, she vanish'd from his Eyes!

[Exeunt severally.

### BARTARE BUREAU SALE

#### ACT II. SCENE I.

Berwixt the Atts, a nearlike Time is plaid, shooting off Guns, and Shouts of Soldiers are heard, as in an Assault.

Aureng-Zebe, Arimant, Afaph Chan, Fazel Chan, and Solyman.

W Hat Man could do, was by Moras perform'd:
The Fortress thrice himself in Person sterm'd.
Your Valour bravely did th' Assault sustain;
And sill'd the Moats and Ditches with the Skain.
Till, mad with Rage, into the Breach ho fir'd:
Slew Friends and Foes, and in the Smoak retir'd.

Arim. To us you give what Praises are not due:
Morat was thrice repuls'd, but thrice by you.
High, over all, was your great Conduct shown:
You fought our Safety, but forgot your own.

Afaph. Their Standard, planted on the Battlement, Despair and Death among the Soldiers sent:
You, the bold Omrab tumbled from the Wall;

And Shouts of Victory pursu'd his Fall.

Fazel. To you, alone, we owe this profp'rous Day:
Our Wives and Children rescu'd from the Prey:
Know your own Int'rest, Sir, where-e'er you lead,
We jointly Vow to own no other Head. [mand

Solym. Your Wrongs are known. Impose but your Cons-This Hour shall bring you twenty thousand Hands.

Aur. Let them who truly would appear my Friends. Employ their Swords, like mine, for noble Ends. No more: Remember you have bravely done: Shall Treason end, what Loyalty begun? I own no Wrongs; some Grievance I confess, But Kings, like Gods, at their own Time redress. Yet, some becoming Boldness I may use:

I've well deserv'd, nor will he now refuse.

Ajide.

I'll firike my Fortunes with him at a Heat: And give him not the leisure to forget.

FExit, attended by the Omrahs.

Arim. Oh! Indamora, hide these fatal Eyes;
Too deep they wound whom they too soon surprise:
My Virtue, Prudence, Honour, Interest, all

My Virtue, Prudence, Honour, Interest, all Before this Universal Monarch fall.

Beauty, like Ice, our Footing does betray;
Who can tread fure on the smooth slippery Way?

Pleased with the Passage, we slide swiftly on: And see the Dangers which we cannot shun. To him, Indamora.

Ind. I hope my Liberty may reach thus far:
These Terras Walks within my Limits are.
I came to feek you, and to let you know,
How much I to your generous Pity owe.
The King, when he design'd you for my Guard,
Resolv'd he would not make my Bondage hard:
If otherwise, you have deceiv'd his End;

And whom he meant a Guardian, made a Friend.

Arim. A Guardian's Title I must own with shame:

But should be prouder of another Name.

Ind. And therefore 'twas I chang'd that Name before: I call'd you Friend, and could you wish for more?

Arim. I dare not ask for what you would not grant: But Wishes, Madam, are extravagant.

Ind. What?

Ere I the Rapture of my Wish renew, And tell you then, It terminates in you.

Ind. Have you consider'd what th' Event would be?

Or know you, Arimant, your self, or me?

#### Aureng-Zebe.

Were I no Queen, did you my Beauty weigh, My Youth in bloom, your Age in its decay? Arim. I my own Judge, condemn'd my self before: For pity aggravate my Crime no more.

So weak I am, I with a Frown am flain: You need have us'd but half so much Disdain.

Ind. I am not cruel yet to that degree: Have better Thoughts both of your felf, and me. Beauty a Monarch is,

Which Kingly Power magnificently proves, By Crouds of Slaves, and peopled Empire loves. And fuch a Slave as you, what Queen would lose? Above the rest, I Arimant would chuse: For Counsel, Valour, Truth, and Kindness too, All I could wish in Man, I find in you.

Arim. What Lover could to greater Joy be rais'd!

I am, methinks, a God, by you thus prais'd.

Ind. To what may not defert, like yours, pretend? You have all Qualities — that fit a Friend.

Arim. So Mariners mistake the promis'd Coast: And, with full Sails, on the blind Rocks are lost. Think you my aged Veins so faintly beat, They rise no higher than to Friendship's heat? So weak your Charms, that, like a Winter's Night, Twinkling with Stars, they freeze me while they light!

Ind. Mistake me not, good Arimant, I know My Beauty's Pow'r, and what my Charms can do. You your own Talent have not learn'd fo well; But practife one, where you can ne'er excel. You can at most,

To an indiffrent Lover's Praise pretend: But you would spoil an admirable Friend.

Arim. Never was Amity so highly priz'd; Nor ever any Love so much despis'd. Ev'n to my self ridiculous I grow;

And would be angry, if I knew but how. Ind. Do not. Your Anger, like your Love, is vain: When e'er I please, you must be pleas'd again. Knowing what Pow'r I have your Will to bend,

I'll use it; for I need just such a Friend.

You

You must perform, not what you think is sit:
But, to what ever I propose, submit.

Arim. Madam, you have a strange Ascendant gain'd;
You use me like a Courser, spurr'd and rein'd:
If I sy out, my Fierceness you command,
Then south, and gently stroke me with your Hand.
Impose; but use your Pow'r of taxing well:
When Subjects cannot Pay, they soon Rebel.

Enter the Emperor, infem by them.

Ind. My Rebels Punishment would easie prove:
You know y'are in my Pow'r by making Love.

Arim. Would I, without dispute, your Will obey,
And could you, in return, my Life betray?

Emp. What danger, Arimans, is this you fear?

Or what Love-secret which I must not hear? These alter'd Looks some inward Motion show. His Cheeks are pale, and yours with Blushes glow.

[To ber.

Ind. 'Tis what, with Justice, may my Anger move: He has been bold, and talk'd to me of Love.

Arim. I am betray'd, and shall be doom'd to die! [Aside.

Emp. Did he, my Slave, presume to look so high?

That crawling Insect, who from Mud began,

Warm'd by my Beams, and kindled into Man?

Durst he, who does but for my Pleasure live,

Intrench on Love, my great Presestive?

Print his base Image on his Sovereign's Coin?

"Its Treason if he stamp his Love with mine.

Arim. "Tis true, I have been bold, but if it be

A Crime

Ind. — He means, 'tis only so to me.
You, Sir, should praise, what I must disapprove:
He insolently talk'd to me of Love:
But, Sir, 'twas yours, he made it in your Name:

You, if you please, may all he said disclaim.

Emp. I must disclaim what e'er he can express: His groveling Sense will show my Passion less. But stay, if what he said, my Message be, What Fear, what Danger could arrive from me? He said, he fear'd you would his Life betray.

Ł

Ind. Should he prefume again, perhaps I may. Tho' in your Hands he hazard not his Life, Remember, Sir, your fury of a Wife; Who, not content to be revene'd on you, The Agents of your Passion will pursue.

Emp. If I but hear her nam'd, I'm fick that Day; The Sound is mortal, and frights Life away. Forgive me, Arimant, my jealous Thought: Distrust in Lovers is the tender'st Fault. Leave me, and tell thy self in my Excuse, Love, and a Crown, no Rivalship can bear; And precious things are still possess d with Fear.

Emp. Force is the last Relief which Lovers find:

And 'tis the best Excuse of Woman-kind.

Ind. Force never yet a generous Heart did gain: We yield on parley, but are storm'd in vain. Constraint, in all things, makes the Pleasure less; Sweet is the Love which comes with Willingness.

Emp. No; 'tis Resistance that inflames Desire: Sharpens the Darts of Love, and blows his Fire. Love is disarm'd that meets with too much Ease: He Languishes, and does not care to please. And therefore 'tis your golden Fruit you guard With so much care, to make Possession hard.

Ind. Was't not enough you took my Crown away, But cruelly you must my Love betray? I was well pleas'd to have transferr'd my Right, And better chang'd your Claim of lawless Might, By taking him, whom you esteem'd above Your other Sons, and taught me first to Love.

Emp. My Son by my Command his Course must seer: I bad him Love, I bid him now forbear. If you have any Kindness for him still, Advise him not to shock a Father's Will. Ind. Must I advise?

Then let me see him, and I'll try t'obey.

Emp. I had forgot, and dare not trust your way.

But fend him word,

He has not here an Army to command:

Remember, he and you are in my Hand.

Ind. Yes, in a Father's Hand, whom he has ferv'd; And, with the hazard of his Life, preserv'd. But Piety to you, unhappy Prince,

Becomes a Crime, and Duty an Offence:

Against your self, you with your Foes combine, And feem your own Destruction to design.

Emp. You may be pleas'd your Politicks to spare:

I'm old enough, and can my felf take care.

Ind: Advice from me was, I confess, too bold:

Y'are old enough; it may be, Sir, too old.

Emp. You please your self with your Contempt of Age: But Love, neglected, will convert to Rage.

If on your Head my Fury does not turn,

Thank that fond Dotage which so much you scorn.

But, in another's Person, you may prove,

There's warmth for Vengeance left, the not for Love. Re-enter Arimant.

Arim. The Empress has the Anti-chambers past, And this way moves with a disorder'd hafte: Her Brows, the stormy Marks of Anger bear.

Emp. Madam, retire: She must not find you here.

Exit Indamora with Arimant.

Enter Nourmahal hastily.

Nour. What have I done, that Nourmahal must prove The Scorn and Triumph of a Rival's Love? My Eyes are still the same, each Glance, each Grace Keep their first Lustre, and maintain their Place; Not second yet to any other Face.

Emp. What Rage transports you? Are you well awake?

Such Dreams distracted Minds in Feavers make.

Nour. Those Feavers you have giv'n, those Dreams have By broken Faith, and an abandon'd Bed. [bred, Such Visions hourly pass before my Sight; Which from my Eyes their balmy Slumbers fright, In the severest Silence of the Night.

Vilion.

Visions, which in this Cittadel are scen; Bright, glorious Visions of a Rival Queen.

Emp. Have patience, my first Flames can ne'er de cay: These are but Dreams, and soon will pass away. Thou know'st, my Heart, my Empire, all is thine: In thy own Heav'n of Love serenely shine: Fair as the Face of Nature did appear, When Flowers first peep'd, and Trees did Blossoms bear, And Winter had not yet deform'd th' inverted Year. Calm as the Breath which fans our Eastern Groves, And bright as when thy Eyes first lighted up our Loves. Let our eternal Peace be seal'd by this.

With the first Ardour of a Nuptial Kiss. [Offers to his ber. Nour. Me would you have, me your faint Kisses prove, The Dregs and Droppings of enervate Love? Must I your cold long-labouring Age sustain,

And be to empty Joys provok'd in vain? Receive you lighing after other Charms, And take an absent Husband in my Arms?

Emp. Even these Representes I can bear from you: You doubted of my Love, believe it true. Nothing but Love this Patience could produce; And I allow your Rage that kind Excuse.

Now. Call it not Patience; 'tis your Guit flands mute: You have a Cause too foul to bear dispute.

You wrong me first, and urge my Rage to rise,
Then I must pass for mad; you, meek and wise:

Good Man, plead Merit by your foft Replies. Vain Priviledge poor Women have of Tongue: Men can fland filent, and refolve on Wrong.

Emp. What can I more? My Friendship you refuse, 'And even my Mildness, as my Crime, accuse.

Nour. Your fullen Silence cheats not me, false Man; I know you think the bloodiest things you can. Could you accuse me, you would raise your Voice: Watch for my Crimes, and in my Guilt rejoice. But my known Virtue is from Scandal free, And leaves no shadow for your Calumny.

Emp. Such Virtue is the Plague of human Life.

A virtuous Woman, but a curled Wife.

In vain of pompous Chastity y'are proud: Virtue's Adultery of the Tongue, when loud. I, with less pain, a Prostitute could bear, Than the shrill Sound of Virtue, Virtue hear. In unchaste Wives

There's yet a kind of recompening Ease:
Vice keeps 'em humble, gives 'em care to please:
But against clamorous Virtue, what Defence'
It stops our Mouths, and gives your Noise Pretence.

Now. Since Virtue does your Indignation raife,
Tis pity but you had that Wife you praife.

Your own wild Appetites are prone to range; And then you tax our Humours with your Change. Emp. What can be fweeter than our native Home! Thither for Ease, and soft Repose, we come:

Home is the facred Refuge of our Life: Secur'd from all Approaches but a Wife.

If thence we fly, the Cause admits no Doubt: None but an Inmate Foe could force us out.

Clamours, our Privacies uneasie make: [forsake.]

Birds leave their Nests disturb'd, and Beasts their Haunts Now. Honour's my Crime, that has your loathing bred:

You take no Pleasure in a virtuous Bed.

Diffembling Sleep, but wakeful with the Fright. The Day takes off the Pleasure of the Night.

Now. My Thoughts no other Joys but Pow'r pursue; Or, if they did, they must be lost in you.

The Sun in vain shines on the barren Sand.

Emp. "Tis true, of Marriage-bands I'm weary grown." Love feorns all Ties, but those that are his own. Chains that are dragg'd, must needs uneasse prove: For there's a God-like Liberty in Love.

Now. What's Love to you?

The Bloom of Beauty other Years demands; Nor will be gather'd by fuch wither'd Hands:

#### 110. AURENG-ZEBE

You importune it with a false Desire:
Which sparkles out, and makes no solid Fire,
This Impudence of Age, whence can it spring.
All you expect, and yet you nothing bring.
Eager to ask, when you are past a Grant;
Nice in providing what you cannot want.
Have Conscience; give not her you love this Pain.
Sollicite not your self, and her, in vain.
All other Debts may Compensation find:
But Love is first, and will be paid in kind.

Emp. Sure of all Ills, Domestick are the worst; When most secure of Blessings, we are curst. When we lay next us what we hold most dear, Like Hercules, invenom'd Shirts we west;

And cleaving Mischiefs.

Nour. — What you merit, have:
And share, at least, the Miseries you gave.
Your Days I will alarm, I'll haunt your Nights:
And, worse than Age, disable your Delights.
May your sick Fame still languish, 'till it die:
All Offices of Pow'r neglected lie,
And you grow cheap in every Subject's Eye.
Then, as the greatest Curse that I can give;
Unpity'd, be depos'd; and after live.

[Going off.

Emp. Stay; and now learn,
How criminal foe'er we Husbands are,
"Tis not for Wives to push our Crimes too far.
Had you still Mistress of your Temper been,
I had been modest, and not own'd my Sin.
Your Fury hardens me: And what e'er Wrong
You suffer, you have cancell'd by your Tongue.
A Guard there; seize her: She shall know this Hour,
What is a Husband's and a Monarch's Pow'r.

[Guard seizes ber.

Emer Aureng-Zebe.

Nour. I fee for whom your Charter you maintain:
I must be setter'd, and my Son be slain,
That Zelyma's ambitious Race may reign.
Not so you promis'd, when my Beauty drew
All Asia's Vows; when Persia lest for you

The

The Realm of Candahar for Dow'r I brought: That long contended Prize for which you fought.

Aur. The Name of Step-mother, your practis'd Art, By which you have estrang'd my Father's Heart, All you have done against me, or delign, Shows your Aversion, but begets not mine. Long may my Father India's Empire guide: And may no Breach your Nuptial Vows divide. Emp. Since Love obliges not, I from this Hour, Assume the Right of Man's despotick Pow'r: Man is by Nature form'd your Sexes Head: And is himself the Canon of his Bed.

In Bands of Iron fetter'd you shall be: An easier Yoke than what you put on me.

Let me your Royal Clemency intreat.

Aur. Though much I fear my Int'rest, is not great,

[Kneeling]

Secrets of Marriage still are Sacred held: There sweet and bitter by the wise conceal'd. Errors of Wives reflect on Husbands still: And, when divulg'd, proclaim you've chosen Ill.' And the mysterious Pow'r of Bed and Throne. Should always be maintain'd, but rarely shown. Emp. To so perverse a Sex all Grace is vain: It gives 'em Courage to offend again: For with feign'd Tears they Penitence pretend: Again are pardon'd, and again offend. Fathom our Pity when they seem to grieve; Only to try how far we can forgive. Till lanching out into a Sea of strife, They feorn all Pardon, and appear all Wife. But be it as you please: For your lov'd sake, This last and fruitless Tryal I will make.

In all Requests, your Right of Merit use: And know, There is but one I can refuse. [He signs to the Guards, and they remove from the Empress. Nour. You've done enough, for you defign'd my Chains: The Grace is vanish'd, but th' Affront remains,

Nor is't a Grace, or for his Merit done; You durft no farther, for you fear'd my Son.

This

This you have gain'd by the rough Course you prove; I'm past Repentance, and you past my Love. [Exi

Emp. A Spirit so untam'd the World ne'er bore.

Aur. And yet worse Usage had incens'd her more.

But fince by no Obligement she is ty'd, You must betimes for your Defence provide.

I cannot idle in your Danger stand;

But beg once more I may your Arms command: Two Battels your aufpicious Cause has won; My Sword can perfect what it has begun,

And, from your Walls, dislodge that haughty Son.

Emp. My Son, your Valour has, this Day, been such,

Name on second admire or write too much

None can enough admire, outpraise too much. But now, with Reason, your Success I doubt: Her Faction's strong within, his Arms without.

Aur. I left the City in a Panick Fright: Lions they are in Council, Lambs in Fight. But my own Troops, by Mirzah led, are near: I, by to-morrow's dawn, expect em here. To favour 'em, I'll Sally out e're Day, And through our flaughter'd Foes enlarge their Way.

Emp. Age has not yet So shrunk my Sinews, or so chill'd my Veins, But conscious Virtue in my Breast remains.

But had I now
That Strength, with which my boiling Youth was fraught,
When in the Vale of Balafor I fought,
And from Bengale their Captive Monarch brought;
When Elephant 'gainst Elephant did rear
His Trunk, and Castles justi'd in the Air;
My Sword thy way to Victory had shown:

And ow'd the Conquest to it self alone.

Aur. Those fair Idea's to my Aid I'll call,
And emulate my great Original.

Or, if they fail, I will invoke in Arms,
The Pow'r of Love, and Indamora's Charms.

Emp. I doubt the happy Influence of your Star:

T'invoke a Captive's Name bodes ill in War.

Aur. Sir, give me leave to fay, Whatever now

The Omen prove, it boded well to you.

Your

Your Royal Promife, when I went to fight,
Oblig'd me to refign a Victor's Right.
Her Liberty I fought for, and I won:
And claim it as your General, and your Son.

Emp. My Ears still ring with noise, I'm vext to Death:
Tongue-kill'd, and have not yet recover'd Breath.
Nor will I be prescrib'd my Time by you:
First end the War, and then your Claim renew.
While to your Conduct I my Fortune trust,
To keep this Pledge of Duty is but just.

44w. Some hidden Cause your Jealousie does move,]

Or you could ne'er suspect my Loyal Love.

Emp. What Love soever by an Heir is shown, He waits but time to step into the Throne.

You're neither justify'd, nor yet accus'd: Mean while, the Pris'ner with Respect is us'd.

Mean while, the Pris'ner with Respect is us'd.

Ass. I know the Kindness of her Guardian such,
I need not fear too little, but too much.
But how, Sir, how have you from Virtue swery'd?
Or what so ill Return have I desery'd?

You doubt not me, nor have I spent my Blood, To have my Faith no better understood:

Your Soul's above the Baseness of Distrust:

Nothing but Love could make you so unjust.

Emp. You know your Rival then; and know 'tissit, The Son's should to the Father's Claim submit.

Your felf first made that Title which I claim: Fifst bid me Love, and authoris'd my Flame.

Emp. The Value of my Gift I did not know:

If I could give, I can refume it too.

Aur. Recal your Gift, for I your Power confess:

But first, take back my Life, a Gift that's less. Long Life would now but a long Burthen prove: You're grown unkind, and I have lost your Love. My Grief lets unbecoming Speeches fall:

I should have dy'd, and not complain'd at all.

Emp. Witness ye Pow'rs,

How much I suffer'd, and how long I strove Against th' Assauks of this imperious Love!

I represented to my self the Shame
Of perjur'd Faith, and violated Fame.
Your great Deserts, how ill they were repaid;
All Arguments, in vain, I urg'd and weigh'd:
For mighty Love, who Prudence does despise,
For Reason, show'd me Indamora's Eyes.
What would you more, my Crime I sally view,
Acknowledge, am asham'd, and yet pursue.

Aur. Since you can Love, and yet your Error see,.
The same resistless Pow'r may plead for me.
With no less Ardor, I my Claim pursue:

I love, and cannot yield her even to you.

Emp. Your elder Brothers, though o'ercome, have Right:
The youngest yet in Arms prepard to fight.
But, yielding her, I firmly have decreed,
That you alone to Empire shall succeed.

Aur. To after-Ages let me stand a Shame,
When I exchange for Crowns my Love or Fame,
You might have found a mercenary Son,
To profit of the Battels he had won:
Had I been such, what hinder'd me to take.
The Crown? nor had th' Exchange been yours to make,
While you are living, I no Right pretend;
Wear it, and let it where you please descend.
But from my Love, 'tis Sacrilege to part:
There, there's my Throne in Indamora's Heart.

Emp. 'Tis in her Heart alone that you must Reigns: You'll find her Person difficult to gain. Give willingly what I can take by Force: And know, Obedience is your safest Course.

Aur. I'm taught, by Honour's Precepts, to obey:
Fear to Obedience is a flavish Way.
If ought my Want of Duty could beget;
You take the most prevailing Means, to threat.
Pardon your Blood that boils within my Veins;
It rises high, and menacing distains.
Even Death's become to me no dreadful Name:
I've often met him, and have made him tame:
In fighting Fields, where our Acquaintance grew,
I saw him, and contemn'd him first for you.

Emp. Of formal Duty make no more thy boast:
Thou disobey'st where it concerns me most.
Fool, with both Hands thus to push back a Crown:
And headlong cast thy self from Empire down.
Though Nourmahal I hate, her Son shall reign:
lagorious thou, by thy own Fault remain.
Thy younger Brother I'll admit this Hour:

So mine shall be thy Mistress, his thy Pow'r.

Aur. How vain is Virtue which directs our Ways
Through certain Danger to uncertain Praise!
Barten, and airy Name! thee Fortune flies;
With thy lean Train, the Pious and the Wise.
Heav'n takes thee at thy Word, without regard;
And lets thee poorly be thy own Reward.
The World is made for the bold impious Man;
Who stops at nothing, seizes all he can.
Justice to Merit does weak Aid afford;
She trusts her Ballance, and neglects her Sword.
Virtue is nice to take what's not her own;
And, while she long consults, the Prize is gone.

To him, Dianet.

Dis. Forgive the Bearer of unhappy News:
Your alter'd Father openly purfues
Your Ruin; and, to compais his Intent,
For violent Moras in hafte has fent.
The Gates he order'd all to be unbarr'd:
And from the Market-place to draw the Guard.

Aw. How look the People in this turn of State?

Dis. They mourn your Ruin as their proper Fate;
Curfing the Empress: For they think it done
By her Procurement, to advance her Son.
Him too, though aw'd, they scarcely can forbear:
His Pride they hate, his Violence they fear.
All bent to rife, would you appear their Chief,
Till your own Treops come up to your Relief.

Ass. Ill treated, and forsaken, as I am,
I'll not betray the Glory of my Name.

I'll not betray the Glory of my Name:
"Tis not for me, who have preferv'd a State,
To buy an Empire at so base a Rate.

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Dis. The Points of Honour Peets may produce; Trappings of Life, for Ornament, not Use: Honour, which only does the Name advance, Is the meer raving Madness of Romance. Pleas'd with a Word, you may sit tamely down; And see your younger Brother force the Crown.

Aur. I knew my Fortune in Extreams does lye: The Sens of Indefine must reign, or die.
That desperate hazard Courage does create;
As he plays frankly, who has least Estate.
And that the World the Coward will despise,
When Life's a Blank, who pulls not for a Prize?

Dis. Of all your Knowledge, this vain Fruit you have.
To walk with Eyes broad open to your Grave.

Aur. From what I've faid, conclude, without reply, I neither would Usurp, nor tamely die.

Th'attempt to fly, would Guilt betray, or Fear:
Besides, 'twere vain; the Fort's our Frison here.

# **LINKS KENGELTHANS**

## ACT III. SCENE I.

Arimant, with a Letter bis Hand: Indamora.

A ND I the Messenger to him from you?
You Empire you to Tyranny pursue:
You lay Commands, both cruel and unjust,
To serve my Rival, and betray my Trust.
Ind. You first betray'd your Trust in loving me,
And should not I my own Advantage see?

Serv Dg

Serving my Love, you may my Friendship gain; You know the rest of your Pretences vaia. You must, my Arimant, you must be kind: 'Tis in your Nature, and your noble Mind.

Arim. I'll to the King, and streight my Trust refign.

Ind. His Trust you may, but you shall never mine.

Heav'n made you love me for no other end, But to become my Confident and Friend: As fuch, I keep no Secret from your Sight,

And therefore make you judge how ill I write: Read it, and tell me freely then your Mind:

If 'tis indited as I meant it, kind.

Arim. I ask not Heav'n my Freedom to reftore, [Reading.]
But only for your sake———I'll read no more:

And yet I must—

Left for my own, them for your Sorrow, fad—

[Reading.]

Another Line, like this, would make me mad—

Heav'n! she goes on—yet more—and yet more kind!

[As Reading.]

Each Sentence is a Dagger to my Mind.
See me this Night

[Reading]

Thank Fortune, who did fuch a Friend provide, For faithful Arimant shall be your Guide. Not only to be made an Instrument, But presugaged without my own Consent!

Ind, Unknown tingage you still augments my Score,

And gives you scope of meriting the more.

Arim. The best of Men

Some intrest in their Actions must confess; None merit but in hope they may possess. The first Paper rather let me teer

The fatal Paper rather let me tear,

Than, like Bellerophon, my own Sentence bear.

Ind. You may; but 'twill not be your best Advice:

Twill only give me Pains of Writing Twice. You know you must obey me, soon or late:

Why should you vainly struggle with your Fate?

Arim. I thank thee, Heav'n, thou hast been won-

drous kind!

Why am I thus to Slavery defign'd, And yet am cheated with a freeborn Mind?

#### AURENG-ZEBE.

Or make thy Orders with my Reason sute, Or let me live by Sense a glorious Brute-

She fromu

You frown, and I obey with speed, before That dreadful Sentence comes, See me no more: See me no more! that Sound, methinks, I hear Like the last Trumpet thund'ring in my Ear.

Enter Solyman.

Solum. The Princess Melesman, bath'd in Tears, 'And toss'd alternately with Hopes and Fears, If your Affairs such leisure can afford, Would learn from you the Fortunes of her Lord. Arim. Tell her, that I fome Certainty may bring; I go this Minute to attend the King. Ind. This lonely Turtle I defire to see:

Grief, tho' not cur'd, is eas'd by Company.

Arim. to Solym. Say, if the please, the hither may repair,

And breathe the freshness of the open Air. [Exit Solym. Ind. Poor Princels! how I pity her Estate, Wrapt in the Ruins of her Husband's Fate! She mourn'd Morat should in Rebellion rife:

Yet he offends, and she's the Sacrifice.

Arim. Not knowing his Design, at Court she staid; "Till," by Command, close Pris'ner she was made. Since when,

Her Chains with Roman Constancy she bore; But that, perhaps, an Indian Wife's is more.

Ind. Go, bring her Comfort; leave me here alone. Arim. My Love must still be in Obedience shown.

Exit Arim.

Enter Melesinda, led by Solyman, who retires afterwards. Ind. When graceful Sorrow in her Pomp appears, Sure the is dress'd in Melesinda's Tears.

Your Head reclin'd, (as hiding Grief from view,) Droops, like a Rose furcharg'd with Morning Dew.

Mel. Can Flowers but droop in absence of the Sun. Which wak'd their Sweets? And mine, alas! is gone. But you the noblest Charity express:

For they who shine in Courts, still shun Distress.

IIġ

And therefore can Compassion take, and give. And therefore can Compassion take, and give. We're both Love's Captives, but with Fate so cross, One must be happy by the others loss.

Morat, or Aureng-Zebe must fall this Day.

Mel. Too truly Tamerlain's Successors they.

Mel. Too truly Tamerlain's Successors they, Each thinks a World too little for his Sway. Could you and I the same Pretences bring, Mankind should with more ease receive a King: I would to you the narrow World resign, And want no Empire while Morat was mine.

Ind. Wish'd Freedom I presage you soon will find;

If Heav'n be just, and be to Virtue kind.

Mel. Quite otherwise my Mind foretels my Fate: Short is my Life, and that Unfortunate. Yet should I not complain, would Heav'n afford Some little time, e'er Death, to see my Lord.

Rais'd from a lonely Life and dark Abode:
But whatfoe'er our jarring Fortunes prove,

Though our Lords hate, methinks we two may love.

Mel. Such be our Loves as may not yield to Fate; I bring a Heart more true than fortunate.

Giving their Hands,

To them, Arimant.

Arim. I come with hafte furprising News to bring: In two Hours time, fince last I saw the King, Th'Assars of Court have wholly chang'd their Face: Unhappy Assreng-Zebe is in disgrace: And your Morat, (proclaim'd the Successor) Is call'd, to awe the City with his Power. Those Trumpets his triumphant Entry tell. And now the Shouts wast near the Citadel.

Ind. See, Madam, see th' Event by me foreshown: I envy not your Chance, but grieve my own.

Mel. A Change so unexpected must surprise: And more, because I am unus'd to Joys.

To view my Lord become the publick Scorn.

I came to comfort, and I go to mourn. [Taking ber leave.]

Mel. Stay, I'll not fee my Lord,

Before I give your Sorrow some Relief; And pay the Charity you lent my Grief. Here he shall see me first with you consind: And, if your Virtue sail to move his Mind, I'll use my Intrest that he may be kind. Fear not, I never mov'd him yet in vain.

Ind. So fair a Pleader any Cause may gain.

Mel. I have no taste, methinks, of coming Joy;
For black Presages all my Hopes destroy.

Die, something whispers, Melesada, die;
Fulsil, fulsil thy mournful Destiny.

Mine is a Gleam of Bliss, too hot to last,
Watry it shines, and will be soon o'er-cast.

Indamora and Melefinda re-enter, as into the Chamber.

Arim. Fortune feems weary grown of Aureng-Zebe,
While to her new-made Favourite, Morat,
Her lavish Hand is wastefully profuse:
With Fame and flowing Honours tided in,

Born on a swelling Current smooth beneath him.
The King and haughty Empress, to our Wonder,
If not attorid, yet seemingly at peace,

As Fate for him that Miracle referv'd.

Enter in Triumph, Emperor, Morat, and Train.
Emp. I have confess'd I love.

As I interpret fairly your Design,
So look not with severer Eyes on mine,
Your Fate has call'd you to th' Imperial Seat:
In Duty be, as you in Arms are, great.
For Aureng-Zobe a kated Name is grown,
And Love less bears a Rival than the Throne.

Mor. To me, the Cries of fighting Fields are Charms: Keen be my Sable, and of Proof my Arms, I ask no other Bleffing of my Stars:
No Prize but Fame, nor Miffress but the Wars.
I scarce am pleas'd I tamely mount the Throne:
Would Awarg-Zebe had all their Souls in one:

With all my elder Brothers I would fight, And so from partial Nature force my Right.

Emp. Had we but lafting Youth, and Time to spare, Some might be thrown away on Fame and War: But Youth, the perishing Good, runs on too sast: And unenjoy'd will spend it self to waste; Few know the Use of Life before 'tis past. Had I once more thy Vigour to Command, I would not let it die upon my Hand:

I would not let it die upon my Hand: No Hour of Pleasure should pass empty by,

Youth should watch Joys, and shoot em as they sly.

Mor. Methinks all Pleasure is in Greatness found.

Kings, like Heav'n's Eye, should spread their Beams around. Pleas'd to be seen, while Glory's Race they run: Rest is not for the Charlot of the Sun.

Subjects are stiff-neck'd Animals, they foon Feel stacken'd Reins, and pitch their Rider down.

Emp. To thee that Drudgery of Pow'r I give: Cares be thy Lot: Reign thou, and let me live. The Fort I'll keep for my Security;

Busnels, and publick State relign to thee.

Mer. Luxurious Kings are to their People loft: They live, like Drones, upon the publick Cost.

My Arms, from Pole to Pole, the World shall shake: And, with my self, keep all Mankind awake.

Emp. Believe me, Son, and needless Trouble spare; The Vulgar, a scarce animated Clod,

Ne'er pleas'd with ought above 'em, Prince or God: Were I a God, the drunken Globe should roul: The little Emmets with the human Soul

Care for themselves, while at my Ease I sat, and second Causes did the Work of Fate.

Or, if I would take Care, that Care should be For Wit that scorn'd the World, and liv'd like me.

To them, Nourmahal, Zayda, and Attendants.

Nour. My dear Morat, [Embracing her Sw.
This Day propitious to us all has been:

You're now a Monarch's Heir, and I a Queen.

Your youthful Father now may quit the State, And find the Ease he fought, indulg'd by Fate. Cares shall not keep him on the Throne awake, Nor break the golden Slumbers he would take.

Emp. In vain I struggl'd to the Goal of Life, While Rebel-Sons, and an imperious Wife Still dragg'd me backward into Noise and Strife.

Mor. Be that remembrance lost; and be't my Pride

To be your Pledge of Peace on either fide.

To them, Aureng-Zebe.

Aur. With all th'affurance Innocence can bring, Fearless without, because secure within, Arm'd with my Courage, unconcern'd I see This Pomp; a Shame to you, a Pride to me. Shame is but where with Wickedness 'tis join'd; And, while no Baseness in this Breast I find, I have not lost the Birth-right of my Mind,

Emp. Children (the blind Effect of Love and Chance, Form'd by their sportive Parents ignorance)
Bear from their Birth th' Impressions of a Slave:
Whom Heav'n for Play-games first, and then for Service gave.
One then may be displac'd, and one may reign:
And want of Merit, render Birth-right vain.

Mor. Comes he t'upbraid us with his Innocence? Seize him, and take the preaching Brachman hence. Aur. Stay, Sir; I, from my Years, no Merit plead:

[To his Eather.

All my Defigns and Acts to Duty lead.
Your Life and Glory are my only End;
And for that Prize I with Moras contend.

Mor. Not him alone; I all Mankind defie.
Who dares Adventure more for both than I?

Who dares Adventure more for both than I?

A.w. I know you brave, and take you at your Word:
That prefent Service which you vaunt, afford.
Our two Rebellious Brothers are not dead:
Though vanquish'd, yet again they gather HeadI dare you, as your Rival in Renown,
March out your Army from th' Imperial Town;
Chuse whom you please, the other leave to me:
And set our Father absolutely free.

This, if you do, to end all future Strife,
I am content to lead a private Life:
Dishand my Army to secure the State,
Nor aim at more, but leave the rest to Fate.
Mor. I'll do't. Draw out my Army on the Plain;
War is to me a Pastime, Peace a Pain.

Emp. Think better first.

Tou see your self inclosed beyond Escape,
And therefore, Protess-like, you change your Shape.

Of Promise prodigal, while Fow'r you want.

And preaching in the self-denying Cant.

Mer. Plot better; for these Arts too obvious are, Of gaining Time, the Master-piece of War;

Is Aureng-Zebe fo known?

for firm Intrest, Profit, or Design,
Can show any Heart, by those I would be known:
I wish you could as well defend your own.
My absent Army for my Father fought:
Yours, at these Walls, is to inslave him brought.
The World with ease may judge whose Cause is best.

Mor. My Father faw you ill Deligns purfue: And My Admission show'd his Fear of you.

Aur. Himfelf best knows why he his Love withdraws:
I owe him more than to declare the Cause.
Sha still I press our Duty may be shown
By Arms.

Mor. ——I'll vanquish all his Foes alone.

Aur. You speak as if you could the Fates command.

And had no need of any other Hand.

But, fince my Honour you so far suspect,

The fust I should on your Designs restect.

To prove your self a loyal Son, declare

You'll lay down Arms when you conclude the War.

Mor. No present Answer your Demand requires;
The War once done, I'll do what Heav'a inspires.
And while the Sword this Monarchy secures,
Tis manag'd by an abler Arm than yours.

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Emp. Morat's Defign a doubtful Meaning bears: [Apart.]
In Aureng-Zebe true Loyalty appears.
He, for my Safety, does his own despise;
Still, with his Wrongs, I find his Duty rise.
I feel my Virtue strugling in my Soul,
But stronger Passion does its Pow'r Controul.
Yet be advis'd your Ruin to prevent. [To Aur. apart.
You might be safe, if you would give consent.

Asr: So to your Welfare I of use may be,

My Life or Death are equal both to me.

Emp. The Peoples Hearts are yours; the Fort yet mine: Be wife, and *Indamora*'s Love refign.

I am observ'd: Remember that I give

This my last Proof of Kindness, die, or live.

Aur. Life, with my Indamora, I would chuse;

But, losing her, the End of Living lose.

I had confider'd all I ought before; And Fear of Death can make me change no more.

The Peoples Love fo little I effect,
Condemn'd by you, I would not live by them.
May he who must your Favour now possess,

Much better ferve you, and not love you less.

Emp. I've heard you; and, to finish the Debate, Abid.

Commit that Rebel Pris'ner to the State.

Mor. The deadly Draught he shall begin this Day:

And languish with insensible Decay.

Aur. I hate the lingring Summons to attend,
Death all at once would be the nobler End.
Fate is unkind! methinks a General
Should warm, and at the Head of Armies fall.
And my Ambition did that Hope purfue,
That so I might havedy'd in fight for you. [To bis Father.
Mor. Would I had been Disposer of thy Stars;

Thou shoulds have had thy Wish, and dy'd in Wars.
"Tis I, not thou, have reason to repine,

That thou shouldst fall by any Hand, but mine.

Aur. When theu wert form'd, Heav'n did a Man begin;
But the brute-Soul, by chance, was shuffl'd in.
In Woods and Wilds thy Monarchy maintain:
Where valiant Beasts, by Force and Rapine, reign.

In

In Life's next Scene, if Transmigration be, Some Bear or Lion is reserv'd for thee.

Mer. Take heed thou com'ff not in that Lion's way:
I prophecy thou wilt thy Soul convey
Into a Lamb, and be again my Prey.

Hence with that dreaming Priest.

Neur. ——Let me prepare

The pois nous Draught. His Death shall be my Care. Near my Apartment let him Pris ner be:

That I his hourly Ebbs of Life may see.

Aur. My Life I would not Ransome with a Pray'r:

Tis vile, fince 'tis not worth my Father's Care.

I go not, Sir, indebted to my Grave:

You paid your felf, and took the Life you gave. [Exit. Emp. O that I had more Sense of Virtue left, [Aide. Or were of that, which yet remains, bereft.

I've just enough to know how I offend, And, to my Shame, have not enough to mend.

Lead to the Mosque-

Mor. Lowe's Pleasures why should dull Devotion stay? Heav'n to my Melesinda's but the way.

[Execut Emperor, Morat, and Trains.

Zoyd. Sure Aureng-Zobe has somewhat of Div nc,
Whose Virtue through so dark a Cloud can shine.

Fortune has from Morat this Day remov'd.

The greatest Rival, and the best belov'd.

Nour. He is not yet remov'd.

But foon must die, and, what I mourn, by you.

Neur. My Zayda, may thy Words prophetic be:

[Embracing her easerly.

I take the Omen, let him die by me. He stist'd in my Arms shall lose his Breath: And Life it self shall envious be of Death.

Zayd. Bless me, you Pow'rs above!

Nour. Why dost thou start?

Is Love so strange? or have not I a Heart? Could Aureng-Zebe so lovely seem to thee, And I want Eyes that noble Worth to see?

Thy little Soul was but to Wonder mov'd:
My Sense of it was higher, and I lov'd.
That Man, that God-like Man, so brave, so great;
But these are thy small Praises I repeat.
I'm carry'd by a Tide of Love away:
He's somewhat more than I my self can say.

Eayd. Though all th' Ideas you can form be true.

He must not, cannot be possess'd by you.

If contradicting Intrests could be mixt,

Nature her self has cast a Bar betwixt.

And, ere you reach to this incessuous Love,

You must divine and human Rights remove.

Nour. Count this among the Wonders Love has done:

I had forgot he was my Husband's Son!

Zayd. Nay, more; you have forgot who is your own: For whom your Care to long defign'd the Throne.

Morat must fall, if Aureng-Zebe should rise.

Nour. 'Tis true; but who was e'er in Love, and wise? Why was that fatal Knot of Marriage ty'd, Which did, by making us too near, divide? Divides me from my Sex! for Heav'n, I find, Excludes but me alone of Woman-kind. I find with Guilt confounded, loft with Shame, And yet made wretched only by a Name. If Names have such command on human Life, Love sure's a Name that's more Divine than Wife. That Sovereign Power all Guilt from Action takes, At least the Stains are beautiful it makes.

Zayd. Th' incroaching Ill you early should oppere: Flatter'd 'tis worse, and by Indulgence grows.

Nour. Alas! and what have I not faid or done? I fought it to the last: And Love has won. A bloody Conquest; which Destruction brought, And ruin'd all the Country where he fought. Whether this Passion from above was sent The Fate of him Heav'n favours to prevent, Or as the Curse of Fortune in excess; That, stretching, would beyond its reach possess: And, with a Taste which Plenty does depraye, Loaths lawful Good, and lawless Ill does craye?

Zayd. But yet confider ----New. \_\_\_\_No, 'tis loss of time: Think how to farther, not divert my Crime. My artful Engines instantly I'll move: And chuse the soft and gentlest Hour of Love. The Under-Provost of the Fort is mine. But see, Morat! I'll whisper my Design. Enter Morat with Arimant, as talking: Attendants: Arim. And for that Cause was not in publick seen: But stays in Prison with the captive Queen. Mor. Let my Attendants wait; I'll be alone:

Where least of State, there most of Love is shown. . Nour. My Son, your Bus'ness is not hard to guess;

To Morat.

Long Absence makes you eager to possels: I will not importune you by my Stay; She merits all the Love which you can pay.

Exit with Zayda. Re-enter Arimant, with Melefinda; then Exit. Morat runs

to Meletinda, and embraces her.

Mor. Should I not chide you, that you chose to stay In gloomy Shades, and loft a glorious Day? Lost the first Fruits of Joy you should possess In my Return, and made my Triumph leis?

Mel. Should I not chide, that you could stay and see Those Joys, preferring publick Pomp to me? Through my dark Cell your Shouts of Triumph rung:

I heard with Pleasure; but I thought 'em long.

Mor. The Publick will in Triumphs rudely share, And Kings the Rudeness of their Joys must bear: But I made haste to set my Caprive free: And thought that work was only worthy me. The Fame of antient Matrons you pursue; And stand a blameless Pattern to the New. I have not words to praise such Acts as these: But take my Heart, and mold it as you please.

Mel. A Tryal of your Kindness I must make, Though not for mine so much as Virtue's sake.

The Queen of Cassimeer-

Mor. ——No more, my Love;
That only Suit I beg you not to move.
That she's in Bonds for Aureng-Zebe I know,
And should, by my Consent, continue so.
The good old Man, I fear, will Pity show.
My Father dotes, and let him still dote on;
He buys his Mistress dearly with his Throne.
Mel. See her; and then be cruel if you can.
Mer. "Tis not with me as with a private Man."

Such may be fway'd by Honour, or by Love; But Monarchs, only by their Int'rest move.

Mel. Heav'n does a Tribute for your Pow'r demand: He leaves th' Opprest and Poor upon your Hand. And those who Stewards of his Pity prove, He Blesses, in return, with publick Love. In his Distress, some Miracle is shown: If exil'd, Heav'n restores him to his Throne. He needs no Guard while any Subject's near: Nor, like his Tyrant Neighbours, lives in Fear: No Plots th' Alarm to his Retirements give: "Tis all Mankind's Concern that he should live.

Mor. You promis'd Friendship in your low Estate; And should forget it in your better Fate; Such Maxims are more plausible than true; But somewhat must be given to Love and you. I'll view this Captive Queen; to let her see, Pray'rs and Complaints are lost on such as me. [please

Mel. I'll bear the News: Heav'n knows how much I'm

That, by my Care, th'afflicted may be eas'd.

As she is going off, enter Indamora.

Ind. I'll spare your Pains, and venture out alone,
Since you, fair Princess, my Protection own.
But you, brave Prince, a harder Task must find;
[To Morat kneeling, who takes her up.

In faving me, you would but half be kind. An humble Suppliant at your Feet I lye; You have condemn'd my better Part to die. Without my Aureng-Zebe I cannot live; Revoke his Doom, or else my Sentence give.

Mor. You move in vain; for Aureng-Zebe must die, Ind. Could that Decree from any Brother come? Nature her self is sentenc'd in your Doom. Piety is no more, she sees her Place Usuryd by Monsters, and a savage Race. From her soft Eastern Climes you drive her forth, To the cold Mansions of the utmost North. How can our Prophet suffer you to Reign, When he looks down, and sees your Brother stain? Avenging Furies will your Life pursue: Think there's a Heav'n, Morat, though not for you.

Mel. Her words imprint a Terror on my Mind. What if this Death, which is for him defign'd, Had been your Doom, (far be that Augury!) And you, not Aureng-Zebe, condemn'd to die? Weigh well the various turns of human Fate,

And feek, by Mercy, to fecure your State.

Ind. Had Heav'n the Crown for Aureng-Zebe defign'd,
Pity, for you, had pierc'd his generous Mind.
Pity does with a noble Nature fuir:

A Brother's Life had suffer'd no dispute.
All things have right in Life, our Propher's Care
Commands the Beings ev'n of Brutes to spare.
Though Intrest his Restraint has justify'd,
Can Life, and to a Brother, be deny'd?

Mor. All Reasons for his Safety urg'd, are weak:
And yet, methinks, 'tis Heav'n to hear you speak.
Mel. 'Tis part' of your own Being to invade—

My Brother does a glorious Fate pursue.

I envy him, that he must fall for you:
He had been Base, had he released his Right:
For such an Empire none but Kings should fight.

H

If with a Father he disputes this Prize,
My Wonder ceases when I see these Eyes.
Mel. And can you then deny those Eyes you praise?
Can Beauty Wonder, and not Pity raise?

Mor. Your Intercession now is needless grown:

Retire, and let me speak with her alone.

[Melefinda resires, weeping, to the fide of the Theatre. Queen, that you may not fruitless Tears employ,

[Taking Indamora's Hand.

I bring you News to fill your Heart with Joy: Your Lover King of all the East shall reign:

For Aureng-Zebe to morrow shall be slain.

Ind. The Hopes you rais'd, you've blasted with a Breath:

[Starting back.

With Triumphs you began, but end with Death.

Did you not fay, my Lover should be King?

Mor. I, in Moras, the best of Lovers bring.

For one for faken both of Earth and Heav'n,

Your kinder Stars a nobler Choice have given:

My Father, while I please, a King appears;

His Pow'r is more declining than his Years.

An Emperor and Lover, but in show:

But you, in me, have Youth and Fortune too.

As Heav'n did to your Eyes, and Form Divine,

Submit the Fate of all th' Imperial Line;

So was it order'd by its wise Decree,

That you should find 'em all compris'd in me.

That you should find 'em all compris'd in me.

Ind. If, Sir, I seem not discompos'd with Rage,
Feed not your Fancy with a false Presage.

Farther to press your Courtship is but vain;
A cold Refusal carries more Disdain.
Unsetled Virtue stormy may appear;
Honour, like mine, screnely is severe.
To scorn your Person, and reject your Crown,

Disorder not my Face into a Frown. [Turns from him. Mor. Your Fortune you should revently have us'd:

Such Offers are not twice to be refus'd.

I go to Aureng-Zebe, and am in haste.

For your Commands, they're like to be the

For your Commands, they're like to be the last.

Ind. Tell him.

With

With my own Death I would his Life redeem; But less than Honour, both our Lives effects.

Mor. Have you no more?

Ind. — What shall I do or say?

He must not in this Fury go away.

Tell him, I did in vain his Brother move;

And yet he falsly said, he was in Love.

Falsly; for had he truly lov'd, at least,

He would have giv'n one Day to my Request.

Mm. A little yielding may my Love advance:

She darted from her Eyes a fidelong Glance,
Just as she spoke; and, like her Words, it slew:
Seem'd not to beg, what yet she bid me do.

A Brother, Madam, cannot give a Day; A Servant, and who Hopes to Merit, may.

With none but Statesmen and grave Fools prevail. Dry up your Tears, and practise every Grace,

That fits the Pageant of your Royal Place.

Mel. Madam, the strange Reverse of Fate you see:

[To Indamore.

I pity'd you, now you may pity me. [Exit after burn, Ind. Poor Princes! thy hard Fate I could bemoan.]
Had I not nearer Sorrows of my own.
Beauty is seldom Fortunate, when great:
A vast Estate, but overcharg'd with Debt.
Like those whom Want to Baseness does betray:
I'm forc'd to flatter him I cannot pay.

O would he be content to seize the Throne:

I beg the Life of Aureng-Zebe alone.

Whom Heav'n would bless, from Pomp it will remove, And make their Wealth in Privacy and Love. [Exit.]

### ACT IV. SCENE L

Aureng-Zebe folus.

Diffrust, and Darkness, of a future State, Make poor Mankind so fearful of their Fate. Death, in it self, is nothing; but we fear To be we know not what, we know not where.

[Soft Mufick

This is the Geremony of my Fate:

A parting Treat; and I'm to die in State.

They lodge me, as I were the Persian King:

And with luxurious Pomp my Death they bring.

To kim, Nourmahal.

Now. I thought, before you drew your latest Breath, To smooth your Passage, and to soften Death; For I would have you, when you upward move, Speak kindly of me, to our Friends above:
Nor name me there th'Occasion of your Fate;
Or what my Interest does, impute to Hate.

Aur. I ask not for what End your Pomp's defign'd; Whether t'infult, or to compose my Mind: I mark'd it not; But, knowing Death would soon th' Assault begin,

Stood firm collected in my Strength within:

To guard that Breach did all my Forces guide,
And left unmanned the quiet Senses side.

Nour. Because Morae from me his Being took, All I can say will much suspected look: "Tis little to consess your Fate I grieve; Yet more than you would easily believe.

Aur. Since my inevitable Death you know, You safely unavailing Pity show: Tis Popular to mourn a dying Foe.

Nour. You made my Liberty your late Request: Is no Return due from a grateful Breast?

1

I grow impatient, 'till I find some way Great Offices, with greater, to repay.

Aur. When I consider Life, 'tis' all a Cheat;
Yet, fool'd with hope, Men favour the Deceit;
Trust on, and think to Morrow will repay:
To Morrow's falser than the former Day;
Lies worse; and while it says, We shall be blest
With some new Joys, cuts off what we possest.
Strange cozenage: none would live past Years' again,
Yet all hope Pleasure in what yet remain;
And, from the Dregs of Life, think to receive
What the first sprightly running could not give.
I'm tir'd with waiting for this Chimick Gold,
Which fools us young, and beggars us when old.

Now. "Tis not for nothing that we Life pursue;

It pays our Hopes with something still that's new:
Each Day's a Mistress, unenjoy'd before;
Like Travellers, we're pleas'd with seeing more.
Did you but know what Joys your way attend,
You would not hurry to your Journey's end.

Aur. I need not hafte the end of Life to meet;

The Precipice is just beneath my Feet.

Aur. Think not my Sense of Virtue is so small?
I'll rather leap down first, and break your Fall.

My Aureng-Zebe (may I not call you so?)

Taking him by the Hand.

Behold me now no longer for your Foe; I am not, cannot be your Enemy:
Look, is there any Malice in my Eye?
Pray fit—————

Both fit,

That-distance shews too much Respect, or Fear. You'll find no Danger in approaching near.

Am. Forgive th' Amazement of my doubtful State: This Kindness from the Mother of Morat! Or is't some Angel, pitying what I bore, Who takes that Shape, to make my Wonder more?

Nour. Think me your better Genius in Difguise; Or any thing that more may charm your Eyes. Your Guardian Angel never could excel. In care, nor could be love his Charge so well.

Aur

134

. Whence can proceed so wonderful a Change? Nour. Can Kindness to Desert, like yours, be strange! Kindness by secret Sympathy is ty'd; For noble Souls in Nature are ally'd. I saw with what a Brow you brav'd your Fate; Yet with what Mildness bore your Father's Hate. My Virtue, like a String wound up by Art, To the same Sound, when yours was touch'd, took part At distance shook, and trembled at my Heart. Aur. I'll not complain my Father is unkind.

Since so much Pity from a Foe I find.

Just Heav'n reward this Act.

Nour. 'Tis well the Debt no Payment does demand, You turn me over to another Hand.

But happy, happy she,

And with the Bles'd above to be compar'd, Whom you your felf would, with your felf, reward: The greatest, nay, the fairest of her Kind.

Would envy her that Bliss which you design'd. Aur. Great Princes thus, when Favourites they raile,

To justifie their Grace, their Creatures praise. Nour. As Love the noblest Passion we account, So to the highest Object it should mount. It shows you brave when mean Desires you shun. An Eagle only can behold the Sun:

And so must you; if yet, Presage Divine There be in Dreams, or was't a Vision mine?

Aur. Of me? Nour. - And who could else employ my Thought? I dream'd, your Love was by Love's Goddels fought; Officious Cupids, hov'ring o'er your Head, Held Myrtle Wreaths; Beneath your Feet were spread What Sweets foe'er Subean Springs disclose, Our Indian Jasmine, or the Syrian Rose: The wanton Ministers around you strove For Service, and inspir'd their Mother's Love: Close by your Side, and languishing, the lies, With blushing Cheeks, short Breath, and wishing Eyess Upon your Breast supinely lay her Head, While, on your Face, her famish'd light she fed.

Aur. - I'll hear no more.

[Rifing MP.

Twas impieus to have understood before; And I, 'till now, endeavour'd to mistake Th' incestuous Meaning which too plain you make.

Now. And why this Niceress to that Pleasure shown.

Where Nature sums up all her Joys in one; Gives all she can, and labouring still to give, Makes it so great, we can but taste and live: So sills the Senses, that the Soul seems sted, And Thought it self does, for the time, he dead; Till, like a String served up with eager haste, It breaks, and is too exquisite to last?

Aur. Heav'ns! can you this, without just Vengeance, When will you thunder, if it now be clear? [hear? Yet her alone let not your Thunder seize: I, too, deserve to die, because I please.

Nour. Cuftom our Native Royalty does awe; Promiscuous Love is Nature's general Law: For whosever the first Lovers were, Brother and Sister made the second Pair, And doubled, by their Love, their Piety.

Ass. Hence, hence, and to some barbarous Climate fly, Which only Brutes in human Form does yield, And Man grows wild in Nature's common Field. Who eat their Parents, Piety pretend; Yet there no Sons their sacred Bed ascend. To vail great Sins, a greater Crime you chuse; And, in your Incest, your Adult'ry lose.

Now. In vain this haughty Fury you have shown. How I adore a Soul so like my own! You must be mine, that you may learn to live: Know Joys, which only she who loves can give.

No

Nor think that Action you upbraid, so ill: I am not chang'd; I love my Husband still; But love him as he was, when youthful Grace, And the first Down began to shade his Face: That Image does my Virgin-slames renew; And all your Father shines more bright in you.

Aur. In me a Horror of my felf you raile; Curs'd by your Love, and blatted by your Praile. You find new ways to profecute my Fate; And your least-guilty Passion was your Hate.

Nour. I beg my Death, if you can Love deny.

[Offering him a Dagger.

Nour. I'll grant you nothing; no, not ev'n to die.

[Stamps with her Fox. Enter Mutes, fome with Swords drawn, one with a Cup.

You've chosen, and may now repent too late. Behold the effect of what you wish'd, my Hate.

[Taking the Cup to prefent him.

This Cup, a cure for both our Ills has brought: You need not fear a Philtre in the Draught.

Aur. All must be Poison which can come from thee;
[Receiving it from her.]

But this the least. T'immortal Liberty

This first I pour——like dying Socrates;

Spilling a little of the

Grim though he be, Death pleases when he frees.

As he is going to wrink, Enter Morat attended.

Mer. Make not such haste, you must my leisure stay:

Your Fate's deferr'd, you shall not die to Day.

[Taking the Cup from him. Nour. What foolish Pity has posses'd your Mind,

To alter what your Prudence once defign'd?

Mor. What if I please to lengthen out his date

A Day, and take a Pride to cozen Fate?

Near. 'Twill not be fafe to let him live an Hour.

Nour. Fortune may take him from your Hands again, And you repent th' occasion lest in vain,

Mer. I smile at what your Female Fear foresees:
I'm in Fate's Place, and dictate her Decrees.
Let Arimant be call'd.

[Exit, one of his Astendants.

Aste. Give me the Poison, and I'll end your Strife:
I hate to keep a poor precarious Life.
Would I my Safety on base Terms receive;
Known Sir. I could have lived without your leave.

Know, Sir, I could have liv'd without your leave. But those I could accuse, I can forgive:

By my distainful Silence, let 'em live.

Now. What am I, that you dare to bind my Hand?

So low, I've not a Murder at command!
Can you not one poor Life to her afford,
Her who gave up whole Nations to your Sword?
And from th' Abundance of whose Soul and Heat,
Th'o'erstowing service to make your Mind so great.

The o'erflowing serv'd to make your Mind so great.

Mor. What did that Greatness in a Woman's Mind?

Ill lodg'd, and weak to act what it design'd.

Pleasure's your Portion, and your stothful Ease:

When Man's at leisure, study how to please.

Soften his angry Hours with service Care,

And when he calls, the ready Feast prepare.

From Wars, and from Affairs of State abstain:

Women emasculate a Monarch's Reign;

And murmuring Crouds, who see em fine with Gold,

That pomp, as their own ravish'd Spoils behold.

Nour. Rage choaks my Words: 'Tis Womanly to')

weep:
[Ajide.(
In my fwoll'n Breaft my close Revenge I'll keep;

I'll watch his tender it Part, and there strike deep. [Exit. ]

Yet seems not to express a Brother's Love.
Say to what Cause my rescuid Life I owe.

Mor. If what you ask would please, you should not know.

But since that Knowledge, more than Death, will grieve,
Know, Indamora gain'd you this Reprieve. [Change?

Aur. And whence had fine the Pow'r to work your Mor. The Pow'r of Beauty is not new or strange. Should she command me more, I could obey;

But her Request was bounded with a Day.

Take::

Take that; and, if you'll spare my farther Crimes.

Be kind, and grieve to Death against your Time.

Enter Arimant.

Remove this Pris'ner to some safer Place:

He has, for Indamors's sake, found Grace:
And from my Mother's Rage must guarded be,
Till you receive a new Command from me.

Arim. Thus Love, and Fortune, perfecute me still, And make me Slave to every Rival's Will.

[Aside.

Mar. How I distain a Life, which I must buy With your Contempt, and her Inconstancy! For a few Hours, my whole Content I pay: You shall not force on me another Day.

Exit with Arimant.

#### Enter Melesinda.

Mel. I have been feeking you this Hour's long space, And fear'd to find you in another Place;
But, fince you're here, my Jealousie grows less:
You will be kind to my Unworthiness.
What shall I say? I love to that degree,
Each Glance another way is robb'd from me.
Absence, and Prisons, I could bear again;
But fink, and die, beneath your least Dissain.

Mor. Why do you give your Mind this needless Care, And for your self, and me, new Pains prepare? I ne'er approv'd this Passion in Excess: If you would show your Love, distrust me less. I hate to be pursu'd from Place to Place: Meet, at each turn, a stale domestick Face. Th' approach of Jealousie, Love cannot bear, He's wild, and soon on wing, if watchful Eyes come new.

Mel. From your lov'd Presence how can I depart?
My Eyes pursue the Object of my Heart.

Mor. You talk as if it were our Bridal Night:
Fondness is still th' Effect of new Delight;
And Marriage but the Pleasure of a Day:
The Metal's base, the Gilding worn away.

Mel. I fear I'm guilty of some great Offence, And that has bred this cold Indifference. Mor. The greatest in the World to Flesh and Blood: You fondly love much longer than you should. Mel. If that be all which makes your Discontent,

Of fuch a Crime I never can repent.

Mor. Would you force Love upon me, which I shun? And bring course Fare, when Appetite is gone?

Mel. Why did I not, in Prison, die before

My stad Freedom made me susser more?

I had been pleas'd to think I dy'd for you,

And doubly pleas'd, because you then were true:

Then I had Hope; but now, alas, have none.

Mor. You say you love me; let that Love be shown.

Tis in your Power to make my Happiness.

Mel. Speak quickly: To command me is to bless.

Mor. To Indamora you my Suit must meve: You'll sure speak kindly of the Man you love.

Mel. Oh! rather let me perish by your Hand,
Than break my Heart, by this unkind Command:
Think 'tis the only one I could deny;
And that 'tis harder to refuse than die.
Try, if you please, my Rival's Heart to win:
I'll bear the Pain, but not promote the Sin.
You own what e'er Perfections Man can beast,
And if she view you with my Eyes, she's lost.

Mor. Here I renounce all Love, all Nuptial Ties: Henceforward live a Stranger to my Eyes: When I appear, see you avoid the Place, And haunt me not with that unlucky Face.

Mel. Hard, as it is, I this Command obey,
And hafte, while I have Life, to go away:
In pity fray fome Hours, till I am dead,
That blameles you may court my Rival's Bed.
My hated Face I'll not prefume to fhow;
Yet I may watch your Steps where-e'er you go.
Unseen, I'll gaze; and with my latest Breath,
Bless, while I die, the Author of my Death,

Enter Emperor.

Emp. When your Triumphant Fortune high appears, What Cause can draw these unbecoming Tears?

Let

Let Cheerfulness on happy Fortune wait, And give not thus the Counter-time to Fate. Mel. Fortune long frown'd, and has but lately fmil'd:::

I doubt a Foe so newly reconcil'd.

You law but Sorrow in its waning Form, A working Sea remaining from a Storm; When the now weary Waves roul o'er the Deep, And faintly murmur e'er they fall afleep.

Emp. Your inward Griefs you smother in your Mind; But Fame's loud Voice proclaims your Lord unkind, ..

Mor. Let Fame be busie where she has to do: Tell of fought Fields, and every pompous Show... Those Tales are fit to fill the Peoples Ears;

Monarchs, unquestion'd, move in higher Spheres. Mel. Believe not Rumor, but your felf; and fee

The Kindness twixt my plighted Lord and me.

Kiffing Morat. This is our State; thus happily we live;

These are the Quarrels which we take and give. I had no other way to force a Kiss. Afide to Morat.

Forgive my last Farewel to you, and Bliss. Emp. Your haughty Carriage shows too much of Scorn,

And Love, like hers, deserves not that Return. Mor. You'll please to leave me judge of what I do.

And not examine by the outward fhow.

Your Usage of my Mother might be good:... I judg'd it not.

Emp. ——Nor was it fit you should. Mor. Then, in as equal Ballance weigh my Deeds. . Emp. My Right, and my Authority, exceeds.

Suppose (what I'll not grant) Injustice done; Is judging me the Duty of a Son?

Mer. Not of a Son, but of an Emperor: You cancell'd Duty when you gave me Pow'r. If your own Actions on your Will you ground, Mine shall hereafter know no other Bound. What meant you when you call'd me to a Throne?

Was it to please me with a Name alone? Emp. "Twas that I thought your Gratitude would know

What to my partial Kindness you did owe: That That what your Birth did to your Claim deny, Your Merit of Obedience might supply. Mor. To your own Thoughts such Hopes you might But I took Empire not on terms like those. Of Bulinels you complain'd; now take your Ease: Enjoy what e'er decrepid. Age can please: Eat, Sleep, and tell long Tales of what you were In Flow'r of Youth, if any one will hear. prife, Emp. Pow'r, like new Wine, does your weak Brain fur-And its mad Fumes, in hot Discourses, rise; But time these giddy Vapours will remove: Mean while I'll tafte the fober Joys of Love. Mer. You cannot Love, nor Pleasures take, or give; But Life begin, when 'tis too late to live. On a tir'd Courfer you pursue Delight, Let slip your Morning, and set out at Night. If you have liv'd, take thankfully the past: Make, as you can, the sweet Remembrance last. If you have not enjoy'd what Youth could give, But Life sunk through you like a leaky Sieve, Accuse your self you liv'd not while you might; But, in the Captive Queen resign your Right, I've now resolv'd to fill your useless Place; I'll take that Post to cover your Disgrace, And love her, for the Honour of my Race. Emp. Thou dost but try how far I can forbear, Nor art that Monster which thou wouldst appear; But do not wantonly my Passion move; I pardon nothing that relates to Love. My-Fury does, like jealous Forts, pursue With Death, ev'n Strangers who but come to view. Mer. I did not only view, but will invade: Could you shed Venom from your reverend Shade, Like Trees, beneath whose Arms tis Death to sleep; Did rouling Thunder your fenc'd Fortress keep Thence would I shatch my Semele, like Jove, And 'midst the dreadful Rack enjoy my Love.

Emp. Have I for this, ungrateful as thou art, When Right, when Nature, struggl'd in my Heart; When Heav'n call'd on me for thy Brother's Claim, Broke all, and fully'd my unspotted Fame? Wert thou to Empire, by my Baseness, brought, And would'st thou ravish what so dear I bought? Dear! for my Conscience and its Peace I gave: Why was my Reason made my Passion's Slave? I see Heav'ns Justice; thus the Pow'rs Divine Pay Crimes with Crimes, and punish mine by thine.

Mor. Crimes let them pay, and punish as they please: What Pow'r makes mine, by Pow'r I mean to seize. Since 'tis to that they their own Greatness owe Above, why should they question mine below? [Ext.

Emp. Prudence, thou vainly in our Youth art fought, And with Age purchas'd art too dearly bought: We're past the use of Wit, for which we Toil; Late Fruit, and planted in too cold a Soil.! My Stock of Fame is lavish'd and decay'd; No profit of the vast Profusion made. Too late my Folly I repent; I know My Aureng-Zebe would ne'er have us'd me so. But, by his Ruin I prepar'd my own; And, like a naked Tree, my Shelter gone, To Winds and Winter-storms must stand expos'd alone.

Enter Aureng-Zebe and Arimant.

Arim. Give me not Thanks, which I will ne'er deflave;
But know, 'tis for a nobler Price I ferve.

By Indamora's Will you're hither brought:
All my Reward, in her Command I fought.

The reft your Letter tells you.—— See, like Light;
She comes; and I must vanish, like the Night.

Enter Indamora.

Ind. Tis now that I begin to live again:
Heav'ns, I forgive you all my Fear and Pain:
Since I behold my Aureng-Zebe appear,
I could not buy him at a Price too dear.
His Name alone afforded me Relief,
Repeated as a Charm to cure my Grief.
I that lov'd Name did, as fome God, invoke,
And printed Kiffes on it while I spoke.

AURENG-ZEBE.

Aur. Short Eafe; but long, long Pains from you I find: Health, to my Eyes; but Poison, to my Mind. Why are you made so excellently fair? So much above what other Beauties are, That, ev'n in curfing, you new form my Breath; And make me bless those Eyes which give me Death?

Ind. What Reason for your Curses can you find? My Eyes your Conquest, not your Death, design'd. If they offend, 'tis that they are too kind.

Aur. The Ruins they have wrought, you will not feet

Too kind they are, indeed, but not to me.

Ind. Think you base Interest Souls, like mine, can sway Or that, for Greatness, I can Love betray? No, Aureng-Zebe, you merit all my Heart, And I'm too Noble but to give a Part. Your Father, and an Empire! am I known No more? Or have so weak a Judgment shown, In chufing you, to change you for a Throne?

Aur. How, with a Truth, you would a Falfhood blind! Tis not my Father's Love you have defign'd; Your Choice is fix'd where Youth and Pow'r are join'd.

Ind. Where Youth and Pow'r are join'd! has he a Name?

Aur. You would be told; you glory in your Shame; There's Musick in the Sound; and, to provoke Your Pleasure more, by me it must be spoke. Then, then it ravishes, when your pleas'd Ear The Sound does from a wretched Rival hear, Merat's the Name your Heart leaps up to meet. While Ameng-Zebe lies dying at your Feet. Ind. Who told you this?

-Are you so lost to Shame? Merat, Morat, Merat: You love the Name So well, your ev'ry Question ends in that; You force me still to answer you, Morae. Moras, who best could tell what you reveal'd: Merat, too proud to keep his Joy conceal'd. bud. Howe'er unjust your Jealousie appear,

It shows the Loss, of what you love, you fear

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And does my Pity, not my Anger move:
I'll fond it, as the froward Child of Love.
To show the Truth of my unalter'd Breast,
Know, that your Life was given at my Request:
At least Repriey'd. When Heav'n deny'd you Aid,
She brought it; she, whose Falshood you upbraid.

Astr. And its by that you would your Falshood hide;
Had you not ask'd, how happy had I dy'd!
Accurst Reprieve! not to prolong my Breath,

Had you not ask'd, how happy had I dy'd!
Accurst Reprieve! not to prolong my Breath,
It brought a ling'ring, and more painful Death!
I have not liv'd lince first I heard the News;
The Gift the guilty Giver does accuse.
You knew the Price, and the Request did move.
That you might pay the Ransom with your Love.

Ind. Your Accusation must, I see, take place.

And am I guilty, infamous, and base!

Aur. If you are false, those Epithets are small; You're then the Things, the Abstract of 'em all. And you are false: You promis'd him your Love. No other Price a Heart so hard could move. Do not I know him! Could his brutal Mind Be wrought upon? Could he be just, or kind? Insultingly, he made your Love his Beast; Gave me my Life, and told me what it cost. Speak; answer. I would fain yet think you trae; Lie; and I'll not believe my self, but you. Tell me you Love; I'll pardon the Deceit, And, to be sool'd, my self affist the Cheat.

Ind. No; 'tis too late: I have no more to fax.

If you'll believe I have been false, you may.

Aser. I would not; but your Crimes too plain appear:

Nay, even that I should think you true, you fear.
Did I not tell you, I would be deceiv'd?

Ind. I'm not concern'd to have my Truth believ'd.
You would be cozen'd! would affift the Cheat!
But I'm too plain to join in the Deceit:

And, whatfoe'er my Letter did pretend, and this Meeting for no other end.

Aur. Kill me not quite, with this Indifference: When you are Guildels, boast not an Offence. I know you better than your self you know: Your Heart was true, but did some Frailty show: You promis'd him your Love, that I might live; But promis'd what you never meant to give. Speak, was't not so? confess; I can forgive.

As if your Thoughts of me were worth my Care.

As if your Thoughts of me were worth my Care.

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As if you if you you go if you your Sin:

Adom'd, without; unfinish'd left, within.

Hence, by no Judgment you your Loves direct;

Talk much, ne'er think, and still the Wrong affect.

So much Self-love in your Composine's mix'd,

That Love to others fill remains unfix'd:

Greatness, and Noise, and Show, are your Delight;

Yet wise Men love you, in their own despight:

And, finding in their native Wit no Ease,

Are forc'd to put your Folly on, to please.

Ind Now you shall know wrong the conformation.

Ind. Now you shall know what Cause you have to Rage;
But to increase your Fury, not asswage:
I found the Way your Brother's Heart to move,
Yet promis'd not the least Return of Love.
His Pride and brutal Fierceness I abhor;
But scorn your mean Suspicions of me more.
I ow'd my Honour and my Fame this Care;

Know what your Folly loft you, and despair.

[Turning from him.

Aur. Too cruelly your Innocence you tell;
Show Heav'n, and damn me to the Pit of Hell.
Now I believe you; 'tis not yet too late:
You may forgive, and put a Stop to Fate:
Save me, just sinking, and no more to rise. [She frowns.
How can you look with such relentless Eyes?
Or let your Mind by Penirence be mov'd,
Or I'm resolv'd to think you never lov'd.
You are not clear'd, unless you Mercy speak:
I'll think you took th' Occasion thus to break.
You. IV.

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Ind. Small Jealoufies, 'tis true, inflame Defire; Too great, not fan, but quite blow out the Fire: Yet I did love you, till fuch Pains I bore, That I dare trust my self and you no more. Let me not love you; but here end my Pain: Distrust may make me wretched once again, Now, with full Sails, into the Port I move, And fafely can unlade my Breast of Love; Quiet, and calm: Why should I then go back, To tempt the second Hazard of a Wrack?

Aur. Behold these dying Eyes, see their submissive Awe; These Tears, which Fear of Death could never draw: Heard you that Sigh? from my heav'd Heart it past. And faid, If you forgive not, 'tis my last. Love mounts, and rowls about my stormy Mind, ·Like Fire, that's born by a tempestuous Wind. Oh, I could stifle you, with eager Haste! Devour your Kisses with my hungry Taste! Rush on you! eat you! wander o'er each Part, Raving with Pleasure, snatch you to my Heart! Then hold you off, and gaze! then, with new Rage, Invade you, till my confcious Limbs presage Torrents of Joy, which all their Banks o'erflow! So loft, so bleft, as I but then could know! Ind. Be no more jealous. [Giving him her Elml.

Aur .- Give me Cause no more: The Danger's greater after, than before, If I relapie; to cure my Jealousie Let me (for that's the eatiest parting) die.

Ind. My Life! ----My Soul!

Ind. ----My All that Heav'n can give! Death's Life with you; without you, Death to live? To them, Arimant, bastily.

Arim. Oh, we are lost, beyond all human Aid! The Citadel is to Morat betray'd. The Traytor, and the Treason, known too late: The false Abas deliver'd up the Gate, Ev'n, while I speak, we're compass'd round with Fate.)

The Valiant cannot fight, or Coward fly; But both in undiftinguish'd Crouds much dic.

Aur. Then my Prophetick Fears are come to pass: Morat was always bloody; now, he's base:

And has so far in Usurpation gone, He will by Parricide secure the Throne.

To them, the Emperor.

Emp. Am I forfaken, and betray'd, by all? Not one brave Mart dare, with a Monarch, fall? Then, welcome Death, to cover my Difgrace; I would not live to reign o'er fuch a Race.

My Aureng-Zebe! [Seeing Aureng-Zebe.

But thou no more art mine; my Cruelty
Has quite destroy'd the Right I had in thee.

I have been base,

Base ev'n to him from whom I did receive All that a Son could to a Parent give: Behold me punish'd in the self-same kind,

Th' Ungrateful does a more Ungrateful find.

Aur. Accuse your self no more; you could not be Ungrateful: Could commit no Crime to me: I only mourn my yet uncancell'd Score: You put me past the Pow'r of Paying more: That, that's my Grief, that I can only grieve,

And bring but Pity, where I would relieve; For had I yet ten thousand Lives to pay, The mighty Sum should go no other way.

Emp. Can you forgive me? 'tis not fit you should. Why will you be so excellently good?' Twill stick too black a Brand upon my Name:

The Sword is needless; I shall die with shame. What had my Age to do with Love's Delight, Shut out from all Enjoyments but the Sight?

Arm. Sir, you forget the Danger's imminent:

This Minute is not for Excuses lent.

Empire,

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Empire, and Life are now not worth a Pray'r: His Love, alone, deserves my dying Care. Aur. Fighting for you, my Death will glorious be. Ind. Seek to preferve your felf, and live for me. Arim. Lose then no farther time. Heav'n has inspir'd me with a sudden Thought, Whence your unhop'd-for Safety may be wrought, Though with the Hazard of my Blood 'tis bought. But, fince my Life can ne'er be fortunate, "Tis so much Sorrow well redeem'd from Fate. You, Madam, must retire; Your Beauty is its own Security, And leave the Conduct of the rest to me. Glory will grown my Life, if I succeed; If not, the may afford to love me dead. Aur. My Father's kind; and, Madam you forgive: Were Heav'n so pleas'd, I now could wish to live. And, I shall live. With Glory, and with Love, at once I burn: I feel th'inipiring Heat, and absent God return. [Exemt.

## DISSESSED THE STATE OF THE STAT

### ACT V. SCENEI

#### Indamora alone.

THE Night seems doubled with the Fear she brings.
And, o'er the Cittadel, new spreads her Wings.
The Morning, as mistaken, turns about,
Ard all her early Fires again go out.
Shouts, Cries and Groans, first pierce my Ears, and then
A stash-of Lightning draws the guilty Scene,
And shows me Arms, and Wounds, and, dying Men.
Ah, should my Aureng-Zebe be fighting there,
And envious Winds distinguish'd to my Ear,
His dying Groans, and his last Accents bear!

To ber, Morat, attended.

Mor. The bloody Bus'ness of the Night is done, And, in the Cittadel, an Empire won. Our Swords so wholly did the Fates employ,
That they, a length, grew weary to destroy:
Refus'd the Work we brought; and, out of breath,
Made Sorrow and Despair attend for Death.
But what of all my Conquest can I boast?
My haughty Pride, before your Eyes, is lost:
And Victory but gains me to present
That Homage, which our Eastern World has sent.

Ind. Your Victory, alas, begets my Fears:

Can you not then triumph without my Tears?

Refolve me; (for you know my Deftiny)

In Aureng-Zebe's) fay, do I live, or die?

Mor. Urg'd by my Love, by Hope of Empire fir'd; Tis true, I have perform'd what both requir'd: What Fate decreed; for when great Souls are giv'n, They bear the Marks of Sov'reignty from Heav'n. My elder Brothers my Fore-runners came; Rough-draughts of Nature, ill defign'd, and lame: Blown off, like Bloftoms, never made to bear; Till I came, finish'd; her last labour'd Care.

Ind. This Prologue leads to your succeeding Sin:

Blood ended what Ambition did begin.

Mor. "Twas rumor'd, but by whom I cannot tell, My Father fcap'd from out the Cittadel: My Brother too may live:

Ind. ——He may.

Mor. ——He must:

I kill'd him not: And a less Fate's unjust.
Heav'n owes it me, that I may fill his Room;
A Phoenix-Lover, rising from his Tomb.
In whom you'll lose your Sorrows for the Dead;
More warm, more sterce, and sitter for your Bed.

Ind. Should I from Aureng-Zebe my Heart divide,
To love a Monster, and a Parricide?
These Names your swelling Titles cannot hide.
Severe Decrees may keep our Tongues in awe,
But to our Thoughts, what Edict can give Law?
Ev'n you your self, to your own Breast, shall tell
Your Crimes; and your own Conscience be your Hell.

Mor. What Bus'ness has my Conscience with a Crown? She finks in Pleasures, and in Bowls will drown. If Mirth should fail, I'll busic her with Cares; Silence her clamorous Voice with louder Wars: Trumpets and Drums shall fright her from the Throne, As sounding Cymbals aid the lab'ring Moon.

Ind: Repell'd by these, more eager she will grow; Spring back more strongly than a Scythian Bow: Amidst your Train, this unseen Judge will wair; Examin how you came by all your State; Upbraid your impious Pomp; and, in your Ear, Will hollow, Rebel, Tyrant, Murderer. Your ill-got Pow'r wan Looks and Care shall bring: Known but by Discontent to be a King. Of Crouds assaid, yet anxious when alone;

You'll fit and brood your Sorrows on a Throne.

Mor. Birth-right's a vulgar Road to Kingly Sway;

'Tis ev'ry dull-got elder Brother's way.

Dropt from above, he lights into a Throne;

Grows of a Piece with that he fits upon,

Heav'a's Choice, a low, inglorious, rightful Drone.

But who by force a Scepter does obtain,

Shows he can govern that which he could gain.

Right comes of course, what e'er he was before;

Murder and Usurpation are no more.

Ind. By your own Laws you such Dominion make, As ev'ry stronger Pow'r has right to take:
And Parricide will so deform your Name,
That dispossessing you will give a Claim.
Who next Usurps, will a just Prince appear;
So much your Ruin will his Reign endear.
Mor. I without Guilt, would mount the Royal Seat;

But yet 'tis necessary to be Great.

Ind. All Greatness is in Virtue understood:

Tis only necessary to be Good.

Tell me, what is't at which great Spirits aim, What most your self desire?

Mor. Renown and Fame,
And Pow'r, as uncontrol'd as is my Will.

Ind. How you confound Defires of Good and Ill!

For

For true Renown is still with Virtue join'd;
But Lust of Pow'r lets loose th' unbridl'd Mind.
Yours is a Soul irregularly Great,
Which wanting Temper, yet abounds with Heat:
So strong, yet so unequal Pulses beat.
A Sun which does, through Vapours, dimly shine:
What Pity 'tis you are not all Divine!
New moded, thorough light'ned, and a Breast
So pure, to bear the last severest Test;
Fit to Command an Empire you should gain
By Virtue, and without a Blush to reign.

Mer. You show me somewhat I ne'er learnt before; But 'tis the distant Prospect of a Shore, Doubtful in Mists; which, like inchanted Ground, Flies from my Sight, before 'tis fully found.

Ind. Dare to be Great, without a guilty Crown; View it, and lay the bright Temptation down: 'Tis base to seize on all, because you may; That's Empire, that which I can give away: There's Joy when to wild Will you Laws prescribe, When you bid Fortune carry back her Bribe: A Joy, which none but greatest Minds can taste; A Fame, which will to endless Ages last.

Mor. Renown, and Fame, in vain, I courted long; and still pursu'd 'em, though directed wrong. In Hazard, and in Toils, I heard they lay; Sail'd farther than the Coast, but mis'd my Way: Now you have giv'n me Virtue for my Guide; And, with true Honour, ballasted my Pride.

Unjust Dominion I no more pursue; I quit all other Claims but those to you.

Ind. Oh be not just to halves! pay all you owe: Think there's a Debt to Melefinda too.
To leave no Blemish on your After-Life;

Reward the Virtue of a suffring Wife.

Mor. To Love, once past, I cannot backward move;
Call Yesterday again, and I may love.

Twas not for nothing I the Crown resigned;
I still must own a Mercenary Mind:

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I, in this venture, double Gains pursue, And laid out all my Stock to purchase you.

To them, Alaph Chan. Now, what Success? does Aureng-Zebe yet live? Asaph. Fortune has giv'n you all that she can give.

Your Brother-

Mor. - Hold; thou show'st an impious Joy, And think'st I still take Pleasure to Destroy: Know, I am chang'd, and would not have him flain. Alaph, "Tis past; and you defire his Life in vain. He prodigal of Soul, rush'd on the Stroke Of lifted Weapons, and did Wounds provoke: In scorn of Night, he would not be conceal'd; His Soldiers, where he fought, his Name reveal'd: In thickest Crouds, still Aureng-Zebe did sound: The vaulted Roofs did Aureng-Zebe rebound, Till late, and in his Fall, the Name was drown'd.

Ind. Wither that Hand which brought him to his Fate,

And blasted be the Tongue which did relate.

Alaph. His Body-Mor. ——Cease to inhanse her Misery: Pity the Queen, and show Respect to me.

'Tis ev'ry Painter's Art to hide from fight, And cast in Shades, what seen would not delight. Your Grief, in me fuch sympathy has bred, To ber. I mourn; and wish I could recal the Dead.

Love foftens me; and blows up Fires, which pass

Through my tough Heart, and melt the stubborn Mass. Ind. Break, Heart; or choak, with fobs, my hated Breath;

Do thy own Work: Admit no foreign Death. Alas! why do I make this useless Moan? I'm dead already, for my Soul is gone.

To them, Mir Baba.

Mir. What Tongue the Terror of this Night can tell, Within, without, and round the Citadel! A new-form'd Faction does your Pow'r oppofe; The Fight's confus'd, and all who meet are Foes: A second Clamour, from the Town, we hear; And the far Noise so loud, it drowns the near.

Abas, who seem'd our Friend, is either fled; Or, what we fear, our Enemies does head: Your frighted Soldiers scarce their Ground maintain.

Mor. I thank their Fury; we shall fight again: They rouse my Rage; I'm eager to subdue: Tis fatal to with-hold my Eyes from you.

[Exit with the two Omerahs.

Enter Melafinda.

Mel. Can Milery no place of Safety know? The Noise pursues me whereste'er I go, As Fate fought only me, and where I fled, Aim'd all its Darts at my devoted Head. And let it; I am now past Care of Life; The last of Women; an abandon'd Wife.

Ind. Whether Defign or Chance has brought you here,
I fland oblig'd to Fortune, or to Fear:
Weak Women should, in danger, herd like Deer.
But say, from whence this new Combustion springs?
Are there yet more Morats? more fighting Kings?
Mel. Him from his Mother's Love your Eyes divide,

And now her Arms the cruel Strife decide.

Ind. What strange Missortunes my vext Life attend? Death will be kind, and all my Sorrows end. If Nouvemahal prevail, I know my Fate.

Mel. I pity, as my own, your hard Estate; But what can my weak Charity afford? I have no longer Intrest in my Lord: Nor in his Mother, he: She owns her Hate Aloud, and would her self usurp the State.

Ind. I'm flupify'd with Sorrow, past Reliet
Of Tears: Parch'd up, and wither'd with my Grief.
Mel. Dry Mourning will decays more deadly bring,

As a North Wind burns a too forward Spring. Give Sorrow vent, and let the Sluices go.

Ind. My Tears are all congeal'd, and will not flow, Mel. Have Comfort; yield not to the Blows of Fate, Ind. Comfort, like Cordials after Death, comes late. Name not so vain a Word; my Hopes are fled: Think your Morat were kind, and think him dead.

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Ind. The Noise increases, as the Billows rore, When rowling from afar they threat the Shore. She comes; and feeble Nature now I find Shrinks back in Danger, and forsakes my Mind. I wish to die, yet dare not Death endure; Detest the Med'cine, yet desire the Care. I would have Death; but mild, and at Command: I dare not trust him in another's Hand. In Nourmahal's he would not mise appear; But arm'd with Terror, and dispuis'd with Fear.

Mel. Beyond this Place you can have no Retreat:

Stay here, and I the Danger will repeat.

I-fear not Death, because my Life I hate:
And envious Death will shun th' Unfortunate,

Ind. You must not venture.

Mel. — Let me: I may do

My self a Kindness, in obliging you.

In your lov'd Name, I'll seek my angry Lord;

And beg your Safety from his conqu'ring Sword:

So his Protection all your Fears will ease,

And I shall see him once, and not displease. [Exit.

Ind. Oh wretched Queen! what Pow'r thy Life can save!

'A Stranger, and Unfriended, and a Slave!

Enter Nourmahal, Zayda, and Ahas, with Soldiers.

Alas, she's here!

[Indamora withdraws to the inner part of the Some.

Nonr. Heartless they fought, and quitted foon their
While ours with easie Victory were crown'd. [Ground,
To you, Abas, my Life and Empire too,
And, what's yet dearer, my Revenge, I owe.

Abas. The vain Morat, by his own Rafhness wrought, Too soon discover'd his ambitious Thought; Believ'd me his, because I spoke him fair, And pitch'd his Head into the ready Snare: Hence 'twas I did his Troops at first admit; But such, whose Numbers could no Fears beget;

By

By them th' Emperor's Party first I slew, Then turn'd my Arms the Victors to subdue.

Now. Now let the head-firong Boy my Will controul: Virtue's no Slave of Man; no Sex confines the Soul: I, for my felf, th' Imperial Seat will gain, And he shall wait my Leifure for his Reign. But Aureng-Zebe is no where to be found. And now perhaps in Death's cold Arms he lyes:

I fought, and conquer'd, yet have lost the Prize.

Zayd. The Chance of War determin'd well the Strife,

That rack'd you, 'twist the Lover and the Wife.

He's dead, whose Love had faily'd all your Reign.

He's dead, whose Love had fally'd all your Reign And made you Empress of the World in vain.

Now. No; I my Pow'r and Pleasure would divide: The Drudge had quench'd my Flames, and then had dy'd. I rage, to think without that Bliss I live; That I could wish what Fortune would not give: But, what Love cannot, Vengeance must supply; She, who bereav'd me of his Heart, shall die.

Zayd. I'll search: Far distant hence she cannot be.

[Goes in.

Nour. This wondrous Master-piece I fain would see; This fatal Helen, who can Wars inspire, Make Kings her Slaves, and set the World on fire. My Husband look'd his Jewel from my View; Or durft not set the False one by the True.

Re-enter Zayda, leading Indamora.

Zayd. Your frighted Captive, o'er she dies, receive;
Her Soul's just going else, without your leave.

Now. A fairer Creature did my Eyes ne'er fee! Sure the was form'd by Heav'n in spite to me! Some Angel copy'd, while I slept, each Grace, And molded ev'ry Feature from my Face. Such Majesty does from her Forehead rise, Her Cheeks such Blushes cast, such Ray's her Eyes, Nor I, nor Envy, can a Blemish sind; The Palace is, without, too well design'd: Conduct me in, for I will view thy Mind. Speak, if thou hast a Soul, that I may see, If Heav'n can make throughout another Me.

To ber.

Ind. My Tears and Miferies must plead my Cause; [Kneeling.

My Words, the Terror of your Presence awes: Mortals, in fight of Angels, mute become; The nobler Nature strikes th' Inseriour dumb.

Nour The Palm is, by the Foe's Confession, mine;
But I distain what basely you resign.
Heav'n did, by me, the outward Model build:
Its inward Work, the Soal, with Rubbish fill'd.
Yet, oh! th'imperfest Piece moves more Delight;
'Tis gilded o'er with Youth, to catch the Sight.
'The Gods have poorly robb'd my Virgin Bloom,
And what I am, by what I was, o'ercome.
Traitres, restore my Beauty and my Charms,
Nor steal my Conquest with my proper Arms.

Ind. What have I done, thus to inflame your Hate?

I am not Guilty, but Unfortunate.

Nour. Not Guilty, when thy Looks my Pow'r betray, Seduce Mankind, my Subject, from my Sway, Take all my Hearts, and all my Eyes away? My Husband first; but that I could forgive: He only mov'd, and talk'd, but did not live. My Aureng-Zebe, for I dare own the Name, The glorious Sin, and the more glorious Flame; Him, from my Beauty, have thy Eyes milled, And starv'd the Joys of my expected Bed.

Ind. His Love to fought, he's happy that he's dead.

O had I Courage but to meet my Fate;

That short dark Passage to a future State;

That melancholy Riddle of a Breath.

Nour. That something, or that nothing, after Death:

Take this; and teach thy self.

[Giving a Dayer.
Ind. Alas!

Nour. — Why doft thou flake?
Difhonour not the Vengeance I defigate:
A Queen, and own a base Plebeian Mind?
Let it drink deep in thy most vital Part:
Strike home, and do me reason in thy Heart.
Ind. I dare not.

Nour. Do't, while I stand by and see, At my full Gust, without the Drudgery.

I love a Foe, who dares my Stroke prevent, Who gives me the full Scene of my Content, Shows me the flying Soul's Convulsive strife, And all the Anguish of departing Life:
Distain my Mercy, and my Rage desie;
Custe me with thy last Breath; and make me see
A Spirit worthy to have Rival'd me.

Ind. Oh, I desire to die; but dare not yet: Give me some respite, I'll discharge the Debt.

Without my Ameny-Zebe I would not live. [thy Fate, Now. Thine, Traitress! thine! that word has wing'd And put me past the tedious Forms of Hate. I'll kill thee with such Eagerness and Haste, As Flends, let loose, would lay all Nature waste.

[Indamora runs back: As Nourmahal is running to her, Clashing of Swords is heard within.

Sold. Yield, y'are o'erpow'r'd: Resistance is in vain.

Within.

Mer. Then Deeth's my Choice: Submission I distain: [Within.

Nour. Retire, you Slaves: Ah whither does he run

On pointed Swords? Difarm, but fave my Soa.

Enter Morat flaggering, and upheld by Soldiers.

Mor. She lives! and I shall fee her once again!

I have not thrown away my Life in vain.

[Catches bold of Indamora's Gown, and falls by her: She fits.

I'can no more; yet, ev'n in Death, I find
My fainting Body byais'd by my Mind:
I fall toward you; ftill my contending Soul
Points to your Breaft, and trembles to its Pole.
To them, Mclefinda, haftily, casting her self on the other side
of Morat.

Mel. Ah wo, wo, wo! the worst of Woes I find! Live still: Oh live; live ev'n to be unkind. With half-still Eyes he seeks the doubtful Day; But, Ah! he bends his Sight another way.

### ers Aureng-Zese

He fainte! and in that Sigh his Soul is gone; Yet Heav'n's unmow'd, yet Heav'n looks careless on.

Noser. Where are those Pow'rs which Monarchs thould Or do they vain Authority pretend
O'er human Fates, and their weak Empire thow, Which cannot guard their Images below?
If, as their Image, he was not Divine,

If, as their Image, he was not Divine.
They ought to have respected him as mine.
I'll waken them with my Revenge; and she
Their Indannes shall my Victim bo.

And helpless Heav'n shall mourn in vais, like me.

[As she is going to siab Indemora, Morat vailes

felf, and bolds ber Hand.

Mor. Ah, what are we,
Who dare maintain with Heav'n this wretched Strike,
Puft with the Pride of Heav'n's own Gift, frail Life?
That blaft which my ambitious Spirit swell'd,
See by how weak a Tenure it was held!
I only stay to save the Innocent:
Oh envy not my Soul its last Content.

Ind. No, let me die; I'm doubly summon'd nows: First, by my Aureng-Zebe; and, since, by you.

My Soul grows hardy, and can Death endure: Your Convoy makes the dang'rous Way secure.

Mel. Let me, at least, a Funeral Marriage graye; Nor grudge my cold Embraces in the Grave. I have too just a Title in the Strife: By me, unhappy me, he lost his Life: I call'd him hither; 'twas my fatal Breath; And I the Screech-Owl that proclaim'd his Death.'

[Shous wishin. Abas. What new Alarms are these? I'll hafte and see.

Now. Look up, and live. An Empire shall be thine.

Mar. That I contemn'd, ev'n when I thought it mise.
Oh, I must yield to my hard Destinies,
And must for ever cease to see your Eyes.

Mel. Ah turn your Sight to me, my deaseft Lord! Can you not one, one parting Look afford?

Ey'n

Ev'a so unkind in Death? but 'tis in vain;
I lose my Breath, and to the Winds complain:
Yet 'tis as much in vain your cruel Scorn;
Still I can love, without this last Return.
Nor Fate, nor you, can my wow'd Faith controul;
Dying, I'll follow your discainful Soul:
A Ghost, I'll haunt your Ghost; and, where you go,
With mournful Murmurs fill the Plains below.

Mor. Be happy, Melefinda, cease to grieve, and, for a more deserving Husband, live:

Can you forgive me?

Mel. ————Can I! Oh may Heart!

Have I heard one kind Word before I part?

I can, I can forgive: Is that a Task.

To love, like maine? Are you so good to ask?

One kiss——Oh 'tis too great a Blessing this; [Kiffes hims, I would not live to violate the Bliss.

Re-enter Abas.

Abas. Some anvious Devil has ruin'd us yet more: The Fort's revolted to the Emperor; The Gates are open'd, the Portcullis drawn; And deluges of Armies, from the Town,
Come pow'ring in: I heard the mighty flaw,
When first it broke; the crowding Ensigns saw,
Which chose'd the Passage; and, (what least I fear'd,)
The waving Arms of Aurus Zebe appear'd,
Display'd with your Mona's:
In either's Flag the golden Serpents bear,
Exected Crests alike, like Volumes rear,
And mingle friendly hissings in the Air.

Their Troops are join'd, and our Destruction nigh.

New. 'Tis vain to fight, and I distain to fly.

I'll mock the Triumphs which our Foes intend;

And, spite of Fortune, make a glorious End.

In pois nous Draughts my Liberty I'll find:

And from the nauseous World set free my Mind. [Exit.

At the other end of the Sauge, enter Aureng-Zebe, Dianet,

and Attendants. Aureng-Zebe turns back, and speaks,

aur. The Lives of all, who cease from Combat, spare, My Brother's be your most peculiar Care:

Our

### 160 AURENG-ZEBE.

Our impious Use no longer shall obtain; Brothers no more, by Brothers, shall be slain.

[Seeing Indamora and Morat.]

Ha! do I dream? is this my hop'd Success? I grow a Statue, shiff, and motionless. Look, Dianes: for I dane not trust these Eyes; They dence in Mists, and dazle with Surprise, "Dis. Sir, 'sis Moras; dying he seems, or dead:

And Indamora's Hand

Thou shalt not break yet Heart, nor shall she know My inward Torments, by my outward Show; To let her see my Weakness, were too base; Dissembled Quiet sit upon my Face: My Sorrow to my Eyes no Passage sind, But let it inward sink, and drown my Mind. Falshood shall want its Triumph: I begin To stagger; but I'll prop my self within. The specious Tow'r no Ruin shall disclose, Till down, at once, the mighty Fabrick goes.

Mor. In fign that I die yours, reward my Love. [To Ind. And Seal my Pasport to the bless'd above. [Kiffing her Hand.

Ind. Oh stay; or take me with you when you go: There's nothing now worth living for below.

Mor. I leave you not; for my expanded Mind Grows up to Heav'n, while it to you is join'd: Not quitting, but enlarg'd! A blazing Fire, Fed from the Brand.

[Dies.

Mel. Ah me! he's gone! I die! Ind. — Oh difmal Day!

Fate, thou hast ravish'd my last Hope away.

[She turns, and fees Aureng-Zebe familing by her, and flares.

O Heav'n! my Aureng-Zebe—What strange Surprise! Or does my willing Mind delude my Eyes, And shows the Figure always present there? Or liv'st thou? am I bles'd, and see thee here?

Aur. My Brother's Body see convey'd with Care,

[Turning from her, to his Attendants.

Where we may Royal Sepulture prepare.

With

With speed to Melefinda bring Relief; Recal her Spirits, and moderate her Grief-

[Half turning to Indamora.

I go, to take for ever from your View Both the low'd Object, and the tasted too.

[Going away after the Bodies, which are carried off.

Ind. Hear me; yet think not that I beg your Stay: · [Luying bold of him.

I will be heard, and after take your Way: Go; but your late Repentance shall be vain:

[He struggles still: She lets him go.

I'll never, never see your Face again. ' [Turning away. Aur. Madam, I know what ever you can fay: You might be pleas'd not to command my Stay. All things are yet diforder'd in the Fort;

I must crave leave your Audience may be short. Ind. You need not fear I thall detain you long;

Yet you may tell me your pretended Wrong. Aur. Is that the Bus'ness? then my Stay is vain.

Ind. How are you injur'd?

Aur. - When did I complain? Ind. Leave off your forc'd Respect-

And show your Rage in its most furious Form: I'm arm'd with Innocence to brave the Storm. You heard, perhaps, your Brother's last Defire; And after faw him in my Arms expire: Saw me, with Tears, so great a Loss bemoan:

Heard me complaining my last Hopes were gone.

Asor. Oh stay, and take me with you when you go. There's nothing now worth living for below. Unhappy Sex! whose Beauty is your Snare; Export to Tryals; made too frail to bear. I grow a Fool, and show my Rage again: Tis Nature's Fault; and why should I complain?

Ind. Will you yet hear me? Aur. Yes, till you relate

What pow'rful Motives did your Change create. You thought me dead, and prudently did weigh Tears were but vain, and brought but Youth's decay.

Then, in Morat, your Hopes a Crown defign'd, And all the Woman work'd within your Mind. I rave again, and to my Rage return, To be again subjected to your Scorn.

Ind. I wait till this long Storm be over-blown,
Aur. I'm confcious of my Folly: I have done.
I cannot rail; but friently I'll grieve.
How did I truft! and how did you deceive!

Oh, Arimant, would I had dy'd for thee!

I dearly buy thy Generolity.

Ind. Alas, is he then dead?

. Aur. — Unknown to me, He took my Arms; and while I forc'd my Way, Through Troops of Foes, which did our Pallage stay, My Buckler o'er my aged Father cast, ... Still fighting, still defending as I past, The noble Asimon usurp'd my Name; Fought, and took from me, while he gave me, Fame, To Ascreng-Zebe, he made his Soldiers cry, And feeing not, where he heard Danger night, Shot, like a Star, through the benighted Sky. A short, but mighty Aid: At length he fell, ... iviy own Adventures 'twere lost time to tell; Or how my Army, entring in the Night, Surpris'd our Foes: The dark disorder'd fights How my Appearance, and my Father shown, Made Peace; and all the rightful Monarch own. I've sum'd it briefly, since it did relate Th'unwelcome Safety of the Man you hate.

Ind. As briefly will I clear my Innoceace;
Your alter'd Brother dy'd in my Defence,
Those Tears you saw, that Tenderness I show'd,
Were just Effects of Grief and Gratitude.

He dy'd my Convert.

Air. But your Lover too:

I heard his Words, and did your Actions view;
You feem'd to mourn another Lover dead:
My Sighs you gave him, and my Tears you shed.
But worst of all.

Your

Your Gratitude for his Defence was shown: It prov'd you valu'd Life when I was gone.

Ind. Not that I valu'd Life; but fear'd to die:

Think that my Weakness, not Inconstancy.

Aur. Fear show'd you doubted of your own Intent? And she who doubts, becomes less Innocent.

Tell me not you could fear;

Fear's a large Promiser; who subject live To that base Passion, know not what they give.

No Circumstance of Grief you did deny; And what could she give more who durst not die?

Ind. My Love, my Faith.

Aw. — Both to adult'rate grown,
When mix'd with Fear, they never could be known,
I wish no Ill might her I love befal;
But she ne'er lov'd, who durst not venture all.
Her Life and Fame should my Concernment be;

But the should only be afraid for me.

Ind. My Heart was yours; but, Oh! you left it here, Abandon'd to those Tyrants, Hope and Fear: If they forc'd from me one kind Look, or Word, Could you not that, nor that small Part afford?

Asr. If you had lov'd, you nothing yours could call; Giving the least of mine, you gave him all. True Love's a Miser; so tenacious grown,

He weighs to the least Grain of what's his own.

More delicate than Honour's nicest Sense: Neither to give nor take the least Offence.

With, or without you, I can have no rest:

What shall I do? you're lodg'd within my Breast: Your Image never will be thence displac'd;

But there it lyes, stabb'd, mangled, and defac'd.

Ind. Yet, to restore the Quiet of your Heart,

There's one way left.

Aur. — Oh name it.

Ind. ———Tis to part.

Since perfect Bliss with me you cannot prove, I scorn to bless by halves the Man I love.

Mur. Now you distract me more: Shall then the Day, Which views my Triumph, see our Loves decay?

Must

Must I new Bars to my own Joy create? Refuse, my self, what I had forc'd from Fate? What though I am not lov'd? Reason's nice Taste does our Delights destroy:

Brutes are more bless'd, who grolly feed on Joy.

Ind. Such endless Jealousies your Love pursue, I can no more be fully bless d than you. I therefore go, to free us both from Pain: I pris'd your Person, but your Crown disdain. Nay, ev'n my own-

I give it you; for fince I cannot call

Your Heart my Subject, I'll not reign at all. Exit. Aur. Go: Though thou leav'st me tortur'd on the Rack, "Twixt Shame and Pride, I cannot call thee back. She's Guiltless, and I should submit; but Oh! When she Exacts it, can I stoop so low? Yes; for she's Guiltless; - but she's Haughty too.

Great Souls long struggle e'er they own a Crime: She's gone; and leaves me no repenting Time. I'll call her now; fure, if the loves, the'll stay; Linger at least, or not go far away,

[Looks to the Door, and returns.

For ever lost, and I repent too late. My foolish Pride, would set my whole Estate, Till, at one throw, I lost all back to Fate.

To him the Emperor, drawing in Indamora: Attendants.

Emp. It must not be, that he, by whom we live, Should no Advantage of his Gift receive. Should he be wholly wretched? he alone, In this bless'd Day, a Day so much his own? I have not quitted yet a Victor's Right: I'll make you happy in your own despight. I love you still; and if I struggle hard

To give, it shows the Worth of the Reward. Ind. Suppose he has o'ercome; must I find Place Among his conquer'd Foes, and fue for Grace? Be pardon'd, and confess I lov'd not well? What though none live my Innocence to tell? I know it: Truth may own a gen'rous Pride: I clear my felf, and care for none befide.

Aur. Oh, Indamora, you would break my Heart! Could you refolve, on any terms, to part? I thought your Love eternal: Was it ty'd So loofly, that a Quarrel could divide? I grant that my Suspicions were unjust; But would you leave me for a small Distrust? Forgive those foolish Words-[Kneeling to her. They were the Froth my raging Folly mov'd, When it boil'd up: I knew not then I lov'd; Yet then lov d most.

Ind. [To Aur.] You would but half be bleft!

[Giving her Hand, smiling,

-Oh do but try My eager Love: I'll give my felf the lye. The very hope is a full Happiness; Yet feantly measures what I shall possess. Ency it self, ev'n in Enjoyment, is But a dumb Judge, and cannot tell its Blis. Emp. Her Eyes a secret yielding do confess, And promise to partake your Happiness. May all the Joys I did my felf pursue, Be rais'd by her, and multiply'd on you.

A Procession of Priests, Slaves following, and last Melesinda in White.

Ind. Alas! what means this Pomp? Aur. Tis the Procession of a Funeral Vow, Which cruel Laws to Indian Wives allow, When fatally their Virtue they approve; Chearful in Flames, and Martyrs of their Love.

Ind. Oh my foreboding Heart! th' Event I fear;

And see! sad Melesmada does appear.

Mel. You wrong my Love; what Grief do I betray? This is the Triumph of my Nuptial Day. My better Nuptials; which, in spight of Fate, For ever join me to my dear Morat. Now I am pleas'd; my Jealousies are o'er: He s mine; and I can lose him now no more, Emp. Let no falle show of Fame your Reason blind. Ind. You have no Right to die; he was not kind.

**166** Mel. Had he been kind, I could no Love have shown; Each vulgar Virtue would as much have done. My Love was fuch, it needed no return; But could, though he fupply'd no Fuel, burn. Rich in it self, like Elemental Fire, Whose pureness does no Aliment require. In vain you would bereave me of my Lord; For I will die: Die is too base a Word. I'll feek his Breaft, and kindling by his Side, Adorn'd with Flames, I'll mount a glorious Bride. [Ext. Enter Nourmahal distracted, with Zayda. Zayd. She's loft, she's lost! but why do I complain For her, who generously did Life distain! Poison'd, she raves-Th' invenom'd Body does the Soul attack: Th'invenom'd Soul works its own Poison back. Nour. I burn, I more than burn; I am all fire: See how my Mouth and Nostrils Flame expire. I'll not come near my felf-Now I'm a burning Lake, it rowls and flows; I'll rush, and pour it all upon my Focs. Pull, pull that reverend Piece of Timber near: Throw't on-tis dry-twill burn-Ha, ha! how my old Husband crackles there! Keep him down, keep him down, turn him about: I know him; he'll but whiz, and ffrait go out. Fan me, you Winds: what, not one Breath of Air? I burn 'em all, and yet have Flames to spare. Quench me: Pour on whole Rivers. 'Tis in vain: Morat stands there to drive 'em back again: . With those huge Bellows in his Hands, he blows

See, see, there's Aureng-Zebe too takes his Part; But he blows all his Fire into my Heart. Aur. Alas, what Fury's this?

New Fire into my Head: My Brain-pan glows.

Nour. \_\_\_\_That's he, that's he! [Staring upon him, and catching at him.

I know the dear Man's Voice: And this my Rival, this the curfed She,

### AURENG-ZEBE.

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They kis; into each others Arms they run; Cloie, close, close! must I see, and must have none? I Thou art not hers: Give me that eager Kiss.

Ingrateful! have I tost Moras for this?

Will you?—— before my Face?—— poor helples I

See all, and have my Hell before I die! [Sinks down]

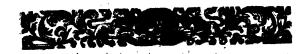
e all, and have my Hell before I die! [Sinks down].

Emp. With thy last Breath thou hast thy Crimes confest:

Farewel; and take, what thou ne'er gav'it me, Reft. But you, my Son, receive it better here:

[Giving him Indamora's Hands
The just Rewards of Love and Honour wear.
Receive the Mistress you so long have serv'd;
Receive the Crown your Loyalty preserv'd.
Take you the Reins, while I from Cares remove,
And sleep within the Chariot which I drove.





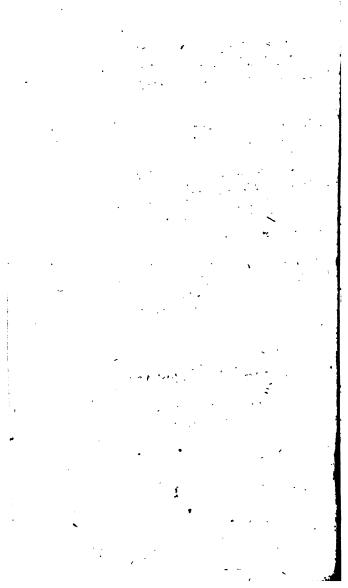
### EPILOGUE

Pretty Task! med fo I told the Fool, Who needs would undertake to please by Rule: He thought that, if his Characters were good, The Scenes entire, and freed from Noise and Blood; The Action great, yet circumscrib'd by Time, The Words not fore'd, but fliding into Rhime, The Passions rais'd, and calm'd by just Degrees, As Tides are swell'd, and then retire to Seas; He thought, in hitting these, his Bus'ness done, Though he, perhaps, has fail'd in eu'ry one: But, after all, a Poet must confess, His Art's like Physick, but a happy Guess. Your Pleasure on your Fancy must depend: The Lady's pleas'd, just as she likes her Friend. No Song! no Dance! no Show! he fears you'll fay, You love all naked Beauties, but a Play. He much mistakes your Methods to delight; And, like the French, abbors our Target-fight: But these damn'd Dogs tan never be i'th' Right. True English hate your Monsieur's paltry Arts. For you are all Silk-weavers, in your Hearts. Bold Britons, at a brave Bear-garden Fray, Are rouz'd: And, clatt'ring Sticks, cry, Play, play, play. Mean time, your filthy Foreigner will stare, And mutter to himself, Ha gens Barbare! And

### EPILOGUE.

And, Gad, 'tis well be musters; well for him; Our Butchers else would tear him Limb from Limb. Tis true, the time may come, your Sons may be Infelled with this French Civility; But this in After-ages will be done: Our Poet writes a hundred Years too foon. This Age comes on toe flow, or he too fast: And early Springs are subject to a Blast! Who would excel, when few can make a Test Betwixt indiffrent Writing and the beft? For Favours cheap and common, who wou'd strive, Which, like abandon'd Prostitutes, you give? Itt scatter'd here and there I some beheld, Who can discern the Tinsel from the Gold: To these he writes; and, if by them allow'd, "Ils their Prerogative to rule the Crowd. For he more fears (like a prefuming Man) Their Votes who cannot judge, than theirs who can.





# ALL for LOVE:

OR, THE

World well Lost.

A

TRAGEDY.

As it is Acted at the

THEATER-ROYAL,

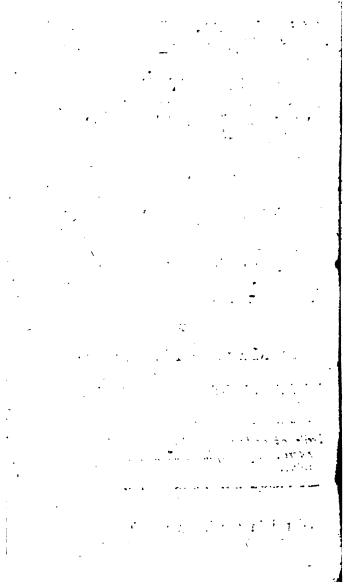
B Y

His MAJESTY'S Servants:

And Written in Imitation of Shakespear's St

Facile est verbum aliquod ardens (ut ita dicam) notare: idque restinctis animorum incendiis irridere. Cicero.

Printed in the YEAR MDCCXVII.





### To the Right Honourable

## T H O M A S

Earl of Danby, Viscount Latimer, and Baron Osborne of Kiveton in Yorkshire, Lord High Treasurer of England, one of his Majesty's most Honourable Privy-Council, and Knight of the most Noble Order of the Garter, &c.

My LORD,

HE Gratitude of Poets is so troublesome a Virtue to great Men, that
you are often in Danger of your own
Benefits: For you are threaten'd with
some Epiftle, and not suffer'd to do
great in quiet, or, to compound for

good in quiet, or to compound for their Silence whom you have oblig'd. Yet, I confess, I neither am nor ought to be furpriz'd at this ladulgence: For your Lordship has the same H 3 Right

### The Epiftle Dedicatory.

Right to favour Poetry, which the Great and Noble have ever had.

- Carmen amat, quifquis carmine digna gerit.

There is somewhat of a tie in Nature betwire those who are Born for worthy Actions, and those who can transmit them to Posterity: And though ours be much the inferior Part, it comes at least within the Verge of Alliance; nor are we unprofitable Members of the Commonwealth, when we animate others to those Virtues, which

we copy and describe from you.

'Tis indeed their Interest, who endeavour the Subversion of Governments, to discourage Poets and Historians; for the best which can happen to them, is, to be forgotten: But such who, under Kings, are the Fathers of their Country, and by a juit and prudent ordering of Affairs preserve it, have the same reason to cherish the Chroniclers of their Actions, as they have to lay up in Safety the Deeds and Evidences of their Estates: For fuch Records are their undoubted Titles to the Love and Reverence of After ages. Your Lordship's Administration has already taken up a contiderable part of the English Annals; and many of its most happy Years are owing to it. Majesty, the most knowing Judge of Men, and the best Master, has acknowledg'd the Ease and Benefit he receives in the Incomes of his Tresfury, which you found not only disorder'd, but exhausted. All things were in the confusion of a Chaos, without Form or Method, if not reduced beyond it, even to Annihilation: So that you had not only to separate the jarring Elements, but (if that boldness of Expression might be allow'd

### The Epifile Dedicatory.

low'd me) to create- them. Your Enemieshad so embroyl'd the Management of your Office, that they look'd on your Advancement as the Instrument of your Ruin. And as if the clog-ing of the Revenue, and the confusion of Accounts, which you found in your entrance, were not sufficient, they added their own weight of Malice to the publick Calamity, by forestalling the Credit which shou'd cure it: Your Friends on the other fide were only capable of pitying, but not of aiding you: No farther Help or Counfel was remaining to you, but what was founded on your felf: And that indeed was your Security: For your Diligence, your Constancy, and your Prudence, wrought more furely within, when they were not disturb'd by any outward Motion. The highest Virtue is best to be trusted with it felf, for Affistance only can be given by a Genius Superior to that which it affifts. And tis the noblest kind of Debt, when we are only oblig'd to God and Nature. This then, my Lord, is your just Commendation, that you have wrought out your felf a way to Glory, by those very Means that were defign'd for your Destruction: You have not only reftor'd, but advanc'd the Revenues of your Master, without Grievance to the Subject : And as if that were little yet, the Debts of the Exchequer, which lay heaviest both on the Crown, and on private Persons, have by your Conduct been established in a certainty of Satisfaction. Au Action so much the more Great and Honourable, because the Case was without the ordinary Relief of Laws; above the Hopes of the Afflicted, and beyond the narrowness of the Treasury to redress, had it been managed by a less able Hand. Tis certainly the happiest, and H A most

### The Epifile Dedicatory.

most unenvy'd part of all your Fortune, to do good to many, while you do Injury to none: To receive at once the Prayers of the Subject, and the Praises of the Prince: And by the Care of your Conduct, to give him Means of exerting the chiefest, (if any be the chiefest) of his Royal Virtues, his distributive Justice to the Deserving, and his Bounty and Compassion to the Wanting. The Disposition of Princes towards their People, cannot better be discover'd than in the Choice of their Ministers: Who, like the Animal Spirits betwixt the Soul and Body, participate fornewhat of both Natures, and make the Communication which is betwire them. A King, who is just and moderate in his Nature, who rules according to the Laws, whom God made happy by forming the Temper of his Soul to the Constitution of his Government, and who makes us happy, by affurning over us no other Sovereignty than that wherein our Welfare and Liberty confifts; a Prince, I say, of so excellent a Character, and so faitable to the Wishes of all good Men, could not better have convey'd himself into his Peoples Apprehensions, than in your Lordship's Person; who so lively express the same Virtues, that you feem not so much a Copy, as an Emanation of him. Moderation is doubtless an Establishment of Greatness; but there is a steadiness of Temper which is likewise requisite in a Minister of State: So equal a Mixture of both Virtues, that he may fland like an Isthmus betwirt the two encroaching Seas of arbitrary Power, and lawlefs Anarchy. The Undertaking would be difficult to any but an extraordinary Genius, to stand at the Line, and to divide the Limits; to pay what is due to the great Representative of the Nation, and neither

### The Epifile Dedicatory.

ther to inhance, nor to yield up the undoubted Prerogatives of the Crown. These, my Lord, are the proper Virtues of a Noble Englishman, as indeed they are properly English Virtues: No People in the World being capable of using them, but we who have the Happiness to be born under so equal, and so well-pois'd a Government. A Government which has all the Advantages of Liberty beyond a Commonwealth, and all the Marks of Kingly Sovereignty without the danger of a Tyranny. Both my Nature, as I am an Englishman, and my Reason, as I am a Man, have bred. in me a loathing to that specious Name of a Republick: That Mock-appearance of a Liberry, where all who have not part in the Government, are Slaves: And Slaves they are of a viler Note. than such as are Subjects to an absolute Dominion. For no Christian Monarchy is so absolute, but 'tis circumscrib'd with Laws: But when the Executive Power is in the Law-makers, there is no farther Check upon them; and the People must fuffer without a Remedy, because they are oppress'd by their Representatives. If I must serve, the number of my Masters, who were born my-Equals, would but add to the ignominy of my-Bondage. The Nature of our Government ahove all others, is exactly suited both to the Situation of our Country, and the Temper of the Natives: An Mand being more proper for Commerce and for Defence, than for extending its. Dominions on the Continent: For what the Valour of its Inhabitants might gain, by reason of its remoteness, and the casualties of the Seas, it con'd not so easily preserve: And therefore, nei-ther the arbitrary Power of one in a Monarchy, nor of many in a Commonwealth, could make: Hc

### The Epistle Dedicatory.

us greater than we are. 'Tis true, that vafter and more frequent Taxes might be gather'd, when the Consent of the People was not ask'd or needed, but this were only by conquering abroad to be poor at home: And the Examples of our Neighbours teach us, that they are not always the happiest Subjects, whose Kings extend their Dominions farthest. Since therefore we cannot win by an Offensive War, at least a Land-War, the Model of our Government seems naturally contriv'd for the Defensive part: And the consent of a People is easily obtain'd to contribute to that Power which must protect it. Felices nimium bona si sua norint, Angligena! And yet there are not wanting Malecontents amongst us, who furfeiting themselves on too much Happiness, wou'd persuade the People that they might be happier by a Change. 'Twas indeed the Policy of their old Forefather, when himself was fallen from his Station of Glory, to seduce Mankind into the same Rebellion with him, by telling him he might yet be freer than he was: That is, more free than his Nature would allow, or (if I may so say) than God cou'd make him. We have already all the Liberty which Free-born Subjects can enjoy: and all beyond it is but Licence. But if it be Liberty of Conscience which they pretend, the Moderation of our Church is such, that its Pra-Lice extends not to the Severity of Persecution, and its Discipline is withal so easie, that it allows more freedom to Dissenters than any of the Sects would allow to it. In the mean time, what Right can be pretended by these Men to attempt Innovations in Church or State? Who made them the Trustees, or (to speak a little neater their own Language) the Keepers of the Liberty

### The Epiftle Dedicatory.

of England? If their Call be extraordinary, let. them convince us by working Miracles; for ordinary Vocation they can have none to differp, the Government under which they were boru, and which, protects them. He who has often chang'd his Party, and always has made his Interest the Rule of it, gives little Evidence of his Sin, cerity for the Publick Good,: 'Fis manifest ha changes but for himself, and takes the Penple for Tools to work his Fortune. Yet the Exper rience of all Ages might let him know; that they who trouble the Waters first, have seldom, the benefit of the Fishing: As they who began she last Rebellion, enjoy'd not the Fruit of their Undertaking, but were crush'd themselves by the Usurpation of their own Instrument. - Neither is it enough for them to answer, that they only intend a Reformation of the Government, but not the Subversion of it: On such Pretences all Insurrections have been founded: 'Tis striking at the Root of Power, which is Obedience. Every Remonstrance of private Men, has the Seed of Treafon in it; and Discourses which are conch'd in ambiguous Terms, are therefore the more dangerous, because they do all the Mischief of open Sedition, yet are safe from the Punishment of the Laws. These, my Lord, are Considerations which I should not pass so lightly over, had I room to manage them as they deferve: For no Man can be so inconsiderable in a Nation, as not to have a Share in the Welfare of it; and if he be a true Englishman, he must at the same time be fir'd with Indignation, and revenge himself as he can on the Disturbers of his Country. And to whom could I more fitly apply my felf, than to your Lordship, who have not only an inborn, but an here-

### The Epistle Dedicatory.

hereditary Loyalty? The memorable Confrancy and Sufferings of your Father, almost to the Ruin of his Estate for the Royal Cause, were an earnof that, which such a Parent and such an Institution would produce in the Person of a Son. But so unhappy an Occasion of manifesting your own Zeal in fuffering for his present Majesty, the Providence of God, and the Prudence of your Administration, will, I hope, prevent. your Pather's Fortune waited on the Unhappiness of his Sovereign, so your own may participate of the better Fate which attends his Son. Relation which you have by Alliance to the Noble Family of your Lady, serves to confirm to you both this happy Augury. For what can deserve a greater Place in the English Chronicle, than the Loyalty and Courage, the Actions and Death of the General of an Army fighting for his Prince and Country? The Honour and Gallantry of the Earl of Lindsey is so illustrious a Subject, that 'tis fit to adorn an Heroick Poem; for he was the Proto-Martyr of the Cause, and the Type of his unfortunate Royal Master.

Yet, after all, my Lord, if I may speak my Thoughts, you are happy rather to us than to your self: For the Multiplicity, the Cares, and the Vexations of your Imployment, have betrayed you from your self, and given you up into the Possession of the Publick. You are robb'd of your Privacy and Friends, and scarce any Hour of your Life you can call your own. Those who envy your Fortune, if they wanted not good Nature, might more justly pity it; and when they see you watch'd by a croud of Suitors, whose importunity 'tis impossible to avoid, would conclude with Reason, that you have lost much more

### The Epistle Dedicatory.

in true Content, than you have gain'd by Dignity; and that a private Gentleman is better attended by a fingle Servant, than your Lordship with so clamorous a Train. Pardon me, my Lord, if I speak like a Philosopher on this Subject; the Fortune which makes a Man uneasse, cannot make him happy: And a Wise Man must think himself uneasse, when sew of his Actions are in his Choice.

This last Consideration has brought me to another, and a very seasonable one for your Relief; which is, That while I pity your want of Leisure, I have impertmently detained you so long a time. I have put off my own Business, which was my Dedication, 'till 'tis so late, that I am now ssham'd to begin it: And therefore I will say nothing of the Poem, which I present to you, because I know not if you are like to have an Hour, which, with a good Conscience, you may throw away in perusing it: And for the Author, I have only to beg the continuance of your Protection to him, who is,

My LORD,

Your Lordship's most Oblig'd, most Humble, and most Obedient Servant,

JOHN DRYDEN.





HE Death of Antony and Cleopatra is a Subject which has been treated by the greatest Wits of our Nation, after Shake-spear; and by all so variously, that their Example has given me the Considence to try my self in this Bow of Ulyses amongst the Croud of Shooters; and, withal, to take

my own Measures, in aiming at the Mark. I doubt not but the same Motive has prevailed with all of us in this Attempt; I mean the Excellency of the Moral: For the chief Persons represented, were famous Patterns of unlawful Love; and their End accordingly was unfortunate. All reasonable Men have long since concluded, That the Heroe of the Poem ought not to be a Chara-Acr of perfect Virtue, for then he could not, without Infustice, be made unhappy; nor yet altogether wicked, because he could not then be pitied. I have therefore steer'd the middle Course; and have drawn the Character of Anteny as favourably as Platarch, Appian, and Diss Cassius would give me leave: The like I have observ'd in Cleebatra. That which is wanting to work up the Pity to a greater heighth, was not afforded me by the Story: For the Crimes of Love which they both committed, were not occasion'd by any Necessity, or fatal Ignorance, but were wholly voluntary; fince our Passions are, or ought to be, within our Power. The Fabrick of the Play is regular enough, as to the inferior Parts of it; and

the Unities of Time, Place and Action, more exactly ob-ferv'd, than, perhaps, the English Theater requires. Particularly, the Action is so much one, that it is the only of the kind without Episode, or Underplot; every Scene in the Tragedy conducing to the main Delign, and every Act concluding with a turn of it. The greatest Error in the Contrivance seems to be in the Person of Odavia: For, though I might use the privilege of a Poet, to introduce her into Alexandria, yet I had not enough consider'd, that the Compassion she mov'd to her self and Children, was destructive to that which I reserv'd for Antony and Cleopatra; whose mutual Love being founded upon Vice, must lessen the Favour of the Audience to them, when Virtue and Innocence were oppress'd by it. And, though I justified Antony in some measure, by making Octavia's departure to proceed wholly from her felf; yet the force of the first Machine still remain'd; and the dividing of Pity, like the cutting of a River into many Channels, abated the strength of the natural Stream. But this is an Objection which none of my Criticks have urg'd against me; and therefore I might have let it pass, if I could have resolv'd to have been partial to my felf. The Faults my Enemies have found, are rather Cavils concerning little, and not effential Decencies; which a Master of the Céremonies may decide betwixt us. The French Poets, I confess, are strict Observers of these Punctilio's: They would not, for Example, have suffer'd Cleopatra and Offavia to have met: or if they had met, there must only have pass'd betwixt them some cold Civilities, but no eagerness of repartee, for fear of offending against the Greatness of their Characters. and the Modesty of their Sex. This Objection I forefaw, and at the fame time contemn'd: For I judg'd it both natural and probable, that Octavia, proud of her new-gain'd Conquest, would search out Cleopatra to triumph over her; and that Cleopatra thus attack'd, was not of a Spirit to shun the Encounter: And 'tis not unlikely, that two exasperated Rivals should use such Satyr as I have put into their Mouths; for after all, though the one were a Roman, and the other a Queen, they were both : ٤

Women. 'Tis true, some Actions, though Natural, are not fit to be represented; and broad Obscenities in Words, ought in good Manners to be avoided: Expressions therefore are a modest Cloathing of our Thoughts, as Breeches and Petticoats are of our Bodies. If I have kept my self within the Bounds of Modesty, all beyond it is but Nicety and Assectation; which is no more but Modesty depray'd into a Vice: They betray themselves who are too quick of Apprehension in such Cases, and leave all reasonable Men to imagine worse of them, than of the Poet.

Honest Montaigne goes yet farther: Nous ne sommes que ceremonie; la ceremonie nous emporte, & laissons la substance des choses: Nous nous tenons aux branches, & abandomnons le tronc & le corps. Nous avons appris aux Dames de rougin, eyans seulement nommer ce qu'elles ne craignent aucunement à faire: Nous n'osons appeller à droist nos membres, & ne traignons pas de les employer à toute sorte de debauche. La ceremonie nous desend exprimer par paroles les choses licites & maturelles, & nous l'en croyons; la raison nous desend de n'en faire point d'illictes & maturaises, & personne ne le'n croid. My Comfort is, that by this Opinion my Enemies are but sucking Criticks, who would fain be nibbling e'er their Teeth are come.

Yet, in this Nicety of Manners does the Excellency of French Poetry confist: Their Heroes are the most civil People breathing; but their good Breeding feldom extends to a Word of Sense: All their Wit is in their Ceremony; they want the Genius which animates our Stage; and therefore 'tis but necessary when they cannot please, that they should take care not to offend. But, as the civilest Man in the Company is commonly the Dullest, so these Authors, while they are afraid to make you laugh or cry, out of pure good Manners, make you skep. They are so careful not to exasperate a Critick, that they never leave him any Work; so busic with the Broom, and make so clean a Riddance, that there is little left either for Censure or for Praise: For no Part of a Poem is worth our Discommending, where the whole is infipid; as when we have once tafted of pall'd

pall'd Wine, we stay not to examine it Glass by Glass. But while they affect to shine in Trifles, they are often careless in Essentials. Thus their Hippolyesus is so scrupulous in Point of Decemey, that he will rather expose himself to Death, than accuse his Step-mother to his Father; and my Criticks I am fure will commend him for it : But we of grosser Apprehensions, are apt to think that this Excels of Generosity, is not practicable but with Fools and Madmen. This was good Manners with a Vengeance; and the Audience is like to be much concern'd at the Misfortunes of this admirable Heroe: But take Hippelysus out of his Poetick Fit, and I suppose he would think it a wifer Part; to fet the Saddle on the right Horse, and chuse rather to live with the Reputation of a plain-spoken honest Man, than to die with the Infamy of an incestuous Villain. In the mean time we may take notice, that where the Poet ought to have preserv'd the Character as it was deliver'd to us by Antiquity, when he should have given us the Picture of a rough young Man, of the Amazonian strain, a jolly Huntsman, and both by his Profession and his early rising a Mertal Enemy to Love, he has chosen to give him the turn of Gallantry, sent him to Travel from Athens to Paris, taught him to make Love, and transform'd the Hippolyeus of Euripides into Monsieur Hippolite. I should not have troubled my felf thus far with French Poets, but that I find our Chedreux Criticks wholly form their Judgments by them. But for my Part, I defire to be try'd by the Laws of my own Country; for it seems unjust to me, that the Bench should prescribe here, till they have conquer'd. Our little Sonnettiers who follow them, have too narrow Souls to judge of Poetry, Poets themselves are the most proper, though I conclude not the only Criticks. But till fome Genius, as Universal as Aristotle, shall arise, one who can penetrate into all Arts and Sciences, without the Practice of them, I shall think it reasonable, that the Judgment of an Artificer in his own Art should be preferable to the Opinion of another Man; at least where he is not brib'd by Interest, or prejudic'd by Malice: and this, I suppose, is manifest by plain Industion: For, first, the Crowd

Crowd cannot be prefum'd to have more than a grafs Instinct, of what pleases or displeases them: Every Man will grant me this; but then, by a particular Kindness to himself, he draws his own Stake first, and will be distinguish'd from the Multitude, of which other Men may think him one. But, if I come closer to those who are allow'd for witty Men, either by the Advantage of their Quality, or by common Fame, and affirm that neither are they qualified to decide Sovereignly concerning Poetry, I shall yet have a strong Party of my Opinion; for most of them severally will exclude the Rest, either from the Number of witty Men, or at least of able Judges. But here again they are all indulgent to themselves: And every one who believes himself a Wit, that is, every Man, will pretend at the same time to a Right of Judging. But to press it yet farther, there are many witty Men, but few Poets; neither have all Poets a Taste of Tragedy. And this is the Rock on which they are daily splitting. Poetry, which is a Picture of Nature, must generally please: But 'tis not to be understood that all Parts of it must please every Man; Therefore is not Tragedy to be judg'd by a witty Man, whose Taste is only confin'd to Comedy. Nor is every Man who loves Tragedy, a fufficient Judge of it: He must understand the Excellencies of it too, or he will only prove a blind Admirer, not a Critick. hence it comes that so many Satyrs on Poets, and Cenfures of their Writings, fly abroad. Men of pleasant Conversation, (at least esteem'd so) and indu'd with a triffing Kind of Fancy, perhaps help'd out with some smattering of Latin, are ambitious to distinguish themselves from the Herd of Gentlemen, by their Poetry;

#### Rarus enim ferme sensus communis in illa Fortuna.

And is not this a wretched Affectation, not to be contented with what Fortune has done for them, and fit down quietly with their Estates, but they must call their Wits in question, and needlesly expose their Nakedoess

o publick View? Not confidering that they are not to expect the same Approbation from sober Men, which they have found from their Flatterers after the third Bottle? If a live glittering in Discourse has pass'd them on us for witt) Men, where was the Necessity of undeceiving the World? Would a Man who has an ill Title to an Estate, but yet is in Possession of it, would be bring it of his own accord, to be try'd at Westminster ? We who write, if we want the Talent, yet have the Excuse that we do it for a poor Subfiftence; but what can be urg'd in their Defence, who not having the Vocation of Poverty to scribble, out of meer Wantonness take Pains to make themselves ridiculous? Horace was certainly in the Right, where he said, That no Man is satisfied with his own Condition. A Poet is not pleas'd because he is not rich; and the Rich are discontented, because the Poets will not admit them of their Number. Thus the Case is hard with Writers: If they succeed not, they must starve; and if they do, some malicious Satyr is prepar'd to level them for daring to please without their Leave. But while they are so eager to destroy the Fame of others, their Ambition is manifest in their Concernment: Some Poem of their own is to be preduc'd, and the Slaves are to be laid flat with their Faces on the Ground, that the Monarch may appear in the greater Majesty.

Dionylius and Nero had the same Longings, but with all their Power they could never bring their Business well about. 'Tis tue, they proclaim'd themselves Poets by Sound of Trumpet; and Poets they were upon pain of Death to any Man who durst call them otherwise. The Audience had a fine time on't, you may imagine; they sate in a bodily sear, and look'd as demurely as they could: For twas a hanging Matter to laugh unseasonably; and the Tyrants were suspicious, as they had reason, that their Subjects had 'em in the Wind: So, every, Man in his own Desence set as good a Face upon the Business as he could: 'Twas known before hand that the Monarchs were to be crown'd Laureats; but when the Show was over, and an honest Man was suffered to depart

quietly, he took out his Laughter which he had stiffed; with a firm Resolution never more to see an Emperor's Play, though he had been ten Years a making it. In the mean time the true Poets were they who made the best Markets, for they had Wit enough to yield the Prize with a good Grace, and not contend with him who had thirty Legions: They were fure so be rewarded if they confess'd themselves bad Writers, and that was somewhat better than to be Martyrs for their Reputation. Lucan's Example was enough to teach them Manners; and after be was put to Death, for overcoming New, the Emperor carried it without Dispute for the best Poet in his Dominions; No Man was ambitious of that grinning Honour; for if he heard the malicious Trumpeter proclaiming his Name before his Betters, he know there was but one way with him. Mecanas took another Course, and we know he was more than a great Man, for he was witty too: But finding himself far gone in Poetry, which Somece affures us was not his Talent, he thought it his best way to be well with Virgil and with Horace; that at least he might be a Poet at the second hand; and we see how happily it has succeeded with him; for his own bad Poetry is forgotten, and their Panegyricks of him still remain. But they who should be our Patrons, are fer no such expensive ways to Fame: They have much of the Poetry of Mecanas, but little of his Liberality. are for persecuting Horses and Virgil, in the Persons of their Successors, (for fuch is every Man, who has any part of their Soul and Fire, though in a less degree.) Some of their little Zanies yet go farther; for they are Persecutors even of Horace himself, as far as they are able, by their ignorant and vile Imitations of him; by making an unjust use of his Authority, and turning his Artillery against his Friends. But how would he diidain to be copy'd by fuch Hands! I dare answer for him, he would be more uneasse in their Company, than he was with Criffinus their Forefather in the Hoby Way; and would no more have allow'd them a place amongst the Criticks, than he would Demetrins the Mimick, and IIgellins the Buffoon; . . .

- Demetth

### PRBFACE.

Demetri, reque Tigelli, Discipulorum inter jubeo plorare Cathedras.

With what Scora would he look down on fuch miferable Translators, who make Doggrel of his Latin, mistake his Meaning, mis-apply his Censures, and often contrabio their own? He is fix'd as a Land-Mark to set out the Bounds of Poetry,

\_\_\_\_Saxum antiquum, ingens, Limes upro possens, litem ut discerneret arvis:

But other Arms than theirs, and other Sinews are required, to raise the weight of such an Author; and when they would toss him against their Enemies.

Genua labant, gelidus concrevit frigore funguis, Tum lapis ipfe, viri vacuum per inane volutus Nec spasium evasit totum, nec pertulit ictum.

For my part, I would wish no other Revenge, either for my felf or the rest of the Poets, from this Rhyming ladge of the Twelve-Penny Gallery, this Legitimate Son of Stermhold, than that he would subscribe his Name to his Censure, or (not to tax him beyond his Learning) Let his Mark: For thould he own himself publickly, and come from behind the Lion's Skin, they whom he condemns would be thankful to him, they whom he praises would chuse to be condemn'd; and the Magistrates whom he has elected, would modefuly withdraw from their Employment, to avoid the Scandal of his Nomination. The Sharpnels of his Satyr, next to himself, falls most heavily on his Friends, and they ought never to forgive him for commending them perpetually the wrong Way; and sometimes by contrastes. If he have a Friend whose hastiness in writing is his greatest Fault, Horace would have taught him to have mined the Master, and to have called it readilities of Thought, and a flowing

flowing Fancy: for Friendship will allow a Man to Christen an Imperfection by the Name of some neighbour Virtue:

> Vellem in amicitid sic erraremus; & ifii Err ri, nomen virtus posuisset honestum.

But he would never have allow'd him to have call'd a flow Man hafty, or a hafty Writer a flow Drudge, as Juvenal explains its

Canibus pigris, scabieque vetustă Levibus, & sicca lambentibus ora lucerna Nomen erit, Pardus, Tygris, Leo; si quid adbuc est Quod fremit in terris violentius.

Yet Lucretius laughs at a foolish Lover, even for excusing the Impersections of his Mistress:

Nigra perline of est, immenda & foetida dnos por Balba loqui non quit, travilges, muta pudens est, &c.

But to drive it ad Ethiopem Cygnum is not to be indur'd. I leave him to interpret this by the Benefit of his French Version on the other side, and without farther considering him, than I have the Rest of my illiterate Censors, whom I have distain'd to answer, because they are not qualified for Judges. It remains that I acquaint the Reader, that I have endeavour'd in this Play to sollow the Practice of the Ancients, who, as Mr. Rymer has judiciously observ'd, are and ought to be our Markers. Horace likewise gives it for a Rule in his Art of Poetry.

Vos exemplaria Graca Nocturna versate manu, versate diurna.

Yet, though their Models are regular, they are too title for English Tragedy; which requires to be built in

a larger Compass. I could give an Instance in the Oedipus Tyramus, which was the Master-piece of Sophocles; but I referve it for a more fit Occasion, which I hope to have hereafter. In my Stile I have profes'd to imitate the Divine Shakespear; which that I might perform more freely, I have difincumber'd my felf from Rhyme: Not that I condemn my former Way, but that this is more proper to my present Purpose. I hope I need not to explain my felf, that I have not copy'd my Author fervilely: Words and Phrases must of Necessity receive a Change in succeeding Ages: But 'tis almost a Miracle that much of his Language remains so pure; and that he who began Dramatick Poetry amongst us, untaught by any, and, as Ben Johnson tells us, without Learning, should by the force of his own Genius perform so much, that in a manner he has left no Praise for any who come after him. The Occasion is fair, and the Subject would be pleasant to handle the Difference of Stiles betwixt him and Fletcher, and wherein, and how far they are both to be imitated. But fince I must not be over-confident of my own Performance after him, it will be Prudence in me to be Silent. Yet, I hope, I may affirm, and without Vanity, that by imitating him, I have excell'd my felf throughout the Play; and particularly, that I prefer the Scene betwixt Antony and Ventidius in the first Act, to any thing which I have written in this kind.





## PROLOGUE

THAT Flacks of Criticks hover here to Day, As Vultures wait on Armies for their Prey, All gaping for the Carcass of a Play! With croaking Notes they bode some dire Event, And follow dying-Peets by the Scent. Ours gives himself for gone; you've watch'd your Time! He fights this Day unarm'd; without his Rhyme. And brings a Tale which often has been sold ; As fad as Dido's; and almost as old. His Heroe, whom you Wits his Bully call, Bates of his Mettle; and scarce Rants at all: He's formerchat lend; but a well-meating Mind; Weeps much; fights little; but is wond rous kind. In short, a Pattern, and Companion sit, For all the keeping Tonies of the Pit. I could name more; a Wife, and Mistress too; Both (to be plain) too good for most of you: The Wife well-natured, and the Mistress true.

Now, Poets, if your Fame has been his Care; Allow him all the Candour you can fpare.

A brave Man scorns to Quarrel once a Day;
Like Hellors, in at every petty Fray.

Let these seal Fault whose Wit's so very small,

These well to show that they can think as all:

Ditt.

### PROLOGUE.

Errors like Straws upon the Surface flow; He who would search for Pearls, must dive below. Fops may have leave to level all they can; As Pigmies would be glad to lop a Man. Half-Wits are Fleas; so little and so light, We scarce could know they live, but that they bite. But, as the Rich, when tir'd with daily Feasts, For change, become their next poor Tenant's Guests; Drink hearty Draughts of Ale, from plain brown Bowls, And fnatch the homely Rasher from the Coals: So you, restring from much better Cheer, For once, may venture to do Penance here. And since that plenteous Autumn now is past, Whose Grapes and Peaches have induly'd your Taste, Take in good Part, from our poor Poet's Board, Such rivell'd Fruits as Winter can afford.



## Dramatis Personæ.

### MEN.

Marc Antony.
Ventidius, his General.
Dolabella, his Friend.
Alexas, the Queen's Eunuch.

Serapion, Priest of Isis.
Another Priest.

Servants to Anthony.

Mr. Hart. Mr. Mobun. Mr. Clarke, Mr. Goodman. Mr. Griffin.

Mr. Griffin. Mr. Coyfo.

WOMEN.

Cleopatra, Queen of Egyps. Offavia, Antony's Wife.

Charmion, Cleopatra's Maids.

Iras,

Antony's two little Daughters.

Mrs. Boatell. Mrs. Corey.

SCENE ALEXANDRIA.



# ALL for LOVE:

OR, THE

# World well Lost.

## ACTI SCENE 1.

SCENE, The Temple of Isis.

Enter Serapion, Myris, Priests of Isis.

SERAPION.



Ortents, and Prodigies, are grown to frequent,
That they have lost their Name. Our
fruitful Nile [Torrent
Flow'd e're the wonted Season, with a
So unexpected, and so wondrous fierce,
That the wild Deluge overtook the haste

Ev'n of the Hinds that watch'd it: Men and Beafts
Were born above the Tops of Trees, that grew
On th'utmost Margia of the Water-mark.
Then, with so swift an Ebb, the Flood drove backward,
It dipt from underneath the Scaly Herd:

•

Here.

## 196 All for Love; Or,

Here monstrous Phoca panted on the Shore;
Forsaken Dolphins there, with their broad Tails,
Lay lashing the departing Waves: Hard by 'em,
Sea-Horses floundring in the slimy Mud,
Toss'd up their Heads, and dash'd the Ooze about 'em.

Enter Alexas behind them.

Myr. Avert these Omens, Heav'n. Serap. Last Night, between the Hours of twelve and one, In a lone Isle o'th' Temple while I walk'd, A Whirlwind rose, that, with a violent Blak. Shook all the Dome: The Doors around me clapt: The Iron Wicket, that defends the Vault. Where the long Race of Ptolemies is laid. Burst open, and disclos'd the mighty Dead. From out each Monument, in order plac'd, An armed Ghost starts up: The Boy-King last! Rear'd his inglorious Head. A Peal of Groans Then follow'd, and a lamentable Voice Cry'd, Ægypt is no more. My Blood ran back, My shaking Knees against each other knock'd: On the cold Pavement down I fell intrancid. And fo unfinish'd left the horrid Scene.

Alex. And, dream'd you this? or, did invent the Story,

[Showing himfelf.

To frighten our Egyptian Boys withal, And train 'em up betimes in fear of Priesthood? Serap. My Lord, I saw you not,

Nor meant my Words should reach your Ears; but what I utter'd was most true.

Alex. A foolish Dream,

Bred from the Fumes of indigested Feasts, And holy Luxury.

Serap. I know my Duty:

This goes no farther.

Alex. 'Tis not fit it should.

Nor would the Times now bear it, were it true.

All Southern, from you Hills, the Roman Camp

Hangs o'er us black and threatning, like a Storm

Just breaking on our Heads.

SHAP.

## The WORLD well Lost. 197

Semp. Our faint Ægyptians pray for Antony;
But in their servile Hearts they own Octavius.

Myr. Why then does Antony dream out his Hours,
And tempts not Fortune for a noble Day,
Which might redeem what Actium lost?

Alex. He thinks 'tis past Recovery.

Serap. Yet the Foe

Seems not to press the Siege.

Alex. O, there's the Wonder.

Mecans and Agrippa, who can most

With Cafar, are his Foes. His Wife Octavia, Driv'n from his House, solicits her Revenge; And Dolabella, who was once his Friend, Upon some private Grudge, now seeks his Ruin: Yet still War seems on either side to sleep.

Serap. Tis strange that Antony, for some Days past, Has not beheld the Face of Cleopara;

But here, in Isis' Temple, lives retir'd,

And makes his Heart a Prey to black Despair.

Alex. Tis true; and we much fear he hopes by Absence To cure his Mind of Love.

Serup. If he be vanquish'd,

Or make his Peace, Egyp is doom'd to be A Roman Prevince; and our plenteous Harvelts Must then redeen the Scarceness of their Soil. While Assony stood firm, our Alexandria Rival'd proud Rome (Dominion's other Seat) And Fortune striding, like a vast Colossus, Could fix an equal Foot of Empire here.

Alex. Had I my With, thefe Tyrants of all Nature Who Lord it o'er Mankind, thould perish, perish, Each by the other's Sword; but, fince our Will Is lamely follow'd by our Pow'r, we must Depend on one; with him to rife or fall.

Serap. How stands the Queen affected?
Alex. O. she dotes.

She dotes, Serapion, on this vanquish'd Man, And winds her self about his mighty Ruins; Whom would she yet forsake, yet yield him up, This hunted Prey, to his Pursuers Hands,

. 3

She

## 198 All for Love; Or,

She might preserve us all; but 'tis in vain—
This changes my Designs, this blasts my Counsels,
And makes me use all means to keep him here,
Whom I could wish divided from her Arms
Far as the Earth's deep Genter. Well, you know
The State of Things; no more of your ill Omeas,
And black Prognosticks; labour to consirm.
The Peoples Hearts.

Enter Ventidius, talking aside with a Gentleman of An-

tony's.

Sersp. These Romans will o'er-hear us.

But, who's that Stranger? By his warlike Port,
His sierce Demeaner, and erected Look,
He's of so vulger Note.

es or an vingar Nota. Alex. O'tis Vimidias.

Our Emp'rers great Lieutenant in the East, Who first show'd Rome that Parthia could be conquer'd. When Antony return'd from Syria last,

He left this Man to guard the Roman Frontiers.

Serap. You feem to know him well.

Alex. Too well. I saw him in Clicia sing, When Cleopairs there met Anony:
A mortal Fee he was to us, and Aleyse.
But, let me Witness to the Worth I hate,
A braver Ramin never drew a Sword.
Firm to his Prince; but, as a Friend, not Slave.
He ne'er was of his Pleasures; but presides
O'er all his cooler Hours, and Morning Counsels:
In short, the Plainness, Fierceness, rugged Virtue
Of an old true stampt Raman lives in him.
His coming bodes I know not what of Ill
To our Affairs. Withdraw, to mark him betters
And I'll acquaint you why I sought you here,
And what's our present Work.

[They withdraw to a Corner of the Stage; and Ventidius, with the other, comes forwards to the Front.

Vent. Not fee him, say you? I say, I must, and will.

General He has commanded,

On Pain of Death, none should approach his Presence.

Yest.

## The World well Lost.

Vent. I bring him News will raise his drooping Spirits, Give him new Life.

Gent. He sees not Cleopatra.

Vent. Would he had never feen her,

Gent. He cats not, drinks not, Geops not, has no use Of any thing, but Thought; or, if he talks, 'Tis to himself, and then 'tis perfect Raving: Then he defies the World, and bids it pass; Sometimes he gnaws his Lip, and curles loud. The Boy Octavius; then he draws his Mouth Into a scornful Smile, and cries, Take all, The World's not worth my Care.

Vent. Just, just his Nature.

Virtue's his Path; but sometimes 'tis too narrow For his vast Soul; and then he starts out wide,... And bounds into a Vice that bears him far From his first Course, and plunges him in Ills: But, when his Danger makes him find his Fault. Quick to observe, and full of sharp Remorse, He censures eagerly his own Misdeeds, Judging himself with Malice to himself. And not forgiving what as Man he did, Because his other Parts are more than Man. He must not thus be lost.

[ Alexas and the Priests come forward. Alex. You have your full Instructions, now advance;

Preclaim your Orders loudly.

Serap. Romans, Ægyptians, hear the Queen's Command. Thus Cleopatra bids, Let Labour cease, To Pomp and Triumphs give this happy Day, That gave the World a Lord: 'Tis Antony's. Live, Antony; and Cleopatra live. Be this the general Voice fent up to Heav'n. And every publick Place repeat this Eccho.

Vent. Fine Pageantry!

[Afide: Serap. Set out before your Doors The Images of all your fleeping Fathers, With Laurels crown'd; with Laurels wreath your Pofts, And strow with Flow'rs the Pavement; let the Priests Do present Sacrifice; pour out the Wine,

1:4

And :

## 200 ALL for Love; Or,

And call the Gods to join with you in gladness.

Vent. Curse on the Tongue that bids this general Joy.

Can they be Friends of Antony, who revel
When Antony's in Danger? hide, for shame,
You Romans, your Great Grandsires Images,
For fear their Souls should animate their Marbles,

To blush at their degenerate Progeny.

Alex. A Love which knows no bounds to Antony, Would mark the Day with Honours; when all Heav'a Labour'd for him, when each propitious Star Stood wakeful in his Orb, to watch that Hour, And shed his better Insluence. Her own Birth-day Our Queen neglected, like a vulgar Fate, That pass'd obscurely by.

Vent. Would it had flept,

Divided far from his; till some remote And future Age had call'd it out, to ruin Some other Prince, not him,

Alex. Your Emperor,

Tho' grown unkind, would be more gentle, than Tupbraid my Queen, for loving him too well.

Vent. Does the mute Sacrifice upbraid the Priest? He knows him not his Executioner.

O, she has deck'd his Ruin with her Love,
Led him in golden Bands to gaudy Slaughter,
And made Perdition pleasing: She has lest him
The Blank of what he was;
I tell thee, Eunuch, she has quite unman'd him:
Can any Roman see, and know him now,
Thus alter'd from the Lord of half Mankind,
Unbent, unsinew'd, made a Woman's Toy,
Shrunk from the vast Extent of all his Honours,

And crampt within a Corner of the World?

O, Antony!

Thou bravest Soldier, and thou best of Friends!
Bounteous as Nature; next to Nature's God!

Could'st thou but make new Worlds, so wouldst thou give As Bounty were thy Being. Rough in Battel, As the first Romans, when they went to War;

Yet, after Victory, more pitiful,

Than

['em

#### The World well Lost. 201 Than all their praying Virgins left at home! Alex. Would you could add to those more shining Vir-His Truth to her who loves him. Ven. Would I could not it the section of the But, wherefore waste I prepious Hours with thee? Thou art her darling Milchief, her chief Engin, Amony's other Fate, Goetell thy Queen, 1, 10 11 1 Ventiding is arriv'd, to end her Charms., The Let your Agyption Timbrels play alone; Nor mix efferningte Sounds with Roman Trumpets, You dare not fight for Aniony, go pray, .... And keep your Cowards-holy-day in Temples. Exemp. Alex. Serap. Re-enter the Gentleman of M. Antony. 2 Gent. The Emperor approaches, and commands, On pain of Death, that none prefume to flay... I Gent. I date not disobey him. Going out with the other. Vent. Well, I dare. But, I'll observe him first unseen, and find. Which way his Humour drives: The rest I'll venture. [Withdraws. Enter Antony, walking with a diffurb'd Motion, before be speaks. Ant. They tell me, 'tis my Birth-day, and I'll keep it With double Pomp of Sadness. Tis what the Day deserves, which gave me Breath. Why was I rais'd the Meteor of the World,

Hung in the Skies, and blazing as I travel'd, "Till all my Fires were spent; and then cast downward To be trod out by Cafar?

Ven. [Afide.] On my Soul, Tis mournful, wondrous mournful! Aut. Count thy Gains.

....

Now, Amony, wouldst thou be born for this? Glutton of Fortune, thy devouring Youth Has starv'd thy wanting Age.

Ven. How Sorrow shakes him ! So, now the Tompest tears him up by th' Roots, And on the Ground extends the noble Ruin.

. 202 . All for Love, Or,

Ant. [Having thrown bimfelf down.] Lye there, the

Shadow of an Emperor;
The Place thou preffet on thy Mother Earth

Is all thy Empire now: Now it contains thee; Some few Days hence, and then 'twill be too large, When thou're contracted in thy marrow Urn,

Shrunk to a few cold Afhes, then Official, (For Cleopatra will not live to see it)

Octavia, then will have thee all her own,

And bessether in her, widow'd Hand to Cafa

And beauthet in her widow'd Hand to Cafar; Cafar will weep, the Crocodile will weep,

To fee his Rival of the Universe Lie fill and peaceful there. I'll think no more on't.

Give me some Musick; took that it be sad:
I'll sooth my Mekneholy, 'till I swell.

I'll footh my Mekncholy, 'till I fwell,
And burst my felf with fighing

And burst my felf with fighing [Soft a Tis fornewise to my Humour: Stay, I fancy I'm now turn'd wild, a Commoner of Nature; Of all forsaken, and forsaking silt; Live in a shady Porest's Sylvan Scene, Stretch'd at my Length beneath some blasted Oak,

I lose my Head upon the mostly Bark,
And look just of a Piece, as I grew from it:

My uncombid Locks, matted like Milleto, Hang o'er my hoary Face; a murm'ring Brook.

Runs at my Foot.

Ven. Methinks I funcy.
My felf there too.

Ant. The Herd come jumping by me,

And fearless, quench their Thirff, while I look on. And take me for their Fellow-Citizen.

And take me for their Fellow-Citizen.

More of this Image, more; it lulls my Thoughts.

Ven, I must disturb him; I can hold no longer.

Ant. flarting up. Art thou Ventidius?

Ven. Are you Antony!

I'm liker what I was, than you to him.

. Act. I'm angry.

Hen. So am I.

## The World well Lost.

Ant. I would be private: Leave me.

Vent. Sir, I love you,

And therefore will not leave you.

Aux. Will not leave me?

Where have you learnt that Answer? Who am I? Vent. My Emperor; the Man I love next Heav'n: If I faid more. I think 'twere scarce a Sin:

You're all that's good, and god-like.

Ant. All that's wretched.

You will not leave me then?

Vent. Twas too prefuming.

To say I would not, but I dare not leave you: And, tis unkind in your to chide me hence So foon, when I to far have come to fee you. May, Now thou helt feen me, art thou fatisfy'd?

For, if a Friend, thou haft beheld enough; And, if a Foe too much.

Vent. Look, Emperor, this is no common Dew,

Weeping.

I have not wrope this forty Years; but now My Mother comes afresh into my Eyes; I cannot help her Softmel's.

weeps!

Ant. By Heav'n, he weeps, poor good old Man, he : The big round Drops courie one another down The Furrows of his Cheeks. Stop'em, Ventidias, Or I shall blush to Death: They set my Shame, That caus'd 'em, full before me.

Vent. I'll do my best,

Ant. Sure there's Contagion in the Tears of Friends: See, I have caught it too. Believe me, 'tis not For my own Griefs, but thine --- Nay, Father.

Vent. Emperor.

4nt. Emperor! Why, that's the Stile of Victory, The conquiring Soldier, red with unfelt Wounds, Salutes his General io: but never more:

Shall that Sound reach my Ears.

Vent. I warrant you. Ant. Actium, Actium! Oh-

. Went. It fits too near you.

Ant. Here, here it lyes; a Lump of Lead by Day, And, in my thort, diltracted, nightly Slumbers,

The:

## 204 ALL for LOVE; Or,

The Hag that rides my Dreams-Vent. Out with it; give it vent.

Ant. Urge not my Shame.

I loft a Battel.

Vent. So has Julius done.

Ans. Thou favour'st me, and speak'st not half thou For Julius fought it out, and host it fairly:

Tthink's;

Vent. Nay, stop not.

Ant. Antony,

(Well, thou wilt have it) like a Coward, fled, Fled while his Soldiers fought; fled first, Ventidius. Thou long'it to curse me, and I give thee leave. I know thou cam'it prepar'd to rail.

Vent. I did.

Ant. I'll help thee—I have been a Man, Ventidine

Vent. Yes, and a brave one; but— Ant. I know thy Meaning.

But, I have left my Reason, have disgrac'd The Name of Soldier, with inglorious Ease. In the full Vintage of my flowing Honours, Sate still, and saw it prest by other Hands: Fortune came fmiling to my. Youth, and woo'd it, And purple Greatness met my ripen'd Years. When first I came to Empire, I was born On Tides of People, crouding to my Triumphs; The Wish of Nations, and the willing World Receiv'd me as its pledge of future Peace; I was so great, so happy, so belov'd, Fate could not ruin me; till I took Pains And work'd against my Fortune, chid her from me, And turn'd her loose; yet still she came again. My careless Days, and my luxurious Nights, At length have weary'd her, and now she's gone, Gone, gone, divorc'd for ever. Help me. Soldier, To curle this Mad-man, this industrious Fool, Who labour'd to be wretched; Prythee curse me. Vent. No.

Am. Why?

## The WORLD well-LOST. 205

Vent. You are too fensible already.

Of what you've done, too conscious of your Failings,
And like a Scorpion, whipt by others first.

To Fury, sting your self in mad Revenge.

I would bring Balm, and pour it in your Wounds,
Cure your distemper'd Mind, and heal your Fortunes.

Aut. I know thou would'st.

Vent. I will.

Ant. Ha, ha, ha, ha. Vent. You laugh.

Ant. I do, to see officious Lôve Give Cordials to the Dead.

Vent. You would be lost then?

Ant. I am.

Vent. I say, you are not. Try your Fortune.

Au. I have, to th' utmost. Dost thou think me desperate, Without just Cause? No, when I found all lost Beyond repair, I hid me from the World, And karnt to scorn it here; which now I do So heartily, I think it is not worth. The cost of keeping.

Vent. Cafar thinks not so:

He'll thank you for the Gift he could not take.

You would be kill'd, like Tully, would you? do,
Hold out your Throat to Cafar, and die tamely.

Am. No, I can kill my felf; and so resolve.

Vent. I can die with you too, when time shall serve;
But Fortune calls upon us now to live,

To Fight, to Conquer.

Am. Sure thou dream'st, Ventidius.

Vent. No; 'tis you dream; you sleep away your Hours In desperate Shoth, miscall'd Philosophy.

Up, up, for Honour's sake; twelve Legions wait you, And long to call you Chief: By painful Journeys, I led 'em, patient, both of Heat and Hunger, Down from the Parthian Marches, to the Nile.

'Twill do you good to see their Sun-burnt Faces, ['em. Their skarr'd Cheeks, and chopt Hands; there's Virtue in They'll sell those mangled Limbs at dearer Rates Than you trim Bands can buy.

Ànt.

Ant. Where left you them? Vent. I faid, in lower Syria.

Ant. Bring 'em hither;

There may be Life in these.

Vent. They will not come.

Ant. Why did it thou mock my Hopes with promise

To double my Despair? They're Mutinous, Vent. Most Firm and Loyal.

Ant. Yet they will not march

To fuccour me. Oh Trifler! Vent. They petition

You would make hafte to head em.

Ant. I'm besieg'd.

Vent. There's but one way flut up; How came I hither?

Vent. They would perhaps defire

A better Reason.

Ant. I have never us'd

My Soldiers to demand a Reason of My Actions. Why did they refuse to March?

Vent. They faid they would not fight for Cleopatra.

Ant. What was't they faid?

Vent. They faid, they would not fight for Cleopara. Why should they fight indeed, to make her conquer, And make you more a Slave? to gain you Kingdoms, Which, for a Kifs, at your next midnight Feast, You'll fell to her? then she new-names her sewels, And calls this Diamond such or such a Tax, Each Pendant in her Ear shall be a Province.

Ant. Venticius, I allow your Tongue free License On all my other Faults; but, on your Life... No word of Cleopatra: She deserves

More Worlds than I can lose.

Vens. Behold, you Pow'rs,
To whom you have intrusted Humankind;
See Europe, Africk, Asia put in Ballance,
And all weigh'd down by one light worthless Woman!
I think the Gods are Antonius, and give,
Like Prodigals, this neather World away

To none but wasteful Hands.

## The WORLD well LOST. 207

Ant. You grow prefumptuous.

Vens. I take the Priviledge of plain Love to speak.

Ant. Plain Love! plain Arrogance, plain Insolence:
Thy Mea are Cowards; thou, an envious Traitor;
Who, under seeming Honesty, hast vented
The Burden of thy rank o'erstowing Gall.
O that thou wert my Equal; great in Arms
As the first Casar was, that I might kill thee
Without a Stain to Honour!

Vent. You may kill me;

You have done more already, call'd me Traitor.

Ant. Aft thou not one?

Vent. For showing you your self, Which none else durst have done; but had I been. That Name, which I disdain to speak again, I needed not have sought your abject Fortunes, Come to partake your Fate, to die with you. What hindred me to've led my conqu'ring Eagles. To sill Ostavines's Bands? I could have been A Traitor then, a glorious happy Traitor, And not have been so call'd.

Ant. Eorgive me, Soldier:

I've been too passionate.

Vent. You thought me false; Thought my old Age betray'd you: Kill me, Sir; Pray kill me, yet you need not, your Unkindness Has left your Sword no work.

Ant. I did not think fo;

I said it in my Rage: Pr'ythee forgive me:
Why did'ft thou tempt my Anger, by Discovery:

Of what I would not hear?

Vext. No Prince but you
Could merit that Sincerity I us'd,.
Nor durft another Man have ventur'd it;
But you, e're Love mif-led your wandring Eyes,
Were fure the Chief and Beft of human Race,
Fram'd in the very Pride and Boaft of Nature,
So perfect, that the Gods who form'd you wonder'd
At their own Skill, and cry'd, A lucky Hit
Has mended our Defign. Their Envy hindred,

Elfo.

, 208 ALL for LOVE; Or,

Else you had been Immortal, and a Pattern, When Heav'n would work for Ostentation sake, To Copy out again.

Ant. But Cleopatra-

Go on; for I can bear it now.

Vent. No more. [may'ft:

Ant. Thou dar'ft not trust my Passion; but thou
Thou only lov'ft; the rest have flatter'd me. [Word.

Thou only lov'it; the rest have flatter'd me. [Word. Vent. Heav'n's Bleffing on your Heart, for that kind May I believe you Love me? Speak again.

Ant. Indeed I do. Speak this, and this, and this.

Thy Praises were unjust; but, I'll deserve 'em, And yet mend all. Do with me what thou wilt; Lead me to Victory, thou know'st the way.

Vent. And, will you leave this.

Ant. Pr'ythee do not curse her,

And I will leave her; though, Heav'n knows, I love Beyond Life, Conquest, Empire; all, but Honour: But I will leave her.

Vent. That's my Royal Master.

And, shall we fight?

Ant. I warrant thee, old Soldier,

Thou shalt behold me once again in Iron, And at the Head of our old Troops, that beat The Parthians, cry aloud, Come follow me.

Vent. O now I hear my Emperor! in that word Offavius fell. Gods, let me see that Day, And, if I have ten Years behind, take all; I'll thank you for th' Exchange.

Ant. Oh Cleopatra!

Vent. Again?

S ...

Ant. I've done: in that last Sigh, she went. Cesar shall know what 'tis to force a Lover, From all he holds most dear.

Went. Methinks you breath

Another Soul: Your Looks are more Divine; You speak a Heroe, and you move a God.

'Ant. O, thou hast fir'd me; my Soul's up in Arms.

That

And Mans each Part about me: Once again,

## The WORLD well Lost. 209

That noble Eagerness of Fight has seiz'd me;
That Eagerness, with which I darted upward
To Cassius' Camp: In vain the steepy Hill
Oppos'd my way; in vain a War of Spears
Sung round my Head, and planted all my Shield;
I won the Trenches, while my foremost Men
Lag'd on the Plain below.

Vent. Ye Gods, ye Gods, For such another Hour.

Ant. Come on, my Soldier!
Our Hearts and Arms are still the same: I long
Once more to meet our Foes; that Thou and I,
Like Time and Death, marching before our Troops,
May taste Fate to 'em; Mow 'em out a Passage,
And, entring where the foremost Squadrons yield,
Begin the noble Harvest of the Field.

[Exercise

## CHARRENCE SANCES

### ACTILSCENE I

Euter Cleopatra, Iras and Alexas.

Cleo. W HAT shall I do, or whither shall I turn?

Ventidius has o'ercome, and he will go.

Alex. He goes to fight for you.

Cleo. Then he would see me, e're he went to fight:

Flatter me not: If once he goes, he's lost;

And all my Hopes destroy'd.

Alex. Does this weak Passion

Become a mighty Queen?

Cleo. I am no Queen;
Is this to be a Queen, to be befieg'd
By you infulting Roman; and to wait
Each Hour the Victor's Chain? These Ills are small;
For Amony is lost, and I can mourn
For nothing else but him. Now come, Octavius,
I have no more to lose; prepare thy Bands;
I'm sit to be a Captive: Antony

Has

## 210 All for Love; Or,

Has taught my Mind the Fortune of a Slave.

Iras. Call Reason to assist you.

Clee. I have none,
And none would have: My Love's a noble Madness,
Which shows the Cause deserv'd it. Moderate Sorrow
Fits vulgar Love; and for a vulgar Man:
But I have lov'd with such transcendent Passon,
I foar'd, at first, quite out of Reasons view,
And now am lost above it — No, I'm proud
'Tis thus: Would Antony could see me now;
Think you he would not sigh? though he must leave me,
Sure he would sigh; for he is noble-natur'd,
And bears a tender Heart: I know him wall,
Ah, no, I know him not; I knew him once,
But now 'tis past.

Irws. Let it be past with you:

Forget him, Madam. Clee. Never, never, Iras.

He once was mine; and once, though now 'tis gone, Leaves a faint Image of Policifion fill.

Alex. Think him Unconstant, Cruel, and Ungrateful.

Cles. I cannot: If I could, those Thoughts were vain;

Faithless, Ungrateful, Cruel, though he be,

Faithleis, Ungratesul, Cluck though he be, I ftill must love him.

Enter Charmion.

Clee. A long Speech preparing?

If thou bring'st Comtort, haste, and give it me; For never was more need.

Iras. I know he loves you.

Cles. Had he been kind, her Eyes had told me so. Before her Tongue could speak it: Now the studies. To soften what he said; but give me Death, Just as he sent it, Charmins, undisguis 4, And in the Words he spoke.

Char

Char. I found him then Incompass'd round, I think, with Iron Statues, So mute, so motionless his Soldiers stood, While averfully he cast his Eyes about, And ev'ry Leader's Hopes and Fears survey'd: Methought he look'd resolv'd, and yet not pleas'd. When he bekeld me strugling in the Croud, He blush'd, and bade, make way.

Alex. There's Comfort yet.

Char. Ventidius fixt his Eyes upon my Passage, Severely, as he meant to frown me back, And sulenly gave place: I told my Message, Just as you gave it, broken and disorder'd; I numbred in it all your Sighs and Tears, And while I mov'd your putiful Request, That you but only beg'd a last Farewel, He setch'd an inward Groan, and ev'ny time I nam'd you, sigh'd, as if his Heart were breaking. But shin'd my Eyes, and guiltily look'd down; He seen'd not now that awful answy Who shook an arm'd Assembly with his Nod, But making show as he would rub his Eyes, Disguird and blotted out a falling Tear.

Clee. Did he then weep? and was I worth a Tear? If what thou hast to say be not as pleasing,
Tell me no more, but let me die contented.

Chw. He bid me fay. He knew himself so well, He could deny you nothing, if he faw you; And therefore

Cleo. Thou would'if fay, he would not fee me? Chim. And therefore beg'd you not to use a Power, Which he could ill resist; yet he should ever Respect you as he ought.

Cleo. Is that a Word
For Amony to use to Cleopatra?
On that faint Word, Respect! how I distain it!
Distain my solf, for loving after it!
He should have kept that word for cold Octovia.
Respect is for a Wife: Am I that thing,
That dull insipid Lump, without Desires,

and

#### ALL for Love; Or, 212

And without Pow'r to give 'em?

Alex. You misjudge; You see through Love, and that deludes your Sight: As, what is strait, seems crooked through the Water; But I, who bear my Reason undisturb'd, Can fee this Antony, this dreaded Man,

A fearful Slave, who fain would run away, And shuns his Master's Eyes: If you pursue him, My Life on't, he still drags a Chain along,

That needs must clog his Flight. Cleo. Could I believe thee!-

Alex. By ev'ry Circumstance I know he loves. True, he's hard prest, by Int'rest and by Honour; Yet he but doubts, and parlies, and casts out Many a long Look for Succour.

Clee. He lends word,

He fears to see my Face.

Alex. And would you more?

He shows his Weakness who declines the Combat; And you must urge your Fortune. Could he speak More plainly? To my Ears, the Message sounds Come to my Rescue, Cleepatra, come; Come, free me from Ventidius; from my Tyrant: See me, and give me a Presence to leave him. I hear his Trumpets. This way he must pass. Please you, retire a while; I'll work him first,

That he may bend more cafie.

Cleo. You shall rule me; But all, I fear, in vain.

Exis with Char, and Iras.

Alex. I fear fo took

Though I conceal'd my Thoughts, to make her bold: But, 'tis our utmost Means, and Fate befriend it.

Withdraws. Enter Lictors with Fasces; one bearing the Eagle: Then enter Antony with Ventidius, follow'd by other Commanders.

Ant. Offavius is the Minion of blind Chance, But holds from Virtue nothing.

Vent. Has he Courage?

Ant. But just enough to feafon him from Coward, O, 'tis the coldest Youth upon a Charge,

The

The most deliberate Fighter! if he ventures (As in Illyris once they say he did
To storm a Town) 'tis when he cannot chuse,
When all the World have first their Eyes upon him;
And then he lives on that for seven Years after,
But, at a close Revenge he never fails.

Ven. I heard, you challeng'd him.

Ant. I did, Ventidius.

What think'st thou was his Answer? Twas so tame,—
He said he had more ways than one to die;
I had not.

Ven. Poor!

Ant. He has more ways than one;

But he would chuse em all before that one.

Ven. He first would chuse an Ague, or a Fever.

He has not warmth enough to die by that.

Hen. Or old Age, and a Bed.

Am. Ay, there's his Choice. He would live, like a Lamp, to the last wink,

And crawl upon the utmost verge of Life:

O Hercules! Why should a Man like this,

Who dares not trust his Fate for one great Action, Be all the Care of Heav'n? Why should he Lord it O'er fourscore thousand Men, of whom each one

Is braver than himself?

Ven. You conquer'd for him:

Philippi knows it; there you shar'd with him

That Empire, which your Sword made all your own.

Au. Fool that I was, upon my Eagles Wings I bore this Wren, 'till I was tir'd with foaring,

And now he mounts above me.

Good Heav'ns, is this, is this the Man who braves me? Who bids my Age make way? Drives me before him, To the World's Ridge, and tweeps me off like Rubbish?

Ven. Sir, we lose time; the Troops are mounted all.

Aut. Then give the word to March: I long to leave this Prison of a Town, To join thy Legions; and, in open Field,

Once more to show my Face. Lead, my Deliverer.

Exter

#### ALL for LOVE: Or, 214

Enter Alexas.

Alex. Great Emperor, In mighty Arms renown'd above Mankind, But, in foft Pity to th' opprest, a God: This Message sends the mournful Cleopatra To her departing Lord.

Ven. Smooth Sycophant!

Alex. A thousand Wishes, and ten thousand Prayers. Millions of Bleflings wait you to the Wars, Millions of Sighs and Tears the fends you too. And would have fent As many dear Embraces to your Arms, As many parting Kisses to your Lips; But those, she sears, have weary'd you already.

Ven. [Aside.] False Crocodile!

Alex. And yet the begs not now, you would not leave her, That were a Wish too mighty for her Hopes, Too prefuming for her low Fortune, and your ebbing That were a Wish for her more prosprous Days, Her blooming Beauty, and your growing Kindness.

Ant. [Aside.] Well, I must Man it out; What would the Queen?

Alex. First, to these noble Warriors, who attend Your daring Courage in the Chase of Fame, (Too daring, and too dang'rous for her Quiet) She humbly recommends all she holds dear, All her own Cares and Fears, the Care of you. Ven. Yes, witness Actium.

Ant. Let him speak, Ventidius. Alex. You, when his matchless Valour bears him for-With Ardor too Heroick, on his Foes [ ward Fall down, as she would do, before his Feet; Lyo in his way, and stop the Paths of Death; Tell him, this God is not invulnerable. That absent Cleopatra bleeds in him; And, that you may remember her Petition, She begs you wear these Trifles, as a Pawn,

Which, at your wisht Return, she will redeem [Gives Fewels to the Communitari

With all the Wealth of Egyps:

This, to the great Ventidius the prefents, Whom the can never count her Enemy, Because he loves her Lord. Vm. Tell her I'll none on't; I'm not asham'd of honest Poverty: Not all the Diamonds of the East can bribe Ventidius from his Faith. I hope to see These, and the rest of all her sparkling Store, Where they shall more deservingly be plac'd.

Ant. And who must wear 'em then? Ven. The wrong'd Octavia.

dut. You might have spar'd that word.

Ves. And he that Bribe.

Aut. But have I no remembrance? Alex. Yes, a dear one:

Your Slave, the Queen-

Ant. My Mistress. Alex. Then your Mistress,

Your Mistress would, she says, have sent her Soul But that you had long fince; the humbly begs This Ruby Bracelet, let with bleeding Hearts, (The Emblems of her own) may bind your Arm.

.[Presenting a Bracelot. Ven. Now, my best Lord, in Honour's Name, I ask you.

For Manhood's fake, and for your own dear Safety, Touch not these poison'd Gifts,

Infected by the Sender, touch 'em not, Mir.ads of bluest Plagues lie underneath em,

And more than Aconite has dipt the Silk. Ant. Nay, now you grow too Cynical, Ventidies. A Lady's Favours may be worn with Honour. What, to refuse her Bracelet! On my Soul,

When I lye pensive in my Tent alone, Twill pals the wakeful Hours of Winter Nights, To tell those pretty Beads upon my Arm, To count for every one a foft Embrace, A melting Kiss at such and such a time; And now and then the Fury of her Love, When — And what Harm's in this?

### 216 ALL for Love: Or,

Alex. None, none, my Lord, But what's to her, that now 'tis past for ever.

Ant. [Going to tie it.] We Soldiers are so aukward-

help me tie it.

Alex. In faith, my Lord, we Courtiers too are aukward In these Affairs: So are all Men indeed; Ev'n I, who am not one. But shall I speak?

Ant. Yes, ficely.

Alex. Then, my Lord, fair Hands alone Are fit to tie it; she, who sent it, can. Ven. Hell, Death; this Eunuch Pandar ruins you.

You will not see her?

[Alexas whifeers on Attendant, who goes out.

Ant. But to take my Leave.

Ven. Then I have wash'd an Æthiope. Y'are undone; Y'are in the Toils; y'are taken; y'are destroy'd: Her Eyes do Cafar's work.

Ant. You fear too foon.

I'm confrant to my felf: I know my Strength; And yet she shall not think me barbarous neither, Born in the Depths of Africk: I'm a Roman, Bred to the Rules of fost Humanity. A Gueft, and kindly us'd, should bid Farewel.

Ven. You do not know

How weak you are to her, how much an Infant; You are not proof against a Smile, or Glance: A Sigh will quite diffrm you.

Ant. See, the comes!

Now you shall find your Error: Gods, I thank you: I form'd the Danger greater than it was, And now 'tis near, 'tis lessen'd.

Ven. Mark the end yet.

Enter Cleopatra, Charmion and Iras.

Ant. Well, Madam, we are met.

Clee. Is this a Meeting? Then, we must part?

Ant. We must.

Cleo. Who fays we must?

Ant. Our own hard Fates.

Clas. We make those Pates our selves.

Am. Yes, we have made 'em; we have lov'd each o-Into our mutual Ruin. Tther

Cleo. The Gods have feen my Joys with envious Eyes; I have no Friends in Heav'n; and all the World, (As 'twere the bus nels of Mankind to part us) Is arm'd against my Love: Ev'n you your self

Join with the rest; you, you are arm'd against me. Ant. I will be justify'd in all I do To late Posterity, and therefore hear me,

If I mix a Lie

With any Truth, reproach me freely with it; Elfe, favour me with Silence.

Cles. You command me,

And I am dumb.

Ven. I like this well: He shows Authority.

Ant. That I derive my Ruin

From you alone-

Cleo. O Heav'ns! I ruin you!

Am. You promis'd me your Silence, and you break it Ere I have scarce begun.

Cleo. Well, I obey you.

Ant. When I beheld you first, it was in Ægypt, Ere Cesar saw your Eyes; you gave me Love, And were too young to know it; that I setled Your Father in his Throne, was for your fake, I left th' Acknowledgment for time to ripen. Cafar stept in, and with a greedy Hand Pluck'd the green Fruit, ere the first Blush of red, Yet cleaving to the Bough. He was my Lord, And was, befide, too great for me to rival, But, I deserv'd you first, tho' he enjoy'd you. When, after, I beheld you in Cilicia, An Enemy to Rome, I pardon'd you.

Cles. I clear d my self-Ant. Again you break your Promise. I lov'd you still, and took your weak Excuses, Took you into my Bosom, stain'd by Casar, And not half mine: I went to Ægype with you. And hid me from the Bus'ness of the World, Shut out enquiring Nations from my fight, Vol. IV.

To give whole Years to you.

Ven. Yes, to your Shame be't spoken.

Am. How I lov'd

Witness ye Days and Nights, and all ye Hours, That danc'd away with Down upon your Feet, As all your Bus'ness were to count my Passion. One Day past by, and nothing saw but Love; Another came, and still 'twas only Love: The Suns were weary'd out with looking on, And I untir'd with loving.

I saw you ev'ry Day, and all the Day; And ev'ry Day was still but as the first: So eager was I still to see you more.

Ven. 'Tis all too true.

Ant. Fulvia, my Wife, grew jealous,
As the indeed had reason; rais'd a War
In Italy, to call me back.

Ven. But yet

Ant. While within your Arms I lay,
The World fell mouldring from my Hands each Hom,
And left me scarce a grasp (I thank your Love for't.)
Ven. Well push'd: That last was home.

Cleo. Yet may I speak?

Ant. If I have urg'd a Falshood, yes; else, not. Your Silence says I have not. Fulvia dy'd; (Pardon, you Gods, with my Unkindness dy'd,) To set the World at Peace, I took Ostavia, This Casas's Sister; in her pride of Youth And flow'r of Beauty did I wed that Lady, Whom blushing I must praise, because I left her. You call'd; my Love obey'd the fatal Summons: This rais'd the Roman Arms; the Cause was yours. I would have fought by Land, where I was stronger; You hinder'd it: Yet, when I fought at Sea, Forsook me fighting; and (oh stain to Honour! Oh lasting Shame!) I knew not that I fled; But fled to follow you.

Ven. What haste she made to hoist her purple Sails!

And, to appear magnificent in Flight,

Drew

Alide.

Drew half our Strength away.

Ant. All this you caus'd.

And, would you multiply more Ruins on me?
This honest Man, my best, my only Friend,
Has gather'd up the Shipwrack of my Fortunes;
Twelve Legions I have left, my last Recruits,
And you have watch'd the News, and bring your Eyes

To feize them too. If you have ought to answer, Now speak, you have free Leave.

Alex. [Afide.] She stands confounded: Despair is in her Eyes.

Vin. Now lay a Sigh i'th' way, to stop his Passage: Prepare a Tear, and bid it for his Legions;

Tis like they shall be fold.

Cles. How shall I plead my Cause, when you my Judge Already have condemn'd me? Shall I bring. The Love you bere me for my Advocate? That now is turn'd against me, that destroys me; For, Love once past, is, at the best, forgotten; But oftner sours to Hate: 'twill please my Lord. To ruin me, and therefore I'll be guilty. But, could I once have thought it would have pleas'd you, That you would pry, with narrow searching Eyes Into my Faults, severe to my Destruction, And watching all Advantages with Care. That serve to make me wretched? Speak, my Lord, For I end here. Though I deserve this usage, Was it like you to give it?

Ans. O you wrong me, To think I fought this Parting, or defir'd To accuse you more than what will clear my self, And justifie this Breach.

Clee. Thus low I thank you.
And, fince my Innocence will not offend,
I shall not blush to own it.

Ven. After this

I think she'll blush at nothing. Clee. You feem griev'd,

(And therein you are kind) that Cafer first Enjoy'd my Love, though you deserv'd it better:

K 2

# ALL for Love; Or,

I grieve for that, my Lord, much more than you; For, had I first been yours, it would have sav'd My fecond Choice: I never had been his, And ne'er had been but yours. But Cafar first, You say, possess'd my Love. Not so, my Lord: He first possess'd my Person; you my Love: Cefar lov'd me; but I lov'd sintepy. If I endur'd him after, twas because I judg'd it due to the first Name of Men; And, half conftram'd, I gave, as to a Tyrant, What he would take by force. Ven. O Syron! Syren!

Yet grant that all the Love the boalts were true. Has she not ruin'd you? I still urge that, The fatal Confequence.

Cleo. The Confequence indeed, For I dare Challenge him, my greatest Far, To fay it was delign'd: Tis true, I lov'd you. And kept you far from an uneafic Wife. (Such Fulvis was.)

Yes, but he'll fay, you left Ottovic for man-And, can you blame me to receive that Love. Which quitted such Desert, for worthless me? How often have I wilh'd some other Cefer, Great as the first, and as the second Young, Would court my Love, to be refused for you'l Vent. Words, words; but Achier, Sir remember Allines.

Cleo. Ev'n there, I dare his Malice. Frue, I-counseld To fight at Sea; but, I betray'd you not. I fled; but not to the Enemy. Twas Fear; Would I had been a Man, not to have fear'd, For none would then have envy'd sne your Friendship. Who envy me your Love,

Aut. We're both unhappy: Af nothing elfe, yet our ill Fortune parts us. speak; Would you have me perish, by my Stay? Cleo. If as a Friend you ask my Judgment, Go; If as a Lover, Stay. If you must regish:

Tis a hard Word; but flay.

#### The WORLD well LOST.

Vent: See now th' Effects of her to boafted Love! She strives to drag you down to Ruin with her: But, could the scape without you, oh how foon-Would the let go her hold, and hafte to thore, And never look behind!

Clee. Then judge my Love by this.

Giving Antony a Writing.

Could F have born

A Life or Death, a Happiness or Woe From yours divided, this had giv'n me means.

Ant. By Hercules, the Writing of Osfavins! I know it well: 'tis that proferibing Hand, Young as it was, that led the way to mine, And left me but the fecond Place in Murder-See, see, Venilalus! here he offers Ægypt, And joins all Sprin to it, as a Present, So, in requital, the forfake my Fortunes,

And join her Arms with his:

Clee. And yet you leave me! You leave me, Animy; and, yet I love you. Indeed I do: I have refus'd a Kingdom, That's a Trifle:

For I could part with Life; with any thing, But only you. O let me die but with you! Is that a hard Request?

Ant. Next living with you, Tis all that Heav n can give.

Alex. He melts; we Conquer.

Afde. Cleo. No: You shall go: Your Int'rest calls you hence,

Yes; your dear Intrest pulls too strong, for these Weak Arms to hold you here-Takes bis Hand ...

Go; leave me, Soldier; (For you're no more a Lover:) leave me dying: Puffi me all pale and panting from your Bosom, And, when your March begins, let one run after Breathless almost for Joy; and cry, she's dead: The Soldiers shout; you then perhaps may sigh, And muster all your Roman Gravity; Ventidius chides; and strait your Brow clears up, As I had never been.

K 3

Ant.

### 222 All for Love; Or,

Ant. Gods, 'tis too much; too much for Man to bear; Cleo. What is't for me then,

A weak forfaken Woman? and a Lover?——
Here let me breathe my laft; Envy me not
This Minute in your Arms: I'll die apace:

As fast as e'er I can; and end your Trouble.

Ant. Die! Rather let me perish: Loosen'd Nature

Leap from its Hinges, fink the Props of Heav'n,
And fall the Skies to crush the neather World.

My Eyes, my Soul; my all!

[Embrace her.]

Vent. And what's this Toy

In Ballance with your Fortune, Honour, Fame?

Ant. What is't, Ventiaius? it out-weighs 'em all;
Why, we have more than conquer'd Cefar now:
My Queen's not only Innocent, but Loves me.
This, this is fine who drags me down to Ruin!
But, could fine scape without me, with what haste
Would fine let flip her hold, and make to shore,
And never look behind!

Down on thy Knees, Blasphemer as thou art, And ask Forgiveness of wrong'd Innocence.

Vem. I'll rather die, than take it. Will you go?

Ant. Go! Whither? Go from all that's Excellent!

Faith, Honour, Virtue, all good Things forbid,

That I should go from her, who sets my Love

Above the Price of Kingdoms. Give, you Gods,

Give to your Boy, your Casar,

This Rattle of a Globe to play withal,

This Gu-gau World, and put him cheaply off:

This Gu-gau World, and put him cheaply off:
I'll not be pleas'd with lefs than Cleopara.
Cleo. She's wholly yours. My Heart's fo full of joys

That I shall do some wild Extravagance
Of Love, in publick; and the foolish World,
Which knows not Tenderness, will think me Mad.

Vont. O Women! Women! Women! all the Gods Have not such Pow'r of doing good to Man, As you of doing harm.

Aut. Our Men are arm'd.

Unbar the Gate that looks to Cafer's Camp; I would revenge the Treachery he meant me:

And

#### The WORLD well LOST. 223

And long Security makes Conquest easie.
I'm eager to return before I go;
For, all the Pleasures I have known, beat thick
On my Remembrance: How I long for Night!
That both the Sweets of mutual Love may try,
And Triumph once o'er Casar e're we die.

[Exeurs:

## **CONKTENEMENTAL**

#### ACT III. SCENE I.

At one Door, onter Cleopatra, Charmion, Iras, and Alexas, a Train of Egyptians: As the other, Antony and Romans. The Entrance on both Sides is prepard by Musick; the Trumpets fust sounding on Antony's Part: Then answer'd by Timbrels, &c. on Cleopatra's. Charmion and Iras held a Laurel Wreath betwint them. A Dance of Egyptians. After the Ceremony, Cleopatra Crowns Antony.

Thought how those white Arms would fold me in,
And firain me close, and melt me into Love;
so pleas'd with that sweet Image, I sprung forwards,
And added all my Strength to every Blow.

Cho. Come to me, come, my Soldier, to my Arma, You've been too long away from my Embraces; But, when I have you fast, and all my own, With broken Murmurs, and with amorous Sighs, I'll fay, you were unkind, and punish you, And mark you red with many an eager Kifs.

Ant. My brighter Venus!

Cles. O my greater Mars!

Ant. Thou join'st us well, my Love!
Suppose me come from the Phlegram Plains,
Where gasping Giants lay, cleft by my Sword.
And Mountain tops par'd off each other blow,
To bury those I slew: Receive me, Goddess:
Let Casar spread his subtile Nets, like Vulcan,
In thy Embraces I would be beheld

3,

### ALL for Love; Or,

By Heav'n and Earth at once; And make their Envy what they meant their Sport. Let those who took us blush; I would love on With awful State, regardless of their Frowns, As their superior God. There's no fatiety of Love, in thee; Enjoy'd, thou still art new; perpetual Spring Is in thy Arms; the ripen'd Fruit but falls, And Bloffoms rife to fill its empty Place; And I grow rich by giving.

Enter Ventidius, and stands apart: Alex. O, now the Danger's past, your General comes. He joins not in your Joys, nor minds your Triumphs; But, with contracted Brows, looks frowning on,

As Envying your Success.

Ant. Now, on my Soul, he loves me; truly loves me; He never flatter'd me in any Vice, But awes me with his Virtue: Ev'n this Minute Methinks he has a Right of chiding the. Lead to the Temple: I'll avoid his Presence:

It checks too strong upon me. . Execut the 12h. As Antony is going, Ventidius pulls him by the Rive.

Vent. Emperor.

Ant. "Tis the old Argument; I prethee spare me. [Looking back

Vent. But this one hearing, Emperor.

Ant. Let go

My Robe; or, by my Father Hercules-Vent. By Hercules's Father, that's yet greater, I bring you somewhat you would wish to know.

Ant. Thou see'st we are observ'd; attend me here, And I'll return.

Vent. I'm waining in his Favour, yet I love him; I love this Man, who runs to meet his Ruin; And, furo the Gods, like me, are fond of him: His Virtues lye so mingled with his Crimes, As would confound their Choice to punish one, And not reward the other.

Enter Antony.

dw. We can Conquer,

You fee, without your Aid. We have diflode'd their Troops, They look on us at distance, and, like Curs Scap'd from the Lions paws, they bay far off, And lick their Wounds, and faintly threaten War. Five thousand Romans with their Faces upward Lye breathless on the Plain.

Vent., Tis well: And he Who loft 'em, could have spar'd ten thousand more. Yet if, by this Advantage, you could gain An easier Peace, while Casar doubts the Chance Of Arms!...

Ant. O think not on't, Ventidius; The Boy purfues my Ruin, he'll no Péace: His Malice is considerate in Advantage; O, he's the coolest Murderer, so stanch, He kills, and keeps his Temper.

Vent. Have you no Friend

It all his Army, who has Power to move him?

Merenas, or Agrippa might do much.

Ant. They're both too deep in Cesar's Interests, We'll work it out by dint of Sword, or perish.

Vent. Fain I would find some other.

Ant. Thank thy Love.

Some four or five fuch Victories as this

Will save thy farther Pains.

Vent. Expect no more; Cafar is on his Guard: I know, Sir, you have conquer'd against odds; But still you draw Supplies from one poor Town, And of Ægyptians: He has all the World, And, at his Beck, Nations come pouring in, To fill the Gaps you make. Pray think again.

Ant. Why dost thou drive me from my felf, to search For Foreign Aids? to hunt my Memory, And range all o'er a waste and barren Place To find a Friend? The Wretched have no Friends-Tet I had one, the bravest Youth of Rome, Whom Cafar loves beyond the Love of Women; He could resolve his Mind, as Fire does Wax, From that hard rugged Image, melt him down, . K 5

### ALL for Love; Or,

And mould him in what softer Form he pleas'd. Vent. Him would I see; that Man of all the World Tust such a one we want.

Ant. He lov'd me too,

I was his Soul; he liv'd not but in me: We were so clos'd within each others Breasts." The Rivets were not found that join'd us first. That does not reach us yet: We were so mixt, As meeting Streams, both to our selves were lost; We were one mass; we could not give or take, But from the same; for he was I, I he.

Vent. He moves as I would wish him. Ant. After this.

[Afide.

I need not tell his Name: 'Twas Delabella.

Vent. He's now in Cafar's Camp.

Ant. No matter where. Since he's no longer mine. He took unkindly That I forbade him Cleopatra's Sight; Because I fear'd he lov'd her: He confest He had a Warmth, which, for my sake, he stifled; For 'twere impossible that two, so one, Should not have lov'd the same. When he departed, He took no leave; and that confirm'd my Thoughts.

Vent. It argues that he lov'd you more than her, Else he had flaid; but he perceiv'd you jealous, And would not grieve his Friend: I know he loves you.

Ant. I should have seen him then e'er now.

Vent. Perhaps

He has thus long been lab'ring for your Peace.

Ant. Would he were here.

Vent. Would you believe he lov'd you? I read your Answer in your Eyes; you would. Not to conceal it longer, he has fent

A Messenger from Casar's Camp, with Letters.

Ant. Let him appear.

Vent. I'll bring him instantly.

[Exit Ventidius, and re-enters immediately with Dolabella. Ant. 'Tis he himself, himself, by holy Friendship! Runs to embrace him.

Art thou return'd at last, my better half?

Come.

Come, give me all my felf.

Let me not live.

If the young Bridegroom, long

If the young Bridegroom, longing for his Night,

Was ever half so fond.

Dola. I must be silent; for my Soul is busie About a nobler Work: She's new come home, Like a long-absent Man, and wanders o'er Each Room, a Stranger to her own, to look If all be safe.

Ant. Thou hast what's left of me.

For I am now so sunk from what I was,
Thou find'st me at my lowest Water-mark.

The Rivers that ran in, and rais'd my Fortunes,
Are all dry'd up, or take another course:
What I have left is from my native Spring;
Pre still a Heart that swells, in Scorn of Fate,
And lifts me to my Banks.

Dola. Still you are Lord of all the World to me.

Ant. Why, then I yet am so; for thou art all.

If I had any Joy when thou wert Absent,
I grudg'd it to my self; methought I robb'd
Thee of thy Part. But, Oh my Dolabella!
Thou hast beheld me other than I am.
Hast thou not seen my Morning Chambers fill'd
With Scepter'd Slaves, who waited to falute me:
With Eastern Monarchs, who forgot the Sun,
To worship my Uprising? Menial Kings
Ran coursing up and down my Palace-yard,
Stood silent in my Presence, watch'd my Eyes,
And, at my least Command, all started out
Like Racers to the Goal.

Dola. Slaves to your Fortune.

Aut. Fortune is Cafar's now; and what am I?

Vent. What you have made your felf; I will not flatter.

Ant. Is this friendly done?

Dola. Yes, when his End is so, I must join with him; Indeed I must, and yet you must not chide:
Why am I else your Friend?

At. Take heed, young Man,

How thou upbraid'st my Love: The Queen has Eyes,

Ąrd

And thou too haft a Soul. Canft thou remember When, fwell'd with hatred, thou beheld it her first was acceptany to thy Brother's Death?

Dola. Spare my Remembrance; twas a guilty Day,

And still the Blush hangs here.

Ant. To clear her self,

For sending him no Aid, she came from Egypt,
Her Gally down the Silver Cydnos row'd,
The tackling Silk, the Streamers wav'd with Gold,
The gentle Winds were lodg'd in purple Sails:
Her Nymphs, like Nereids, round her Couch were place;
Where she, another Sea-born Venus, lay.

Dola. No more: I would not hear it. Ant. O, you must! She lay, and leant her Cheek upon her Hand, And cast a Look so languishingly sweet, As if, secure of all Beholders Hearts, Neglecting the could take 'em: Boys, like Cupids, Stood fanning, with their painted Wings, the Winds That plaid about her Face: But if the smild, A darting Glory seem'd to blaze abroad: That Mens defining Eyes were never weary'd; But hung upon the Object: To foft Flutes The Silver Oars kept time; and while they plaid, The Hearing gave new Pleasure to the Sight; And both to Thought: "Twas Heav'n, or formerwhat more; For the fo charm'd all Hearts, that gazing Crowds Stood panting on the Shore, and wanted Breath To give their welcome Voice. Then, Dolabella, where was then thy Soul?

Was not thy Fury quite disarm'd with Wonder? Didft thou not fluink behind me from those Eyes, And whisper in my Ear, Oh tell her not That I accus'd her of my Brother's Death?

Vent Speak boldly.
Yours, he would fay, in your declining Age,

When .

When no more Heat was left but what you force, When all the Sap was needful for the Trunk, When it went down, then you constrain'd the Courley And robb'd from Nature, to furply Defire; In you (I would not use so harsh a Word) Tis but plain Dotage.

Ant. Ha!

Dela. Twee urg'd too home. But yet the Lois was private that I made; . Twas but my felf I loft: I loft me Legions, I had no World to lose, no People's Love.

Ant. This from a Friend?

Dols. Yes, Antony, a true one; A Friend so tender, that each word I speak Stabs my own Heart, before it reach your Ray. O, judge me not less kind because I chide: To Cafar I excuse you.

Am. O ye Gods!

Have I then liv'd to be excus'd to Cafar?

Dola. As to your Equal.

Ant. Well, he's but my Equal:

While I wear this, he never shall be more. Dola. I bring Conditions from him.

... Ant. Are they Noble?

Methinks thou shouldst not bring 'em elle; yet be Is full of deep Diffembling; knows no Honour Divided from his Int'reft. Fate mistook him: For Nature meant him for an Usurer, He's fit indeed to buy, not conquer Kingdoms.

Vent. Then, granting this,

What Pow'r was theirs who wrought fo hard a Temper. To honourable Terms!

Ant. It was my Dolabella, or some God. Dola. Nor I; nor yet Mecanas, nor Agrippa: They were your Enemies; and I a Friend Too weak alone; yet 'twas a Roman's Deed.

Ant. Twas like a Roman done: Show me that Man Who has preserv'd my Life, my Love, my Honour; Let me but see his Face,

Vent.

Vent. That task is mine,

'And, Heav's, thou know'ft how pleating, Dols, You'll remember

Exit Ven

To whom you ftand oblig'd? Ant. When I forget it,

Be thou unkind, and that's my greatest Curse. My Queen shall thank him too.

Dols. I fear she will not:

Ane. But the shall do't: the Queen, my Dolabella! Hast thou not still some gradgings of thy Fever?

Dola. I would not see her lost. Ant. When I forsake her,

Leave me, my better Stars; for she has Truth Beyond her Beauty. Cefar tempted her, At no less Price than Kingdoms, to betray me; But the refisted all: And yet thou chid'it me For loving her too well. Could I do fo? Dola. Yes, there's my Reason.

Re-enter Ventidius, with Octavia, leading Autony's two little Daughters.

Starting back. Ant. Where?——Octavia there! Vent. What, is the Poison to you? a Disease? Look on her, view her well; and those she brings: Are they all Strangers to your Eyes? has Nature

No fecret Call, no Whisper they are yours?

Dols. For shame, my Lord, if not for Love, receive em With kinder Eyes. If you confess a Man, Meet em, embrace 'em, bid 'em welcome to you. Your Arms should open, ev'n without your Knowledge, To clasp em in; your Feet should turn to Wings, To bear you to 'em; and your Eyes dart out, And aim a Kiss e're you could reach the Lips.

Ant. I stood amaz'd to think how they came hither. Vent. I sent for 'em; I brought 'em in, unknown To Cleopatra's Guards.

Dola. Yet are you cold?

Octav. Thus long I have attended for my welcome; Which, as a Stranger, fure I might expect. Who am 1?

Ant. Cafar's Sister.

Offer. That's unkind! Had I been nothing more than Cafar's Sifter, Know, I had still remain'd in Cafer's Camp; But your Offaria, your much injur'd Wife, Tho banish'd from your Bed, driv'n from your House, In spight of Casar's Sister, still is yours. Tis true, I have a Heart disdains your Coldness, And prompts me not to feek what you should offer But a Wife's Virtue still surmounts that Pride: I come to claim you as my own; to show My Duty first, to ask, nay beg, your Kindness: Your Hand, my Lord; 'tis mine, and I will have it.

Taking his Hand. Vent. Do, take it, thou deserv'st it. Dols. On my Soul, And so she does: She's neither too submissive. Nor yet too haughty; but so just a mean, Shows, as it ought, a Wife and Roman too. Ant. I fear, Octavia, you have begg'd my Life.

Octav. Begg'd it, my Lord? Ant. Yes, begg'd it, my Ambassadress, Poorly and basely begg'd it of your Brother. Octav. Poorly and basely I could never beg;

Nor could my Brother grant.

Ant. Shall I, who, to my kneeling Slave, could fay, Rise up, and be a King; shall I fall down And cry, Forgive me, Cafar? shall I set A Man, my Equal, in the Place of Jove, As he could give me Being? No; that word, Forgive, would choke me up,

And die upon my Tongue, Dols. You shall not need it.

Ant. I will not need it. Come, you've all betray'd me. My Friend too! To receive fome vile Conditions, My Wife has bought me, with her Prayers and Tears; And now I must become her branded Slave. In every peevish Mood she will upbraid The Life she gave: If I but look awry, She cries, I'll tell my Brother,

Octav. My hard Fortune

195 The yor Love; Or,

Subjects me still to your unkind Mistakes. But the Conditions I have bitught are furth You need not blush to take: I love your Honour, Because 'tis mine'; it never shall be said Octavials Husband was her Brother's Slave. Sir, you are free; free, ev'n from her you louth; For, the my Brother bargains for your Love, Makes the the Price and Cement of your Peace, I have a Soul like yours; I cannot take Your Love as Aims, nor beg what I deferve. I'll tell my Brother we are reconcild; He shall draw back his Troops, and you shall march To rule the East: I may be dropt at Athen; No matter where, I never will complain, But only keep the barren Name of Wife, And rid you of the Trouble.

Vent. Was ever fuch a Strife of fullen Honour!

Both fcorn to be oblig'd.

Dole. O, fine has toucht him in the tender it Part; See how he reddens with Delpight and Shame. To be out-done in Generolity!

Vent. See how he winks! how he dries up a Tear, That fain would fall!

Ant. Offavia, I have heard you, and must praise... The Greatness of your Soul;
But cannot yield to what you have propos'd:
For I can ne'er be conquer'd but by Love;
And you do all for Duty. You would free me,
And would be dropt at Athens, was't not so?

Octav. It was, my Lord.

Ant. Then I must be obliged
To one who love me not, who, to her self,
May call me thankless and ungrateful Man;
I'll not endure it, no.

Vent. I'm glad it pinches there.

Offav. Would you triumph o'er poor Offavia's Virtuel That Pride was all I had to bear me up; That you might think you ow'd me for your Life, And ow'd it to my Duty, not my Love. I have been injur'd, and my haughty Soul

Could

Could brook but ill the Man who flights my Bed.

Odav. Therefore, my Lord,

I should not love you.

Am. Therefore you would leave me?

Other. And therefore I should leave you—if I could.

Dola. Her Soul's too great, after such Injuries,

To say she loves; and yet she lets you see it.

Her Modesty and Silence plead her Cause.

Ant. O, Dolabella, which way shall I turn?
I find a Secret yielding in my Soul;
But Cleopatra, who would die with me,
Must she be left? Pity pleads for Octavia;
But does it not plead more for Cleopatra?

Vent. Justice and Pity both plead for Oslavia;

For Cleopatra, neither.
One would be ruin'd with you; but she sirst Had ruin'd you: The other, you have ruin'd And yet she would preserve you.
In every thing their Merits are unequal.

Ant. O, my distracted Soul!

Other. Sweet Hear'n compose it.

Come, come, my Lord, if I can parden you,
Methinks you should accept it. Look on these;
Are they not yours? Or stand they thus neglected
As they are mine? Go to him, Children, go;
Kneel to him, take him by the Hand, speak to him;
For you may speak, and he may own you too,
Without a Blush; and so he cannot all
His Children: Go, I say, and pull him to me,
And pull him to your selves, from that bad Woman.
You, Agriphina, hang upon his Arms;
And you, Antonia, class about his Wastet
If he will shake you off, if he will dash you
Against the Pavement, you must bear it, Children;

Here the Children go to him, &c.

Vent. Was ever fight fo moving! Emperer!

Dola. Friend! Octa. Husband! 234 All for Love; Or,

Both Child. Father!

Ant. I am vanquish'd: Take me,

Ottavia; take me; Children; share me all. [Embracing them.]

I've been a thristless Debtor to your Loves,

And run out much, in Riot, from your Stock;

But all shall be amended.

Octav. O bleft Hour! Dols. O happy Change!

Vent. My Joy stops at my Tongue; But it has found two Chanels here for one,

And bubbles out above. [thou wilt;

Ann. to Odlaw. This is thy Triumph; lead me where
Ev'n to thy Brother's Camp.

Ocav. All there are yours.

Emer Alexas haftily.

Alex. The Queen, my Mistress, Sir, and yours-

To morrow, Cafar and we are one.

[Ex. leading Octavia, Dol. and the Children follow. Vent. There's News for you; run, My officious Eunuch, Be fure to be the first; haste foreward:

Hafte, my dear Eunuch, hafte.

Alex. This downright fighting Fool, this thick-foulld
This blunt unthinking Instrument of Death, [Here,

With plain dull Virtue, has out-gone my Wit: Pleasure for sook my early'st Infancy,

The Luxury of others robb'd my Cradle,
And ravish'd thence the Promise of a Man:

Cast out from Nature, disinherited
Of what her meanest Children claim by

Of what her meanest Children claim by Kind; Yet, Greatness kept me from Contempt: That's gone.

Had Cleopara follow'd my Advice,

Then he had been betray'd, who now forfakes. She dies for Love; but the has known its Joys: Gods, is this just, that I, who know no Joys, Must die, because she loves?

Emer Cleopatra, Charmaion, Iras, and Iram. Oh, Madam, I have feen what blafts my Eyes! Offavia's here!

Ch

Cleo. Peace with that Raven's Note.

I know it too; and now am in
The Pangs of Death.

Alex. You are no more a Queen;

Egypt is loft.

Clea. What tell'st thou me of Egypt?

My Life, my Soul is lost! Octavia has him!
O fatal Name to Cleopara's Love!
My Kisses, my Embraces now are hers;
While I——But thou hast seen my Rival; speak,
Does she deserve this Blessing? Is she fair,
Bright as a Goddes? and is all Perfection
Confin'd to her? It is. Poor I was made

Of that course Matter which, when she was finish'd,

The Gods threw by, for Rubbish.

Alex. She's indeed a very Miracle.

Clee. Death to my Hopes, a Miracle! Alex. A Miracle;

Bowing,

I mean of Goodness; for in Beauty, Madam, You make all Wonders cease.

Cleo. I was too rash:

Take this in Part of Recompence. But, Oh,

[Giving A Ring

I fear thou flatter it me.

Char. She comes! she's here! Iras. Fly, Madam, Casar's Sister!

Cleo. Were she the Sister of the Thund'rer Jove, And bore her Brother's Lightning in her Eyes,

Thus would I face my Rival.

[Meets Octav. with Ventid. Octav. bears up to how. Their Trains come up on either side.

Office. I need not ask if you are Cleopatra,

Nor need I ask you who you are.

Octav. A Roman:

A Name that makes, and can unmake a Queen.

Cleo. Your Lord, the Man who ferves me, is a Roman.

Offav. He was a Roman, till he loft that Name
To be a Slave in Egypt; but I come

Te

To free him thence.

Cleo. Peace, peace, my Lover's fano: When he grew weary of that Houshold-Clog, He chose my easier Bonds.

Offau. I wonder not

Your Bonds are easie; you have long been practised In that lascivious Art: He's not the first For whom you spread your Shares: Let Cafer witness,

Cleo. I lov'd not Cafar; 'twas but Gratitude I paid his Love: The worft your Malice can, Is but to fay the greatest of Mankind Has been my Slave. The next, but far above him-In my Esteem, is he whom Law calls yours,

But whom his Love made mine.

Octav. I would view nearer [Coming up elbile to ber. That Face, which has so long usurp'd my Right, To find the inevitable Charms, that catch Mankind so sure, that ruin'd my dear Lord:

Cleo. O, you do well to search; for had you known But half these Charms, you had not lost his Heart.

Octav. Far be their Knowledge from a Roman Lady, Far from a modelt Wife. Shame of our Sex, Dost thou not blush, to own those black Endearment

That make Sin pleasing,?

Clee. You may blush, who want 'em. If bounteous Nature, if indulgent Heav'n Have giv'n me Charms to pleafe the bravest Man; Should I not thank 'em'? should I be asham'd, And not be proud? I am, that he has loy'd me: And, when I love not him, Heav's change this Face-For one like that.

Offer. Thou low if him not fo well. Cles. I love him better, and deferve hirh more, Offau. You do not; cannot. You have been his Run Who made him cheap at Rome, but Chopaira!

Who made him fcorn'd abroad, but Cleopatra?. At Actium, who betray'd him? Cleopatra. Who made his Children Orphans? and poor me A wretched Widow? only Claspatra.

# The World well Lost. 237.

Cleo. Yet she who loves him best is Cleopatra. If you have suffer'd, I have suffer'd more. You hear the specious Title of a Wife, To guild your Cause, and draw the pitying World To sayour it. The World contemns apor rae; For I have lost my Honour, lost my Fame, And stain'd the Glory of my Royal House, And all to bear the branded Name of Whitress. There wants but Life, and that too I would lose For him Llove.

Offau. Be't lo then; take thy Wilh. Their cum fun Cleo. And 'tis my Wish,

New he is loft for whom alone I liv'd.

My Sight grows dim, and every Object dances,
And fwims before me, in the Maze of Death.

My Spirits, while they were opposed, kept up;
They could not fink beneath a Rival's Scorn:
But now she's gone they faint.

Alex. Mine have had leifure To recollect their Strength, and furnish Comme

To ruin her; who elle must ruin you.

Lead me, my Chapping, nay, your Hand too, Itale My Grief has weight enough to fink you both. Conduct me to fome foliary Chamber, And draw the Curtains round; Then leave me to my felf, to take alone

My Fill of Grief:
There I till Death will his Unkindness weep:
As hamless Infants man themselves allege. [Ex

ACT

# **新发生的人们的图像文字的**

### ACT IV. SCENE L

Enter Antony and Dolabella.

Dols. TATHY would you hift it from your felf, on me? Can you not tell her you-must part?

Ant. I cannot.

I could pull out an Eye, and bid it go, And tother should not weep. Oh, Delabells, How many Deaths are in this word Depart! I dare not trust my Tongue to tell her so: One Look of hers would thaw me into Tears. And I should melt till I were lost again.

Dola. Then let Ventidius: He's rough by Nature.

Ant. Oh, he'll speak too harshly:

He'll kill her with the News: Thou, only thou, Dola. Nature has cast me in so soft a Mold. That but to hear a Story feign'd for Pleasure Of some sad Lover's Death, moistens my Eyes, And robs me of my Manhood. I should speak So faintly; with fuch Fear to grieve her Heart,

She'd not believe it earnest.

Ant. Therefore; therefore Thou only, thou art fit: Think thy felf me, And when thou speak'st (but let it first be long) Take off the Edge from every sharper Sound, And let our Parting be as gently made

As other Loves begin: Wilt thou do this? Dola. What you have faid, so sinks into my Soul,

That, if I must speak, I shall speak just so.

Ant. I leave you then to your fad Task: Farewel.

I fent her word to meet you

[Goes to the Door, and comes back.

I forgot; Let her be told, I'll make her Peace with mine:

Her Crown and Dignity shall be preserved, If I have Pow'r with Casar—O, be sure To think on that.

Dola. Fear not, I will remember.

[Antony goes again to the Down, and comes back.

And tell her, too, how much I was confirmin'd;
I did not this, but with extreament Force:
Defire her not to hate my Memory,

For I still cherish hers; — insist on that.

Dels. Trust me, I'll not forget it.

Ant. Then that's all. [Goes out, and returns again.]
Wilt thou forgive my Fondness this once more?
Tell her, tho' we shall never meet again.
If I should hear she took another Love,
The News would break my Heart — Now I must go.
For every time I have return'd, I feel
My Soul more tender; and my next Command
Would be to bid her stay, and ruin both.

Would be to bid her stay, and ruin both.

Dols. Men are but Children of a larger Growth,

Our Appetites as apt to change as theirs,
And full as craving too, and full as vain;
And yet the Soul, shut up in her dark Room,
Viewing so clear abroad, at home sees nothing;
But, like a Mole in Earth, busie and blind,
Works all her Folly up, and casts it outward
To the World's open view: Thus I discover'd,
And blam'd the Love of ruin'd Amony;
Yet wish that I were he, to be so ruin'd.

Enter Ventidius above.

Vent. Alone? and talking to himself? concern'd too! Perhaps my Guess is right; he lov'd her once,

And may purfue it still.

Dola. O Friendship! Friendship!
Ill canst thou answer this; and Reason, worse:
Unsaithful in th' Attempt; hopeless to win;
And, if I win, undone: Meer Madness all.
And yet th' Occasion's fair. What Injury
To him, to wear the Robe which he throws by?
Vent. None, none at all. This happens as I wish,
To ruin her yet more with Anony.

Intel

## 240. ALL for Love: Or,

Enter Cleopatra, talking with Alexas, Charmion, Iras on the other fide.

Dola. She comes! What Charms have Sorrow on that Face!
Sorrow feems pleas'd to dwell with fo much Sweetness;
Yet, now and then, a melancholy Smile
Breaks loofe, like Lightning, in a Winter's Night,
And shows a moments Day.

Vent. If the should love him too! Her Eunuch there! That Porceifes bodes, ill Weather. Draw, draw nearer, Sweet Devil, that I may hear.

Alex. Believe me; try

[Dolabella goes over to Charmion and Iras; fettis !!

To make him jealous; Jealousie is like A pelisht Glass held to the Lips when Life's in doubt: If there be Breath, 'twill catch the Damp and show it.

Cleo. I grant you Jealoufie's a Proof of Love, But 'tis a week and unavailing Medicine; It puts out the Disease, and makes it show, But has no Pow'r to cure.

Alex. 'Tis your last Remedy, and strongest too: And then this Delabella, who so sit
To practise on? He's handsome, valiant, young, and looks as he were laid for Nature's Bait
To catch weak Womens Eyes.
He stands already more than half suspected

Of loving you: The least kind Word, or Glance, You give this Youth, will kindle him with Love: Then, like a burning Vessel set adrift, You'll send him down amain before the Wind, To fire the Heart of jealous Amony.

Cleo. Can I do this? Ah os; my Love's so true,
That I can neither hide it where it is,
Nor show it where it is not. Nature meant me
A Wife, a filly harmless houshold Dove,
Fond without Art; and kind without Deceit;
But Fortune, that has made a Mistress of me,
Has thrust me out to the wide World, unfurnished
Of Falshood to be happy.

AR

Alex. Force your felf.
The Event will be, your Lover will return
Doubly defirous to possess the Good
Third your best for the felt.

Which once he fear'd to lose. Cleo. I must attempt it;

But Oh with what Regret!

[Exit Alex. (She comes up to Dolabella.)

Vent. So, now the Scene draws near; they're in my reach.
Cleo. to Dol. Discoursing with my Women! Might not I

Share in your Entertainment?

Char. You have been. The Subject of it Madam.

The Subject of it Madam, Cleo. How; and how?

Iras. Such Praises of your Beauty!

Cleo. Meer Poetry.

Your Roman Wits, your Gallus and Tibullus Have taught you this from Citheris and Delia.

Dola. Those Roman Wits have never been in Egyps, Cuberis and Delia else had been unsung:

I, who have feen—had I been born a Poet,

Should chuse a nobler Name.

Cleo. You flatter me.
But, 'tis your Nation's Vice: All of your Country
Are Flatterers, and all false. Your Friend's like you,
I'm sure he sent you not to speak these Words.

Dola. No, Madam; yet he fent me-

Cleo. Well, he fent you-

Dola. Of a less pleasing Errand.

Cleo. How less pleasing? Less to your felf, or me?

Dola. Madam, to both;

For you must mourn, and I must grieve to cause it.

Cleo. You, Charmion, and your Fellow, standat distance. Hold up, my Spirits. [Aside.] — Well, now your mournful Matter;

For I'm prepar d, perhaps can guess it too.

Dela. I wish you would; for tis a thankless Office To tell ill News: And I, of all your Sex,

Most fear displeasing you.

Cleo. Of all your Sex,

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. I foonest could forgive you, if you should.

Vent. Most delicate advances! Woman! Woman!

Dear damn'd, inconstant Sex!

Cleo. In the first Place,

I am to be forsaken; is't not so?

Dola. I wish I could not answer to that question.

Clee. Then pass it o'er, because it troubles you:

I should have been more griev'd another time.

Next, I'm to lose my Kingdom——Farewel, Egys. Yet, is there any more?

Dola. Madam, I fear

Your too deep Sense of Grief has turn'd your Reason.

Cleo. No, no, I'm not run mad; I can bear Fortune:

And Love may be expelled by other Love,

As Poisons are by Poisons.

Dola. — You o'erjoy me, Madam,

To find your Griefs so moderately born.

You've heard the worst; all are not false, like him. Cleo. No; Heav'n forbid they should.

Dola. Some Men are constant.

Cleo. And Constancy deserves Reward, that's certain.

Dola. Deserves it not; but give it leave to hope.

Vent. I'll fwear thou hast my leave. I have enough:
But how to manage this! Well, I'll consider.

But how to manage this! Well, I'll confider.

Dola. I came prepar'd,

Dola. I came prepard,
To tell you heavy News; News, which I thought
Would fright the Blood from your pale Cheeks to hear:
But you have met it with a Chearfulness
That makes my Task more easie; and my Tongue,
Which on another's Message was employ'd,

Would gladly speak its own.

Cleo. Hold, Delabella.

First tell me, were you chosen by my Lord?

Or fought you this Employment?

Dola. He pick'd me out; and, as his Bosom-friend,

He charg'd me with his Words.

Cleo. The Message then
I know was tender, and each Accent smooth,
To mollisie that rugged word Depart.

Dal

Dola, Oh, you mistake: He chose the harshest Words, With siery Eyes, and with contracted Brows, He coin'd his Face in the severest Stamp: And Fury shook his Fabrick like an Earthquake; He heav'd for vent, and burst like bellowing Ætna, In Sounds scarce human, "Hence, away for ever: "Let her begone, the Blot of my Renown,

" And bane of all my Hopes:

[All the time of this Speech, Cleopatra feems more and more concerned, till the links quite down.

" Let her be driv'n as far as Men can think

"From Man's Commerce: She'll Poison to the Center.
Cleo. Oh, I can bear no more! [Wretch!
Dols. Help, help: Oh Wretch! Oh cursed, cursed

What have I done!

Char. Help, chafe her Temples, Iras.

Iras. Bend, bend her forward quickly.

Char. Heav'n be prais'd,

She comes again.

Cleo. Oh, let him not approach me.
Why have you brought me back to this loath'd Being,
Th' Abode of Falshood, violated Vows,
And injur'd Love? For Pity, let me go;
For, if there be a Place of long Repose,
I'm sure I want it. My disdainful Lord
Can never break that Quiet; nor awake
The sleeping Soul, with hollowing in my Tomb
Such words as fright her hence, Unkind, unkind.
Dola. Believe me, 'tis against my self I speak, Kneeling,

That fure deserves Belief; I injur'd him:

My Friend ne'er spoke those words. Oh, had you seen How often he came back, and every time

With something more obliging and more kind,

To add to what he said; what dear Farewels;

How almost vanquisht by his Love he parted,

And lean'd to what unwillingly he left:

I, Traitor as I was, for Love of you,

(But what can you not do, who made me saise!)

I forg'd that Lie; for whose forgiveness kneels

This self-accus'd, self-punish'd Criminal.

L a

Cleo. With how much case believe we what we wish! Rise, Dolabella; if you have been guilty, I have contributed, and too much Love Has made me guilty too.

Th' Advance of Kindness which I made, was feign'd,

To call back fleeting Love by Jealousie; But 'twould not last. Oh, rather let me lose,

Than so ignobly Trifle with his Heart. Dols. I find your Breaft fenc'd round from human reach, Transparent as a Rock of solid Crystal; Seen through, but never pierc'd. My Friend, my Friend What endless Treasure hast thou thrown away, And scatter'd, like an Infant, in the Ocean, Vain Sums of Wealth which none can gather thence.

Gleo. Could you not beg An Hour's Admittance to his private Ear? Like one who wanders through long barren Wilds, And yet foreknows no hospitable Inn Is near to fuccour Hunger, Eats his Fill, before h s painful March:

So would I feed a while my famish'd Eyes Before we part; for I have far to go, If Death be far, and never must return.

Ventidius, with Octavia, behind.

Vent. From hence you may discover - Oh, sweet, sweet! Would you indeed? the pretty Hand in earnest? Takes ber Hand. Dola. I will, for this Reward.

Draw it not back, 'Tis all I e'er will beg.

Vent. They turn upon us. Octav. What quick Eyes has Guilt!

Vent. Seem not to have observ'd 'em, and go on.

They enter.

Dola. Saw you the Emperor, Ventidius? Vent. No.

I fought him; but I heard that he was private, None with him, but Hipparchus his Freedman.

Dola. Know you his Bus'ness? Vent. Giving him Instructions, And Letters, to his Brother Cafar.

Dels.

Dola. Well. [Exeunt Dola. and Clee,] He must be found.

Ottav. Most glorious Impudence!

Vent. She look'd methought

As the would fay, Take your old Man, Octavia; -Thank you, I'm better here.

Well, but what use

Make we of this Discovery?

Offau. Let it die.

Vent. I pity Dolabella; but she's dangerous: Her Eyes have Pow'r beyond Thessalian Charms To draw the Moon from Heav'n; for Eloquence, The Sea-green Syrens taught her Voice their Flatt'ry; And, while the speaks, Night steals upon the Day, Unmark'd of those that hear: Then she's so charming, Age buds at fight of her, and swells to Youth: The holy Priests gaze on her when she smiles; And with heav'd Hands forgetting Gravity, They bless her wanton Eyes: Even I who hate her, With a malignant Joy behold fuch Beauty; And, while I curfe, defire it. Antony Must needs have some Remains of Passion still. Which may ferment into a worse Relapse, If now not fully cur'd. I know, this Minute,

With Cafar he's endeavouring her Peace. Octav. You have prevail'd:--but for a farther purpose

Walks off. I'll prove how he will relish this Discovery.

What, make a Strumpet's Peace! it swells my Heart: It must not, sha' not be.

Vent. His Guards appear.

Let me begin, and you shall second me.

Enter Antony.

Ant. Octavia, I was looking you, my Love: What, are your Letters ready? I have giv'n My last Instructions.

Octa. Mine, my Lord, are written.

Ant. Ventidius! Vent. My Lord? Drawing him aside.

Ans. A word in private.

When

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When faw you Dolabella?

Vent. Now, my Lord, He parted hence; and Cleopatra with him.

Am. Speak foftly. 'Twas by my Command he went,

To bear my last Farewel. Vent. It look'd indeed

[Aloud:

[ Aloud,

Like your Farewel.

Ant. More foftly-My Farewel? What secret Meaning have you in those words

Of my Farewel? He did it by my Order.

Vent. Then he obey'd your Order. I suppose [Alond. You bid him do it with all Gentleness,

All Kindness, and all

Ant. How she mourn'd, The poor forfaken Creature!

Vent. She took it as she ought; she bore your Parting

As the did Cafar's, as the would another's,

Were a new Love to come.

Ant. Thou dost belie her;

Most basely, and maliciously belie her.

Vent. I thought not to displease you; I have done. Coming up. Octav. You seem disturb'd, my Lord.

Ant. A very Trifle.

Retire, my Love. Vent. It was indeed a Trifle.

Ant. No more. Look how thou disobey'st me;

Angrily.

Thy Life shall answer it.

Octav. Then 'tis no Trifle.

Vent. to Octav. 'Tisless; a very nothing: You too saw it;

As well as I, and therefore 'tis no Secret.

Ant. She faw it!

Vent. Yes: She saw young Dolabella

Ant. Young Dolabella!

Vent. Young, I think him young, And handsome too; and so do others think him. But what of that? He went by your Command, Indeed 'tis probable, with some kind Message;

For the receiv'd it graciously; the fmil'd:

And then he grew Familiar with her Hand, . Squeez'd it, and worry'd it with ravenous Kisses; She blush'd, and sigh'd, and smil'd, and blush'd again; At last she took Occasion to talk softly; And brought her Cheek up close, and lean'd on his: At which, he whisper'd Kisses back on hers; And then she cry d aloud, That Constancy Should be rewarded.

Octav. This I saw and heard.

Ant. What Woman was it, whom you heard and fave So playful with my Friend! Not *Cleopatra* ?

Vent. Ev'n she, my Lord!

Ant. My Cleopatra? Vent. Your Cleopatra:

Dolabella's Cleopatra:

Every Man's Cleopatra.

Ant. Thou ly'ft. Vest. I do not lie, my Lord.

Is this so strange? Should Mistresses be left, And not provide against a Time of Change? You know the's not much us'd to lonely Nights.

Ant. I'll think no more on't.

I know 'tis false, and see the Plot betwixt you, You needed not have gone this way, Octavia, What harms it you that Cleopatra's just? She's mine no more. I see; and I forgive: Urge it no farther, Love.

Offau. Are you concern'd

That the's found false?

Ant. I should be, were it so;

For, tho' 'tis past, I would not that the World. Should tax my former Choice: That I lov'd one Of so light Note; but I forgive you both.

Vent. What has my Age deserv'd, that you should think ? I would abuse your Ears with Perjury?

If Heav'n be true, she's false.

Ant. Tho' Heav'n and Earth Should witness it, I'll not believe her tainted.

### 248 ALL for LOVE; Or,

Ven. I'll bring you then a Witness
From Hell to prove her so. Nay, go not back;
[Seeing Alexas just entring, and starting back.]

For stay you must and shall.

Alex. What means my Lord?

Ven. To make you do what most you hate; speak truth.

You are of Cleopatra's private Counsel,

Of her Bed-Counsel, her lascivious Hours;

Are conscious of each nightly Change she makes,

And watch her, as Chaldeaus do the Moon, Can tell what Signs she passes through, what Day.

Alex. My Noble Lord.

Ven. My most Illustrious Pandar,
No fine set Speech, no Cadence, no turn'd Periods,
But a plain home-spun Truth, is what I ask:
I did, my self, o'erhear your Queen make Love
To Delabella. Speak; for I will know,
By your Confession, what more past betwirt 'em;
How near the Bus'ness draws to your Employment;
And when the happy Hour.

Ant. Speak truth, Alexas, whether it offend Or please Ventidius, care not: Justifie Thy injur'd Queen from Malice: Dare his worst.

Off. [Aside.] See, how he gives him Courage, how he To find her false! and shuts his Eyes to Truth, [fears

Willing to be mif-led!

Alex. As far as Love may plead for Woman's Frailty, Urg'd by Defert and Greatness of the Lover; So far (Divine Octavia!) may my Queen Stand ev'n excus'd to you, for loving him, Who is your Lord: So far, from brave Ventidius, May her past Actions hope a fair report.

Ant. 'Tis well, and truly spoken: Mark, Ventidius.

Alex. To you, most Noble Emperor, her strong Passion
Stands not excus'd, but wholly justified.

Her Beauty's charms alone, without her Grown,
From Ind and Meros drew the distant Vows
Of sighing Kings; and at her Feet were laid
The Scepters of the Earth, expos'd on heaps.

To chuse where she would Reign:

She thought a Roman only could deferve her; And, of all Romans, only Antony. And, to be less than Wife to you, disdain'd Their lawful Passion.

Ant. 'Tis but truth.

Alex. And yet, tho' Love, and your unmatch'd Defert,
Have drawn her from the due regard of Honour,
At laft, Heav'n open'd her unwilling Eyes
To see the Wrongs she offer'd fair Offsvia,
Whose hely Bed she lawlesly usurp'd,
The sad Effects of this improsperous War,
Consirm'd those pious Thoughts.

Ven. [Aside.] O, wheel you there? Observe him now; the Man begins to mend, And talk substantial Reason. Fear not, Eusuch, The Emperor has giv'n thee leave to speak.

Alex. Else had I never dar'd t' offend his Ears. With what the last Necessity has urg'd

On my forsaken Mistress; yet I must not Presume to say her Heart is wholly alter'd.

Ant. No, dare not for thy Life, I charge thee dare not.

Octav. Must I bear this? Good Heav'n, afford me Patience.

Ven. On, sweet Ennuch; my dear half Man, proceed. Alex. Yet Dolabella

Ant. Hence, from my fight; for I can bear no mose: Let Furies drag thee quick to Hell; let all The longer damn'd have rest; each torturing Hand's Do thou employ, 'till Cleopatra comes, Then join thou too, and help to torture her.

[Exit Alexas, thrust out by Antony, Odav. "Tis not well, Indeed, my Lord, 'tis much unkind to me, To show this Passion, this extream Concernment. For an abandon'd, faithless Prostitute.

#### 250 ALL for LOVE; Or,

Ant. Odlavia; leave me: I am much disorder'd; Leave me, I say.

Offav. My Lord?

Ant. I bid you leave me.

Ven. Obey him, Madam: Best withdraw a while,

And see how this will work.

Octav. Wherein have I offended you, my Lord, That I am bid to leave you? Am I false, Or infamous? Am I a Cleopatra?

Were I she,

Base as she is, you would not bid me leave you; But hang upon my Neck, take flight Excuses, And fawn upon my Falshood.

Ant. 'Tis too much,

Too much, Ottavia; I am prest with Sorrows
Too heavy to be born; and you add more:
I would retire, and recollect what's left
Of Man within, to aid me.

Octav. You would mourn
In private, for your Love, who has betray'd you;
You did but half return to me: Your Kindness
Linger'd behind with her. I hear, my Lord,
You make Conditions for her,
And would include her Treaty. Wond'rous Proofs
Of Love to me!

Ant. Are you my Friend, Ventidius?
Or are you turn'd a Dolabella too.
And let this Fury loose?

Ven. Oh, be advis'd, Sweet Madam, and retire.

Other. Yes, I will go; but never to return?
You shall no more be haunted with this Fury.
My Lord, my Lord, Love will not always last,
When urg'd with long Unkindness, and Distain?
Take her again whom you prefer to me;
She stays but to be call'd. Poor cozen'd Man!
Let a feign'd Parting give her back your Heart,
Which a seign'd Love first got; for injur'd me,
Tho' my just sense of Wrongs forbid my stay,
My Duty shall be yours.

#### The World well Lost. 251:

To the dear Pledges of our former Love, My Tenderness and Care shall be transferr'd, And they shall cheer, by turns, my widow'd Nights: So take my last Farewel; for I despair To have you whole, and fcorn to take you half.

Ven. I combat Heav'n, which blasts my best Designs:

My last Attempt must be to win her back; But Oh, I fear, in vain.

Exit.

Ant. Why was I fram'd with this plain honest Heart, Which knows not to disguise its Griefs and Weakness, But bears its Workings outward to the World? I should have kept the mighty Anguish in, And forc'd a Smile at Cleopatra's Falshood: Offavia had believ'd it, and had staid; But I am made a shallow-forded Stream, Seen to the bottom: All my Clearness scorn'd, And all my Faults expos'd! ———See where he comes

Enter Dolabella. Who has prophan'd the Sacred Name of Friend, And worn it into Vileness! With how secure a Brow, and specious Form

He gilds the fecret Villain! Sure that Face Was meant for Honesty; but Heav'n mis-match'd it, And furnish'd Treason out with Nature's pomp,

To make its Work more case. .

Dola+ O, my Friend!

Ant. Well, Delabella, you perform'd my Meffage? Dola. I did, unwillingly.

Ant. Unwillingly?

Was it so hard for you to bear our parting? You should have wisht it.

Dola. Why?

Ant. Because you love me.

And the receiv'd my Message, with as true, With as unfeign'd a Sorrow, as you brought it? Dola. She loves you, ev'n to Madness.

Ant. Oh, I know it.

You, Delabella, do not better know How much she loves me. And should I Forfake this Beauty? This all-perfect Creature?

Dolin.

#### 252 All for Love; Or,

Dola. I could not, were she mine.

Ant. And yet you first

Perswaded me: How come you alter'd since?

Dola. I said at first I was not fit to go;
I could not hear her Sighs, and see her Tears,
But Pity must prevail: And so, perhaps,
It may again with you; for I have promis'd
That she should take her last farewel: And, see,
She comes to claim my Word.

Enter Cleopatra.

Ant. False Dolabella!

Dola. What's false, my Lord?

Ant. Why, Delabella's false,

And Cleopatra's false; both false and faithless.

Draw near, you well-join'd Wickedness, you Serpents, Whom I have, in my kiadly Bosom, warm'd Till I am stung to Death.

Dola. My Lord, have I

Deserv'd to be thus us'd? Cleo, Can Heav'n prepare

A newer Torment? Can it find a Curse

Beyond our Separation?

Ant. Yes, if Fate

Be just, much greater: Heav'n should be ingenious-In punishing such Crimes. The rowling Stone, And gnawing Vulture, were flight Pains, invented When Jove was young, and no Examples known Of mighty Ills; but you have ripen'd Sin To fuch a monstrous Growth, 'twill pose the Gods. To find an equal Torture. Two, two fuch, Oh there's no farther Name, two fuch-to me, To me, who lock'd my Soul within your Breafts, Had no Defires, no Joys, no Life, but you; When half the Globe was mine, I gave it you In Dowry with my Heart; I had no use, No Fruit of all, but you: A Friend and Mistress Was what the World could give. Oh, Cleapasta ! Oh, Dolabella! how could you betray This tender Heart, which with an Infant-fondness Lay lull'd betwixt your Bosoms, and there slept

#### The WORLD well LOST. 253.

Secure of injur'd Faith?

Dola. If the has wrong'd you,'
Heav'n, Hell, and you revenge it.

Aut. If the has wrong'd me!
Thou would'ft evade thy Part of Guilt; but fwear
Thou lov'ft not her.

Dels. Not so as I love you.

Ant. Not so! Swear, swear, I say, thou dost not love
Dola. No more than Friendship will allow.

Ant. No more?

Friendship allows thee nothing: Thou art perjur'd—And yet thou didst not swear thou lov'dst her not; But not so much, no more. Oh trisling Hypocrite, Who dar'st not own to her thou dost not love, Nor own to me thou dost! Ventidius heard it; Octavia saw it.

Cleo. They are Enemies.

Ant. Alexas is not fo: He, he confest it;
He, who, next Hell, best knew it, he avow'd it.
Why do I feek a Proof beyond your felf?
You whom I fent to bear my last Farewel,
Return'd to plead her Stay.

Dols. What shall I answer? If to have lov'd be Guilt, then I have sinn'd; But if to have repented of that Love Can wash away my Crime, I have repented. Yet, if I have offended past Forgiveness, Let not her suffer: She is innocent.

Cleo. Ah, what will not a Woman do who loves! What means will she refuse, to keep that Heart Where all her Joys are plac'd! 'Twas I encourag'd, 'Twas I blew up the Fire that scorch'd his Soul, To make you jealous; and by that regain you, But all in vain; I could not Counterfeit: In spight of all the Dams, my Love broke o'er, And drown'd my Heart again: Fate took th' Octasion; And thus one Minute's seigning has destroy'd My whole Life's truth.

Ant. Thin Cobweb Arts of Falshood; Seen, and broke though at first.

Dola,

## ALL for LOVE; Or

Dola. Forgive your Mistress. Cleo. Forgive your Friend.

Ant. You have convinc'd your felves, You plead each other's Cause: What Witness have you,

That you but meant to raise my Jealousie? Cleo. Our felves and Heav'n.

[fhip =

Ant. Guilt witnesses for Guilt. Hence, Love and Friend-You have no longer place in human Breafts, These two have driv'n you out: Avoid my Sight; I would not kill the Man whom I have lov'd; And cannot hurt the Woman; but avoid me, I do not know how long I can be tame; For, if I stay one Minute more to think How I am wrong'd, my Justice and Revenge Will cry so loud within me, that my Pity Will not be heard for either.

Dola. Heav'n has but

Our Sorrow for our Sins; and then delights . To pardon erring Man: Sweet Mercy feems Its darling Attribute, which limits Justice; As if there were degrees in Infinite; And Infinite would rather want Perfection. Than punish to extent.

Ant. I can forgive

A Foe; but not a Mistress, and a Friend: Treason is there in its most horrid Shape, Where Trust is greatest: And the Soul resign'd Is flabb'd by its own Guards: I'll hear no more; Hence from my Sight, for ever,

Cleo. How? for ever!

I cannot go one Moment from your Sight, And must I go for ever? My Joys, my only Joys are center'd here: What Place have I to go to? my own Kingdom? That I have lost for you: Or to the Romans? They have me for your fake: Or must I wander The wide World o'er, a helpless, banish'd Woman, Banish'd for love of you; banish'd from you; Ay, there's the Banishment! Oh hear me; hear m';-With strictest Justice: For I beg no favour:

And if I have offended you, then kill me, But do not banish me.

Ant. I must not hear you.

I have a Fool within me takes your Part;

But Henour stops my Ears. Cleo. For Pity hear me!

Would you cast off a Slave who follow'd you,
Who crouch'd beneath your Spurn? — He has no pity?
See, if he gives one Tear to my Departure;
One Look, one kind Farewel: Oh Iron Heart!
Let all the Gods look down, and judge betwixt us,
If he did ever love!

Ant. No more: Alexas !
Dola. A perjur'd Villain!

Ant. to Cleo. Your Alexas; yours.

Cleo. O'twas his Plot: His ruinous Defign T'ingage you in my Love by Jealousie. Hear him; confront him with me; let him speak.

Ant. I have; I have.

Whate'er you please! I am not to be mov'd.

Cleo. Then must we part? Farewel, my cruel Lord, Th' Appearance is against me; and I go Unjustify'd, for ever from your Sight.
How I have lov'd, you know; how yet I love, My only Comfort is, I know my self:
I love you more, ev'n now you are unkind,
Than when you lov'd me most; so well, so truly,
I'll never strive against it; but die pleas'd
To think you once were mine.

#### 256 ALL for LOVE; Or,

And all the Seas, betwirt your funder'd Loves: View nothing common but the Sun and Skies: Now, all take feveral Ways;

And each your own fad Fate with mine deplore;
That you were falle, and I could trust no more.

Exerces severally.

## PARAMETAL ASSESSMENT AND ASSESSMENT ASSESSMENT AND ASSESSMENT ASS

#### ACT V. SCENE I.

Enter Cleopatra, Chaemion and Iras.

Char. B E juster, Heav'n: such Virtue punish'd thus,
Will make us think that Chance rules all above,
And shuffles, with a random Hand, the Lots

Which Man is forc'd to draw.

Clee. I could tear out these Eyes, that gain'd his Heart,
And had not Pow'r to keep it. O the Curse
Of doting on, ev'n when I find it Dotage!
Bear Witness, Gods, you heard him bid me go;
You whom he mock'd with imprecating Vows
Of promis'd Faith———I'll die, I will not bear it.
You may hold me————

[She pulls out her Dagger, and they held har. But I can keep my Breath; I can die inward,

And choak this Love.

#### Enter Alexas.

Iras. Help, O Alexas, help!
The Queen grows desperate, her Soul struggles in her,
With all the Agonies of Love and Rage,
And strives to force its Passage.

Clee. Let me go.

Art thou there, Traitor!——O,
O, for'a little Breath, to vent my Rage!
Give, give me way, and let me loose upon him.

Alex. Yes, I deserve it, for my ill-tim'd Truth.
Was it for me to prop
The Ruins of a falling Majesty?

T

To place my felf beneath the mighty Flaw, Thus to be crush'd, and pounded into Atomes, By its o'crwhelming Weight? 'Tis too presuming For Subjects, to preserve that wilful Pow'r Which courts its own Destruction.

Dropping and faint, with climbing up the Cliff,
If, from above, some charitable Hand
Pull him to safety, hazarding himself
To draw the others weight; would he look back
And curse him for his Pains? The Case is yours;
But one Step more, and you have gain'd the Heighth.

Cleo. Sunk, never more to rise.

Alex. Octavia's gone, and Bolabella banish'd.

Believe me, Madam, Antony is yours.
His Heart was never lost; but started off
To Jealousie, Love's last retreat and covert:
Where it iyes hid in Shades, watchful in Silence.
And list'ning for the Sound that calls it back,
Some other, any Man, (its so advanc'd)
May perfect this unfinish'd Work, which I
(Unhappy only to my self) have left
So ease to his Hand.

ıf

If the first happen, Fate acquits my Promise: If we o'ercome, the Conqueror is yours.

[A diffant Shout within Char. Have Comfort, Madam: Did you mark that

Shout? [Second Shout nearer.

Iras. Hark; they redouble it. Alex. 'Tis from the Port.

The loudness flows it near: Good News, kind Heav'ns, Cleo. Ofiris make it so.

Enter Scrapion.

Serap. Where, where's the Queen?

Alex. How frightfully the holy Coward stares?

As if not yet recover'd of th' Assault,

When all his Gods, and what's more dear to him,

His Offerings were at fake.

Serap. O horror, horror!

Egypt has been; our latest Hour is come:

The Queen of Nations from her ancient Seat,

Is sunk for ever in the dark Abyss:

Time has unrowl'd her Glories to the last,

And now clos'd up the Volume.

Cleo. Be more plain: Say, whence thou cam'st, (though Fate is in thy Face. Which from thy haggard Eyes looks wildly out,

And threatens e'er thou speak'st.)

Serap. I came from Phares;
From viewing (spare me, and imagine it)
Our Land's last hope, your Navy

Cleo. Vanquish'd? Serap. No.

They fought not.

Glee. Then they fled. Serap. Nor that. I saw,

With Antony, your well-appointed Fleet
Row out; and thrice he wav'd his Hand on high;
And thrice with chearful Cries they shouted back:
"Twas then, false Fortune, like a fawning Strumpet,
About to leave the Bankrupt Prodigal,
With a dissembled Smile would kis at parting,
And flatter to the Last; the well-tim'd Oars

Now.

Now dipt from every Bank, now smoothly run To meet the Foe; and soon indeed they met, But not as Foes. In few, we saw their Caps On either side thrown up; th' Egyptian Gallies (Receiv'd like Friends) past through, and fell behind The Roman Rear: And now, they all come forward, And ride within the Port.

Cleo. Enough, Serapion:

I've heard my Doom. This needed not, you Gods: When I loft Antony, your Work was done; 'Tis but superfluous Malice. Where's my Lord?

How bears he this last Blow?

Serap. His Fury cannot be express'd by words: Thrice he attempted headlong to have fain Full on his Foes, and aim'd at Casar's Galley: With-held, he raves on you; cries, He's betray'd, Should he now find you———

Alex. Shun him, feek your Safety, Till you can clear your Innocence.

Cleo. Pil flay.

Alex. You must not, haste you to your Monuments. While I make speed to Casar.

Cleo. Cafar! No,

I have no Business with him.

Alex. I can work him

To spare your Life, and let this Madman perish. [too a Cleo Base fawning Wretch! wouldst thou betray him Hence from my Sight, I will not hear a Traitor; Twas thy Design brought all this Ruin on us; Serapion, thou art honest; counsel me: But haste, each Moment's precious.

Serap. Retire; you must not yet see Antony. He who began this Mischief,
"Tis just he tempt the Danger: Let him clear you? \_\_And, since he offer'd you his servile Tongue,
To gain a poor precarious Life from Casar,
Let him expose that fawning Eloquence,
And speak to Antony.

Alex. O Heav'n's! I dare not, I meet my certain Death.

#### ALL for LOVE; Or.

Cles. Slave, thou deserv'st it. Not that I fear my Lord, will I avoid him; I know him noble: When he banish'd me, And thought me falle, he scorn'd to take my Life; But I'll be justify'd, and then die with him."

Alex. O pity me, and let me follow you. Cleo. To Death, if thou stir hence. Speak, if thou Now for thy Life, which basely thou wouldst save;

While mine I prize at this. Come, good Serapion.

Exeant Cleo. Scrap. Char. and Iras. Alex. O that I less cou'd fear to lose this Being, Which, like a Snow-ball, in my Coward Hand, The more 'tis grasp'd, the faster melts away. Poor Reason! what a wretched Aid art thou! For still, in spight of thee, These two long Lovers, Soul and Body, dread Their final Separation. Let me think: What can I say, to save my self from Death? No matter what becomes of Cleanatra.

Ant. Which way? where? Kent. This leads to th' Monument.

Waba.

Alex. Ah me! I hear him; yet I'm unprepar'd: My Gift of Lying's gone; And this Court-Devil, which I so oft have rais'd, Forfakes me at my Need. I dare not flay;

Yet cannot far go hence.

Exit.

Enter Antony and Ventidius: Ant. O happy Cafar! Thou hast Men to lead: Think not 'tis thou halt conquer'd Autony; But Rome has conquer'd Egyps. I'm betray'd.

Vent. Curse on this treach'rous Train! Their Soil and Heav'n infect 'em all with Baseness: And their young Souls come tainted to the World. With the first Breath they draw.

Ant. Th'original Villain fure no God created : He was a Bastard of the Sun, by Nile, Ap'd into Man; with all his Mother's Mud

Crusted about his Soul. Vent. The Nation is

One Universal Traitor; and their Queen

The

The very Spirit and Extract of 'em all.

Aut. Is there yet left

A Possibility of Aid from Valour?
Is there one God unsworn to my Destruction?
The least unmortgag'd Hope? for, if there be,
Methinks I cannot fall beneath the Fate
Of such a Boy as Cafar.

The World's one half is yet in Amony;
And, from each Limb of it that's hew'd away,
The Soul comes back to me.

Vent. There yet remain

Three Legions in the Town. The last Assault
Lopt off the rest: If Death be your Design,
As I must wish it now, these are sufficient
To make a Heap about us of dead Foes,
An honest Pile for Burial.

Ant. They're enough.

We'll not divide our Stars; but Side by Side Fight Enulous: And with malicious Eyes Survey each other's Acts: So every Death Thou givett, I'll take on me, as a just Debt,

And pay thee in a Soul.

Vent. Now you shall see I love you. Not a Word Of chiding more. By my few Hours of Life, I am so pleas'd with this brave Reman Fate, That I would not be Cesar, to out-live you. When we put off this Flesh, and mount together, I shall be shown to all th' Etherial Crowd; Lo, this is he who dy'd with Antony. [Troops,

Ant. Who knows but we may pierce through all their And reach my Veterans yet? 'Tis worth the Tempting, T'o'er-leap this Gulph of Fate, And leave any word's in Policies baking

And leave our wond'ring Destinies behind.

Enter Alexas, trembling.

Vent. See, fee, that Villain; See Cleopara stampt upon that Face, With all her Cunning, all her Arts of Falshood! How she looks out through these differbling Eyes! How he has set his Count nance for Decent; And Promites a Lie, before he speaks!

#### ALL for Love: Or,

Let me dispatch him first.

[Drawing.

Alex. O, spare me, spare me.

Ann. Hold; he's not worth your killing. On thy Life, (Which thou mayst keep, because I scorn to take it)
No Syllable to justifie thy Queen;
Save thy base Tongue its office.

Alex. Sir, she's gone,

Where she shall never be molested more

By Love, or you.

Ant. Fled to her Dolabella!

Die, Traitor, I revoke my Promise, die Geing to killbim, Alex. O hold, she is not fled.

Ant. She is: My Eyes

Are open to her Falshood; my whole Life
Has been a golden Dream, of Love and Friendship.
But, now I wake, I'm like a Merchant, rows'd
From soft Repose, to see his Vessel sinking,
And all his Wealth cast o'er. Ingrateful Woman!
Who follow'd me, but as the Swallow Summer,
Hatching her young Ones in my kindly Beams,
Singing her Flatt'ries to my Morning Wake;
But, now my Winter comes, she spreads her Wings,
And seeks the Spring of Casar.

Alex. Think not fo:

Her Fortunes have, in all things, mixt with yours, Had she betray'd her Naval Force to Rome, How easily might she have gone to Casur, Secure by such a Bribe!

Cure by such a Bride!

Vent. She sent it first.

To be more welcome after.

Ant. 'Tis too plain;

Else wou'd she have appear'd, to clear her self.

Alex. Too satally she has; she could not bear

To be accus'd by you; but shut her self
Within her Monument: Look'd down and sigh'd;
While, from her unchang'd Face, the silent Tears
Dropt, as they had not leave, but stole their Parting.
Some undistinguish'd Words she inly murmur'd;
At last, she rais'd her Eyes; and, with such Looks
As dying Lucreee cast

- Ant. My Heart forebodes-, Vent. All for the best: Go on. Alex. She fnatch'd her Ponyard, And, e're we cou'd prevent the fatal Blow, Plung'd it within her Breast: Then turn'd to me, 'Go, bear my Lord (faid she) my last Farewel; And ask him if he yet suspect my Faith. More the was faying, but Death ruth'd betwixt. She half pronoune'd your Name with her last Breath, And bury'd half within her.

Vent. Heav'n be prais'd.

Ant. Then art thou innocent, my poor dear Love? And art thou dead? O those two Words! their Sound should be divided: Hadst thou been false, and dy'd; or hadst thou liv'd, And hadft been true—But Innocence and Death! This shows not well above. Then what am I, The Murderer of this Truth, this Innocence! Thoughts cannot form themselves in words so horrid

As can express my Guilt! Tous: Vent. Is't come to this? The Gods have been too graci-

And thus you thank 'em for't.

Ant. to Alex. Why stay'st thou here? Is it for thee to fpy upon my Soul, And see its inward mourning? Get thee hence: Thou art not worthy to behold, what now Becomes a Roman Emperor to perform.

Afide. Alex. He loves her still: His Grief betrays it. Good! the Joy to find She's yet alive, compleats the Reconcilement. I've fav'd my felf, and her. But, oh! the Romans!

Fate comes too fast upon my Wit,

Hunts me too hard, and meets me at each double. [Exit. Vent. Wou'd she had dy'd a little sooner tho',

Before Odavia went; you might have treated: Now 'twill look tame, and wou'd not be receiv'd. Come, rouze your self, and let's die warm together.

Ant. I will not fight: There's no more work for War. The Bus'nese of my angry Hours is done.

Vent. Cafar is at your Gates.

Ant.

## 264 All for Love: Or,

Ant. Why, let him enter; He's welcome now.

Vent. What Lethargy has crept into your Soul?

Ant. "Tis but a Scorn of Life, and just Defire

To free my felf from Bondage.

Vent. Do it bravely.

Ant. I will; but not by fighting. O, Ventidius? What should I fight for now? My Queen is dead. I was but great for her; my Pow'r, my Empire, Were but my Merchandise to buy her Love; And conquer'd Kings, my Factors. Now she's dead, Let Casar take the Warld

Vent. Wou'd you be taken?

Ant. Yes, I wou'd be taken;
But, as a Roman ought, dead, my Ventidius:
For I'll convey my Soul from Cafar's reach,
And lay down Life my felf. 'Tis time the World
Shou'd have a Lord, and know whom to obey.
We two have kept its Homage in suspence,
And bent the Globe on whose each side we trod,
Till it was dinted inwards: Let him walk
Alone upon't; I'm weary of my Part.
My Torch is out; and the World stands before me
Like a black Desart, at th' Approach of Night:
I'll lay me down, and stray no farther on.

Vent. I could be griev'd,
But that I'll not out-live you: Chuse your Death;
For, I have seen him in such various Shapes,
I care not which I take: I'm only troubled
The Life I bear, is worn to such a Rag,
'Tis scarce worth giving. I could with indeed
We threw it from us with a better Grace;
That, like two Lions taken in the Toils,
We might at least thrust out our Paws, and wound
The Hunters that inclose us.

Ant. I have thought on't. Vent dius, you must live.

Vent, I must not, Sir.

Ant. Wilt thou not live, to speak some good of me? To stand by my fair Fame, and guard th' Approaches From the ill Tongues of Men?

Vent. Who shall guard mine,

For living after you?

Ant. Say, I command it.

Vent. If we die well, our Deaths will speak themselves, And need no living Witness.

Ant. Thou hast lov'd me.

And fain I wou'd reward thee: I must die; Kill me, and take the Merit of my Death To make thee Friends with Casar.

Vent. Thank your Kindness.

You said I lov'd you; and, in Recompence, You bid me turn a Traitor: Did I think You wou'd have us'd me thus? that I shou'd die

With a hard Thought of you?

Am, Forgive me, Roman.
Since I have heard of Chopatra's Death,

My Reason bears no Rule upon my Tongue, But lets my Thoughts break all at random out: I've thought better; do not deny me twice.

Vent. By Heav'n, I will not.

Let it not be t'out-live you.

Ant. Kill me first,

And then die thou: For 'tis but just thou serve Thy Friend, before thy felf.

Vent. Give me your Hand.

We foon shall meet again. Now, Farewel, Emperor.

[Embrace.

Methinks that word's too cold to be my last: Since Death sweeps all Distinctions, Farewel, Friend.

That's all-

I will not make a Bus'ness of a Trisse:

And yet I cannot look on you, and kill you;

Pray turn your Face.

Ant. I do: Strike home be fure.

Vest. Home, as my Sword will reach. [Kills himfelf.

You. IV.

## 266 ALL for LOVE; Or,

Ant. O, thou mistakis;
That wound was none of thine: Give it me back:
Thou robb'st me of my Death.

Vent. I do indeed;

But, think 'tis the first time I e'er deceiv'd you; If that may plead my Pardon. And you, Gods, Forgive me, if you will; for I die perjur'd, Rather than kill my Friend.

Ant. Farswel. Ever my Leader, ev'n in Death!

My Queen and thou have got the Start of me,

And I'm the Lag of Honour—Gone fo foon?,

Is Death no more? He us'd him carelesly,

With a familiar Kindness: E'er he knock'd,

Ran to the Door, and took him in his Arms,

As who should say, You're welcome at all Hours,

A Friend need give no warning. Books had spoil'dhim;

For all the Levy'd are Courned by Profession.

[Dies.

For all the Learn'd are Cowards by Profession. 'Tis not worth

My farther Thoughs; for Death, for ought I know, Is but to think no more. Here's to be fatisfy'd.

[Falls on his Swed.

T've mist my Heart. O unperforming Hand!
Thou never could'st have err'd in a worse Time,
My Fortune jades me to the last; and Death,
Like a great Man, takes State, and makes me wait
For my Admittance

[Trampling within.

If he fhould find me living, and suspect
That I plaid Booty with my Life! I'll mend
My Work of they can reach me. Bife a

My Work, e'er they can reach me. [Rifes upon his Knew. Enter Cleopatra, Charmion, and Iras.

Clee. Where is my Lord? where is he? Char. There he lyes,

And dead Ventidius by him.

Cleo. My Fears were Prophets; I am come too late.

O that accurs'd Alexas!

Ant. Art thou living?

Or am I dead before I knew? and thou The first kind Ghost that meets me?

Cleo. Help me feat him.

Send quickly, fend for help. [They place him in a Chair.

Am: I am answer'd.

We live both. Sit thee down, my Cleopatra: I'll make the most I can of Life, to stay

A Moment more with thee.

Cleo. How is it with you?

Am. 'Tis as with a Man Removing in a Hurry; all pack'd up, But one dear Jewel that his hafte forgot; And he, for that, returns upon the Spur: So I come back, for thee.

So I come back, for thee.

Cleo. Too long, ye Heav'ns, you have been cruel to
Now flow your mended Faith, and give me back

His fleeting Life.

Ant. It will not be, my Love.

I keep my Soul by force. Say but thou art not false.

Che. Tis now too late

To say I'm true: I'll prove it, and die with your Unknown to me, Alexas seign'd my Death: Which, when I knew, I hasted, to prevent This statal Consequence. My Flect betray'd Both you and me.

Ant. And Dolabella ---

Cleo. Scarce efterm'd before he lov'd; but hated now, Ant. Enough: My Life's not long enough for more. Thou fayft thou wilt come after: I believe thee; For I can now believe whate'er thou fayft, That we may part more kindly.

Cleo. I will come:

Doubt not, my Life, I'll come, and quickly too; Cafar shall triumph o'er no part of thee.

Ant. But grieve not, while thou stay'st My last disastrous Times:
Think we have had a clear and glorious Day; And Heav'n did kindly to delay, the Storm Just till our close of Ev'ning. Ten Years leve, And not a Moment lost, but all improv'd To th' utmost Joys: What Ages have we liv'd?

And

#### 268 ALL for Love; Or,

And now to die each others; and, so dying, While Hand in Hand we walk in Groves below, Whole Troops of Lovers Ghosts shall slock about us, And all the Train be ours.

Clee. Your Words are like the Notes of dying Swans, Too fweet to last. Were there so many Hours For your Unkindness, and not one for Love?

Ant. No, not a Minute—This one Kifs—more worth Than all I leave to Cafar. [Dis.

Cles. O, tell me so again,

And take ten thousand Kisses, for that word.

My Lord, my Lord: Speak, if you yet have Being;
Sigh to me, if you cannot speak; or cast

One Look: Do any thing that shows you live.

Iras. He's gone too far, to hear you; And this you see, a lump of sensless Clay,

The leavings of a Soul.

Char. Remember, Madam, He charg'd you not to grieve.

Cles. And I'll obey him.

I have not lov'd a Roman, not to know
What should become his Wife; his Wife, my Charmin;
For 'tis to that high Title I aspire,
And now I'll not die less. Let dull Offania
'Survive, to mourn him dead: My nobler Fate
Shall knit our Spousals with a Tie too strong

For Roman Laws to break.

-Iras. Will you then die?

· Cleo. Why shouldst thou make that Question? Iras. Cafar is merciful.

Cleo. Let him be fo

To those that want his Mercy: My poor Lord Made no such Cov'nant with him, to spare me When he was dead. Yield me to Casar's Pride? What, to be led in Triumph through the Streets, A Spectacle to base Plebeian Eyes; While some dejected Friend of Amony's, Close in a Corner, shakes his Head, and mutters A secret Curse on her who ruin'd him? I'll none of that.

· Gbar

Char. Whatever you refolve, I'll follow ev'n to Death.

Iras. I only fear'd.

For you; but more should fear to live without you.

Cleo. Why, now 'tis as it should be. Quick, my Friends. Dispatch; e'er this, the Town's in Cesar's Hands: My Lord looks down concern'd, and fears my Stay, Left I should be surpriz'd;

Keep him not waiting for his Love too long. You, Charmion, bring my Crown and richest Jewels. With em, the Wreath of Victory I made

(Vain Augury!) for him who now lyes dead; You, Iras, bring the Cure of all our Ills.

Iras. The Aspicks, Madam?

Clee. Must I bid you twice? [Execute Char. and Iras. Tis sweet to die, when they would force Life on me, To rush into the dark Aboad of Death, And seize him first; if he be like my Love,

He is not frightful fure.

Me're now alone, in Secrefie and Silence;
And is not this like Lovers? I may kifs
These pale, cold Lips; Offavia does not see me;
And, Oh! 'tis better far to have him thus,
Than see him in hier Arms—O welcome, welcome.

Enter Charmion and Iras.

Char. What must be done?

Cleo. Short Ceremony, Friends;
But yet it must be decent. First, this Laurel
Shall crown my Hero's Head: He fell not basely,
Nor left his Shield behind him. Only thou
Couldst Triumph o'er thy self; and thou alone
Wert worthy so to Triumph.

Char. To what end

These Ensigns of your Pomp and Royalty?

Cleo. Dull, that thou art! why, 'tis to meet my Love;
As when I saw him first, on Cydno's Bank,
All sparkling, like a Goddess; so adorn'd,
I'll find him once again: My second Spoulas
Shall match my first, in Glory. Haste, haste, both,
And dress the Bride of Antony.

3

Char. 'Tis done.

Clee. Now feat me by my Lord. I claim this place; For I must conquer Cefer too, like him, And win my Share o'th' World. Hail, you dear Relicks Of my immortal Love!

O let no impious Hand remove you hence; But rest for ever here: Let Egypt give

His Death that peace, which it deny'd his Life. Reach me the Casket.

Iras. Underneath the Fruit the Afpick lyes.

Cleo. Welcome, thou kind Deceiver! [Putting afide the Leaven

Thou best of Thieves; who, with an easie Key, Dost open Life, and, unperceiv'd by us, Ev'n steal us from our selves: Discharging so Death's dreadful Office, better than himself, Touching our Limbs so gently into Slumber, That Death stands by, deceiv'd by his own Image, And thinks himself but Sleep.

[Within. Serap. The Queen, where is she?

The Town is yielded, Cafar's at the Gates. . Cleo. He comes too late t'invade the Rights of Death. Haste, bare my Arm, and rouze the Serpent's Fury.

[Holds out ber Arm, and draws it back. Coward Flesh

Wou'dst thou conspire with Casar, to betray me, As thou wert none of mine? I'll force thee to't, And not be fent by him,

But bring my self my Soul to Antony. [Turns aside, and then shows her Arm bloody.

Take heace; the Work is done. Serap. Break ope the Door,

And guard the Traitor well.

Char. The next is ours,

Iras. Now, Charmion, to be worthy Of our great Queen and Mistress. [They apply the Aspicks. Cleo. Already, Death, I feel thee in my Veins;

I go with fuch a Will to find my Lord, That we shall quickly meet.

A heavy Numness creeps through every Limb,

And now 'tis at my Head: My Eye-lids fall,
And my dear Love is vanish'd in a Mist.
Where shall I find him, where? O turn me to him,
And lay me on his Breast——Cafar, thy worst;
Now part us, if thou canst.

[Dies.]

[Iras finks down at her Feet, and dies; Charmion flands behind her Chair, as dreffing her Head.

frands behind her Chair, as arefing her Head.

Enter Scrapion, two Priests, Alexas bound, Egyptians.

2 Priests. Behold, Serapion, what havock Death has made!

Serap. 'Twas what I fear'd.

Charmion, is this well done?

Char. Yes, 'tis well done, and like a Queen, the last of her great Race: I follow her. [Sinks down; dies: ]. Alex. 'Tis true,

She has done well: Much better thus to die, Than live to make a Holy-day in Rome.

Strap. See, how the Lovers fit in State together,
As they were giving Laws to half Mankind.
Th'Impression of a Smile left in her Face,
Shows she dy'd pleas'd with him for whom she liv'd,
And went to charm him in another World.
Casar's just entring; Grief has now no leisure.

Secure that Villain, as our Pledge of Safety
To grace th'Imperial Triumph. Sleep, blest Pair,
Secure from human Chance, long Ages out,
While all the Storms of Fate sly o'er your Tomb;
And Fame, to late Posterity, shall tell,



No Lovers liv'd fo great, or dy'd fo well.

## EPILOGUE

Oets, like Disputants, when Reasons fail, Have one sure Resuge left; and that's to rail. Fop, Coxcemb, Fool, are thunder'd through the Pit; And this is all their Equipage of Wit. We wonder how the Devil this diff rence grows, Betwixt our Fools in Verse, and yours in Prose: For, 'Faith, the Quarrel rightly understood,. Tis Civil War with their own Flesh and Blood. The thread-bare Author hates the gawdy Coat; And swears at the Gilt Coach, but swears a-foot: For 'tis observ'd of every scribling Man, He grows a Fop as fast as e'er he can; Prunes up, and asks his Oracle the Glass, If Pink or Purple best become his Face. For our poor Wretch, he neither rails nor prays; Nor likes your Wit just as you like his Plays; He has not yet so much of Mr. Bays. He does his best; and, if he cannot please, Would quietly sue out his Writ of Ease. Yet, if he might his own Grand Jury call, By the Fair Sex he begs to stand or fall. Let Czfar's Pow'r the Mens Ambition move, But grace you him who left the World for Love. Yet if some antiquated Lady say, The last Age is not copy d in his Play; Heav'n help the Man who for that Face must drudge, Which only has the Wrinkles of a Judge. Let not the Young and Beauteous join with those; For should you raise such numerous Hosts of Foes, Young Wits and Sparks he to his Aid must call; Tis more than one Man's Work to please you all.



#### THE

# KIND KEEPER;

OR,

# Mr. Limberham:

A.

## C O M E D Y

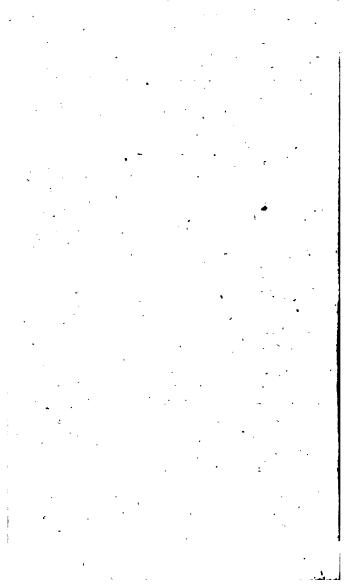
As it is Acted at

His HHIGNESS the DUKE of YORK'S THEATER.

Κήν με φάγης επὶ ρίζαν, όμως έτι καςποφορήσω. Ανθολογία Δευίερα.

Hic nuptarum infanit amoribus; hic meretricum:
Omnes hi metuunt versus; odere Poetas. Horat.

Printed in the YEAR MDCCXVII.





#### To the Right Honourable

# ${\mathcal F}$ O H N

## Lord VAUGHAN, &c.

My Lord,

Cannot easily excuse the printing of a Play at so unseasonable a time, when the great Plot of the Nation, like one of *Pharaeh's* lean Kine, has devour'd its younger Brethren of the Stage: But however weak my

Defence might be for this, I am sure I shou'd not need any to the World, for my Dedication to your Lordship; and if you can pardon my Presumption in it, that a bad Poet should address himself to so great a Judge of Wit, I may hope at least to scape with the Excuse of Catallus, when he writ to Cicero:

M 6

Gratias

#### The Epiftle Dedicatory.

Gratias tibi maximas Catullus Agit, pessimus omnium Poeta; Tanto pessimus omnium Poeta, Quanto tu optimus omnium Patronus,

I have seen an Epistle of Fleckno's to a Nobleman, who was by fome extraordinary chance a Scholar; (and you may please to take notice by the way, how natural the connection of Thought is betwirt a bad Poet and Fleckno) where he begins thus: Quatuor decim jam elapft sunt anni, &c. this Latin, it feems, not holding out to the end of the Sentence; but he endeavour'd to tell his Patron, betwixt two Languages which he under-Good alike, that it was fourteen Years since he had the Happiness to know him; 'tis just so long, and as happy be the Omen of Dulness to me, as it is to some Clergy-men and States-men, since your Lordship has known that there is a worse Poet remaining in the World, than he of iscandalous Memory who left it last. I might inlarge upon the Subject with my Author, and affure you, that I have ferv'd as long for you, as one of the Parriarchs did for his Old Testament Mistress: But I leave those Flourishes, when occasion shall serve, for a greater Orator to use, and dare only tell you, that I never pass'd any part of my Life with greater Satisfaction or Improvement to my felf, than those Years which I have liv'd in the Honour of your Lordship's Acquaintance. If I may have only the time abated when the publick Service call'd you to another part of the World, which in imitation of our florid Speakers, I might (if I-durst prefirme upon the Expression) call the Parembefis of my Life.

#### The Epistle Dedicatory.

That I have always honour'd you, I suppose I need not tell you at this time of Day; for you know I staid not to date my Respects to you from that Title which now you have, and to which you bring a greater addition by your Merit, than you receive from it by the Name; but I am proud to let others know how long it is that I have been made happy by my knowledge of you, because I am sure it will give me a Reputation with the present Age, and with Posteriry. And now, my Lord, I know you are afraid, left I should take this occasion, which lies so fair for me, to acquaint the World with some of those Excellencies which I have admir'd in you; but I have reasonably consider'd, that to acquaint the World, is a Phrase of a malicious Meaning: For it would imply, that the World were not already acquainted with them. You are so generally known to be above the meannels of my Praises, that you have spar'd my Evidence, and spoil'd my Complement: Should I take for my common places, your knowledge both of the old and the new Philosophy, should I add to these your Skill in Mathematicks, and History, and yet farther, your being conversant with all the ancient Authors of the Greek and Latin Tongues, as well as with the Modern, I should tell nothing new to Mankind; for when I have once but nam'd you, the World will anticipate all my Commendations, and go faster before me than I can fol-Be therefore secure, my Lord, that your own Fame has freed it felf from the danger of a Panegyrique, and only give me leave to tell you, that I value the Candour of your Nature, and that one Character of Friendliness, and if I may have leave to call it, Kindness in you, be-

#### The Epiftle Dedicatory.

fore all those other which make you considerable in the Nation.

Some few of our Nobility are learned, and therefore I will not conclude an absolute Contradiction in the Terms of Nobleman and Scholar; but as the World goes now, 'tis very hard to predicate one upon the other; and 'tis yet more difficult to prove, that a Nobleman can be a Friend to Poetry: Were it not for two or three Instances in Whitehall, and in the Town, the Poets of this Age would find so little Incouragement for their Labours, and so few Understanders, that they might have leisure to turn Pamphleteers, and augment the number of those abominable Scriblers, who in this time of Licence abuse the Press, almost every Day, with Nonsense, and railing against the Government.

It remains, my Lord, that I should give you some account of this Comedy, which you have never seen, because it was written and acted in your absence, at your Government of Janaisa. Twas intended for an honest Satyr against our crying Sin of Keeping; how it would have succeeded, I can but guess, for it was permitted to be acted only thrice. The Crime for which it suffer d, was that which is objected against the Satyrs of Javenel, and the Epigrams of Casullus, that it express'd too much of the Vice which it decry'd: Your Lordship knows what Answer was return'd by the elder of those Poets, whom I last mention'd, to his Accusers.

Castum esse decet pium Poetam Ipjum, Versicules nibil necesse est:

#### The Epifile Dedicatory.

Qui tum denique babent salem ac leperem, Si fint melliculi & parum pudici.

But I dare not make that Apology for my felf, and therefore have taken a becoming Care, that those things which offended on the Stage, might be either alter'd, or omitted in the Press: For their Authority is, and shall be ever sacred to me, as much absent as present, and in all Alterations of their Fortune, who for those Reasons have stopp'd its farther appearance on the Theatre. And whatsoever hinderance it has been to me, in point of Profit, many of my Friends can bear me withers, that I have not once murmured against that Decree. The same Fortune once happen'd to Moliere, on the occasion of his Tarsuffe; which notwithstanding afterwards has seen the Light, in a Country more Bigot than ours, and is accounted amongst the best Pieces of that Poet. I will be bold enough to fay, that this Comedy is of the first Rank of those which I have written, and that Posterity will be of my Opinion. It has nothing of particular Satyr in it: For whatsoever may have been pretended by some Criticks in the Town, I may safely and solemnly affirm, that no one Character has been drawn from any fingle Man; and that I have known to many of the fame Humour, in every Folly which is here exposed, as may ferve to warrant it from a particular Reflection. It was printed in my absence from the Town, this Summer, much against my Expediation, otherwise I had over look'd the Press, and been yet more eareful, that neither my Friends should have had the least occasion of Unkindness against me, nor my Enemies of upbraiding me; but if it live to

#### The Epistle Dedicatory.

a second Impression, I will faithfully perform what has been wanting in this. In the mean time, my Lord, I recommend it to your Protection, and beg I may keep still that place in your Favour which I have hitherto enjoy'd; and which I shall reckon as one of the greatest Blessings which can befall,

My LORD,

Tour Lordsbip's most Obedient,

Faithful Servant,

JOHN DRYDEN

## PROLOGUE

Rue Wit has seen its best Days long ago, It ne'er look'd up, since we were dipt in Show: When Senfe in Dogrel Rhimes and Clouds was loft, And Duiness flourish'd at the Actors cost. Nor stops it here; when Tragedy was done, Sayr and Humour the same Fate have run; And Comedy is sunk to Trick and Pun. Now our Machining Lumber will not fell, And you no longer care for Heav'n or Hell; What Stuff will please you next, the Lord can tell. Let them, who the Rebellion first began To Wit, restore the Monarch if they can; Our Author dares not be the first bold Man. He, like the prudent Citizen, takes care To keep for better Marts his Staple Ware, His Toys are good enough for Sturbridge Fair. Tricks were the Fashion; if it new be spent, Tis time enough at Easter to invent; No Man will make up a new Suit for Lent: If now and shen he takes a small Pretence To forrage for a little Wit and Sense, Pray Pardon him, he meant you no Offence. Next Summer Nostradamus tells, they say, That all the Criticks shall he shipt away, And not enous be left to damn a Play. To every Sail beside, good Heav'n be kind; But drive away that Swarm with such a Wind, That not one Locust may be left behind.

# Dramatis Personæ.

#### MEN.

Aldo, an honest, good-natur'd, free-hearted old-Gentleman of the Town.

Woodall his Son, under a false Name; bred abroad, and new return'd from Travel.

Limberham, a tame, foolish Keeper, persuaded by what is last said to him, and changing next

Word.

Brainfick, a Husband, who being well conceited of himself, despites his Wife: Vehement and Eloquent, as he thinks; but indeed a Talker of Nonsense.

Gervase, Woodall's Man: formal, and apt to give good Counsel.

Giles, Woodall's cast Servant.

#### WOMEN.

Mrs. Saintly, an Hypocritical Fanatick, Landlady of the Boarding-House.

Mrs. Tricksy, a Termagant kept Mistress.

Mrs. Pleafance, suppos'd Daughter to Mrs. Saintly:
Spightful and Satyrical; but secrety in Love with Woodall.

Mrs. Brainfick.

Judith, a Maid of the House.

SCENE, A Boarding-House in Town.

LIM-



# LIMBERHAM;

## KIND KEEPER.

#### ACT L SCENEL

SCENE, An open Garden-House; 4
Table in it, and Chairs.

Enter Woodall and Gervase.

#### WOODALL

II D the Footman receive the Trunks, and Portmantua; and fee 'em plac'd in the Lodgings you have taken; for me, while I walk a turn here in the Garden.

Gerv. 'Tis already order'd, Sir: But they

Gerv. 'Tis already order'd, Sir: But they are like to stay in the outer Room, till the Mistress of the House return from Morning Exercise.

Wood. What, she's gone to the Parish Church, it seems, to her Devotions.

Gerv. No, Sir; the Servants have inform'd me, that the rifes every Morning, and goes to a private Meeting-

house; where they pray for the Government, and pra-

Chife against the Authority of it.

Wood. And hast thou trepan'd me into a Tabernacle of the Godly? Is this Pious Boarding-house a Place for me,

thou wicked Varlet?

Gerv. According to human Appearance, I must confess, 'tis neither sit for you, nor you for it; but, have Patience, Sir, matters are not so bad as they may seem: There are pious Bawdy-houses in the World, or Conventicla would not be so much frequented: Neither is it impossible, but a devout Fanatick-Landlady of a Boarding-house may be a Bawd.

Wood. Ay, to those of her own Church, I grant you,

Gervase; but I am none of those.

Merv. If I were worthy to read you a Lecture in the Mystery of Wickedness, I would instruct you first in the Art of Seeming Holiness: But, Heav'n be thank'd, you have a toward and pregnant Genius to Vice, and need not any Man's Instruction; and I am too good, I thank my Stars, for the vile Employment of a Pimp.

Wood. Then thou art e'en too good for me; a worle

Man will serve my Turn.

Gerv. I call your Conscience to Witness, how often I have given you wholesome Counsel; how often I have said to you, with Tears in my Eyes, Master, or Master Aldo—

Wood. Mr. Woodall, you Rogue! that's my nom de guerre: You know I have laid by Aldo, for fear that Name should

bring me to the Notice of my Father.

Gerv. Cry you mercy, good Mr. Woodail. How often have I said, Into what Courses do you run! Your Father sent you into France at twelve Years old, bred you up at Paris; first, in a College, and then at an Academy: At the first, instead of running through a Course of Philosophy, you ran through all the Bawdy-houses in Town: At the latter, instead of managing the great Horse, you exercised on your Master's What you did in Greamany, I know not; but that you beat em all at their own Weapon, Drinking, and have brought home a Goblet of Plate from Manster, for the Prize of swallowing a Gallon of Rhenish more than the Bishop.

Wood. Gervase, thou shalt be my Chronicler, thou

losest none of my Heroick Actions, w

Gerv. What a Comfort are you like to prove to your old Father! You have run a Campaigning among the French these last three Years, without his Leave; and, now he sends for you back, to settle you in the World, and marry you to the Heiress of a rich Gentleman, of whom he had the Guardianship, yet you do not make your Application to him.

Wood. Prithee, no more.

Gerv. You are come over, have been in Town above a Week Incognito, haunting Play-houses, and other Places; which for Modesty I name not; and have chang'd your Name, form Aldo to Woodall, for fear of being discover'd to him: You have not so much as inquir'd where he is lodg'd, though you know he is most commonly in London: And lastly, you have discharg'd my honest Fellow-servant Giles, because

Wood. Because he was too saucy, 'and was ever offering to give me Counsel: Mark that, and tremble at his

Deftiny.

Geru. I know the Reason why I am kept: Because you cannot be discover'd by my Means; for you took

me up in France, and your Father knows me not.

Wood. I must have a Ramble in the Town: When I have spent my Mony, I will grow dutiful; see my Father, and ask for more. In the mean time, I have beheld a handsome Woman at a Play, I am fall'n in Love with her, and have found her easie: Thou, I thank thee, hast trac'd her to her Lodging in this Boarding-house, and hither I am come to accomplish my Design.

Geru. Well, Heav'n mend all. I hear our Landlady's Voice without; [Moife.] and therefore shall defer my

Counsel to a fitter Season.

Wood. Not a Syllable of Counfel: The next Grave Sentence, thou marchest after Giles. Woodall's my Name: Remember that.

Enter Mrs. Saintly.

Is this the Lady of the House?

Gerv. Yes, Mr. Woodall, for want of a better, as the

will tell you.

Wood. She has a notable Smack with her! I believe Zeal first taught the Art of Kissing close. [Saluting her. Saint. You're welcome, Gentleman. Woodall is your

Name?

Wood. I call my felf fo.

Saint. You look like a sober discreet Gentleman; there is Grace in your Countenance.

Wood. Some sprinklings of it, Madam: We must not

boaft.

Saint. Verily, boasting is of an evil Principle.

Wood. Faith, Madam-

Saint. No Swearing, I befeech you. Of what Church are you?

Wood. Why, of Covent-Garden Church, I think.

Gerv. How lewdly and ignorantly he Answers! [Aside.]

She means, of what Religion are you?

Wood. O, does she so? \_\_\_\_ Why, I am of your Religion, be it what it will, I warrant it a right one: I'll not fland with you for a Trifle; Presbyterian, Independent, Anabaptift, they are all of 'em too good for us, unless we had the Grace to follow 'em.

Saint. I see you are ignorant; but verily, you are a new Vessel, and I may scason you. I hope you do not

use the Parish-Church.

Wood, Faith, Madam---- (Cry you mercy; I forget

again!) I have been in England but five Days.

Saint. I find a certain Motion within me to this young Man, and must secure him to my self, e'er he see my Lodgers. [Aside.] O, seriously, I had forgotten; your Trunk and Portmantua are standing in the Hall: Your Lodgings are ready, and your Man may place 'em, if he please, while you and I confer together.

Wood. Go, Gervafe, and do as you are directed.

[Exit. Ger,

Saint. In the first Place, you must know, we are a Company of our felves, and expect you fhould live conformably and levingly amongst us.

Wood. There you have hit me. I am the most loving Soul, and shall be conformable to all of you.

Saint. And to me especially. Then, I hope, you're

no keeper of late Hours.

Wood. No, no, my Hours are very early; betwixt three and four in the Morning, commonly.

Saint. That must be amended: But to remedy the Inconvenience, I will my self sit up for you. I hope, you would not offer Violence to me?

Wood. I think I should not, if I were sober.

Samt. Then, if you were overtaken, and fhould offer Violence, and I consent not, you may do your filthy Part, and I am Blameless.

Wood. [Aside.] I think the Devil's in her; she has given me the hint again. Well, it shall go hard, but I will of-

fer Violence sometimes; will that content you?

Saint. I have a Cup of Cordial Water in my Closet, which will help to strengthen Nature, and to carry off a Debauch: I do not invite you thither; but the House will be safe a Bed, and Scandal will be avoided.

Wood. Hang Scandal; I am above it, at those times.

Saint. But Scandal is the greatest Part of the Offence; you must be secret. And I must warn you of another thing; there are, besides my self, two more young Women in my House.

Wood. [Aside.] That, besides her self, is a cooling Card.

Pray, how young are they?

faint. About my Age: Some eighteen, or twenty, or thereabouts.

Wood. Oh, very good! Two more young Women be-

fides your felf, and both handsome?

Same. No, verily, they are painted Out-fides; you must not cast your Eyes upon 'em, nor listen to their Conversation: You are already chosen for a better Work.

Wood. I warrant you, let me alone: I am chosen, I. Saint. They are a Couple of alluring wanton Minxes.

Wood. Are they very alluring, fay you? very wanton? Saint. You appear exakted, when I mention those Pitalls of Iniquity.

Wood.

Wood. Who, I exalted? Good Faith, I am as fober, a Melancholy poor Soul!

Saint. I fee this abominable Sin of Swearing is rested in you. Tear it out; oh tear it out; it will defroy

your precious Soul.

Wood. I find we two shall scarce agree: I multimore come to your Closes when I have got a Soule; fortist fuch a time, I am horribly given to it. w ..... we have

Saint. Verily, a little Swearing may be them diosellie. You may fwear you love me, 'tis a lawful Oath; but then, you must not look on Harlots.

Wood. I must wheedle her, and whee my Country first on her; as a good Musician always preluder before a Tune. Come, here's my first Oath. [ Businessing his) Exter Aldo.

Aldo. How now, Mrs. Sninely! what work however · 110 / 3mills here towards?

Wood. [Aside.] Aldo, my own natural Father, as I have be I remember the Lines of that hide-bound Face: Dess he lodge here? if he should know me, I am ruind.

Saint. Curse on his coming! he has disturbed us. I spide! Well, young Gentleman, I shall take a time to instruct

you better.

Wood. You shall find me an apt Scholar: Saint. I must go abroad upon some Bufmeley but ited member your Promise, to easy your self sobuly, and without scandal in my Family; and so I leave you to

this Gentleman, who is a Member of it. Aldo. [Aside.] Before George, a proper Fellow, and A Swinger he should be, by his make! the Rogue want humble a Whore, I warrant him! You are welcome, Si, amongst us most heartily welcome, as I may fay.

Wood. All's well: He knows me not - Sir, your Civility is obliging to a Stranger, and may be friend men

in the Acquaintance of our Fellow-lodgers.

Aldo. Hold you there, Sir: I must first understand you a little better; and yet, methinks, you should be true to Love.

Wood. Drinking and Wenching, are but slips of Youth: I had those good Qualities from my Father. Aldo.

Aldo. Thou, Boy! Aha, Boy! a true Trojan, I warrant thee! [Hugging him.] Well, I say no more; but you are lighted into such a Family, such Food for Concupiscence, such Bona Roba's!

Wood, One I know indeed; 2 Wife: But Bona Roba's fay you?

Alle I say, Bona Roba's in the Plural Number.

Weed. Why, what a Therk Mahamet shall I be! No, I will not make my self drunk with the Conceit of so much Joy: The Fortune's two great for murtal Man,

and I a poor unworthy Sinner.

Aldo. Wou'd I lie to my Friend? Am I 2 Man! Am I a Christian? There is that Wife you mention'd, a delicate little wheedling Devil, with such an Appensance of Simplicity; and with that she does so undermine, so fool her conceited Husband, that he despites her!

Wood. Just ripe for Horns: His destiny, like a Turk's,

is written in his Forehead.

Aldo. Feace, Peace, thou are yet organid for greater Things. There's another too, a kept Mistrels, a brave frapping Jade, a two-handed Whore!

Wood. A kept Mistress too! my Bowels yearn to her

already: She's certain Prize.

Aldo. But this Lady is fo Termagant an Empress! and he fo submissive, so tame; so led a Keeper; and as proud of his Slavery, as a Frenchman: I am consident he dares not find her False, for fear of a Quarrel with her; because he is sure to be at the Charges of the War; she knows he cannot live without her; and therefore seeks Occasions of Falling out to make him purchase Peace. I believe she's now aiming at a Settlement.

Wood. Might not I ask you one civil Question? How pass you your Time in this noble Family? for I find you are a Lover of the Game, and I should be loath to hunt in

your Purhews.

Aldo. I must first tell you something of my Condition: I am here a Friend to all of 'em; I am their Factorum, do all their Business; for, not to boast, Sir, I am a Man of general Acquaintance: There's no News in Town, either Foreign or Domestick, but I have it first;

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no Mortgage of Lands, no Sale of Houses, that I have a

. Wood. Then, I suppose, eyou are a Gainer by your Pains.

Lofer; only a Buck formetimes from this good Lord, and that good Lody in the Country: And I can it not alone I must have Company.

Mind, Bray, who Companyodo you invite here had a low Beare, peace, Lata coming to you! Why you must know I am tender nature ; and if any public liference have arisen between a Missess and hes gibles, then I firlke in to do good Offices between, and, at my own proper Charges, conclude the Quere

Wood. I find the Ladies of Pleasure me beholden to

you.

And the Before Giorge, I love the poor, little Deule, I sim indeed a Fachen to 'era, and so they call me; the property of the poor little period of the property of the period of the property of the land o

Wood. Sure you expect force kindness in the with allow Faith, not much: Nature in me is at large termark; my Body's a Jade, and tires under me io the love to finuggie fail in a Corner a pat form downward pur over 'em; but, after that, I can do 'em little harm.

Wood. Then I'm acquainted with your Business: You

would be a Kind of Deputy-fumbler under me.

Aldo. You have me right. Be you the Lion, to devour the Prey, I am your fack-Call, to provide it for you: There will be a Bone for me to pick.

Wood. Your Humility becomes your Age. For my

Part, I am vigorous, and throw at all.

Aldo. As right as if I had begot thee! Wilt thou gire

Wood. With all my Heart,

Aldo. Ha, mad Son!

Wood. Mad Daddy !

Also. Your Man told me, you were just return'd from Travel: What Parts have you last visited?

Wood. I came from France.

Aldo. Then, perhaps, you may have known an ungra-

Wood. Like mough: Pray, what's his Name?

Aldo. George Aldo.

Wood. I must confess I do know the Gentleman; satisfle your self, he's in Health, and upon his Return.

Also That's fome Comfort : But, I hear, a very

Regue, a kwd young Fellow.

Wood. The world I know of him is, that he loves a Weitch; and that good Quality he has not stoln.

[Musick at the Balcony over-bead : Mers. Trickly and

Hark! there's Musick above.

Aldo. Tis at my Daughter Trickly's Lodging, the kept Mistress I told you of, the Lass of Mettle: But for all she carries it so high, I know her Pedigree; her Mother's a Semistress in Dog and Bitch-Yard, and was, in her Youth, as right as she is.

Wood: Then she's a two-pil'd Punk, a Punk of two

Descents.

Allo? And her Father, the Famous Cobler, who taught Walfingham to the Black-birds. How stand thy Affections to her, thou lusty Rogue?

Wood. All o'fire: A most urging Creature!

Aldo. Peace! they are beginning.

#### A'SONG.

I.

\*Ainft Keepers we Petition,
Who wou'd inclose the Cm.moa:
'It's enough to raise Sedition
In the Free-born Subject Woman.
Because for his Gold,
I my Body have sold,

N 2

. He thinks I'm a Slave for my Life, ...... He rants, domineers, He fraggers and frears, And would keep me as bare as his Wife. CAN They by 1951 be Gainst Keepers me perition, &c. Ball wo Malk Tis boneft and fair, That a Feast I prepare; Word Westell But when his dult Appetite's v'ers. 3. 1. 1. 1. W. M. I'll treat with the reft Some welcomer Gueft, For the Rechinng was paid me before.

" Wood, A Song against Keepers! this make well for us lufty Lovers.

Trick., [Above.] Father, Father Aldo!

Alda. Daughter Trickly, are you there Child oyder Friends at Barnet are all well, and your dear Master Linberham, that noble Hephoftion, is returning with em."

Trick. And you are come upon the Spur before, total

quaint me with the News.

Alde, Well, thou art the happiest Rogue in at kind Recpert He drank thy Health five Times, Supernacidum, to my Son Brain-fick; and dipt my Daughter Pleafaits little Finger, to make it go down more glibly : And, to fore George, I grew tory rory, as they fay, and drain! a Brimmer through the Lilly-white Smock, I faith.

Trick. You will never leave these famblings fricks, Father, till you are taken up on Suspicion of Manhood, and have a Bastard laid at your Door: I am sure you would

own it for your Credit.

. . Aldo. Before George, I thould not fee it flares for the Mother's fake ; For, if the were a Punk, the was good anatur'd, I warrant her.

Wood. [Afide.] Well, if ever Son, was bleft with?

hopeful Father, I am.

Trick. Who's that Gentleman with you? Alde. A young Monfieur returned from Travel; a lifty young Rogue; a true-mill'd Whoremaster, with the sight Stamp. He's a Fellow lodger, incorporate in our Society:

society: For whose take he came hither, let him tell you.

Wood. [Afide.] Are you gloting already ? 'then there'shopes i'taith.

Trick. You feem to know him, Father,

Aldo. Know him! from his Cradle What's your is ruces and fan. Name ? That a Fear I for over

Wood, Woodall.

Aldo. Woodall of Woodall; I knew his Father; we were Contemporaries, and Pellow-wenchers in our Youth.

Wood. [Aside.] My honest Father Municipes into truth.

in spight of Lying.

10 Titek. I was just coming down to the Garden house

before you came.

Aldo, I'm forry I cannot flay to prefent my Son Woodto your but I have let you rogether; that's enough SOLITORILAND NEED to COPERATE

Woods Alone. Twee my Study; to avoid my Pather, and I have run full into his Mouth; and yet I have a frong Hank upon him too, for I am private to as ma-Mapi his Virtues, as he is of mine. After all, if I had M. Duncet of Difference lefty I should pursue this Basi-Managarhar a Barrewe fine Women in a House! [Well, side and what will on't, thou are solverable. Minimy Sines ohli Abb ---

distant Enter Trickly with & Box of Bfences.

Microshe comes, this Heir-Apparent of a Semfires, and a Cobler 1 and yer, as the's adors d, the looks like any Princes of the Blood. Salutes ber. 1.00

Trick. [Afide.] What a Difference there is between this Gentleman, and my Fochic Keeper, Mr. Limberham! has to my Wish, if he would but make the least Advances to me. Father Aldo tells me, Sir, you're a Traveller: What Adventures have you had in Foreign Countries ?

Wood. I have no Adventures of my own can deserve your Curiofity: but, now I think on't; I can sell you one that happed to a French Cavalier, a Friend of mine, at Tripoli.

Trick.

Trick. No Wars, I beleech your. I am so weary of

Father Aldo's Lorrain and Crequy.

Wood. Then this is as you would define it, a Love-Adventure. This French Gentleman was made a Slave to the Dye of Tripoli; by his good Qualities gain'd his Master's Favour; and after, by corrupting an Essent, was brought into the Seraplio privately, to let the Dye Mistres.

Trick. This is formewhat; proceed, fweet Sir: 2d1
Wood. He was for much amazid, where he frieddfield
her, leaning over a Balome, that he fearcely dark to like
his Eyes, or fpeak to her.

Trick. [Afide.] I find him now. But what followed

of this dumb Interview?

Wood. The Nymph was gracious, and came down to him; but with to Goddeff-like a Fresence; that the poor Gentleman was Thunder-struck again.

Trick. That favour'd little of the Monfieur's Gallantry,

especially when the Lady gave him Incouragement.

Wood. The Gentleman was not so dull, but he understood the Favour, and was presuming enough to try if the were Mortal: He advanced with more Affurance, and took her fair Hands: Was he not too bold, Madant and would not you have drawn back yours, had you been in the Suisma's Place?

Trick. If the Sultana lik'd him well lenough to come down into the Garden to him, I suppose the came not

thither to gather Nosegays.

Wood. Give me leave, Madam, to thank you, in my Friends behalf, for your favourable Judgment. [Kiffer for Hand.] He kife'd her Hand with an exceeding Transport; and finding that the profit his at the fame inflant, he proceeded with a greater Eager ness to her Lips: But, Madam, the Story wou'd be without Life, unless you give me leave to act the Circumstances. [Kiffer for.]

Trick. Well, I'll fwear you are the most Natural Hi-

storian!

Wash But now, Madam, my Heart beats with Joy, when I come to tell you the fweetest Part of his adventure: Opportunity was favourable, and Love was in

this Side to hermald her, the Chamber was more private, and a fitter Scene for Pleasure. Then, looking on her Byes, a her found tend languishings has law her. Cheeks histhings and heard her Vacco saulting in a half denial: Helforz's her Hand with an amorous Ecsassian heard her Vacco saulting in a half denial: Helforz's her Hand with an amorous Ecsassian herself and the gaings of the saulting in a half denial successful with an amorous Ecsassian herself and the gaings of the desired more famours at the faith intervitation of the desired more famours at the faith intervitation of the desired control of the desired more famours at the faith intervitation, and obtained the gains of rad

[Noife.] Trick. Heavens! I hear, Mr. Limberham's Toice:

Wood, I'll avoid him.

rehinkis Moments Mrs. Saints is abyond and cannot discover you: Have any of the Servants from you?

Trick. Then you shall pass for my Italian Merchant of Essences: Here's a little Box of 'em-just ready.

: Weed. But I speek no Italian, only a few broken. Scraps which I pick'd up from Scaramouch and Harlequin. 20 Paris. D'ud

Trick You must venture that: When we are rid of Limberbam, 'tis but slipping into your Chamber, throwing off your black Periwig, and Riding Suit, and you come out an Englishman. No more; he's here.

Enter Limberham.

Limb. Why, how now, Pug? Nay, I must lay you over the Lips, to take hansel of em, for my Wellemen.

Recommendate [Parting bins | back.] Foh! bow you finell of Sweets Dear be seen and a commendate to the seen of the

Heat, but of my violent Affection to see thee, Pug; before George, as Father Aldo says, I could not live without thee; thou art the purest Bed-fellow, though I say it; that I did nothing but dream of thee all Night; and then I was so troublesome to Father Aldo (for you must N.4.

know, he and I were lodg'd together) that, in my Confrience, I did to kits him, and to hug him in my Sleep! Trick, I dare be fworn twas in your Sleep; for, when you are waking, you are the most honest, quiet bedfellow, that ever lay by Woman.

Lipps, Well, Pug, all shall be amended I am come home on purpose to pay old Debts. But who is that time Fellow there? what makes he in our Territories? ....

, Trich You Auph you, do you not perceive it is the Italian Scignior, who is come to fell me Ellences 2011

Limb. Is this the Seignior? I warrant you, the he the Lampoon was made on.

Sings the Tune of Scigniot, and ends with Ho, ho. Trick. Prithee leave thy Foppery, that we may have done with him. He asks an unreasonable Price, and we cannot agree. Here, Seignior, take your Trinkets, be gone,

· Wood. [Taking the Box.] A Dio, Seigniora. Limb. Hold, pray flay a little, Seigmor; a thing is

come into my Head o'th' fudden.

Wick. What wou'd you have, you eternal Sort the

Man's in hafte.

Limb. But why should you be in your Frumps, when I design only to oblige you? I must present you with this Box of Effences; nothing can be too dear for thee.

Trick. Pray let him go, he understands no English." Limb. Then how could you drive a Bargain with him, Pug?

Trick. Why, by Signs, you Coxcomb.

Limb. Very good! Then I'll first pull him by the Sleeve, that's a bign to flay. Look you, Mr. Seignlos I would make a Present of your Essences to this Lady; for I find I cannot speak too plain to you, because you understand no English. Be not you Refractory now, but take ready Mony: That's a Rule."

Wood, Seigniere, non intendo Inglese.

Limb. This is a very dull Fellow! he fays, he does not intend Buglish. How much shall I offer him, Pag?

Trick. If you will Prefent me, I have bidden him ten

Guiness,

Light. And, before George, you bid him fair. Look you, Mr. Seighio, I will give you all these, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10. Do you see, Seignion?

Wheel Seignion, Si.

Limb, Lo you there, Pur he does see. Here, will you take me at my Word?

Limb. A poor, a poor! why, a Pox o you too, and you to to that. Stay, now I think on t, I can tickle him with French; he'll understand that sure. Monstear, vallez vous prendre ves din Guimees, pour ces Effences ? mon foy deft affer.

Nood. Chi vala, Amici: Ho di Cafa! Taratapa, Iarata pa, ous, malou, meau! [To her.] I am at the End

of my Italian, what will become of me?

Trick. [To bim.] Speak any thing, and make it pass for Italian; but be sure you take his Mony.

Wood. Seignier, jo non campo takare ten Guinnes, possibilmente; 'tis to my losso.

Limb. That is, Pug, he cannot possibly take ten Guimeas, 'tis to his Loss: Now I understand him, this is al-

most English.

Trick. English! away, you Fop: 'Tis a kind of Lingua... Branca, as I have heard the Merchents call it; a certain compound Language, made up of all Tongues, that passes through the Levens.

Limb. This Lingua, what you call it, is the most rarest Language, I' understand it as well as if it were English; you shall see me answer him: Saigmore, stay a little, and confider wello, ten Guinnio is monyo, a very confiderable summo.

Trick. Come, you shall make it twelve, and he shall :

take it for my lake.

Limb. Then, Seignioro, for Puglakie, addo two more: je vous dume bez advise: prenez restement: prenez me à menmot.

Wood. To logire modie: ma per gagnare is vestro costumo, duterni harafello.

## 298. LIMBERHAM; Or,

Limb. There is both Hanfello and Guinnie; sale, take and fo Good-morrow.

Trisk. Good-morrow, Seignior, I like your Spirits very well; pray let me have all your Efficier you can spare.

Limb. Come, Puggio, and let us retire in feriou, like Lovers, into our Chambio; for I grow impassion.

Bon Matin. Manifestry bon Main & Son Jone!

Wed. Well; gerrine garle, Squire Limberbain and Trickly.
Wed. Well; gerrine garle, Squire Limberbain, for the
salieft Fool I ever knew, next my Naimt of Fairies in
the Alchymif. I have cleaped, thanks to my Miftreli's
Lingua Franca: I'll fleal to my Chamber, fhire my Periwig and Chathe, and then, with the help of refly Gavale, concert the Business of the next Campaign. My
Father flicks in my Stomach fill, but F am reloved to
be Woodall with him, and Also with the Women. In Est.

# ACT IL SCENE I

### Enter Woodall and Gervafe.

Wood. I Itherto, sweet Gervaso, we have carryd Matters swimmingly: I have danc'd in a Net before my Father, almost Gheek-mated the Keeper, retird to my Chamber undiscover'd, shifted my Habit, and am come out an absolute Manufeur to allure the Ladies. How

fits my Chedrenz?

Gerv. O very finely! with the Locks combid down, like a Mare-maid's on a Sign-post. Well, you think now your Father may live in the same House with you ill Dooms-day, and never find you; or, when he has found you, he will be kind enough not to consider what a Property you have made of him. My Employment is at an end; you have got a better Pimp, thanks to your filial Reverence.

Wood. Prithee what should a Man do with such a Father, but use him thus? Besides, he does Journey-work under under me, 'tis his Humaur to fumble, and my Duty, to provide for his old Age. ်စာ၍ တို့ ၁ 🕇

Geru. Take my Advice yet; down o'your Marrowbones, and ask Forgiveness; Espouse the Wife he has, provided for your lye by the fide of a wholeforms Woman,

and progresse your own Progeny in the fear of Heaven

Wood. I have no Vocation to it. Generales: An Man of Sense in your made for Marriage; tis a Game, which sone but dull plodding Follows can play at well and itis. as netural to them, as Crimp is to a Durch man ... I fel Gerus Think on't however, Sirs Debauchery is upon its last Legs in England: Witty Men began the Fashiop; and, now the Fops are got into't, 'tis time to heave it. Enter Aldo.

o: With Son Woodall, thou vigorous, young Rogue, I compratulate thy good Fortune; thy Men has told me the

Adventure of the Italian Merchant.

well well, they are now retir'd together, like Rivalde and Armida, to private Dalliance, but we that find a time, to leparate their Loves, and firike in betwirt 'em, Daddy: But I hear there's another Lady in the House, my Landlady's fair Daughter; how came you to leave her out of your Catalogue?

aldo. She's pretty, I confess, but most damnably Ho-Helt have a Care of her. I warm you for the's prying

Ad Malicious Contract

b'tippod A tang of the Mother, but I love to graff on flich a Crab-tree; the may bear good Fruit another Year.

Aldo., No, no, avoid her: I warrant thee, young Alex-

under, I will provide thee more Worlds to conquer.

Gerv. [Aside.] My old Master would fain pass for Philip of Macedon, when he is little better than Sir Pandarus of Troy.

Wood. If you get this Keeper out of Doors, Father,

and give me but an Opportunity

Aldo. Trust my Diligence; I will smoak him out, as they do Bees, but I will make him leave his Honeycomb.

Gerv. [Alde.] If I had a thousand Sons, none of the Race of the Gervales should ever be educated by thee, thou vile old Satan.

Aldo. Away Boy, fix thy Arms, and whet, like the lufty German Boys, before a Charge: He shall bolt imme-

diately.

Ward. O, fear not the Vigorous five and twenty.

Ado. Hold, a Word first: Thou said it my Son was
shortly to come over.

Wood. So he told me.

Aldo. Thou art my Bosom Friend.

Geru. [Aside.] Of an Hour's Acquaintance.

Aldo. Be fure thou doit not discover my Fraities to the young Scoundrel: 'Twere enough to make the Bey my Master. I must keep up the Dignity of old Age with him.

Wood. Keep but your own Counsel, Father; for what

ever he knows, must come from you.

Aldo. The Truth on't is, I fent for him ever; parly to have marry'd him, and partly because his villanous pills came so thick upon me, that I grew weary of the Charge.

Gerv. He spar'd for nothing; he laid it on, Sir, as I

have heard.

Wood. Peace, you lying Rogue; believe me, Sir, bating his necessary Expences of Women, which I know you would not have him want: In all things elfe, he wasthe best Manager of your Allowance; and, tho' I say it—

Gerv. [Aside.] That should not say it.

Wood. The most hopeful young Gentleman in Paris.

Aldo. Report speaks otherwise. And before George, I
shall read him a Worm-wood Lecture, when I see him.
But hark, I hear the Door unlock; the Lovers are com-

ing out: I'll flay here, to wheedle him abroad; but you must vanish.

Wood. Like Night and the Moon, in the Maids Tragedy: I into Mift; you into Day.

[Exe. Woodall and Gervale.

Duer Limberham and Trickly:

Limb. Nay, but dear Iweet honey Fog, forgive me but this once: It may be any Man's Cafe, when his Defires are too veherment.

Trick: Let me alone; I care not.

Limb. But then thou wikingt love me, Pur.

towards, hispotant and the state of the Country

Bick. You had best tell now, and thake your self Ri-

diculous!

Limb. She's in Patton: Pray do you moderate this matter, Pather Alde:

Trik. Father Ald 1 I wender you are not afham'd tocall him felt types may be his Pathon, if the Truth were knowers 10 12 14

Alds. Before George, I finell a Rat, Son Limberhaus: I doubt, I doube here has been some great Omission in the of the Love Affairs.

Limb. 17think all the Stars in Heav's have conspired my Ruin: All-look in my Almanack As Lhope for

Met cy 'tis erofs Day now."

Trick. Hang your pitiful Excuser. 'Tis well known what offers I have had, and what Fortunes I might have made with others, like a Fool as I was, to throw away my Youth and Beauty upon you. I could have had a young handforme Lord, that offer'd me my Coach and fix; besides many a good Knight and Gentleman, that would have parted with their own Ladies, and have fethed half they had upon me.

Limb. Ay, you faid fo.

Trick. I faid fo, Sir! who am I? is not my Word as good as yours?

Limb. As mine, Gentlewomen? tho' I say it, my

Word will go for thousands.

Trick. The more shame for you, that you have done no more for me: But I am resolv'd l'li not lose my Time with you; I'll part.

Limb. Do, who cares? Go to Dog and Bisch-yard, and

help your Mother to make Footmens Shirts.

Trick. I defie you, Slanderer, I defie you.

Alde

Alde. Nay, dear Daughter! ... Limb. I desie her too.

Aldo, Nay, good Son!

Trick. Let me alone: I'll have him cudgel'd by mi: Footman.

Enter Saintly.

Saint. Bless us! what's here to do? My Neighbours will think I keep a Nest of unclean Birds here.

. Limb. You had best preach now, and make her House

be thought a Bawdy-house.

Trick. No, t no.: While you are in't, you'll fecure it from that Scandal. Hark hither, Mrs. Saintly. [Whipen:

Limb. Do, tell, tell, no matter for that,

Saint. Who would have imagin'd you had been such a kind of Man, Mr. Limberham! O Heav'n, O Heav'n, IEx. Limb. So, new you have fait your Venons, and the Storm's over.

Aldo. [Crying.] That I should ever live to fee this Day vollich. To show I can live honest, in spight of allithen kind, I'll go iate a Nunnery, and that's my Refolution.

Limb. Don't hinder her, good Father Alder, I'm fire she'll come back from France, before the gets half my

o'er to Calais.

Alde: Nuy, but Son Limberham, this must not bet A Word in private. You'll never get such another Women for Love nor Money. Do but look upon her; slore a Miftress for an Emperor.

Limb. Let her be a Mistress for a Pape, dike a Whore

of Babylon, as she is.

Aldo. Would I were worthy to be a young Man, for her fake: She should eat Pearl, if the would have on. Limb. She can digest em, and Gold too. Letimetell

you Father Aldo, the has the Stornarh of an Estrich. Aldo. Daughter Trickfy, a Word with you.

Trick, I'll hear nothing: I am for a Numery.

Aldo. I never fave a Woman, before you, but first of last the would be brought to Reason. Hark you Child, you'll fearcely find to kind a Keeper: What if he has fome Impediment one way? every Body is not a Hersules. You shall have my Son Weedall, to supply his

Wants; but as long as he maintains you, be rul'd by him that bears the Puric.

Limberham finging. I my own Jaylour was; my only Fee, Who did my Liberty forego; I was a Prisher, 'canfe I wou'd be fo.

Aldo. Why, look you now, Son Limberham, is this as Song to be fung at fuch a time, when I am labouring your Reconcilement? Come Daughter Trickly, you must be rul'd; I'll be the Peace-maker.

Trick. No, I'm just going.

Limb. The Devil take me, if I call you back.

Trick. Andhis Dam take me, if I return, except you do... Aldo. So, now you'll part, for a meer Punctilio! Turn. to him, Daughter: Speak to her, Son: Why should you be so refractory both, to bring my gray Hairs with forrow to the Grave?

Limb. I'll not be fortworn, I fwore first.

Trick. Thou art a forfworn Man however; for thou fwor'st to Love me eternally.

Limb. Yes, I was fuch a Fool, to Iwear fo.

Aldo. And will you have that dreadful Oath lye gnawing on your Conscience?

Trick. Let him be damn'd; and so farewel for ever.

[Going.

Limb. Pug.

Trick. Did you call, Mr. Limberham?

Limb. It may be, Ay; it may be, No. Trick. Well, I am going to the Nunnery: But to show I am in Charity, I'll pray for you,

Aldo. Pray for him! fie, Daughter, fie, is that an

Answer for a Christian?

Limb. What did Pug say? will she pray for me? Well, to show I am in Charity, she skall not pray for me. Come back, Pug. But did I ever think thou coud'ft have been so unkind to have parted with me? Aldo. Look you, Daughter, see how Nature works

in him!

Limb.

Lind. I'll fettle two: hundred a Year upon this, be-

cause thou said'st thou wouldst pray for mo.

Alde, Before George, Son Limberham, you'll spoil all, if you, under bid io. Come, down with your Duft, Man: What, show a base Mind, when a late Lady's in Quelion ... Well, if I must give three bundred.

The No. tis no matter; my Thoughts are on a bettr Phee,

Ads. Come, there's no better Place, than little La Pour sharper part for a Trifle. What, Son Limberhand four hundred a Year's a Square funt, and you shall give Kengahan Kana

Line. Tis a round furn indeed; I wish a three-con. mer'd Sum evenid have ferv'd her turn. Why should you be fo Pervicucious now, Pug ! Pray take three hundred-Nay, rather then part, Pur, it shall be so. [ She from.

Mide it shall be for it shall be so: Come, now Bus,

and Scal the Bargain.

Trick. [Kiffing him] You see what a good-nature Fool I am, Mr. Limberham, to come back into a wicked World, for Love of you. You'll fee the Writings drawn, Father?

Aldo. Ay; and pay the Lawyer too. Why, this is as it should be! I'll be at the Charge of the reconciling Supper-[To her afide.] Daughter, my Son Whedhall is waiting for you-Come away, Son Limberbam, to the Temple.

Limb. With all my Heart, while the's in a good Humour: It would cost me another hundred, if I should thay till Pug were in wrath again. Adieu, Iweet Pug.

Ex. Aldo and Limb.

Trick. That he should be so filly to imagine I would go into a Nunnery! 'tis likely; I have much Nuas Flesh . about me. But here comes my Gentleman.

Enter Woodall, not feeing ber.

Wood. Now the Wife's return'd, and the Daughter too, and I have feen 'em both, and am more diffracted than before: I would enjoy all, and have not yet determin'd with which I should begin. 'Tis but a kind of ClergyClergy-coverousness in me, to defive so many; if I stand gaping after Phralities, one of 'em is in danger to be made a Sine cure———[Sees her.] O, Fortune has determin'd for me. "Tis just here, as it is in the World; the Mistress will be served before the Wife.

Trick. How now, Sir? are you rehearling your Lingue

Franca by your self, that you walk so pensively?

Mod. No faith, Madam, I was thinking of the Fair Lady, who at parting befooke so cunningly of me all

my Effences.

Trick. But there are other Beauties in the Houle; and I stould be impatient of a Rival: For I am apt to be partial to my self, and think I deserve to be present deserve to be present.

Wood: Your Beauty will allow of no Competition,

and I am fore my Love could make none.

Mik. Yes, you have feen Mrs. Brainfish, fire's a Beauty.

Wood. You mean, I suppose, the peaking Creature, the
marry'd Woman, with a sideling Look, as if one Check
earry'd more byas than the other?

"Trick. Yes, and with a high Nose, as visible as a Land.

mark.

Wood. With one Cheek blue, the other red: Just like

the covering of Lambeth Palace.

Thick. Nay, but her Legs, if you could fee 'ent Worl. She was to foolish to wear short Petticoats, and show 'em: They are Pillars, gross enough to support a larger Building; of the Tusean order, by my Troth.

Trick. And her little Head, upon that long Neck, shows. Ike a Traitor's Scull upon a Pole. 'Then, for her WitWood. She can have none: 'There's not room enough

for a Thought to play in.

Trick. I think indeed I may fafely trust you with fach Charms: and you have pleased me with your Description

of her.

Wood. I wish you would give me leave to please you better; but you transact as gravely with me at'a Spaniard; and are losing Love, as he does Flanders: You consider, and deman, when the Minauch is up in Mrms, and as your Cases:

Trick.

Trick. But to yield upon the first Summous retriyon have laid a formal Siege 17 To not not on any prote a luckier Day to you.

morrow: Love may die upon our Hand, or Oppound by be wanting; 'tis best featuring the presentations'

Trick No. Loves Me Fruit; it must have time to ripen on the Tree; if it be green patients, 'twill but within afterwards."

Wood, Rather 'tis like Gun-powder; that which first culticeft, is commonly the frangus I will suppose the francisco Commonly the francisco Commonly the francisco Commonly the francisco Commonly that the francisco Commonly the francisco Commonly the francisco Commonly the francisco Commonly that the francisco Commonly the francisco Commonly the francisco Commonly that the francisco Commonly the francisco Common

Trick. You Lovers are fuch frowning Children sees crying for the Break; and, when you have one half after in the Nurse's Arms half with what Face heald I look upon my Respectation is in

Wood. With the same Face that all Mistresses look with

theire. Come, come.

Trick, But my Reputation!

Wood. Nay, that's no Argument, if I should be so half to tell; for Women get good Fortunes now-arders by losing their Credit, as a cunning Citizen does by Breaking.

Trick. But I'm so shame-fac'd! Well, I'll go in, and

hide my Blushes.

Wood. I'll not be long after you; for I think I have hidden my Blushes where I shall never find em. hid.

Re-ence Trickly. I had have

Trick. As I live, Mr. Limberham and Father Alls are just return'd; I saw 'em entring. My Settlement will miscarry, if you are found here: What shall we do?

Wood. Go you into your Bed-chamber, and leave me to my Fortune.

Trick. That you should be for dully their Sufphinds be as strong still; for what should make you here?

Wood. The curse on't is too, I bid my Man tell the Ismily I was gone abroad; so that if I am seen, you are infallibly discover'd.

Thick Hold I here send Here's a Chest which I bor.

row'd of Mrs. Pleasance; get quickly into it, and I will

lock you up : There's nothing in't, but Cloaths of Limberham's, and a Box of Writings.

Wood. I shall be smother'd.

Trick. Make hafte, for Heav'ns sake, they'll quickly be gone, and then there are a second to the second

Wood. That then, will make a Man venture any thing. the goes in and the locks the Cheft.

dl' . Enter Limberham and Aldor . I in n. ..

Limb. Dost thou not wonder, to see me come again forquickly Page : harman so the met of hear . Triek. No. - I am prepar'd for any foolish Freak of yours: I knew you would have a Qualm, when you came to Settlements

Limb . Your Settlement depends mokeablefutely on 

Trick: Father Alde, a Word with you, for Heaven's fakc.

Aldo. No, no, I'll not whifper: Do not fland in your

own Light, but produce the Keys, Daughter.

. Limb. Be not multy, my pretty St. Peter, but produce the Keys; I must have the Writings out that concern thy Settlement.

Trick. Now I see you are so reasonable, I'll show you I dare trust your Honesty; the Settlement shall be defer'd

till another Day.

Aldo. No deferring, in these Cases, Daughter.

Trick. But I have loft the Keys.

Limb. That's a Jest! let me feel in thy Pocket, for I must oblige thee.

Trick. You shall feel no where: I have felt already,

and am fure they are loft.

Aldo. But feel again, the Lawyer stays.

Trick. Well, to satisfie you, I will feel - They are not here --- Nor here neither.

[She pulls out her Handkerchief, and the Keys drop after

it: Limberham takes 'em up.

Limb. Look you now, Pug! who's in the Right? Well, thou art born to be a lucky Pug, in spight of thy felf.

Trick. [Afide.] O, I am ruin'dfienousOne Word of be-

Aldo. Not a Syllable: What's the Devil in you, Daughi

Trick [Aloud.] It shall not be opened y- I will have my Will, though I lose my Settlement: Woodk Dwerk with in the Cheft, I would hold it down to splight you s Why again, would I were within the Cheft. I would had it so fast, you should not open it. The bashow wie, that's good Inche on the Top of the Infide, if the have the Wit Limb. [Going to open it.]. Before George, I think you have the Devil in a String, Pug; I cannot often its dor, the Gues of me, ... Hilling Dolling! marbat's bost of degall, believe in my Confeience, Pug can Conjure! Many, God biels we all good Christians. a sense . write .c. an Aldo Push hard, Son.

.. Limb. I cannot push, A was stover good at pushing: When I puth, I think the Devil puther too: v Will, I must let it alone, for Lam a Fumbler. .. Here, takenthe; 220, 1 v. 14 vita Koys, Pug.

Trick. [Aside,] Then all's fafe again. Enter Judith and Gervain.

Fud. Madam, Mrs Pleafance has featifon the Cheft with borrowed of her. She has present Occasion for it putant has defin'd us to carry it away. The process arrand shapilud Limb. Well, that's but reason: If the multibered it, the

must have it.

Trick. Tell her, it shall be return'd some time to day; at prefent we must crave her Pardon, because we have some Writings in it, which must first be taken out, when we can open it.

Limb. Nay, that's but reason too: Then the must not

have it.

Gov. Let me come to't; I'll break it open, and you may take out your Writings.

Limb. That's true: 'Tis but reasonable it should be bro-

ben open.

Trick. Then I may be bound to make good the Lois.

- Limb. Tis uncoalonable it should be broken open.

Aldo. Beforge George, Gervase and I will carry it away; and a Smith shall be sent for to my Daughter Pleasance's Chamber, to open it without damage.

Limb. Why, who days against it? Let it be carry d;

I'm all for Realon."

Withold; I fay it shall not fir. All What i every one must have their own . The Fuffith out runt blundus,

Lines. Ay, fist Justinia Pag ! She must have her own? for Justicia is Latin for Justice. [Aldo and Gery, lift at it.

-Aldi. Lithink the Devil's in't.

"Geren There's somewhat bounces, like him, in't. Tis plague, heavy; but we'll take t'other heave. Trick. [Taking bold of the Cheft.] Then you stall carry

me too. Help, murder, murder.

[A confus d gubbling among 'em. Enter Mrs. Saintly.

english seems to the Saint! Verily, I think all Hell's broke loofe among you. . What, a Schulm in my Family! Does this become the Purity of my House? What will the Ungodly say-?

Limb. No matter for the Ungodly; this is all among our selves: For, look you, the Businessisthis. Mrs. Pleafance has lent for this same Business here, which she lent to Pug, now Pug has some private Business within this Bufinels, which the would take out first, and the Bufimells will not be open'd . And this makes all the Bufiness.

: swine: Verily, I am rais'd up for a Judge amongst you. and I say-

. Trick. I'll have no Judge: It shall not go.

Aldo. Why Son, why Daughter, why Mrs. Saintly; we you all mad? Hear me, I am fober, I am discreet; let a Smith be fent for hither, let him break open the Chaft; let the things contained be taken out, and the thing containing be restor'd.

- Limb. Now hear me too, for I am fober and discreet;

Father Aldo is an Oracle: It shall be so.

Trick. Well, to show I am reasonable, I am content, Mr. Gervase and I will fetch an Instrument from the next

next Smith; in the mean time, let the Cheft remain where it now stands, and let every one depart the Chamber.

Limb. That no Violence be offer'd to, the Person of

the Chest, in Pug's Absence.

द्वरापन क्रुबर को ऋषा ३ Aldo. Then this matter is compos'd,

Trick [Ajide,] Now I shall have leiture to instruct his Man, and let him free, without Discovery Mr. Geruase. Exe. all but Saintly.

Saint. There is a certain Motion put into my Mind, and it is of good; I have Keys here, which a precious Brother, a devout Blacksmith, made me; and which will open any Lock of the same Bore: Verily, it can be no Sin to unlock this Chest therewith, and take from thence the Spoils of the Ungodly. I will fatisfie my Confcience, by giving part thereof to the Hungry and the Needy; some to our Pastor, that he may prove it hwful; and some I will fanctifie to my own use.

[She unlocks the Cheft, and Woodall starts up. Wood. Let me imbrace you, my dear Deliverer! Bless us! is it you, Mrs Saintly? She Shrieks. Saint. [Shrieking.] Heav'n, of his Mercy! Stop Thief,

flop Thief.

Wood. What will become of me now?

Saint. According to thy Wickedness, shall it be done unto thee. Have I discover'd thy Back slidings, thou unfaithful Man! thy Treachery to me shall be Rewarded, verily; for I will Testifie against thee.

Wood. Nay, fince you are so Revengeful, you shall suffer your Part of the Disgrace; if you testifie against me for Adultery, I shall testifie against you for Thest: There's an Eighth for your Seventh. Noife.

Saint. Verily, they are approaching: Return to my

Imbraces, and it shall be forgiven thee,

Wood. Thank you, for your own sake. Hark! they are coming! cry Thief again, and help to fave all yet.

Saint. Stop Thief, stop Thief.

Wood. Thank you, for your own fake: but I fear 'tis too late.

Enter Trickly and Limberham.

Trick. [Entring] The Cheft open, and Woodall discover'd, I am ruin'd!

Emer Limb. Why all this thricking, Mrs Saintly?

Wood. [Rushing him down] Stop Thief, stop Thief! cry you Mercy, Gentleman, if I have hurt you.

"Limb. [Rifing.]" Tis a fine Time to cry a Man Mercy,

when you have beaten his Wind out of his Body.

Stuhr. As I watched the Cheft, behold a Vision rushed out of it, on the fudden; and I lifted up my Voice, and shirek d.

"Limb. A Vision, Landlady; what, have we Gog and

Magog in our Chamber?

Trick: A Thief, I warrant you, who had gotten into

the Cheft.

Wood. Most certainly a Thief: For hearing my Landlady cry out, I flew from my Chamber to her help, and met him running down Stairs; and then he turn'd back to the Balcony, and leapt into the Street.

Limb. I thought indeed that formething held down the Cheft, when I would have open'd: --- But my Writings are there still; that's one Comfort - Oh Seig-

noro, are you here!

Wood. Do you speak to me, Sir ? Samt. This is Mr. Woodall, your new Fellow-lodger.

Limb: Cry you Mercy, Sir; I durft have fworn you could have spoken Lingua Franca I thought in my Conscience, Pug, this had been thy Italian Merchanto.

Wood. Sir, I see you miltake me for some other: I

should be happy to be better known to you.

Limb. Sir, I beg your Pardon with all my Hearte. Before George, I was caught again there! But you are fo very like a paltry Fellow, who came to fell Pug Effences this Morning, that one would swear those Eyes, and that Nose and Mouth, belong'd to that Rascal.

Wood. You must Pardon me, Sir, if I don't much re-

lish the Close of your Complement.

Trick. Their Eyes are nothing like: (you'll have a Quarrel.)

Limb.

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Limb. Not very like, I confess.

Trick. Their Nose and Mouth are quite different.

Limb. As Pag fays, they are quite different indeed: But I durft have fowern it had been he; and therefore once

again, I demand your Pardeno.

Trick. Come, let us go down; by this time Geruse has brought the Smith; and then Mrs. Pleasure may have her Chest. Please you, Sir, to bear us Company.

Wood. At your Service, Madam. Limb. Pray lead the way, Sir.

Wood. Tis against my Will, Sir: But I must leave you in Possession.



#### ACT III. SCENE I.

#### Enter Saintly and Pleasance.

Pleaf. Ever fear it, I'll be a Spy upon his Actions: He shall neither whisper nor glote on either

of 'em, but I'll ring him fuch a Peal!

Saint. Above all things, have a Care of him your self; for surely there is Witchcraft betwixt his Lips: He is a Wolf within the Sheepfold; and therefore I will be earnest, that you may not fall.

[Exit.

Pleas. Why should my Mother be so inquisitive about this Lodger? I half suspect old Eve her self has a Mind to be nibling at the Pippin: He makes Love to one of 'em, I am consident; it may be both; for methinks I should have done so, if I had been a Man; but the damn'd Petticoats have perverted me to Honesty, and therefore I have a grudge to him, for the Priviledge of his Sex. He shuns me too, and that vexes me; for though I would deny him, I scorn he should not think me worth a civil Question.

The KIND KEEPER.

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Re-enter Woodall, with Trickly, Mrs. Brainfick, Judith, and Müsick.

Mrs. Brain, Come, your Works, your Works; they

shall have the Approbation of Mrs. Pleasance.

Trick. No more Apologies: give fudith the Words; the fings at fight.

Jul. III try my Skill.

# A SONG from the ITALIAN.

BY a diffual Cypress lying, Damon cry'd, all pule and dying, Kind is Death that ends my Pain, But cruel She I lov'd in vain.

The Majfy Toursains
Marmin any Tradle,
And hollow Mountains
My Gross redouble:
Every Nymph mourns me,
Thus while I languish;
She only forms me,

Who caus'd my Anguish.
No Love returning me, but all Hope denying;

By a difmal Cypress lying, Like a Swan, so sing he dying: Kand is Death that ends my Pain.

But cruel She I lov'd in vain,

Pleaf. By these languishing Eyes, and those Simagres of yours, we are given to understand, Sir, you have a Mi-Ares in this Company: Come, make a free discovery which of 'em your Poetry is to Charm; and put the other out of Pain.

Trick. No doubt 'twas meant to Mrs. Brainfick.

Mrs. Brain. We Wives are despicable Creatures: we

know it, Madam, when a Mistress is in presence.

Pleaf. Why this Ceremony betwixt you? "Tis a likely proper Fellow, and looks as he cou'd People a new Itie of Pines.

Mrs. Brain. 'Twere a work of Charity to convert afair young Schismatick, like you, if 'twere but to gain you' to abetter Opinion of the Government.

Pleaf. If I am not mistaken in you two, he has works of Charity enough upon his hands already; but 'tis a wil-Ing Soul, I'll warrant him, eager upon the Quarry, and

as Tharp as a Governour of Covent-Garden.

Wood. Sure this is not the phrase of your Family: I thought to have found a fanctify'd Sifter; but I suspect now, Madam, that if your Mother kept a Pension in your Father's time, there might be some Gentleman-Lodger in the House; for I humbly conceive, you are of the halfstrain at least.

Pleaf. For all the rudeness of your Language, I am refolved to know upon what Voyage you are bound: you Privateer of Love, you Argier's Man, that Cruise up and down for prize in the Streights Mouth; which of the Vel-

fels wou'd you fnap now?

Trick. We are both under fafe Convoy, Madam: a Lo-

wer, and a Husband.

Fleas. Nay, for your part, you are notably guarded, I contess; but Keepers have their Rooks, as well as Gamesters: But they only venture under 'em, till they pick up a Sum, and then push for themselves.

Wood. ( Aside.) A Plague of her suspicions; they'll run

me on that fide.

Pleas. So; let but little Minx go proud, and the Dogs in Covens Garden have her in the wind immediately: all pursue the Scent.

Trick. Not to a Boarding house, I hope!

Pleas. If they were wife, they wou'd rather go to 1 Brothel-house; for there most Mistresses have left behind 'em their Maiden-heads, of bleffed memory: and thole which wou'd not go off in that Market, are carry'd about by Bawds, and fold at Doors, like stale Flesh in Baskets. Then, for your honesty, or justness, as you call it, to your Keepers, your kept Mistress is originally a Punk; and let the Cat be chang'd into a Lady never so formally, the faill retains her natural property of Mousing.

Mrs. Brain. You are very sharp upon the Mistresses; but

I hope you'll spare the Wives.

Pleas. Yes, as much as your Husbands do, after the first Month of Marriage; but you requite their negligence in Houshold-duties, by making them Husbands of the first Head, e're the Year be over.

Wood. [Aside] She has me there too! Pleas. And, as for you young Gallant,

Wood. Hold, I beseech you, a Truce for me.

Pleas. In troth I pity you, for you have undertaken a most difficult Task, to cozen two Women, who are no Babies in their Art; if you bring it about, you perform as much as he that cheated the very Lottery.

Wood. Ladies, I am forry this should happen to you for my sake: she's in a raging Fit, you see; 'tis best with-

drawing, till the Spirit of Prophecy has left her.

Trick. I'll take shelter in my Chamber, whither, I hope, he'll have the grace to follow me. Aside.

Mrs. Brain. And, now I think on't, I have some Letters to dispatch. [Ex. Trick. and Mrs. Brain. feverally.

Pleas. Now, good John among the Maids, how mean you to bestow your time? Away, to your Study I advise you, invoke your Muses, and make Madrigals upon absence,

Wood. I wou'd go to China or Japan, to be rid of that impetuous Clack of yours: Farewel, thou Legion of Tongues in one Woman.

Pleas. Will you not stay, Sir? it may be I have a little

business with you.

Wood. Yes, the second part of the same Tune! Strike by your felf, sweet Larum; you're true Bell-mettal, I warfant you.

Pleas. This Spightfulness of mine will be my Ruin: To

rail them off, was well enough; but to talk him away too! O Tongue, Tongue! thou wert given for a Curse to all our Sex!

Enter Judith.

Jud. Madam, your Mother wou'd speak with you. tleas. I will not come: I'm mad I think: I come immediately. Well, I'll go in, and vent my Passion, by failing at them, and him too. Exis.

Jud. You may enter in fafety, Sir, the Enemy's march'd off.

Re-enter Woodall.

Wood. Nothing, but the love I bear thy Mistress, could keep me in the house with such a Fury. When will the bright Numb appear?

Jud. Immediately: I hear her coming.

Wood. That I cou'd find her coming, Mrs. Judith!

Enter Mrs. Brainsick.

You have made me languish in Expectation, Madam. Was it nothing, do you think, to be so near a Happiness, with violent Desires, and to be delay'd?

Mrs. Brain. Is it nothing, do you think, for a Woman of Honour, to overcome the tyes of Virtue and Reputation; to do that for you, which I thought I should never

have ventur'd for the fake of any Man?

Wood. But my comfort is, that Love has overcome. Your Honour is, in other words, but your good Repute; and tis my part to take care of that: for the Fountain of a Woman's Honour is in the Lover, as that of the Subject is in the King.

Mrs. Brain. You had concluded well, if you had been my Husband: you know where our Subjection lies.

Wood. But cannot I be yours, without a Priest? They were cunning People, doubtless, who began that Trade; to have a double Hank upon us, for two Werlds: that no Pleasure here, or hereaster shou'd be had, without a Bribe to them.

Mrs. Brain. Well, I'm refolv'd, I'll read, against the next time I see you; for the truth is, I am not very well prepar'd with Arguments for Marriage; mean while, farewell.

Wood. I stand corrected; you have reason indeed to go if I can use my time no better: We'll withdraw, if you please, and dispute the rest within.

Mrs. Brain. Perhaps, I meant not so.

Wood. I understand your meaning at your Eyes. You'll watch, Judith?

Mrs. Brain. Nay, if that were all, I expect not my Husband till to Morrow: The Tinth is, he's so ody humound mour'd, that, if I were ill-inclin'd, it wou'd half justifie.

2 Woman: He's such a kind of Man.

Wood. Or, if he be not, we'll make him such a kind of

Man.

Mrs. Brain. So Fantastical, so Musical, his Talk all Rapture, and half Nonsense: Like a Clock out of order, set him a going, and he strikes eternally. Besides, he thinks me such a Fool, that I cou'd half resolve to revenge my self, in justification of my Wit.

Wood. Come, come, no half Resolutions among Lovers; I'll hear no more of him, till I have reveng'd you fully. Go out, and watch, Judith. [Exit Judith.

Mrs. Brain. Yet, I cou'd fay, in my Defence, that my

Friends married me to him against my Will.

Wood. Then let us put your Friends too, into the Quarrel: it shall go hard, but I'll give you a Revenge for them.

Enter Judith again, hashily. How now? what's the matter?

Mrs. Brain. Can'ft thou not speak? hast thou seen a Ghost?

As I live, she figns Horns! that must be for my Husband: He's return'd.

[Judith looks ghaftly, and figns Horns. Jud. I wou'd have told you so, if I cou'd have spoken for fear.

Mrs. Brain. Hark, a knocking! what shall we do?

[Knocking.]

There's no dallying in this case: here you must not be found, that's certain; but fudith hath a Chamber within mine; haste quickly thither; I'll secure the rest.

Jud. Follow me, Sir. [Ex. Woodall, Judith.

Knocking again She opens: Enter Brainfick.

Brain. What's the matter, Gentlewoman? am I excluded from my own Fortress; and by the way of Barricado? Am I to dance Attendance at the Door, as if I were some base Plebeian Groom? I'll have you know, that when my Foot affaults, the Lightning and the Thunder are not so terrible as the Strokes: Brazen Gates shall tremble, and Bolts of Adamant dismount from off their Hinges, to admit me.

Mrs.

Mrs. Brain. Who wou'd have thought that 'nown Dear wou'd have come so soon? I was e'en lying down on my Bed, and dreaming of him: Turn a' me, and bus, poor Dear, piddee buss.

Brain. I nauseate these foolish Feats of Love.

Mrs. Brain. Nay, but why shou'd he be so fretful new? and knows I doat on him; to leave a poor Dear so long without him, and then come home in an angry humour! indeed I'll ky.

Brain. Prethee leave thy fulsom Fondness; I have sur-

feited on Conjugal Embraces.

Mrs. Brain. I thought fo; some light Huswife has bewitch'd him from me: I was a little Fool, so I was to leave a Dear behind at Barnet, when I knew the Women wou'd run mad for him.

Brain. I have a luscious Air forming, like a Pallas, in my Brain-pan: and now thou com's a-cross my Fancy, to disturb the rich Ideas; with the yellow Jaundies of thy Jealousie.

[Noise within.]

Hark, what Noise is that within, about *fudish*'s Bed?

Mrs. Brain. I believe, Dear, she's making it.

Would the Fool would go.

Brain. Hark, again!

Mrs. Brain. [Afide.] I have a diffmal apprehension in my Head, that he's giving my Maid a cast of his Office, in my stead. O, how it stings me! [Woodall facetos.]

Brain. I'll enter, and find the reason of this Tumult.

Mrs. Brain. [holaing him.] Not for the World: there may be a Thief there; and shou'd I put 'nown Dear in danger of his Life?—

What shall I do? betwirt the jealousie of my Love, and fear of this Fool, I am distracted: I must not venture'em together, whate'er comes on't. Why, Judith, I say! Come forth, Damsel.

Wood. [within.] The Danger's over: I may come out

fafely.

Fud. [mithin.] Are you mad? you sha' not.

Mrs. Brain. [Aside.] So, now I'm ruin'd unavoidably.
Brain. Who-e'er thou art, I have pronounc'd thy Doom;
t' dreadful Brainsick bares his brawny Arm in tearing
terrour;

terrour; knieeling Queens in vain shou'd beg thy Being.-

Sa, sa, there.

Mrs. Brain. [Afde.] Tho' I believe he dares not venture in; yet I must not put it to the Tryal. Why Judith, come out, come out, Huswife.

Enter Judith, trembling.

What Villain have you hid within?

Jud. O Lord, Madam, what shall I say?

Mrs. Brain. How shou'd I know what you shou'd say? Mr. Brainsick has heard a Man's Voice within; if you know what he makes there, confess the Truth; I am almost dead with Fear. and he stands shaking.

Brian. Terrour, I! 'tis Indignation shakes me. With this Sabre I'llslice him small as Atoms; he shall be doom'd

by the Judge, and damn'd upon the Gibbet.

Jud. [kneeling.] My Master's so outragious, sweet Madam, do you intercede for me, and I'll tell you all in private.

[Winspers.]

If I say it is a Thief, he'll call up help; I know not what o'th' sudgen to invent.

Mrs. Brain. Let me alone.— And is this all? why wou'd you not confess it before, fudith? when you know I am an indulgent Mistress. [Laughs.]

Brain. What has she confess'd?

Mrs. Brain. A venial Love-Trespass, Dear: "Tis a Sweetheart of hers; one that is to marry her; and she was unwilling I shou'd know it, so she hid him in her Chamber.

Enter Aldo.

Aldo. What's the matter trow? what, in Martial posture.

Son Brainsick?

Jud. Pray, Father Aldo, do you beg my pardon of my Mafter: I have committed a Fault; I have hidden a Gentleman in my Chamber, who is to marry me without his Friend's Consent, and therefore came in private to me.

Aldo. That thou should'st think to keep this Secret!

why, I know it as well as he that made thee.

Mrs. Brain. [afide.] Heav'n be prais'd, for this Knower of all things: Now will he lie three or four rapping Voluntiers, rather than be thought ignorant in any thing.

U A

Brain. Do you know his Friends, Father Alde? Aldo. Know 'em! I think I do. His Mother was an Arch-Deacon's Daughter; as honest a Woman as ever broke Bread: She and I have been Cater-Coufins in our Youth; we have tumbled together between a pair of Sheets, i faith.

Brain. An honest Woman, and yet you two have tumbled together! those are inconsistent.

Aldo. No matter for that.

Mrs. Brain, He blunders; I must help him. I warrant

'twas before Marriage, that you were so great.

Aldo. Before George, and so it was: for she had the prettiest black Mole upon her left Ancle, it does megoed to think on't! His Father was Squire what d' you call him, of what d' you call 'em Shire. What think you. little Judith? do I know him now?

Jud. I suppose you may be mistaken: my Servant's

Father is a Knight of Hamshire.

Aldo. I meant of Hamshire. But that I shou'd forget he was a Knight, when I got him Knighted at the King's coming in! Two fat Bucks, I am fure he fent me.

Brain. And what's his Name?

Aldo. Nay, for that, you must excuse me: I must not

disclose little Judith's Secrets.

Mrs. Brain. All this while the poor Gentleman is left in pain: we must let him out in secret; for I believe the young Fellow is so bashful, he wou'd not willingly be seen.

Jud. The best way will be, for Father Aldo to lend me the Key of his Door, which opens into my Chamber;

and so I can convey him out.

Aldo. [Giving her a Key.] Do so, Daughter. Not a word of my Familiarity with his Mother, to prevent Blood-shed betwixt us: but I have her Name down in my Almanack, I warrant her.

Jud. What, kiss and tell, Father Aldo; kiss and tell!

Exit.

Mrs. Brain. I'll go and pass an hour with Mrs. Trickfy. [Exit.

Enter

Enter Limberham.

Brain. What, the lusty Lover Limberham!

Enter Woodall at another Deor.

Aldo. O here's a Mounsieur, new come over, and a Fellow-lodger; I must endear you two to one another.

Brain. Sir, 'tis my extream ambition to be better known to you; you come out of the Country I adore. And how does the dear Battiff? I long for some of his new Compositions in the last Opera. A propo! I have had the most happy Invention this Morning, and a Tune trouling in my Head; I rise immediately in my Night-Gown and Slippers, down I put the Notes slap dash, made Words to 'em like Lightning: and I warrant you have 'em at the Circle in the Evening.

Wood. All were compleat, Sir, if S. Andre would make

fteps to 'em.

Brain. Nay, thanks to my Genius, that care's over: you shall see, you shall see. But first the Air.— [Sings.] Is't not very fine? Ha, Messeurs!

Lim. The close of it is the most ravishing I ever

heard!

Brain. I dwell not on your Commendations.. What fay you, Sir? [To Wood.] Is't not admirable? Do you enter into't?

Wood. Most delicate Cadence!

Brain. Gad, I think so, without vanity. Batisf and I have but one Soul. But the close, the close! [Sings is thrice over.] I have Words too upon the Air; but I am naturally so bashful!

Wood. Will you oblige me, Sir?

Brain. You might command me, Sir; for I fing too on Cavalier: but

Lim. But you wou'd be entreated, and fay, Nolo, nolo, nolo, three times, like any Bishop, when your Mouth waters at the Diocese.

Brain. I have no Voice; but, fince this Gentleman sommands me, let the Words commend themselves.

My Phyllis is Charming.

Lim. But why, of all Names, wou'd you chuse a Phillis! There have been so many Phillis's in Songs, I thought

there had not been another lest, for Leve or Money.

Brain. If a Man shou'd listen to a Fop! [Sings.

My Phillis————

Aldo. Before George, I am on t'other side: I think, as good no Song, as no Phillis.

Brain. Yet again! — My Phillis — [Sings.]

Lim. Pray, for my fake, let it be your Chloris.

Brain. [Looking scornfully at him.] My Phillis-[Sing.] Lim. You had as good call her your Succuba.

Brain. Morbleau! will you not give me leave? I am

full of Phillis. [Sings.] My Phillis. —

Lim. Nay, I confess, Phillis is a very pretty Name.

Brain. Diable! Now I will not fing to fpight you. By the World, you are not worthy of it. Well, I have a Gentleman's Fortune, I have Courage, and make no inconfiderable Figure in the World: yet I wou'd quit my Pretensions to all these, rather than not be Author of this Sonnet, which your Rudeness has irrevocably lost.

Lim. Some foolish French quelque chose, I warrant you. Brain. Quelque chose! O Ignorance, in supreme Perfe-

Etion! he means a kek (hofe.

Lim. Why, a kek shoots let it be then! And a kek shoots

for your Song.

Brain. I give to the Devil fuch a Judge: well, were I to be born again, I wou'd as foon be the Elephant, as a Wit; he's lefs a Monster in this Age of Malice. I cou'd burn my Sonnet, out of rage.

Lim. You may use your pleasure with your own.

Wood. His Friends wou'd not suffer him: Virgil was not

permitted to burn his Æneids.

Bre 22. Dear Sir, I'll not die ingrateful for your Approbation: [Afide to Woodall] You fee this Fellow? he's an Ass already; he has a handsom Mistress, and you shall make an Ox of him, e're long.

Mood. Say no more, it shall be done.

1.im. Hark you, Mr. Woodal!; this fool Brainfick grows insupportable; he's a publick Nusance; but I scorn to set my

my Wit against him: He has a pretty Wise: I say no more, but if you do not graff him ———

Wood. A Word to the Wife: I shall consider him, for

your fake.

Limb. Pray do, Sir: Consider him much.

Wood. Much is the Word—This Fewd makes well for me.

Brain. to Wood. I'll give you the Opportunity, and rid you of him——Come away, little Limberham; you, and I, and Father Aldo, will take a turn together in the Square.

Aldo. We'll follow you immediately.

Limb. Yes, we'll come after you, Bully Brainsick: But I hape you will not draw upon us there.

Brain. If you fear that, Bilba shall be left behind.

Limb. Nay, nay, leave but your Madrizal behind: Draw not that upon us, and its no matter for your Sword.

[Exit Brain.

Exter Trickly, and Mrs. Brainfick, with a Note for each.

Wood. [Aside.] Both together! either of em apart, hadbeen my Business: But I shall ne'er play well at this
three-hand Game.

Limb. O, Pug, how have you been passing of your Time?

Trick. I have been looking over the last Present of Orange Gloves you made me; and methinks I do not like the Scent—O Lord, Mr. Woodall, did you bring those you wear from Paris?

Wood. Mine are Roman, Madam.

Trick. The Scent I love, of all the World. Pray let me see 'em.

Mrs. Brain. Nay, not both, good Mrs. Tricksy; for I love that Scent as well as you.

Wood. [Pulling 'em off, and giving each one.] I shall findtwo Dozen more of Womens Gloves among my Trifles, if you please to accept 'em Ladies.

Trick. Look to't; we shall expect 'em-Now to

put in my Billet doux!

Mrs. Brain, So, now I have the Opportunity to thrust in my Note.

Trick.

Trick. Here, Sir, take your Glove again; the Perfume's too strong for mc.

Mrs. Brain. Pray take the other to't; though I should

have kept it for a Pawn.

[Mrs. Brainfick's Note falls aut, Limb. takes it up.

Limb. What have we here? For Mr. Woodall.

Both Women. Hold, hold, Mr. Limberham. They fnatch is. Aldo. Before George, Son Limberham, you shall read it. Wood. By your Favour, Sir, but he must not.

Trick. He'll know my Hand, and I am ruin'd!

Mrs. Brain. Oh, my Misfortune! Mr. Woodall, will you fuffer your Secrets to be discovered?

Wold. It belongs to one of 'em, that's certain-Mr. Limberham, I must desire you to restore this Letter;

tis from my Mistress.

Trick. The Devil's in him; will he confess?

Wood. This Paper was fent me from her this Morning; and I was so fond of it, that I left it in my Glore:

If one of the Ladies had found it there, I should have been laugh'd at most unmercifully.

Mrs. Brain. That's well come off!

Limb. My Heart was at my Mouth, for feat it had been Pug's —— [Afide.] There 'tis again.—Hold, hold; pray let me fee't once more: A Milfreds, faid you?

Aldo. Yes, a Mistress, Sir. I'll be his Voucher; he has

a Mistress, and a fair one too.

Limb. Do you know it, Father Aldo.

Aldo. Know it! I know the Match is as good as made already: Old Wooddll and I, are all one. You, Son, were fent for over on purpose; the Articles for her jointure are all concluded, and a Friend of mine drew em.

Limb. Nay, if Father Aldo knows it, I am fatisfy'd. Aldo. But how came you by this Letter, Son Woodall!

let me examine you.

Wood. Came by it! (Pox, he has non-plus'd me!) How

do you say I came by it, Father Aldo?

Aldo. Why, there's it, now. This Morning I met your Mistress's Father, Mr. you know who Wood. Mr. who, Sir?

Aldo. Nay, you shall excuse me for that; but we are intimate: His Name begins with some Vowel or Confonant, no matter which; well, her Father gave me this very Numerical Letter, superscribed, For Mr. Woodall.

Limb. Before George, and so it is.

Aldo. Carry me this Letter, quoth he, to your Son Woodall; 'tis from my Daughter such a one, and then whisper'd me her Name.

Wood. Let me see; I'll read it once again.

Limb. What, are you not acquainted with the Con-

Wood. O, your true Lover will read you over a Letter, from his Miftress, a thousand times,

Trick. Ay, two thousand, if he be in the Humour.

Wood. Two thousand! then it must be hers. [Reads to bimself.] Away, to your Chamber immediately, and I'll give my Fool the slip———(The Fool! that may be either the Keeper, or the Husband; but commonly the Keeper is the greater. Humh! without Subscription! it must be Trickly.) Father Aldo, prithee rid me of this Coxcomb.

Aldo. Come, Son Limberham, we let our Friend Brainfick walk too long alone: Shall we follow him? We must make haste; for I expect a whole Beavy of Whores, a Chamber-full of Temptation this Afternoon: "Tis my Day of Audience.

Limb. Mr. Woodall, we leave you here, you remember? [Exesure Limb. and Aldo.

Wood. Let me alone. Ladies, your Servant; I have a little private Business with a Friend of mine.

Mrs. Brain. Meaning me-Well, Sir, your Servant: Trick. Your Servant, till we meet again. [Executs feverally.

### SCENE II. Mr. Woodall's Chamber.

Enter Mrs. Brainfick alone.

Mrs. Brain. My Note has taken, as I wish'd: He will be here immediately. If I could but resolve to lose no time, out of Modesty; but 'tis his Part to be Violent, for both our Credits. Never so little force and russling,

and

and a poor weak Woman is excus'd. [Noife.] Hark, I hear him coming————Ah me! the Steps beat double: He comes not alone: If it should be my Husband with him! where shall I hide my self? I see no other place, but under his Bed: I must lye as silently, as my Fear will suffer me. Heav'n send me safe again to my own Chamber.

[Creeps under the Bed.]

Enter Woodall and Trickfy.

Wood. Well, Fortune at the last is favourable, and now

you are my Prisoner.

Trick. After a quarter of an Hour, I suppose, I shall have my Liberty upon easie Terms. But pray let us Parley a little first.

Wood. Nay, no Conditions: The Fortress is reduced to Extremity; and you must yield upon Discretion, or I Storm.

. Trick. Never to love any other Woman.

Wood. I kiss the Book upon't. [Kisses her. Mrs. Brain. sinches him from underneath she Bed.] Oh, are you at your Love-tricks already? If you pinch me thus, I shall bite your Lip.

Trick. I did not pinch you: But you are apt, I see, to take any Occasion of gathering up more close to me. Next, you shall not so much as look on Mrs. Brainsek.

Wood. Have you done? these Covenants are so tedious!

Trick. Nay, but fwear then.

Wood. I do promife, I do swear, I do any thing. [Mrs. Brain. runs a Pin into him] Oh, the Devil! what do you mean to run Pins into me? this is perfect Catter-wauling.

Trick. You fancy all this; I would not hurt you for the World. Come, you shall see how well I love you [Kisses bim: Mrs. Brain. pricks her.] Oh! I think you have Needles growing in your Bed. [Beth rife up.

Wood. I'll see what's the matter in't.

SA.M.

Sant. [Within.] Mr. Woodall, where are you, verily? Wood. Pox verily her; 'tis my Landlady: Here, hide your felf behind the Curtains, while I run to the Door to ftop her Entry.

Trick. Necessity has no Law; I must be patient.

[She gets into the Bed, and draws the Cloaths over her.

Enter Saintly.

Saint. In fadness, Gentleman, I can hold no longer: I will not keep your wicked Counsel, how you were lock'd up in the Chest; for it lyes heavy upon my Confcience, and out it must, and shall.

Wood. You may tell, but who'll believe you? where's

your Witness?

Saint. Verily, Heav'n is my Witness.

Wood. That's your Witness too, that you would have allur'd me to Lewdness, have seduc'd a hopeful young Man, as I am; you wou'd have intic'd Youth: Mark that, Beldam.

Saint. I care not; my fingle Evidence is enough to Mr. Limberham; he will believe me, that thou burn'st in unlawful Lust to his beloved. So thou shalt be an Out-

cast from my Family.

Wood. Then will I go to the Elders of thy Church, and lay thee open before them, that thou did'ft Feloniously unlock that Chest, with wicked Intentions of purloining: So thou shalt be Excommunicated from the Congregation, thou fexebel, and deliver'd over to Satan.

Saint. Verily, our Teacher will not Excommunicate me, for taking the Spoils of the Ungodly, to Cloath him; for it is a judg'd Case amongst us, that a marry'd Woman may steal from her Husband, to relieve a Brother. But yet thou may st attone this difference betwixt us; verily, thou mayest.

Wood. Now thou art tempting me again. Well, if I had not the Gift of Continency, what might become of

me?

Saint. The means have been offered thee, and thou hast kicked with the Heel: I will go immediately to the Tabernacle of Mr. Limberham, and discover thee, O thou Serpent, in thy crooked Paths.

[Going. Wood.

Wood. Hold, good Landlady, not so fast; let me have time to consider on't; I may mollisse, for Flesh is frail. An hour or two hence we will confer together upon the Premises.

Saint. Oh, on the fudden, I feel my felf exceeding

Sick! Oh! oh!

Wood. Get you quickly to your Closet, and fall to your Mirabilis; this is no place for fick People. Be gone, be gone.

Saint. Verily, I can go no farther.

Wood, But you shall, verily: I will thrust you down,

out of pure Pity.

Saint. Oh, my Eyes grow dim! my Heart quops, and my Back aketh! here I will lay me down, and rest me.

[Throws her filf suddenly down upon the Bed; Trickly shrieks, and rises: Mrs. Braintick rises from under the Bed in a Fright.

Wood. So! here's a fine Business! my whole Seraglio up in Arms!

Saint. So, so; if Providence had not fent me hither,

what Folly had been this Day committed!

Trick. Oh the old Woman in the Oven! we both over-heard your pious Documents: Did we not, Mrs. Brainfick?

Mrs. Brain. Yes, we did over-hear her, and we will

both testifie against her.

Wood. I have nothing to say for her. Nay, I told her her own; you can both bear me Witness. If a sober Man cannot be quiet in his own Chamber for her——

Trick. For, you know, Sir, when Mrs. Brainfick and I over-heard her coming, having been before acquainted with her wicked Purpose, we both agreed to Trap her in it.

Mrs. Brain. And now she would scape her self, accufing us! but let us both conclude to cast an Infamy upon her House, and leave it.

Saint. Sweet Mr. Woodall, intercede for me, or I shall

**B**e ruin'd.

Wood. Well, for once, I'll be Good-natur'd, and try my Interest. Pray, Ladies, for my sake, let this Business go no farther. Trick. Trick. & Mrs. Brain. You may command us.

Wood. For, look you, the Offence was properly to my Person; and Charity has taught me to forgive my Enemies. I hope, Mistress Saintly, this will be a warning to you, to amend your Life: I speak like a Christian, as one that tenders the Welfare of your Soul.

Saint. Verily, I will confider.

Wood. Why, that's well faid [Aids.] Gad, and so must I too; for my People is distatisfy'd, and my Government in danger: But this is no place for Meditation. Ladies, I wait on you.

## ACT IV. SCENE I.

## Enter Aldo and Geoffery.

Also. Dispatch, Geosfery, dispatch: The Out-lying Punks will be upon us, e'er I am in a Readiness to give Audience. Is the Office well provided?

Geoff. The Stores are very low, Sir: Some Deily Petticoats, and Manto's we have; and half a dozen Pair of

lac'd Shooes, bought from Court at second Hand.

Aldo. Before George, there's not enough to rig out a Mournival of Whores: They'll think me grown a meer Curmudgeon. Mercy on me, how will this glorious Trade be carry'd on, with such a miserable Stock!

Geof. I hear a Coach already stopping at the Door.

Aldo. Well, somewhat in Ornament for the Body, somewhat in Counsel for the Mind; one thing must help out another, in this bad World: Whoring must go on.

Enter Mrs. Overdon, and her Daughter Pru.

Mrs. Over. Ask Bleffing, Pru: He's the best Father

you ever had.

Aldo. Bless thee, and make thee a substantial, thriving Whore. Have your Mother in your Eye, Pru; 'tis good to follow good Example: How old are you, Pru? bold up your Head, Child.

Pru.

Pru. Going o'my Sixteen, Father Aldo.

Aldo. And you have been initiated but these two-Years: Loss of Time, loss of precious Time. Mrs. 0verdon, how much have you made of Pru, fince she has been Man's Meat?

Mrs. Over. A very small Matter, by my Troth; confidering the Charges I have been at in her Education: Poor Pru was born under an unlucky Planet; I despair of a Coach for her. Her first Maiden-head brought me in but little: The weather-beaten o'd Knight that bought her of me, beat down the Price to low; I held her at an hundred Guineas, and he bid ten; and higher than thirty he would not rife.

Aldo. A Pox of his unlucky Handfel: He can but fum-

ble, and will not pay neither. \_

Pru. Hang him; I cou'd never endure him, Father: He's the fithiest old Goat; and then he comes every Day to our House, and eats out his thirty Guineas; and at three Months end, he threw me off.

Mrs. Over. And fince then, the poor Child has dwindled, and dwindled away: Her next Maiden-head brought me but ten; and from ten she fell to five; and at last to a fingle Guinea: She has no luck to keeping; they all leave her, the more my Sorrow.

Aldo. We must get her a Husband then in the City; they bite rarely at a stale Whore o'this end o'th' Town,

new furbish'd up in a tawdry Manteau.

Mrs. Over. No: Pray let her try her Fortune'a little longer in the World first: By my Troth, I should be loth to be at all this cost, in her French, and her Singing,

to have her thrown away upon a Husband.

Aldo. Before George, there can come no good of your Swearing, Mrs. Overdon: Say your Prayers, Pru, and go duly to Church o'Sundays, you'll thrive the better all the Week. Come, have a good Heart, Child; I'll keep thee my felf: Thou shalt do my little Business; and I'll find thee an able young Fellow to do thine.

Enter Mrs. Pad.

Daughter Pad; you are welcome: What, you have perform'd the last Christian Office to your Keeper; I

law you follow him up the heavy Hill to Tyburn. Have

you had never a Business since his Death?

Mrs. Pad. No indeed, Father; never fince Executionday: the Night before, we lay together most lovingly in Newgate: and the next Morning he lift up his Eyes, and prepar'd his Soul with a Prayer, while one might tell twenty; and then mounted the Cart as merrily, as if he had been a going for a Purse.

Aldo. You are a forrowful Widow, Daughter Pad; but I'll take care of you: Geoffery, fee her rigg'd out immediately for a new Voyage: Look in Figure 9. in the upper Drawer, and give her out the Flower'd Justacorps, with

the Petticoat belonging to't.

Mrs. Pad. Cou'd you not help to prefer me, Father?

Aldo. Let me see! let me see! Before George. I have it, and it comes as pat too! Go me to the very Judge who sate upon him; 'tis an amorous, impotent old Magistrate, and keeps admirably: I saw him leer upon you from the Bench: he'll tell you what's sweeter than Strawberries and Cream, before you part.

Enter Mrs. Termagant.

Mrs. Term. O Father, I think I shall go mad.

Aldo. You are of the violentest Temper, Daughter

Termagant! when had you a business last?

Mrs. Term. The last I had was with young Caster, that Son of a Whose Gamester: he brought me to Taverns, to draw in young Castles, while he bubled 'em at Play: and when he had pick'd up a considerable Sum, and shou'd divide, the Cheating Dog wou'd sink my Share, and swear, Dam him, he won nothing.

Aldo. Unconscionable Villain, to cozen you in your

own Calling!

Mrs. Term. When he loses upon the Square, he comes home Zoundzing and Blooding; first beats me unmercifully, and then squares me to the last Penny: he has us'd me so, that Gad forgive me, I cou'd almost forswear my Trade: the Rogue starves me too: he made me keep Lent last Year till Whitsonide, and out-fac'd me with Oaths, it was but Easter. And what mads me mest, I

CALLA

carry a Baftard of the Rogue's in my Belly: and new he turns me off, and will not own it.

Mrs. Term. I feel the young Rascal kicking already, like his Father — Oh, there's an Elbow thrusting out: I think in my Conscience he's Palming and Topping in my Belly; and practifing for a livelihood before he comes into the World.

Aldo. Geoffery, fet her down in the Register, that I may provide her a Mid-wife, and a Dry and Wet Nurse: when you are up again, as Heav'n send you a good hour, we'll pay him off at Law i'faith. You have him under black and white, I hope.

Mrs. Term. Yes, I have a Note under his Hand for

200 l.

Aldo. A Note under's Hand! that's a Chip in Porridge; 'tis just nothing. Look, Geoffrey, to the Figure 12. for old Half-shirts for Child-bed Linnen.

Enter Mrs. Hackney.

Mrs. Hack. O, Madam Termagant, are you here! Ju-

Rice, Father Aldo, Justice.

Aldo. Why, what's the matter, Daughter Hackney!

Hack. She has violated the Law of Nations; for yelfeday the inveigled my own natural Cally from me, a mar-

Ty'd Lord, and made him false to my Bed, Father.

Term. Game, you are an illiterate Whore: He's my
Lord now, and though you call him Fool, its well
known he's a Critick, Gentlewoman. You never read a
Play in all your Life; and I gain'd him by my Wit, and

**so** Í'll kep him.

Hack. My comfort is, I have had the best of him; he can take up no more, till his Father dies: and so, much good may do you with my Cully, and my Clap into the Bargain.

Aldo. Then there's a Father for your Child, my Lord's Son and Heir by Mr. Caster: but henceforward, to preserve Peace betwixt you, I ordain, that you shall ply as more in my Daughter Hackney's Quarters: you shall have the City, from White-Chappel to Temple-Bar, and the shall have

have to Covent-Garden downwards: At the Play-houses, she shall ply the Boxes, because she has the better Face; and you shall have the Pis, because you can prattle best out of a Vizor-Mask.

Mrs. Pad. 'Then all Friends, and Confederates: Now let's have Father Aldo's delight, and so Adjourn the House.

Aldo. Well faid, Daughter: lift up your Voices, and fing like Nightingales, you Tory Rory Jades. Courage, I say; as long as the merry Peace hold out, you shall none of you die in Shoreditch.

Enter Woodall.

A hey, Boys, a hey! here he comes that will fwinge you all! down, you little Jades, and worship him; 'tis

the Genius of Whoring.

Wood. And down went Chairs and Table, and out went every Candle. Ho, brave old Patriarch in the middle of the Church Militant! Whores of all forts; Forkers and Ruin-tail'd: now come I gingling in with my Bells, and fly at the whole Covey.

Aldo. A hey, a hey, Boys, the Town's thy own; burn,

ravish, and destroy.

Wood. We'll have a Night on't; like Alexander, when he burnt Persepolis: tue, tue, tue; point de quartier.

[He runs in amongst 'em, and they scuttle about the Rooms. Enter Saintly, Pleasance, Judich, with Broom-sticks.

Saint. What, in the midft of Sodom! O thou lewd young Man! My Indignation boils over against these Harlets; and thus I sweep 'em from out my Family.

Plea. Down with the Suburbians, down with 'em. Aldo. O spare my Daughters, Mrs. Saintly: sweet Mrs.

Pleasance, spare my Flesh and Blood.

Wood. Keep the Door open, and help to secure the Reareat, Father: there's no pitty to be expected.

[The Whores run out, follow'd by Saintly, Pleasance,

and Judith.

Aldo. Welladay, welladay! one of my Daughters is big with Bastard, and she laid at her Gascoins most unmercifully! every Stripe she had, I felt it: the first fruit of Whoredom is irrecoverably lost!

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Wood. Make hafte, and comfort her.

Aldo. I will, I will: and yet I have a vexatious Business which calls me first another way: the Rogue, my Son, is certianly come over; he has been seen in Town four days ago!

Wood. 'Tis impossible: Til not believe it.

Aldo. A Friend of mine met his old Man Giles, this very Morning, in quest of me; and Giles assur'd him, his Master is lodg'd in this very Street.

Wood. In this very Street! how knows he that?

Alde. He dogg'd him to the corner of it: and then my Son turn'd back, and threaten'd him. But I'll find out Giles, and then I'll make fuch an Example of my Repro-Exit Aldo. bate!

Wood. If Giles be discover'd, I am undone! Why, Gu-

wase, where are you, Sirrah! Hey, hey! Enter Gervase.

Run quickly to that betraying Rascal Giles, a Rogue, who wou'd take Judas his Bargain out of his Hands, and under-fell him: Command him strictly to mew himself up in his Lodgings, till farther Orders: and in Case he be refractory, let him know, I have not forgot to kick and cudgel. That Memente wou'd do well for you too, Sirrah.

Ger. Thank your Worship, you have always been libe

ral of your Hands to me.

Wood. And you have richly deferv'd it.

Ger. I will not fay who has better deserv'd it, of my old Master.

Wood. Away, old Epitletus, about your Business, and

leave your musty Morals, or I shall-

Ger. Nay, I won't forfeit my own Wildom fo far, as to fuffer for it. Rest you merry: I'll do my best, and Exit. Heav'n mend all.

Enter Saintly. Saint. Verily, I have waited till you were alone, and am come to rebuke you, out of the Zeal of my Spirit.

Wood, 'Tis the Spirit of Persecution: Diocletian, and Julian the Apost. te, were but Types of thee. Get thee kence, thou old Ceneva Testament: thou art a part of the Ceremonial Ceremonial Law, and hast been abolish'd these twenty

Saint. All this is nothing, Sir; I am privy to your Plots: I'll dicover 'em to Mr. Limberham, and make the House too hot for you.

Wood. What, you can talk in the Language of the

World, I fee!

Saint. I can, I can, Sir; and in the Language of the Flesh and Devil too, if you provoke me to Despair; you must, and shall be mine, this Night.

Wood. The very Ghost of Queen Dide in the Ballad.

Saint Delay no longer, or-

Wood. Or! you will not fwear, I hope?

Saint. Uds Niggers, but I will; and that so loud, that

Mr. Limberham shall hear me.

Wood. Uds Niggers, I confess, is a very dreadful Oath: you could lye naturally before, as you are a Fanatick: if you can swear such Rappers too, there's hope of you; you may be a Woman of the World in time. Well, you stall be satisfied, to the utmost Farthing: to Night, and in your own Chamber.

Saint, Or, expect to Morrow-

Wand. All shall be attored e're then. Go, provide the Bottle of Clary, the Westphania Ham, and other Fortisications of Nature; we shall see what may be done: what an old Woman frust not be cast away. [Chucks ber.

Saint. Then, verily, I am appeas'd.

Wood. Nay, no relapfing into Verily; that's in our Bargain. Look how the weeps for joy! 'Tis a good old Soul, I warrant her.

Saint. You wi' not fail?

Wood. Dost thou think I have no compassion for thy grey Hairs? Away, away; our Love may be discover'd: we must avoid Scandal; 'tis thy own Maxim.

Exit Saintly.

They are all now at Ombre; and Brainfick's Maid has promis'd to fend her Mistreis up.

Enter Pleasance.

That Fury here again!

Pleas. [Aside] I'll conquer my proud Spirit, I'm rei folv'd on't, and speak kindly to him. - What, alone, Sir! If my Company be not troublesome; or a tender young Creature, as I am, may fafely trust her self with a Man of fuch Prowess, in Love affairs-It wonnot be

Wood. So! there's one Broad-fide already: I must theat off. Afide:

Pleas. What, you have been pricking up and down here upon a cold scent; but, at last, you have hit it off, it feems! Now for a fair view at the Wife or Mistress! up the Wind, and away with it: Heigh Jouler !-I think I am bewitch'd, I cannot hold.

Wood. Your Servant, your Servant, Madam: ¡I am in a little haste at present. Geing.

Pleas. Pray resolve me first, for which of 'em you lie in Ambush: for, methinks, you have the Meen of a Spider in her Den: Come, I know the Web is spread, and, who ever comes, Sir Cranion stands ready to dart out. hale her in, and shed his Venom.

Wood. [Aside.] But such a terrible Wasp, as she, will

fpoil the Snare, if I durft tell her fo.

Pleaf. 'Tis unconfcionably done of me, to debar you the Freedom and Civilities of the House. Alas, poor Gentleman! to take a Lodging at so dear a rate, and not to have the benefit of his Bargain! - Mischief on me, what needed I have faid that?

Wood. The Dialogue will go no farther: Farewel, gen-

the, quiet Lady.

Pleaf. Pray stay a little; I'll not leave you thus.

Wood. I know it; and therefore mean to leave you firft.

Pleas. O, I find it now; you are going to fet up your Bills, like a Love-Mountebank, for the speedy Cure of diffressed Widows, old Ladies, and languishing Maids in the Green-sickness: a Sovereign Remedy.

Wood. That last, for Maids, wou'd be thrown away: few of your Age are qualify'd for the Medicine. What the

Devil wou'd you be at, Madam?

Pleaf. I am in the humour of giving you good Counsel. The Wife can afford you but the leavings of a Fop; and to a witty Man, as you think your felf, that's nauseous: The Mistress has fed upon a Fool so long, she's Carrion too, and Common into the Bargain. Wou'd you beat a Ground for Game in the Asternacon, when may Lord Mayor's Pack had been before you in the Morning?

Wood. I had rather fit five hours at one of his greafy

Feasts, than hear you talk.

Pleaf. Your two Mistresses keep both Shop and Ware-house; and what they cannot put off in Gross, to the Keeper and the Husband, they sell by Retail to the next Chance-customer. Come, are you edify'd?

Wood. I'm confidering how to thank you for your Homily: and to make a lober Application of it, you may have fome laudable Defign your felf in this Advice.

Pleaf. Meaning, some secret Inclination to that amiable Person of yours?

Wood. I confess, I am vain enough to hope it: for why shou'd you remove the two Dishes, but to make me fall more hungrily on the third?

Pleas. Perhaps, indeed, in the way of Honour-

Wood. Paw, paw! that Word Honour has almost turn'd my Stomach: it carries a villanous interpretation of Matrimony along with it. But, in a civil way, I cou'd be content to deal with you, as the Church does with the Heads of your Fanaticks, offer you a lusty Benefice to stop your Mouth; if fifty Guineas, and a Courtesie more worth, will win you.

Pleas. Out upon thee! fifty Guineas! Dost thou think I'll sell my self? and at a Play-house price too? When ever I go, I go all together: no cutting from the whole Piece; he who has me, shall have the fag end with the rest, I warrant him. Be satisfied, thy Sheers shall never enter into my Cloth. But, look to thy self, thou impudent Relswagger: I'll be reveaged; I will.

Wood. The Maid will give warning, that's my Comfort; for she is brib'd on my side. I have another kind of Love to this Girl, than to either of the other two; but a Fanatick's Daughter, and the Noose of Matrimony, are such intolerable Terms! O, here she comes, who will still me better cheen?

fell me better cheap? Vol. IV. Enter Mrs. Brainfick.

Mrs. Brain. How now, Sir? what Impudence is this of yours, to approach my Ladgings?

Wood. You lately honour'd mine: and 'tis the part of a

well-bred Man, to return your Vifit.

Mrs. Brain. If I cou'd have imagin'd how base 2 Fellow you had been, you shou'd not then have been troubled with my Company.

Wood. How cou'd I guess, that you intended me the

Favour, without first acquainting me?

Mrs. Brain. Cou'd I do it, ungrateful as you are, with more Obligation to you, or more Hazard to my felf, than by putting my Note into your Glove?

Wood. Was it yours then? I believ'd it came from Mrs.

Trickfy.

Mrs. Brain. You wish'd it so; which made you so easily believe it. I heard the pleasant Dialogue betwirt

you.

Wood. I am glad you did: for you cou'd not but obferve, with how much care I avoided all Occasions of railing at you; to which she urg'd me, like a malicious Woman, as she was.

Mrs. Brain. By the same token, you vow'd and swore

never to look on Mrs. Brainfick!

Wood. But I had my Mental Referentions in a Redincts. I had vow'd Fidelity to you before; and there went my fecond Oath, i'faith: it vanish'd in a twinkling, and never gnaw'd my Conscience in the least.

Mrs. Brain. Well, I shall never heartily forgive you.

Jud. [Within] Mr. Brainfick, Mr. Brainfick, what do you mean, to make my Lady lose her Gamethus? Pray come

back, and take up her Cards again.

Mrs. Brain. My Husband, as I live! Well, for all my Quarrel to you, I step immediately into that little dest Closet: 'tis for my private Occasions; there's no Lock, but he wi'not stay.

Wood. Thus am Lever tantaliz'd?

Enter Brainfick.

[Goes in.

Brain. What, am I become your Drudge? your Slave? the property of all your Pleasures? Shall I, the Lord and

Master of your Life, become subservient; and the noble Name of Husband be dishonour'd? No, though all the Cards were Kings and Queens, and Indias to be gain'd by every Deal

Mrs. Brain. My dear, I am coming to do my Duty. I did but go up a little, (I whifper'd you for what) and am

returning immediately.

Brain. Your Sex is but one Universal Ordure, a Nufance, and Incumbrance of that Majestick Creature, Man; yet I my self am mortal too, Nature's Necessities have call'd me up; produce your Utensil of Urine.

-Mrs. Brain. Tis not in the way, Child: you may go

down into the Garden.

Brain. The Voyage is too far: though the way were pav'd with Pearls and Diamonds, every step of mine is precious, as the March of Monarchs.

Mrs. Brain. Then my steps, which are not so precious,

shall be imploy'd for you: I'll call up Judith.

Brain. I will not dance Attendance. At the present,

your Closet shall be honour'd.

Mrs. Brain. O Lord, Dear, 'tis not worthy to receive such a Man as you are.

Brain. Nature presses; I am in haste.

Mrs. Brain. He must be discover'd, and I unavoidably undone! [Aside.

[Brainfick goes to Door, and Woodall meets him: She fhrields out.

Brain. Mounfieur Woodall!

Wood. Sir, be gone, and make no noise, or you'll spoil all.

Brain. Spoil all, quoth a! what does he mean, in the

mame of Wonder?

Wood. [Taking him Afide] Hark you, Mr. Brainfick, is the Devil in you, that you and your Wife come hither, to diffurb my Intrigue, which you your felt ingaged me in, with Mrs. Trickfy, to revenge you on Limberham? Why, I had made an Appointment with her here; but, hearing some-body come up I retir'd into the Closet, till I was fatisfied 'twas not the Keeper.

Brain. But why this Intrigue in my Wife's Chamber?
P 2 Wood.

Wood. Why, you turn my Brains, with talking to me of your Wife's Chamber! do you lye in common? the Wife and Husband, the Keeper and the Mistress?

Mrs. Brain. I am afraid they are quarrelling; pray

Heav'n' I get off.

Brain. Once again, I am the Sultan of this Place: Mr.

Limberham is the Mogol of the next Mansion.

Wood. Though I am a Stranger in the House, 'tis impossible I should be so much mistaken: I say, this is Limberham's Lodging.

Brain. You wou'd not venture a Wager of ten Pounds

that you are not mistaken?

Wood. 'Tis done: I'll lay you. Brain. Who shall be Judge?

Wood. Who better than your Wife? She cannot be partial, because the knows not on which side you have laid.

Brain. Content. Come hither, Lady mine: whose Lodgings are these? who is Lord, and Grand Seignior.

of 'em?

Mrs. Brain. [Aside.] Oh, goes it there?—Why shou'd you ask me such a Question, when every Body in the House can tell they are nown Dears?

Brain. Now are you fatisfy'd? Children and Fools,

you know the Proverb

Wood: Pox on me; nothing but fuch a positive Coxcomb as I am, wou'd have kild his Mony upon such odds; as if you did not know your own Lodgings better than I, at half a Days-warning! And that which vexes me more than the Loss of my Mony, is the Loss of my Adventure!

Brain. It shall be spent: We'll have a Treat with it.

This is a Fool of the first Magnitude.

Mrs. Brain. Let n'own Dear alone, to find a Fool out.

Enter Limberham.

Limb. Bully Brainfuk, Pug has fent me to you en an Embassie, to bring you down to Cards again; she's in her Mulligrubs already; she'll never forgive you the last Vol you won. 'Tis but losing a little to her, out of

Complaifance, as they fay, to a fair Lady: And what e'er she wins, I'll make up to you again in private.

Brain. I would not be that Slave you are, to enjoy the Treasures of the East: The Possession of Peru, and of.

Potozi, shou'd not buy me to the Bargain.

Limb. Will you leave your Perboles, and come then?

Brain. No; for I have won a Wager, to be fpent luxuriously at Longs; with Pleasance of the Party, and Termagant Tricks; and I will pass, in Person, to the Preparation: Come, Matrimony.

[Exeunt Brainfick, Mrs. Brain.

Enter Saintly and Pleasance.

Pleaf. To him; I'll second you: now for mischief!

Saim. Arise, Mr. Limberham, arise; for Conspiracies are hatch'd against you, and a new Faux is preparing to blow up your Happiness.

Limb. What's the matter, Landlady? Prithee speak

good honest English, and leave thy Canting.

Saint. Verily, thy Beloved is led aftray, by the young Man Woodall, that Verilel of Uncleanners: I beheld them communing together, the feigned her self sick, and retired to her Tent in the Garden-house; and I watched her out-going, and behold he follow'd her.

Pleas. Do you stand unmov'd, and hear all this?

Bimb. Before George, I am Thunder-struck!
Saint. Take to thee thy Resolution, and avenge thy

felf.

Limb. But give me leave to confider first: A Man must

do nothing rashly.

Pleaf. I could tear out the Villain's Eyes; for dishonouring you, while you stand considering, as you call it. Are you a Man, and suffer this?

Limb. Yes, I am a Man; but a Man's but a Man, you know: I am recollecting my felf, how these things can

Saint, How they can be! I have heard em; I have feen em.

Limb. Heard 'em, and seen 'em! It may be so; but yet I cannot enter into this same Business: I am amaz'd,

P 3

I must confess; but the best is, I do not believe one word on't.

Saint. Make haste, and thine own Eyes shall testifie a-

gainst her.

Limb. Nay, if my own Eyes testifie, it may be sometits impossible however; for I am making a Settlement upon her, this very Day.

Pleaf. Look, and fatisfie your felf, e'er you make that

Settlement on so false a Creature.

Limb. But yet, if I shou'd look; and not find her false, then I must cast in another hundred, to make her Satisfaction.

Pleas. Was there ever such a meek, hen-hearted Crea-

ture!

Saint. Verily, thou hast not the Spirit of a Cock-Chicken.

believe it.

Pleaf. Love, Jealousie, and Disdain, how they torture me at once! and this insensible Creature—were I but in his Place—[To him.] Think, that this very instant she's yours no more: Now, now she's giving up her self, with so much Violence of Love, that if Thunder roar'd, she could not hear it.

Limb. I have been whetting all this while: They shall be so taken in the manner, that Mars and Venus shall be

nothing to 'em.

.Pleaf. Make haste; go on then.

Limb. Yes, I will go on; — and yet my Mind mifgives me plaguily.

Saint. Again backsliding!

Pleaf Have you no Sense of Honour in you?

Limb. Well, Honour is Honour, and I must go: But I shall never get me such another Pug again! O, my Heart! my poor tender Heart! 'tis just breaking with Pug's Unkindness! [They drag him ess.]

# SCENE II. Woodall and Trickly discover'd in the Garden-bouse.

#### Enter Gervase to them.

Gerv. Make haste, and save your self, Sir: the Enemy's at Hand: I have discovered him from the Corner, where you set me Sentry.

Wood. Who is't?

Gerv. Who shou'd it be, but Limberham? arm'd with . a two-Hand Fox. O Lord, O Lord!

Trick. Enter quickly into the Still-house both of you, and leave me to him: There's a Spring-lock within, to open it when we are gone.

Wed. Well, I have won the Party and Revenge how-

ever: A Minute longer, and I had won the Tout.

[They go in: She locks the Door.

Enter Limberham, with a great Sword.

Limb. Disloyal Puz.

Trick. What Humour's this? you're drunk it feems:

Go fleep.

Limb. Thou hast robb'd me of my Repose for ever: I am like Maskbeth, after the Death of good King Duncan; methinks a Voice says to me, Sleep no more; Tricksy has murder'd Sleep.

Trick. Now I find it: You are willing to fave your Settlement, and are fent by some of your wise Coun-

fellors, to pick a Quarrel with me.

Limb. I have been your Cully above these seven Years; but, at last my Eyes are open'd to your Witchcrast: And indulgent Heav'n has taken Care of my Preservation—In short, Madam, I have sound you out; and to cut off Preambles, produce your Adulterer.

Trick. If I have any, you know him best: You are the only Ruin of my Reputation. But if I have dishonour'd my Family, for the Love of you, methinks you should

be the last Man to upbraid me with it.

Trick. Still I am in the Dark.

Limb. Yes, you have been in the Dark; I know ft: But I shall bring you to light immediately.

Trick. You are not jealous.

Limb. No; I am too certain to be jealous: But you have a Man here, that shall be nameless; let me see him.

Trick. O, if that be your Business, you had best search: And when you have weary'd your self, and spent your idle Humour, you may find me above, in my Chamber, and come to ask my Pardon.

[Going.

Limb. You may go, Madam; but I shall befeech your Ladyship to leave the Key of the Still-house Door behind you: I have a Mind to some of the Sweet-meats you have lock'd up there; you understand me. Now, for the old Dog-trick! you have lost the Key, I know already, but I am prepar'd for that; you shall know you have no Fool to deal with.

Trick. No; here's the Key: Take !it, and fatisfie your

foolish Curiofity.

Limb. [Afide.] This Confidence amazes me! If those two Giplies have abus'd me, and I shou'd not find him there now, this would make an immortal Quartel.

Trick. [Afide.] I have put him to a stand.

Limb. Hang't, 'tis no matter; I will be fatisfy'd: If it comes to a Rupture, I know the way to buy my Peace. Pug, produce the Key.

Trick. [Takes him about the Neck.] My Dear, I have it for you: Come, and kiss me. Why wou'd you be so unkind to suspect my Faith now? when I have for iaken all the World for you——[Kiss again.] But I am not in the mood of quarrelling to Night; I take this Jealousie the best way, as the Effect of your Passion. Come up, and we'll go to Bed together, and be Friends. [Kiss again.

Limb. [Aside.] Pug's in a pure Humour to Night, and 'twould vex a Man to lose it; but yet I must be satisfy'd: And therefore, upon mature Consideration, give

me the Key.

Trick. You are refolv'd then?

Limb. Yes, I am refolv'd; for I have fworn to my felf by Styx: And that's an irrevocable Oath.

Trick,

Trick. Now, see your Folly: There's the Key.

Gives it him.

Limb. Why, that's a loving Pug; I will prove thee Innocent immediately: And that will put an End to all Controversies betwixt us.

Trick. Yes, it shall put an End to all our Quarrels: Farewel for the last time, Sir. Look well upon my Face, that you may remember it; for, from this time forward, I have fworn it irrevocably too, that you shall never fee it more.

Limb. Nay, but hold a little, Pug. What's the mean-

ing of this new Commotion?

Trick. No more; but satisfie your foolish Fancy, for you are Master: And besides, I am willing to be justify'd.

Limb. Then you shall be justify'd.

[Puts the Key in the Door, -

Trick. I know I shall: Farewel. · Limb. But, are you fure you shall?

Trick. No, no, he's there: You'll find him up in the Chimney, or behind the Door; or, it may be, crouded into some little Galley-Pot.

Limb. But you will not leave me, if I shou'd look? Trick. You are not worth my Answer: I am gone.

Going out.

Limb. Hold, hold, divine Pug, and let me recollect a little—This is no time for Meditation neither: While I deliberate, she may be gone. She must be Innocent, or the could never be to confident and careles-Sweet Pug, forgive me. [Kneels.

Trick. I am provok'd too far.

Limb. 'Tis the Property of a Goddess to forgive. Accept of this Oblation; with this humble Kiss, I here prefent it to thy fair Hand: I conclude thee Innocent without looking, and depend wholly upon thy Mercy.

[Offers the Key."

Trick: No, keep it, keep it: The Lodgings are your own.

Limb: If I shou'd keep it, I were unworthy of Forgiveness: I will no longer hold this fatal Instrument of our Separation,

P \$. Trick. Trick. [Taking.it.] Rife, Sir: I will endeavour to overcome my Nature, and forgive you; for I am so scrupalously nice in Love, that it grates my very Soul to be suspected: Yet, take my Counsel, and satisfic your self.

Limb. I would not be latisfy'd, to be Poffessor of Passor, as my Brother Brainsick says. Come, to Bed, dear Pag. Now would not I change my Condition, to be an Eastern Monarch.

Enter Woodall and Gervase.

Gerv. O Lord, Sir, are we alive!

Wood. Alive! why, we were never in any danger: Well, she's a rare Manager of a Fool!

Gerv. Are you dispos'd yet to receive good Counsel?

has Affliction wrought upon you?

Wood. Yes, I must ask thy Advice in a most important Business: I have promised a Charity to Mrs. Saintly, and she expects it with a beating Heart a-bed: Now, I have at present no running Cash to throw away, my ready Mony is all paid to Mrs. Tricks, and the Bill is drawn upon me for to Night.

Gerv. Take Advice of your Pillow.

Wood. No, Sirrah, fince you have not the Grace to offer yours, I will for once make use of my Authority, and command you to perform the foresaid Drudgery in my Place.

Gerv. Zookers, I cannot answer it to my Conscience.

Wood. Nay, and your Conscience can suffer you to
swear, it shall suffer you to lie too: I mean in this
Sense. Come, no denial, you must do it; she's rich.

and there's a Provision for your Life.

Gerv. I befrech you, Sir, have pity on my Soul.

Wood. Have you pity of your Body: There's all the

Wages you must expect.

Gerv. Well, Sir, you have perswaded me: I will arm my Conscience with a Resolution of making her an honourable amends by Marriage; for to morrow Morning a Parson shall authorize my Labours, and turn Fornication into Duty. And moreover, I will enjoin my self, by

by way of Penance, not to touch her for seven Nights,

after.

Wood. Thou wert predefinated for a Husband I fee by that natural Inftinct: As we walk, I will inftruct thee how to behave thy felf, with Secrefic and Silence.

Gerb. I have a Key of the Garden, to let us out the Backway into the Street, and so privately to our Lodg-

ing.

Wood. 'Tis well: I'll plot the rest of my Affairs a-bed; for 'tis resolv'd that Limberham shall not wear Horns alone: And I am impatient till I add to my Trophy the Spoils of Brainsick.

[Execut.

## SMANL MACHIGATED AND PRICE OF

## ACT V. SCENE I.

## Enter Woodall and Judith.

Jud. W ELL, you are a lucky Man! Mrs. Brainfick is Fool enough to believe you wholly Innocent; and that the Adventure of the Garden-house last Night, was only a Vision of Mrs. Saintly's.

Wood. I knew, if I cou'd once speak with her, all wou'd be set right immediately; for, had I been there, look you————

Jud. As you were, most certainly.

Wood. Limberham must have found me out; that Fefa-fum of a Keeper wou'd have smelt the Blood of a Cuckold-maker: They say, he was peeping and butting

about in every cranny.

Jud. But one. You must excuse my Unbelief, though Mrs. Brainsiek is better satisfy'd. She and her Husband, you know, went out this Morning to the New Exchange: There she has given him the slip; and pretending to call at her Taylor's, to try her Stays for a new Gown

Wood. I understand thee. She fetch'd me a short Turn, like a Hare before her Muse, and will immediately run

hither to Covert?

Jud. Yes, but because your, Chamber will be least suspicious, she appoints to meet you there; that, if her Husband should come back, he may think her still abroad,

and you may have time-

Wood. To take in the Horn-work. It happens as I wish; for Mrs. Tricksey, and her Keeper, are gone out with Father Aldo, to compleat her Settlement: my Landlady is safe at her Morning Exercise, with my Man Gervase, and her Daughter not stirring: the House is our own, and Iniquity may walk bare-fac'd.

Jud. And, to make all fure, I am order'd to be from Home. When I come back again, I shall knock at your Door, with Speak Brother, speak; is the Deed done?

[Singing. Wood. Long ago, long ago; and then we come panting out together. Oh, I am ravish'd with the Imagination on't!

, Jud. Well, I must retire; Good-morrow to you, Sir.

Wood. Now do I humbly conceive, that this Mistress in Matrimony, will give me more Pleasure than the former: for your coupled Spaniels, when they are once let loose, are afterwards the highest Rangers.

Enter Mrs. Brainsick runing.

Mrs. Brain. Oh dear Mr. Woodall, what shall I do? Wood. Recover Breath, and I'll instruct you in the next Chamber.

Mrs. Brain. But my Husband follows me at Heels.

Wood. Has he feen you?

Mrs. Brain. I hope not: I thought I had left him sure enough, at the Exchange; but, looking behind me, as I entered into the House, I saw him walking a round rate this way.

Wood. Since he has not feen you, there's no danger: you need but flep into my Chamber, and there we'll lock our felves up, and transform him in a twinkling.

Mrs. Brain. I had rather have got into my own; but

Judith is gone out with the Key, I doubt.

Wood. Yes; by your Appointment. But so much the better; for when the Cuckold finds no Company, he will certainly go a fantring again.

Mrs. Brain. Make hafte then.

Wood. Immediately.—[Goes to open the Door haftily] and breaks his Key.] What's the matter here? the Key turns round, and will not open! As I live, we are undone! with too much hafte 'tis broken!

Mrs. Brain. Then I am lost; for I cannot enter into

my own.

Wood. This next Room is Limberham's. See! the Door's

open; and he and his Mistress are both abroad.

Mrs. Brain. There's no Remedy, I must venture in for his knowing I am come back to soon, must be cause

of Jealousie enough, if the Fool shou'd find me.

Wood. [Looking in] See there! Mrs. Trickly has left her Indian Gown upon the Bed; clap it on, and turn your Back: he will easily mistake you for her, if he shou'd look in upon you.

Mrs. Brain. I'll put on my Vizor-Mask however, for more fecurity. [Noife] Hark! I hear him. [Goes in.

Enter Brainfick.

Brain. What, in a musty musing, Monsieur Woodall!

Let me enter into the Affair.

Wood. You may guess it, by the Post I have taken up. Brain. O, at the Door of the Damsel Tricks ! your Bust siness is known by your abode: as the posture of a Porter before a Gate, denotes to what Family he belongs. [Looks in.] 'Tis an Affignation I see: for yonder she stands, with her Back toward me, dreft up for the Duel, with all the Ornaments of the East. Now for the Judges of the Field, to divide the Sun and Wind betwirt the Combatants, and a tearing Trumpeter to sound the Charge.

Wood. 'Tis a private Quarrel, to be decided without Seconds; and therefore you wou'd do me a favour to

withdraw.

Brain. Your Limberham is nearer than you imagine; I left him almost entring at the Door.

Weed. Plague of all impertinent Cuckolds! they are

ever troublesome to us honest Lovers: so intruding!

Brain. They are indeed, where their Company is not defir'd.

Wood! Sure he has some Tutelar Devil to guard his Brows! just when she had bobb'd him, and made an Er-

rand home, to come to me!

Brain. "Tis unconscionably done of him. But you shall not adjourn your Love for this; the Brainfick has an Afcendant over him: I am your Garantee; he's doom'd a Cuckold, in disdain of Destiny.

Wood. What mean you?

Brain. To stand before the Door with my brandish'd Blade, and defend the Entrance: he dies, upon the Point, if he approaches.

Wood. If I durst trust it, 'tis Heroick.

Brain. "Tis the Office of a Friend: I'll do't.

Wood. [Aide] Shou'd he know hereafter his Wife were here, he wou'd think I had enjoy'd her, though I had not: 'tis best venturing for something. He takes pains enough o'conscience for his Cuckoldom; and, by my Troth, has earn'd it fairly. But, may a Man venture upon your Promise?

Brain. Bars of Brass, and Doors of Adamant, cou'd not

more secure you.

Wood. I know it; but still gentle means are best: you may come to force at last. Perhaps you may wheedle him away: 'tis but drawing a Trope or two upon him.

Brain. He shall have it; with all the Artillery of Elo-

quence.

Wood. Ay, ay; your Figure breaks no Bones. With your good leave.-Goes in.

Brain. Thou haft it, Boy. Turn to him, Madam; to her Woodall: and S. George for merry England. Tan ta ra ra ra, ra ra! Dub, a dub, dub; Tan ta ra ra ra.

Enter Limberham.

Lim. How new, Bully Brainfick! What, upon the Time sa ra, by your self?

Brain. Clangor, Taratantarra, Murmur.

Lim. Commend me to honest Lingua Franca. Why, this is enough to stun a Christian, with your Hebrew, and your Greek, and fuch like Latin.

Brain. Out, Ignorance!

Lim. Then Ignorance by your leave; for I must enter.

Brain. Why in fuch hafte? the Fortune of Greece despends not on't.

Lim. But Pug's Fortune does: that's dearer to me thank

Greece, and sweeter than Ambergrife.

Brain. You'll not find her here. Come, you are jealous: you're haunted with a raging Fiend, that robs you

of your sweet Repose.

Lim. Nay, and you are in your Perbole's again! Look you, 'tis Pug is jealous of her Jewels: she has left the Key of her Cabinet behind; and has desir'd me to bring it back to her.

Brain. Poor Fool! he little thinks she's here before him! Well, this Pretence will never pass on me; for I dive deeper into your affairs: you are jealous. But, rather than my Soul shou'd be concern'd for a Sex so insignificant,— Ha! the Gods! If I thought my proper Wife were now within, and prostituting all her Treasures to the lawless Love of an Adulterer, I wou'd stand as intrepid, as firm, and as unmov'd, as the Statue of a Roman Gladiator.

Brain. No, you must not.

Lim. Must not? what, may not a Man come by you, to look upon his own Goods and Chattels, in his own

Chamber?

Brain. No, with this Sabre I defie the Destinies, and dam up the passage with my Person; like a rugged Rock, opposed against the roaring of the boisterous Billows. Your Jealousie shall have no course through me, though Potentates and Princes—

Lim. Prithee what have we to do with Potentates and Princes? Will you leave your Troping, and let me pass?

Brain. You have your utmost Answer.

Lim. If this Maggot bite a little deeper, we shall have you a Citizen of Beth'lem yet e're Dog-days. Well, I say little; but I'll tell Pug on't.

[Exis.]

Brain. She knows it already, by your favour.

Sound a Retreat, you lufty Lovers, or the Enemy will Charge you in the Flank, with a fresh Reserve: March off, march off upon the Spur, e're he can reach you, Enter Woodall.

Wood. How now, Baron Tell-clock, is the Passage clear? Brain. Clear as a Level, without Hills or Woods, and void of Ambuscade.

Wood. But Limberham will return immediately, when he finds not his Mistress where he thought he left her.

Brain. Friendship, which has done much, will yet do' more. [Shows a Key.] With this Paffe par tout, I will instantly conduct her to my own Chamber, that she may out-face the Keeper she has been there; and, when my Wife returns, who is my Slave, I will lay my Conjugal Commands upon her, to affirm, they have been all this time together.

Wood. I shall never make you amends for this Kindness, my dear Padron: but wou'd it not be better, if you wou'd take the pains to run after Limberham, and stop him. in his way e'er he reach the Place where he thinks he left his Mistress; then hold him in Discourse as long aspossibly you can, till you guess your Wife may be re-

turn'd, that so they may appear together?

Brain. I warrant you: laissez faire a Marc Antoine. [Exit. Wood. Now, Madam, you may venture out in fatety. Mrs. Brain. [Entring] Pray Heav'n I may. [Noise. Wood. Hark! I hear Judith's Voice: it happens well

that she's return'd: slip into your Chamber immediately, and fend back the Gown.

Mrs. Brain. I will: but are not you a wicked Man, to put me into all this Danger? [Exit.

Wood. Let what can happen, my Comfort is, at least, I have enjoy'd: But this is no place for Confideration. Be jogging, good Mr. Woodall, out of this Family, whileyou are well; and go Plant in some other Country, where your Virtues are not so famous,

Enter Trickly, with a Box of Writings.

Trick. What, wandring up and down, as if you wanted an Owner? Do you know that I am Lady of the Manor; and that all Wefts and Strays belong to me?

Wood. I have waited for you above an Hour; but Fryer Bacon's Head has been lately speaking to me, that Time is past. In a Word, your Keeper has been here, and will return immediately; we must defer our Happiness till some more favourable time.

Trick. I fear him not; he has this Morning arm'd me against himself, by this Settlement: the next time he rebels, he gives me a fair Occasion of leaving him for ever.

Wood. But is this Conscience in you? not to let him

have his Bargain, when he has paid fo dear for't?

Trick. You do not know him: he must perpetually be us'd ill, or he insults. Besides, I have gain'd an absolute Dominion over him: he must not see, when I bid him wink. If you argue after this, either you love me not or dare not.

Wood. Go in, Madam: I was never dar'd before. I'll but Scout a little, and follow you immediately.—[Trick. goes in.] I find a Mistress is only kept for other Men: and the Keeper is but her Man, in green Livery, bound to serve a Warrant for the Doe, when e'er she pleases, or is in Season.

Enter Judith, with the Night-Gown.

Jud. Still you're a lucky Man! Mr. Brainfick has beeff exceeding honourable: he ran, as if a Legion of Bayliffs had been at his Heels, and overtook Limberham in the Street. Here, take the Gown; lay it where you found it, and the Danger's over.

Wood. Speak 10ftly: Mrs. Tricks is return'd. [Looks in.]
Oh, she's gone into her Closet, to lay up her Writings:
I can throw it on the Bed, e'er she perceive it has been wanting.—
[Throws it in.]

Jud. Every Woman wou'd not have done this for you,

which I have done. -

Wood. I am fensible of it, little fudith: there's a timeto come shall pay for all. I hear her a returning: not a Word; away.

[Exit Judith.]

Re-enter. Re-enter Trickly.

Trick. What, is a second Summons needful? my Favours have not been so cheap, that they shou'd stick upon my Hands. It seems, you slight your Bill of fare, because you know it: or fear to be invited to your Loss.

Wood. I was willing to fecure my Happiness from Interruption: A true Soldier never falls upon the Plunder,

while the Enemy is in the Field.

Trick. He has been so often bassled, that he grows contemptible. Were he here, shou'd he see you enter intomy Closet; yet—

Wood. You are like to be put upon the Tryal, for I hear

his Voice.

Trick. "Fis so: go in, and mark the Event now: be but as unconcern'd, as you are safe, and trust him to my

Management.

Wood. I must venture it: because to be seen here, wou'd have the same Effect, as to be taken within. Yet I doubt you are too consident,

[He goes in.

Enter Limberham and Brainfick.

Lim. How now, Pug? return'd so soon!

Trick. When I saw you came not for me, I was lothe to be long without you.

Lim. But which way came you, that I faw you not?

Trick. The back way; by the Garden-door.

Lim. How long have you been here?

Trick. Just come before you.

Lim. O, then all's well. For, to tell you true, Pug, I had a kind of villanous Apprehension that you had been here longer: but whate'er thou say'st is an Oracle, sweet Pug, and I am satisfy'd.

Brain. [Aside] How infinitely she gulls him! and he so stupid not to find it! [To ber] If he be still within, Madam, (you know my meaning?) here's Bilbo ready to for-

hid your Keeper Entrance.

Trick. [Aside] Woodall must have told him of our Appointment.—What think you of walking down, Mr. Limberham?

Lin. I'll but visit the Chamber a little first.

Trick. What new Maggot's this? you dare not fure be jealous!

Lim. No, I proteft, fweet Pug, I am not: only to fatisfic my Curiofity; that's but reasonable, you know.

Trick. Come, what foolish Curiosity?

Lim. You must know, Pug, I was going but just now, in obedience to your Commands, to enquire of the health and safety of your Jewels, and my Brother Brainsick most barbarously forbade me Entrance: (nay, I dare accuse you, when Pug's by to back me;) but now I am resolv'd I will go see 'em, or some-body shall smoak for't.

Brain. But I refolve you shall not. If she pleases to command my Person, I can comply with the Obligation of

a Cavalier.

Trick. But what Reason had you to forbid him then, Sir?

Lim. Ay; what Reason had you to forbid me then, Sir?

Brain. Twas only my Caprichie, Madam. (Now must I feem ignorant of what she knows full well.)

Trick. We'll enquire the Cause at better leisure: Come

down, Mr. Limberbam.

Lim. Nay, if it were only his Caprichio, I am satisfy'd; though, I must tell you, I was in a kind of Huss, to hear him Tan ta ra, tan ta ra, a quarter of an Hour together; for Tan ta ra is but an odd kind of Sound, you know, before a Man's Chamber.

Enter Pleasance.

Pleaf. [Afide] Judith has affur'd me he must be there; and, I'm resolv'd, I'll satisfie my Revenge at any rate upon my Rivals.

Trick. Mrs. Pleasance is come to call us: pray let us go. Pleas. Oh dear, Mr. Limberham, I have had the dreadful'st Dream to Night, and am come to tell it you; I dream'd you left your Mistress's Jewels in your Chamber, and the Door open.

Lim. In good time be it spoken; and so I did, Mrs.

.Pleasance.

Pleaf. And that a great fwinging Thief came in, and whipt 'em out.

Lim. Marry, Heav'u forbid.

Trick. This is ridiculous: I'll speak to your Mother. Madam, not to suffer you to eat such heavy Suppers.

Lim. Nay, that's very true; for, you may remember, the fed very much upon Larks and Pigeons; and they are very heavy Meat, as Pug fays.

Trick. The Jewels are all fafe; I look'd on 'em.

Brain. Will you never stand corrected, Mrs. Pleasance? Pleas. Not by you: correct your Matrimony. And methought, of a sudden, this Thief was turn'd to Mr. Woodall; and that, hearing Mr. Limberham come, he slipt-for fear into the Closet.

Trick: I look'd all over it; I'm fure he is not there.

Come away, Dear.

Brain. What, I think you are in a Dream too, Brother Limberham.

Lim. If her Dream shou'd come out now! 'tis good to

be fure however.

Trick. You are fure: have not I said it? You had best make Mr. Woodall a Thief, Madam.

Pleaf. I make him nothing, Madam: but the Thief in my Dream was like Mr. Woodall; and that Thief may.

have made Mr. Limberham something.

Lim. Nay, Mr. Woodall is no Thief, that's certain: but if a Thief shou'd be turn'd to Mr. Woodall, that may be fomething.

Trick. Then I'll fetch out the Jewels; will that satisfie

Aon 5

Brain. That shall satisfie him.

Lim. Yes, that shall satisfie me.

Pleaf. Then you are a Predefinated Fool, and somewhat worse, that shall be nameless: do you not see how grosly she abuses you? My Life on't, there's some-body within, and she knows it; otherwise she wou'd suffer you to bring out the Jewels.

Lim. Nay, I am no predeffinated Fool; and therefore,

Pug, give way.

Trick. I will not satisfic your Humour.

Lim. Then I will fatisfie it my felf: for my generous Blood is up, and I'll force my Entrance.

Brain. Here's Bilbs then shall bar you: Atoms are not fo small, as I will slice the Slave. Ma! Fate, and Furies!

Lim. Ay, for all your Fate and Furies, I charge you, in his Majesty's Name, to keep the Peace: now, disobey Authority, if you dare.

Trick. Fear him not, sweet Mr. Brainsick.

Pleas. to Brain. But, if you shou'd hinder him, he he may trouble you at Law, Sir, and say you robb'd him of his jewels.

Lim. That's well thought on. I will accuse him hai-

noutly; there - and therefore fear and tremble.

Brain. My Allegiance Charms me: I sequicice.
[Afide] Th' Occasion's plausible to lethim pass. Now let the burnish'd Beams upon his Brow blaze broad, for the Brand he cast upon the Brainsick.

Trick. Dear Mr. Limberham, come back, and hear me.

Lim. Yes, I will hear thee, Pag.

Pleaf. Go on; my Life for yours, he's there.

Linz. I am deaf, as an Adder; I will not hear thee, nor chave no Commiseration.

[Struggles from her, and rushes in.

Trick. Then I know the worst, and care not.

[Limberham comes running out with the Jewels, follow'd by Woodall, with his Sword drawn.

Lim. O, fave me, Pug, fave me! [Gets behind her. Whod. A Slave, to come and interrupt me at my Devotions! but I'll———

Lim. Hold, hold, fince you are so devout, for Heav'n fake hold.

Bram. Nay, Mounseur Woodall!

Trick. For my fake, spare him.

Lim. Yes, for Pug's sake, spare me.

Wood. I did his Chamber the honour, when my own was not open, to retire thither; and he to diffurb me, like a profane Rascal as he was.

Lim. [Aide] I believe he had the Devil for his Chap-

· Wood. What's that you mutter?

Lim. Nay, nothing; but that I thought you had not been so well given. I was only afraid of Pug's Jewels.

Wood.

Wood. What, does he take me for a Thief? nay then-

Lim. O, mercy, mercy.

Pleaf. Hold, Sir; 'twas a foolish Dream of mine that fet him on. I dreamt, a Thief, who had been just repoiev'd for a former Robbery, was vent'ring his Neck a Minute after in Mr, Limberham's Closet.

Wood. Are you thereabouts, i'faith! A Pox of Artemi-

dorns!

Trick. I have had a Dream too, concerning Mrs. Brainfack, and perhaps————

Wood. Mrs. Trickfy, a Word in private with you, by

your Keeper's leave.

Lim. Yes, Sir, you may speak your Pleasure to her; and, if you have a mind to go to Prayers together, the Closet is open.

Weed. to Trick. You but suspect it at most, and cannot prove it: if you value me, you will not ingage me in a

Quarrel with her Husband.

Trick. Well, in hope you'll love me, I'll obey.

Brain. Now, Damiel Trickly, your Dream, your

Dream! .

Trick. 'Twas fomething of a Flagelet that a Shepherd play'd upon so sweetly, that three Women follow'd him for his Musick, and still one of 'em snatch'd it from the other.

Pleas. [Aside.] I understand her; but I find she's brib'd

to Secrefy.

Lim. That Flagelet was, by Interpretation; but let that pass; and Mr. Woodall there was the Shepherd that play'd the Tan ta ra upon't: but a generous Heart, like mine, will endure the Infamy no longer; therefore, Pug, I banish thee for ever.

Trick. Then farewel.

Lim. Is that all you make of me?

Trick. I hate to be tormented with your jealous Hu-

mours, and am glad to be rid of 'em.

Lim. Bear witness, good People, of her Ingratitude! Nothing vexes me, but that she calls me jealous; when I found him as close as a Butter-fly in her Closet.

Trick. No matter for that: I knew not be was there.

Lim

Limb. Wou'd I cou'd believe thee.

Wood. You have both our Words for't.

Trick. Why shou'd you persuade him against his Will? Limb. Since you won't persuade me, I care not much:

Here are the Jewels in my Possession; and I'll fetch out the Settlement immediately.

Wood. [Shewing the Box.] Look you, Sir, I'll spare your Pains: Four hundred a Year will serve to comfort a poor cast Mistress.

Limb. I thought what would come of your Devils

Pater Nosters!

Brain. Restore it to him for pity, Woodall.

Trick. I make him my Truftee; he shall not restore it.

Limb. Here are Jewels that cost me above two thoufand Pound, a Queen might wear 'em; behold this Orient Neck-lace, Pag! 'tis pity any Neck should touch it after thine, that pretty Neck! but, oh, 'tis the falsest Neck that e'er was hang'd in Pearl.

Wood. Twould become your Bounty to give it her at

parting.

Limb. Never the sooner for your asking. But, oh, that word Parting! can I bear it? if she could find in her Heart but so much Grace, as to acknowledge what a Traytress she has been, I think in my Conscience I could forgive her.

Trick. I'll not wrong my Innocence so much, nor this Gentleman's; but, since you have accus'd us falsly, four hundred a Year, betwixt us two, will make us some

Part of Reparation.

Weed. I answer you not, but with my Leg, Madam. Pleas. [Aside.] This mads me; but I cannot help it.

Wood. How's that, Sir?

Limb. Under the Rose, good Mr. Woodall. But I speak it with all Submission, in the Bitterness of my Spirit, that you, or any Man, should have the disposing of my four four hundred a Year grain: Therefore, dear Pug, a word in private, with your Permission, good Mr. Woodall.

Trick. Alas, I know by Experience, I may fafely trust my Person with you. [Ex. Limb. and Trick.

Enter Aldo.

Pleaf. O, Father Aldo, we have wanted you! Herelian been made the rarest Discovery!

Brain. With the most Comical Catastrophe!

Wood. Happily arriv'd, i'faith, my old Sub-fornicator:

1 have been taken upon Suspicion here with Mrs. Tricks.

Aldo. To be taken, to be seen! Before George that's a
Point next the worst, Son Woodall.

Wood. Truth is, I wanted thy Affiftance, old Methufa-

lem: But, my Comfort is, I fell greatly.

Aldo. Well, young Phaeton, that's formewhat yet, if you made a blaze at your Departure.

Enter Giles. Mrs. Brainfick and Judith.

Giles. By your leave, Gentlemen, I have follow'd an old Master of mine these two long Hours, and had a fair Course at him up the Street: Here he enter'd I'm sure.

Aldo. Whoop Holiday! our trufty and well-beloved Giles, most welcome! Now, for some News of my uneracious Son.

Wood. [Aside.] Giles here! O Rogue, Rogue! Now, would I were safe stow'd, over Head and Ears, in the

Chest again.

Aldo. Look you now, Son Woodall, I told you I was not mistaken; my Rascal's in Town, with a Vengeance to him.

Giles. Why, this is he, Sir; I thought you had known

him.

Aldo. Known whom?

Giles. Your Son here, my young Master.

Aldo. Do I dote? or art thou drunk, Giles?

Giles. Nay, I am fober enough, I'm fure; I have been kept fasting almost these two Days.

Aldo. Before George, 'tis fo! I read it in that leering

Look: What a Tartar have I caught!

Brain,

Brain. Woodall his Son!

Pleas. What, young Father Aldo!

Aldo. [Aside.] Now cannot I for shame hold up my Head, to think what this young Rogue is privy to!

Mrs. Brain. The most dumb Interview I ever saw!

Brain. What, have you beheld the Gorgon's Head on either side?

Aldo. Oh, my Sins! my Sins! and he keeps my Book of Confcience too! He can display 'em, with a Witnes!

Oh, treacherous young Devil!

Wood. [Aside.] Well, the Squib's run to the End of the Line, and now for the Cracker: I must bear up.

Aldo. I must set a Face of Authority on the matter, for my Credit———Pray, who am I? do you know

me, Sir?

. Wood. Yes, I think I should partly know you, Sir: You

may remember some private Passages betwixt us.

Aldo. [Aldo.] I thought as much; he has me already!—But pray, Sir, why this Ceremony amongst Friends? Put on, put on; and let us hear what News From France: Have you heard lately from my Son? does he continue still the most Hopeful and esteem'd young Gentleman in Paris? does he manage his Allowance with the same Discretion? And lastly, has he still the same Respect and Duty for his good old Father?

Wood. Faith, Sir, I have been too long from my Catechifm, to answer so many Questions; but, suppose there be no News of your *Quondam* Son, you may Comfort up your Heart for such a Loss; Father Ado has a nume-

rous Progeny about the Town, Heav'n bless'em.

Aldo. Tis very well, Sir; I find you have been fearch-

ing for your Relations then, in Whetstone's Park!

Wood. No, Sir; I made fome scruple of going to the foresaid place, for fear of meeting my own Father there.

Aldo. Before George, I cou'd find in my Heart to disin-

herit thee.

Pleaf. Sure you cannot be so unnatural.

Wood. I am fure I am no Bastard; witness one good Quality I have; If any of your Children have a stronger Vol. IV.

Tang of the Father in 'em, I am content to be dif-own'd:

Aldo. Well, from this time forward, I pronounce the

----no Son of mine.

Wood. Then you defire I shou'd proceed, to justifie I am lawfully begotten? The Evidence is ready, Sir, and, if you please, I shall relate before this Honourable Assembly, those excellent Lessons of Morality you gave me at our first Acquaintance. As, in the first place,—

aldo. Hold, hold; I charge thee hold, on thy Obdience. I forgive thee heartily: I have proof enough thou art my Son; but tame thee that can, thou art and

one.

Pleaf. Why, this is as it should be.

Aldo. to him. Not a Word of any Passages betwint with the country of the country

Wood. A Match, i'faith: and let the World pais.

Aldo. But hold a little; I had forgot one Point: I hope you are not marry'd, nor ingag'd?

Wood. To nothing but my Pleasures, I.

Aldo. A mingle of Profit wou'd do well though Come, kere's a Girl; look well upon her; 'ris a mettled Took! can tell you that: She'll make notable work between two Sheets, in a lawful way.

Wood. What, my old Enemy, Mrs. Pleasance! Mrs. Brain. Marry Mrs. Saintly's Daughter!

Aldo. The truth is, the has past for her Daughte, by my appointment; but she has as good Blood running a her Veins, as the best of you: Her Father, Mr. Palms, his Death Bed, left her to my Care and Disposal; be sides, a Fortune of twolve hundred a Year; a pretty Convenience, by my Faith.

Wood. Beyond my Hopes, if the confent.

aldo. I have taken some Care of her Education, and placed her here with Mrs. Saintly, as her Daughter, to wood her being blown upon by Fops, and younger Book

thers. So now, Son, I hope I have match'd your Concealment with my Discovery! there's hit for hit, e're I cross the Cudgels.

Pleaf. You will not take 'em up, Sir?

Wood. I dare not against you, Madam: I'm sure you'll worst me at all Weapons. All I can say is, I do not now

begin to love you.

Pleaf. Not with Ballum Rankum every Night, I hope! Aldo. Well, thou art a Wag; no more of that. Thou shalt want neither Man's Meat, nor Woman's Meat, as far as his Provision will hold out.

Pleaf. But I fear he's fo horribly given to go a House-warming abroad, that the least Part of the Provision will

come to my Share at home.

Wood. You'll find me so much Imployment in my own Family, that I shall have little need to look out for Journey-work.

Aldo. Before George, he shall do thee Reason, e'er thou

fleep'ft.

\$.

Pleaf. No; he shall have an Honourable Truce for one Day at least; for 'tis not fair, to put a fresh Enemy upon him.

Mrs. Brain. to Pleaf. I beseech you, Madam, discover no-

thing betwixt him and me.

Pleaf to her. I am contented to cancel the old Score; but take heed of bringing me an after-reckoning.

Enter Gervase leading Saintly.

Geru. Save you, Gentlemen; and you, my Quandams "Mafter: You are Welcome all, as I may fay.

Aldo. How now, Sirrah? what's the matter?
Geru. Give good words, while you live, Sir: Your

Landlord, and Mr. Saintly, if you please.

Wood. Oh, I understand the Business; he's marry'd to

Sam. Verily, the good Work is accomplished.

2

Brain.

Brain. But, why Mr. Saintly?

Gerv. When a Man is marry'd to his Betters, 'tis but decency to take her Name. A pretty House, pretty Scituation, and prettily furnish'd! I have been unlawfully 'labouring at hard Duty; but a Parson has soder'd up the matter: Thank your Worship, Mr. Woodall———How: Giles here!

Wood. This Business is out, and I am now Aldo: My

Father has forgiven me, and we are Friends.

Gerv. When will Giles, with his Honesty, come to

this?

Wood. Nay, do not infult too much, good Mr. Saintly: Thou wert but my Deputy; thou know'st the Widow

intended it to me.

Gerv. But I am fatisfy'd she perform'd it with me. Sir. Well, there is much good Will in these precise old Women; they are the most zealous Bedfellows: Look and she does not blush now! you see there's Grace in her.

Wood. Mr. Limberham, where are you? Come, chear up Man: How go matters on your Side of the Country?

Cry him, Gervale.

Gerv. Mr. Limberham, Mr. Limberham, make your Appearance in the Court, and fave your Recognizance.

Enter Limberham and Trickly.

Wood. Sir, I should now make a Speech to you in my own Defence; but the short of all is this: If you can forgive what's past, your Hand, and I'll endeayour to make up the Breach betwixt you and your Mistress: If not, I am ready to give you the Satisfaction of a Gentleman.

Limb. Sir, I am a peaceable Man, and a good Christian, though I say it, and desire no Satisfaction from any Man: Pag and I are partly agreed upon the point already; and therefore lay thy Hand upon thy Heart, Pag, and it thou canst from the bottom of thy Soul desic Mankind, naming no Body, I'll forgive thy past Enormities; and, to give good Example to all Christian Keepers, will take thee to my wedded Wise: And thy four hundred a Year shall be settled upon thee, for separate Maintenance.

Trick.

Trick. Why, now I can consent with Honour.

Aldo. This is the first Business that was ever made up without me.

Wood. Give you Joy, Mr. Bridegroom.

Limb. You may spare your Breath, Sir, if you please: I desire none from you. 'Tis true, I'm satisfy'd of her Virtue, in spight of Slander; but, to silence Calumny, i shall ervilly desire you hencestorth, not to make a Chappel of Ease of Pag's Closer.

Pleas. [Aside.] I'll take care of false Worship, I'll warrant him. He-shall have no more to do with Bell and the

Dragon.

Brain. Come hither, Wedlock, and let me Scal my lafting Love upon thy Lips: Saintly has been feduc'd, and so has Tricks:—But thou alone art kind and constant. Hitherto I have not valu'd Modesty, according to its Merit; but hereaster, Memphis shall not boast a Monument more firm, than my Affection.

Wood. A most excellent Reformation, and at a most feasonable Time! The Moral on't is pleasant, if well confider'd. Now, let's to Dinner: Mr. Saintly, lead the

way, as becomes you, in your own House.

[The rest going off.

Pleas. Your Hand, sweet Moiety.

Wood. And Heart too, my comfortable Importance.

Mistress and Wife, by turns, I have possess d:

He who enjoys 'em both in one, is bles'd.





### EPILOGUE

### Spoken by LIMBERHAM.

Beg a Boon, that e'er you all disband, Some one would take my Bargain off my Hand: To keep a Punk is but a common Evil, To find her false, and marry, that's the Devil. We'll, I ne'er acted Part in all my Life, But still I was fobb'd off with some such Wife: I find the Trick; thefe Poets take no Pity Of one that is a Member of the City. We Cheat you lawfully, and in our Trades, You Cheat us basely with your common fades. Now I am marry'd, I must sit down by it; But let me keep my Dear-bought Spouse in quiet: Let none of you damn'd Woodall's of the Pit, Put in for Shares to mend our Breed in Wit; We know your Bastards from our Flesh and Blood, Not one in ten of yours e'er comes to good. In all the Boys their Father's Virtues (hime, But all the Female Fry turn Pugs like mine. When these grow up, Lord with what Rampant Gadden Our Counters will be throng'd, and Roads with Padders. This Town twe Bargains has, not worth one Farthing, A Smithfield Horse, and Wife of Covent-Garden.



# OE DIPUS:

A

### TRAGEDY.

As it is Aded at

His Highness the Duke of YORK's THEATER.

Written by

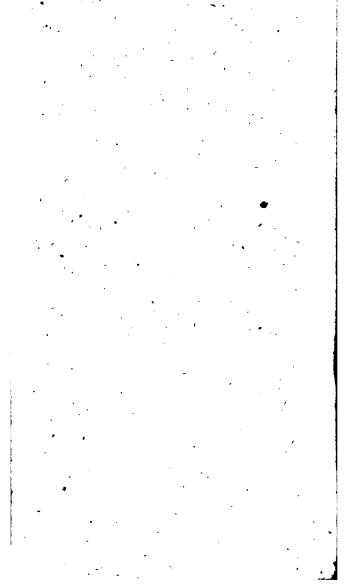
Mr.  $\mathcal{D}R\mathcal{T}\mathcal{D}EN$  and Mr. LEE.

Hi proprium decus & partum indignantur honorem, Ni teneant—————————————————Virg.

Vos exemplaria Graca, Nocturna versate manu, versate diurna

Horat.

Printed in the YEAR MDCCXVII.





## PREFACE.

HOUGH it be dangerous to raise too great an Expectation, especially in Works of this Nature, where we are to please an unsatiable Audience; yet 'tis reasonable to prepossess them in favour of an Author, and therefore both the Prologue and Epilogue in-

form'd you, that Oedipus was the most celebrated Piece of all Antiquity: That Sophocles, not only the greatest Wit, but one of the greatest Men in Athens, made it for the Stage at the Publick Cost, and that it had the Reputation of being his Master-piece, not only amongst the Seven of his which are still remaining, but of the greater Number which are perish'd. Aristotle has more than once admir'd it in his Book of Poetry, Horace has mention'd it: Lucullus, Julius Cafar, and other noble Romans, have written on the same Subject, though their Poems are wholly loft; but Seneca's is still preserv'd. In our own Age, Corweille has attempted it, and, it appears by his Preface, with great Success: But a judicious Reader will easily observe, how much the Copy is inferiour to the Original. He tells you himself, that he owes a great part of his Success to the happy Episode of Theseus and Direc; which is the same thing, as if we should acknowledge, that we were indebted for our good Fortune, to the Underplot of Aurastus, Eurydice, and Creon. The truth is, he miserably fail'd in the Character of his Hero: if he desir'd that Oedipus should be pitied, he shou'd have made him a better Mag

#### PREFACE.

Man. He forgot that Sophocles had taken care to shew him in his first Entrance, a Just, a Merciful, a Successful, a Religious Prince, and in flort, a Father of his-Country: Instead of these, he has drawn him suspicious, defigning, more anxious of keeping the Theban Crown, than folicitous for the Safety of his People: Hector'd by Theseus, contemn'd by Dirce, and scarce maintaining a second Part in his own Tragedy. This was an Errour in the first Concection; and therefore never to be mended in the second or the third: He introduc'd a greater Heroe than Oedipus himself: for when Theseus was once there, that Companion of Hercules must yield to none: The Poet was oblig'd to furnish him with Business, to make him an Equipage fuitable to his Dignity, and by following him too close, to lose his other King of Brentford in the Crowd. Seneca on the other fide, as if there were no fuch thing as Nature to be minded in a Play, is always running after pompous Expression, pointed Sentences, and Philosophical Notions, more proper for the Study than the Stage: The French-man follow'd a wrong Scent; and the Roman was absolutely at cold Hunting. All we cou'd gather out of Corneille, was, that an Episode must be, but not his Way: And Seneca supply'd us with no new Hint, but only a Relation which he makes of his Tiresias raising the Ghost of Lajus: Which is here perform'd in view of the Audience, the Rites and Ceremonies so far his, as he agreed with Antiquity, and the Religion of the Greeks: But he himself was beholden to Homer's Tiresias in the Odysses for some of them: And the rest have been collected from Heliodore's Æthiopiques, and Lucan's Eritho. Sophocles indeed is admirable every where: And therefore we have follow'd him as close as possibly we could: But the Athenian Theater, (whether more perfect than ours, is not now disputed) had a Perfection differing from ours. You see there in every Act a single Scene, (or two at most) which manage the Business of the Play, and after that succeeds the Chorus, which commonly takes up more time in Singing, than there has been employ'd in speaking. The principal Person appears almost constantly through the Play; but the inseriour **Parts** 

#### PREFACE.

Parts seldom above once in the whole Tragedy. The Conduct of our Stage is much more difficult, where we are oblig'd never to lose any considerable Character which we have once presented. Custom likewise has obtain'd, that we must form an Under-plot of second Persons, which must be depending on the first, and their By-walks must be like those in a Labyrinth, which all of 'em lead into the great Parterre: Or like fo many feveral lodging Chambers, which have their Out-lets into the fame Gallery. Perhaps after all, if we could think so, the ancient Method, as 'tis the easiest, is also the most Natural, and the Best. For Variety, as 'tis manag'd, is too often subject to breed Distraction: And while we would please too many ways, for want of Art in the Conduct, we please in none. But we have given you more already than was necessary for a Preface, and for ought we know, may gain no more by our Instructions, than that Politick Nation is like to do, who have taught their Enemies to fight so long, that at last they are in a Condition to invade them.





## PROLOGUE

THEN Athens all the Gracian State did guide, And Greece gave Laws to all the World beside, Then Sophocles with Socrates did sit, Supreme in Wisdom one, and one in Wit: And Wit from Wisdom differ'd not in those, But as 'twas fung in Verse, or said in Prose. Then, Oedipus, on Crowded Theatres, Drew all admiring Eyes and listning Ears; . The pleas'd Spectasor shouted every Line, The noblest, manliest, and the best Design! And every Critick of each learned Age By this just Model has reform'd the Stage. 'Now, should it fail, (as Heav'n avert our fear!) Dann it in Silence, left the World should bear. For were it known this Poem did not please, You might fet up for perfect Sakvages: Your Neighbours would not look on you as Men: But think the Nation all turn'd Picts agen. Faith, as you manage Matters, 'tis not fit You should suspect your selves of too much Wit. Drive not the Jest too far, but spare this Piece; And, for this once, be not more wife than Greece. See twice! Do not pell-mell to Damning fall, Like true-born Britains, who ne'er think at all: Fray be advis'd; and though at Mons you won, On pointed Camon do not always rus.

### PROLOGUE.

With some respect to ancient Wit proceed;
You take the four first Councils for your Creed.
But, when you lay Tradition wholly by,
And on the private Spirit alone rebye,
You turn Famaticks in your Poetry.
If, notwithstanding all that we can say,
You needs will have your pen'worths of the Play:
And come resolv'd to Damm, because you pay,
Record it, in Memorial of the Fact,
The first Play havy'd since the Woollen Ad.



## Dramatis Personæ.

#### MEN.

Mr. Betterton **O**Edipus Mr. Smith. Adrastus Creon Mr. Samford. Tirefias Mr. Harris. Mr. Crosby. Hæmon Mr. Williams. Alcander Mr. Norris. Diocles Mr. Boman. Pyracmon Mr. Gillo. Phorbas.

Dymas Ægeon

Ghost of Lajus

Mr. Williams

#### WOMEN.

Jocasta Mrs. Betterton.
Eurydice Mrs. Lee.
Manto. Mrs. Evans.

Priests, Citizens, Attendants, &c.

SCENE, THEBES.

OEDIPUS.



## OE DIPUS.

### ACTI SCENEI

The Curtain rifes to a plaintive Tune, representing the present Condition of Thebes; dead Bodies appear at a Distance in the Streets; some faintly go over the Stage, others drop.

Enter Alcander, Diocles and Pyracmon.

#### ALCANDER.

Ethinks we stand on Ruins; Nature shaked
About us; and the universal Frame
So loose, that it but wants another Push
To leap from off its Hindges. [Globe
Dioc. No Sun to chear us; but a bloody
That rowls above; a bald and beamless Fire;

His Face o'er-grown with Scurf: The Sun's fick too; Shortly he'll be an Earth.

Pyr. Therefore the Seasons Lye all confus'd; and, by the Heav'n's neglected,

Forget

Forget themselves: Blind Winter meets the Summer In his Mid-way, and, seeing not his Livery, Has driv'n him headlong back: And the raw damps With flaggy Wings fly heavily about, Scattering their Pestilential Colds and Rheumes Through all the lazy Air.

Alc. Hence Murrains follow'd
On bleating Flocks, and on the lowing Herds:
At last, the Malady
Grew more domestick, and the faithful Dog
Dy'd at his Master's Feet.

Dioc. And next his Master:

For all those Plagues which Earth and Air had broaded, First on inseriour Creatures try'd their Force; And last they seiz'd on Man.

Pyr. And then a thousand Deaths at once advanc'd, 'And every Dart took place; all was so sudden, 'That scarce a first Man fell; one but began To wonder, and straight fell a Wonder too; 'A third, who stoop'd to raise his dying Friend, Dropt in the pious Act. Heard you that Groan?

Dice. A Troop of Ghosts took flight together there:

Now Death's grown Riotous, and will play no more For fingle Stakes, but Families and Tribes: How are we fure we breath not now our last,

And that next Minute,
Our Bodies cast into some common Pit,
Shall not be built upon, and overlaid

Shall not be built upon, and overlaid

By half a People.

Alc. There's a Chain of Caufes

Link'd to Effects; invincible Necessity
That whate'er is, could not but so have been;
That's my Security.

To them, enter Creon.

Cre. So had it need, when all our Streets lye cover'd

With dead and dying Men;
And Earth exposes Bodies on the Pavements
More than she hides in Graves!
Betwixt the Bride and Bridegroom have I seen

The

The Nuptial Torch do common Offices
Of Marriage and of Death.

Dioc. Now, OEdipus,

(If he return from War, our other Plague) Will fcarce find half he left, to grace his Triumphs.

Pyr. A feeble Paan will be fung before him.

Alc. He would do well to bring the Wives and Children Of conquer'd Argisms, to renew his Thebes.

Cre. May Funerals meet him at the City Gates,

With their detested Omen.

Dioc. Of his Children.

Cre. Nay, though fhe be my Sister, of his Wife. Alc. O that our Thebes might once again behold

'A Monarch Theban born!

Dioc. We might have had one. Pyr. Yes, had the People pleas'd.

Cre. Come, you're my Friends: The Queen my Sister, after Lajus's Death,

The Queen my Sister, after Lajus's Death, Fear'd to lye single; and supply'd his Place With a young Successour.

Dive. He much refembles Her former Husband too.

Alc. I always thought fo.

Pyr. When twenty Winters more have grizzl'd his black

He will be very Lajus.

Cre. So he will:

Mean time she stands provided of a Lajus

More young and vigorous too, by twenty Springs,
These Women are such cunning Purveyors!

Mark where their Appetites have once been pleas'd,
The same resemblance in a younger Lover
Lyes brooding in their Fancies the same Pleasures,
And urges their Remembrance to Desire.

Dioc. Had Merit, not her Dotage, been consider'd,

Then Creen had been King; but OEdipus,

A Stranger!

Cre. That word Stranger, I confess, Sounds harshly in my Ears.

Dioc. We are your Creatures.

The People prone, as in all general Ills,

To sudden Change; the King in Wars abroad, The Queen a Woman weak and unregarded; Eurydice the Daughter of dead Lajus, A Princess young and heanteous, and unmarried. Methinks from these disjointed Propositions Something might be produc'd.

Cre. The Gods have done
Their Part, by fending this commodious Plague.
But oh the Princess! her hard Heart is shut
By Adamantine Locks against my Love.

Alc. Your Claim to her is strong: You are betroth'd.

Pyr. True; in her Nonage.

Dioc. I heard the Prince of Argos, young Adrastus,

When he was Hostage here

Cre. Oh Name him not! the Bane of all my Hopest That hot-brain'd, head-long Warrior, has the Charms Of Youth, and somewhat of a lucky Rashness, To please a Woman yet more Fool than he. That thoughtless Sex is caught by outward Form And'empty Noise, and loves it self in Man.

Alc. But fince the War broke out about our Frontiers,

He's now a Foc to Thebes.

Cre. But is not so to her; see, she appears; Once more I'll prove my Fortune: You infinuate Kind Thoughts of me into the Multitude; Lay load upon the Court; gull 'em with Freedom; And you shall see 'em tos their Tails, and gad, As if the Breeze had stung 'em.

Dioc. We'll about it. [Exesset Alc. Dioc. and Pys.

Emer Eurydice.

Cre. Hail, Royal Maid; theu bright Eurylies!
A lavish Planet reign'd when thou wert born;
And made thee of such Kindred-mold to Heav'n,
Thou seem'st more Heav'n's than ours,

Eur. Cast round your Eyes; Where late the Streets were so thick fown with Men, Like Cadmus Brood they justled for the Passage: Now look for those erected Heads, and see 'em Like Pebbles paving all our publick Ways:

When

When you have thought on this, then answer me, If these be Hours of Courtship.

Cre. Yes, they are;

For when the Gods destroy so fast, 'tis time We should renew the Race.

Eur. What, in the midst of Horrour!

Cre. Why not then?

There's the more need of Comfort.

Eser. Impious Creon!

Cre. Unjust Eurydice! can you accuse me
Of Love, which is Heav'n's Precept, and not fear
That Vengeance, which you say pursues our Crimes;
Should reach your Perjuries?

Eur. Still th' old Argument.

I bad you, cast your Eyes on other Men, Now cast 'em on your self: Think what you are.

Cre. A Man.

Eur. A Man!

Cre. Why doubt you? I'm a Man.

Eur. 'Tis well you tell me fo, I should mistake you.
For any other Part o'th' whole Creation,
Rather than think you Man: Hence from my Sight,
Thou Poison to my Eyes.

Cre. 'Twas you first poison'd mine; and yet methinks,

My Face and Person should not make you sport.

Eur. You force me, by your Importunities, To shew you what you are.

Cre. A Prince, who loves you:

And fince your Pride provokes me, worth your Love, Ev'n at its highest Value.

Eur. Love from thee!

Why Love renounc'd there'er thou faw'ft the Light: Nature her felf flart back when thou wert born;

Thy Mountain back, and thy difforted Legs,

Thy Face it felf,

Half-minted with the Royal Stamp of Man; And half o'ercome with Beaft, stood doubting long, Whose Right in thee were more;

And

And knew not, if to burn thee in the Flames, Were not the holier Work.

Ore. Am I to blame, if Nature threw my Body In so perverse a Mould? yet when she cast Her envious Hand upon my supple Joints, Unable to resist, and rumpled 'em On heaps in their dark Lodging, to revenge Her bungled Work she stampt my Mind more fair: And as from Chaos, huddled and deform'd, 'The God strook Fire, and lighted up the Lamps That beautishe the Sky, so he inform'd This ill-shap'd Body with a daring Soul: 'And making less than Man, he made me more.

Eur. No; thou art all one Error; Soul and Body. Thy first young Tryal of some unskill'd Pow'r; Rude in the making Art, and Ape of Jave. The crooked Mind within hunch'd out thy Back; And wander'd in thy Limbs: To thy own kind. Make Love, if thou canst find it in the World: And seek not from our Sex to raise an Off-spring. Which, mingled with the rest, would tempt the Gods. To cut off human Kind.

Cre. No; let 'em leave

The Argian Prince for you: That Enemy
Of Thebes has made you falle, and break the Vows
You made to me.

Eur. They were my Mother's Vows, Made when I was at Nurse.

Gre. But hear me, Maid;
This Blot of Nature, this deform'd, loath'd Green,
Is Master of a Sword, to reach the Blood
Of your young Minion, spoil the Gods fine work,
And stab you in his Heart.

Ess. This when thou doft,
Then mayst thou still be curs'd with loving me:
And, as thou art, be still unpitied, loath'd;
And let his Ghost——No, let his Ghost have rest;
But let the greatest, fiercest, foulest Fury,
Let Cress haunt himself.

[Exs. Ess.

What she has told me, an Offence to Sight:
My Body opens inward to my Soul,
And lets in Day to make my Vices seen
By all discerning Eyes, but the blind Vulgar.
I must make haste ere Oedipus return,
To snatch the Crown and her; for I still love;
But love with Malice; as an angry Cur
Snass while he feeds, so will I seize and stanch
The hunger of my Love on this proud Beauty,
And leave the scraps for Slaves.

Enter Tirchas, leaning on a Staff, and led by his Daughter

Manto.

What makes this blind prophetick Fool abroad! Wou'd his Apollo had him, he's too holy For Earth and me, I'll shun his Walk; and seek My popular Friends.

My popular Friends.

Tire. A little farther; yet a little farther,

Thou wretched Daughter of a dark old Man, Conduct my weary Steps: and thou who feeft For me and for thy felf, beware thou tread not With impious Steps upon dead Corps;—Now stay: Methinks I draw more open, vital Air,

Where are We?

Man. Under Covert of a Wall:

The most frequented once, and noisy Part Of Thebes, now midnight Silence reigns ev'n here; And Grass untrodden springs beneath our Feet.

Tir. If there be nigh this Place a funny Bank,
There let me reft a while: a funny Bank!
Alas! how can it be, where no Sun shines!
But a dim winking Taper in the Skies,
That nods, and scarce holds up his drowzy Head
To glimmer through the Damps.

[A Noise within, Follow, follow, follow, A Creon, A

Creon, A Creon.]

Hark! a tumultuous Noise, and Creen's Name Thrice eccho'd.

Man. Fly, the Tempest drives this way.

Tir. Whither can Age and Blindness take their flight? If I could fly, what could I fuffer worfe,

Secure of greater Ills!

[Noise again, Creon, Creon, Creon, Enter Creon, Diocles, Alcander, Pyracmon; fellowed by the Crowd.

Creon. I thank ye, Countrymen; but must refuse The Honours you intend me; they're too great; And I am too unworthy; think agen,

And make a better Choice.

I Cit. Think twice! I ne'er thought twice in all my Life:

That's double work.

2 Cit. My first Word is always my Second; and therefore I'll have no second Word: and therefore once again I say, A Creon.

All. A Creon, A Creon, A Creon!

Cre. Yet hear me, Fellow-Citizens. Dioc. Fellow-Citizens! there was a Word of Kindness! Alc. When did Oedipus falute you by that familiar Name?

1 Cit. Never, never; he was too proud.

Cre. Indeed he could not, for he was a Stranger: But under him our Thebes is half destroyed. Forbid it Heav'n the residue should perish

Under a Theban born.

Tis true, the Gods might fend this Plague among you, Because a Stranger rul'd: but what of that.

Can I redress it now?

2 Cit. Yes, you or none.

"Tis certain that the Gods are angry with us, Because he reigns.

Cre. Oedipue may return: you may be ruin'd.

I Cit. Nay, if that be the matter, we are ruin'd already. 2 Cia. Half of us that are here present, were living Men but Yesterday, and we that are absent do but drop and drop, and no Man knows whether he be dead or living. And therefore while we are found and well, let us fatisfic our Consciences, and make a new King.

3 Cit. Ha, if we were but worthy to see another Coronation, and then if we must die, we'll go merrily to All.

gether.

All. To the Question, to the Question.

Dioc. Are you content, Crem should be your King?

All. A Creon, A Creon, A Creon!

Tir. Hear me, ye Thebans, and thou Creon, hear me.

I Cit. Who's that would be heard? we'll hear no Man: We can fcarce hear one another.

Tir. I charge you by the Gods to hear me.

2 Cit. Oh, 'tis Apolle's Priest, we must hear him; 'tis

the old blind Prophet that fees all things.

3 Cit. He comes from the Gods too, and they are our betters; and in good Manners we must hear him: Speak, Prophet.

2 Cit. For coming from the Gods that's no great Matter, they can all fay that; but he's a great Scholar, he can make Almanacks, and he were put to't, and there-

fore I say hear him.

Tir. When angry Heav'n scatters its Plagues among you, Is it for nought, ye Thebans! are the Gods Unjust in punishing? are there no Crimes Which pull this Vengeance down?

I Cit. Yes, yes, no doubt there are some Sins stirring,

that are the Cause of all.

3 Cit. Yes there are Sins; or we should have no Taxes.
2 Cit. For my part I can speak it with a safe Conscience,
I me'er sinn'd in all my Life.

I Cir. Nor I.

3 Cit. Nor L. (Doors,

2 Cit. Then we are all justified, the Sin lies not at our Tir. All justified alike, and yet all guilty;

Were every Man's falle dealing brought to light,

His Envy, Malice, Lying, Perjuries,

His Weights and Measures, th' other Man's Extortions, With what Face could you tell offended Heav'n,

You had not finn'd?

2 Cit. Nay, if these be Sins, the Case is alter'd; for my part I never thought any thing but Murder had been a Sin.

Tir. And yet, as if all these were less than nothing, You add Rebellion to 'em; impious Thebans!

Have

Have you not fworn before the Gods to serve And to obey this Oedipus, your King By publick Voice elected? answer me, If this be true!

2 Cit. This is true; but it's a hard World, Neighbours, If a Man's Oath must be his Master.

Cre. Speak Diecles; all goes wrong.

Disc. How are you Traytors. Countrymen of Theber? This holy Sire, who prefies you with Oaths, Forgets your first; were you not sworn before To Lajus and his Blood?

All. We were; we were.

Disc. While Lajus has a lawful Successor, Your first Oath still must bind: Eurydice Is Heir to Lajus; let her marry Crem: Offended Heav'n will never be appeas'd While Oedipus pollutes the Throne of Lajus, A Stranger to his Blood.

All. We'll no Oedipus, no Oedipus.

I Cit. He puts the Prophet in a Mouse-hole.

2 Cit. I knew it would be so; the last Man ever speaks the best Reason.

Tir. Can Benefits thus dye, ungrateful Thebans!
Remember yet, when, after Lajus's death,
The Monster Sphinx laid your rich Country waste,
Your Vineyards spoil'd, your labouring Oxen slew;
Your selves for fear mew'd up within your Walls,
She, taller than your Gates, o'er-look'd your Town,
But when she rais'd her Bulk to sail above you,
She drove the Air around her like a Whirlwind,
And shaded all beneath; till stooping down,
She clap'd her leathern Wing against your Tow'rs,
And thrust out her long Neck, ev'n to your Doors.

Dioc. Alc. Pyr. We'll hear no more.

Tir. You durst not meet in Temples
T'invoke the Gods for aid, the proudest he
Who leads you now, then cowr'd, like a dar'd Lark:
This Creon shook for fear,
The Blood of Lajus cruddled in his Veins:

Till Oedipus arrivd.

Call'd by his own high Courage and the Gods, Himself to you a God: ye offer'd bim

Your Queen, and Crown; (but what was then your Crown) And Heav'n authoriz'd it by his Success:

Speak then, who is your lawful King?

All. 'Tis Oedipus.

Tir. 'Tis Oedipus indeed: your King more lawful Than yet you dream: For something still there lyes In Heav'ns dark Volume, which I read through Miffs: "Tis great, prodigious; "tis a dreadful Birth, Of wondrous Fate; and now, just now disclosing. I fee, I fee! how terribly it dawns.

And my Soul fickens with it:

I Cit. How the God shakes him!

Tir. He comes! he comes! Victory! Conquest! Triumph! But oh! Guiltless and Guilty: Murder! Parricide! Incest! Discovery! Punishment - 'tis ended, And all your Sufferings o'er.

A Trumpet within; Enter Hæmon. Ham. Rouze up ye Thebans; tune your lo Peans! Your King returns; the Argians are o'er-come; Their Warlike Prince in fingle Combat taken, And led in Bands by God-like Oedipus.

All. Oedipus, Oedipus, Oedipus!

Creon. Furies confound his Fortune! Haste, all haste:

[Aside] To them.

Enter

And meet with Bleffings our Victorious King; Decree Processions; bid new Holy-days; Crown all the Statues of our Gods with Garlands; And raise a Brazen Column, thus inscrib'd, To Qedipus, now twice a Conqueror; Deliverer of his Thebes.

Trust me, I weep for joy to see this Day. (trymen. Tir. Yes, Heav'n knows why thou weep'st: -Go, Coun-

And, as you use to supplicate your Gods-So meet your King with Bayes, and Olive-branches: Bow down, and touch his Knees, and beg from him An end of all your Woes; for only he Can give it you. [Ex. Tirefias, the People following.

Wol. IV.

Enter Oedipus in Triumph; Adrastus Priform; Dymas, D Ore. All fiail, great Gedipus; Thou mighty Conqueror, hail; welcome to Theber: To thy own Thebes; to all that's left of Thebu: For half thy Citizens are fwept away, And wanting to thy Triumphs: And we, the happy Remnant, only live 3 of the large of To welcome thee, and dye. Oedip. Thus Pleasure never comes finests to Misti But lent by Heav'n upon hard Usury: And, while Fove holds us out the Bowl of Toyans 100 78 E're it can reach our Lips it's dasht with Gall By some left-handed God. O mournful Triumph! 12 124 O Conquest gain'd abroad and lost at home! O Arges! now rejoyce, for Thebes lyes low; 1 16. Thy flaughter'd Sons now fmile, and think they won; When they can count more Theban Ghofts that theirs. Adr. No; Argos mourns with Thebes; you temper \$10 Your Courage while you fought, that Mercy Reinfield The manlier Virtue, and much more prevaild! " bid While Argos is a People, think your Thebes Can never want for Subjects: Every Nation Will crowd to serve where Oedipus commands. Cre. to Ham. How mean it shows to fawn upon the Ville! Ham. Had you beheld him fight, you had faid other Come, 'tis brave bearing in him, not to envy Superiour Virtue. And leave her T.s. Oedip. This indeed is Conquest, To gain a Friend like you: Why were we Foest Adr. 'Cause we were Kings, and each distain'd an Equ I fought to have it in my pow'r to do What thou hast done; and so to use my Conquest; To show thee, Honour was my only Motive. Know this, that were my Army at thy Gates, And Thebes thus waste, I would not take the Gift, Which, like a Toy dropt from the Hands of Fortune, Lay for the next Chance-comer.

Oedip. embracing. No more Captive, But Brother of the War: "Tis much more pleasant, And sider, truly me, thus to meet thy Love, Than when hard Gantlets olench'd our Warlike Hands, And kept 'em from soft use, . . .

Adr. My Conqueror !.

Oedip. My Friend! that other Name keeps Enmity alive. But longer to detain thee were a Crime; To love, and to Euridyce, go free: Such welcome as a ruin'd Town can give, Expect from me, the rest let her supply.

Adr. I go without a Bluft, though conquer'd writer.

By you and by my Princels.

[Ex. Adrasus of Cre. [Aside.] Then I am conquer'd thrice; by Oedipus, And her, and ev'n by him, the Slave of both: Gods, I'm beholden to you, for making me your Image, Wou'd I cou'd make you mine. , [Ex. Crcone) Enten de People with Branches in their Hands, holding shepe up, and kneeling: Two Priests before them

Ondip, Alas, my People!

What means this speechless Sorrow, down-cast-Eyes, And lifted Hands! if there be one among you Whom Grief has left a Tongue, speak for the rest.

1 Pr. O Father of thy Country! To thee these Knees are bent, these Eyes are lifted, As to wifible Divinity.

A Prince on whom Heav'n fafely might repole The business of Mankind: for Providence Might on thy careful Bosom sleep secure,

And leave her Task to thee.

But where's the Glory of thy former Acts? Ev'n that's destroy'd when none shall live to speak it. Millions of Subjects shalt thou have; but mute.

A People of the dead; a crowded Defart. A Midnight Silence at the noon of Day.

Oedip. O were our Gods as ready with their Pity, As I with mine, this Presence shou'd be throng'd With all I left alive; and my fad Eyes Not fearch in vain for Friends, whose promis'd Sight Flatter'd my toils of War.

1 Pr. Twice our Deliverer.

Oedip. Nor are now your Vows
Addreit to one who fleeps:
When this unwelcome News first reach'd my Kars,
Dymas was sent to Delphos to enquire
The Cause and Cure of this contagious Ill:
And is this Day return'd: but since his Message
Concerns the Publick, I refus'd to hear it
But in this general Presence: let him speak.

Dym. A dreadful Answer from the hallow'd Urn,

And facred Tripous did the Priestess give,

In these mysterious Words,

The Oracle. Shed in a curfed Hour, by curfed Hand, Blood-Royal unrevened, has curs'd the Land.
When Lajus Death is expiated well,

Your Plague shall cease: the rest let Lajus tell.

Oedip. Dreadful indeed! Blood, and a King's Blood too: And fuch a King's, and by his Subjects shed!
(Else why this Curse on Thebes?) no wonder then
If Monsters, Wars, and Plagues revenge such Crimes!
If Heav'n be just, its whole Artillery
All must be empty'd on us: Not one Bolt
Shall err from Thebes; but more be call'd for, more:
New moulded Thunder of a larger Size;
Driv'n by whole fove. What, touch anointed Pow?!
Then Gods beware; fove wou'd himself be next;
Cou'd you but reach him too.

2 Pr. We mourn the fad Remembrance.

Oedip. Well you may:
Worse than a Plague meets you: y'are devoted
To Mother Earth, and to th' infernal Pow'rs:
Hell has a right in you: I thank you, Gods,
That I'm no Theban born: how my Blood cruddles!
As if this Curse touch'd me! and touch'd me nearer
Than all this Presence!—Yes, 'tis a King's Blood,
And I, a King, am ty'd in deeper Bonds
To expiate this Blood: But where, from whom,
Or how must I attone it? tell me, Thebans,
How Lajus sell? for a confus'd Report
Pats'd through my Ears, when sirst I took the Crewn:

But full of Hurry, like a Morning Dream, It vanish'd in the Business of the Day.

1 Pr. He went in private forth; but thinly follow'd;

And ne'er return'd to Thebes.

Oedip. Nor any from him? came there no Attendant? None to bring the News?

2 Pr. But one; and he fo wounded,

He scarce drew Breath to speak some few faint Words.

OEdip. What were they? fomething may be learnt from thence.

T Pr. He faid a band of Robbers watch'd their Passage; Who took advantage of a narrow way

To murder Lajus and the rest: himself

Left too for dead.

Oedip. Made you no more Enquiry. But took this bare Relation?

2 Pr. 'Twas neglected:

For then the Monster Sphinx began to rage; And Present Cares soon buried the Remote; So was it hush'd, and never since reviv'd.

Oedip. Mark, Thebans, mark!

Just then, the Sphinx began to rage among you; The Gods took hold ev'n of th' offending Minute, And dared thence your Woes: thence will I trace 'em.

1 Pr. 'Tis just thou should'st.

Oedip. Hear then this dreadful Improcation; hear it: 'Tis lay'd on all; not any one exempt: Bear witness Heav'n, avenge it on the perjur'd. If any Theban born, if any Stranger Reveal this Murder, or produce its Author, Ten Attique Talents be his just Reward: But, if for Fear, for Favour, or for Hire, The Murder'r he conceal, the Curse of Thebes Fall heavy on his Head: Unite our Plagues, Ye Gods, and place 'em there: from Fire and Water,

Converse, and all things common be he banish'd. But for the Murderer's felf, unfound by Man,

Find him ye Pow'rs Coeleftial and Infernal; And the same Fate or worse than Lajue met,

Let be his Lot: his Children be accurst: His Wife and Kindred, all of his be curs'd. Both Pr. Confirm it Heav'n! Enter Jocasta; Attended by Women. Foc. At your Devotions! Heav'n fucceed your Wisher; And bring th' effect of these your pious Pray On you, and me, and all. Pr. Avert this Omen, Heav'n! Oedip. O fatal Sound, Unfortunate Focasta? What haft thou faid! an ill Hour haft thou chosen in or For these fore-boding Words! why, we were curling! Je. Then may that Curle fall only where you lad it. Oedip. Speak no more! For all thou fay's is ominous; we were curling; I half And that dire Imprecation bast thou fasten'd On Thebes, and thee and me, and all of us. Foc. Are then my Bleffings turn'd into a Curlet of O Unkind Oedipus. My former Lord Thought me his Bleffing: be thou like my Liqui. Oedip. What yet again! the third time half thou curs'd me? This Imprecation was for Lajus Death, And thou last wish'd me like him. Foc. Horror feizes me! Joe. Horror leizes me: Oedip, Why dost thou gaze upon me? prichee Lord Take off thy Eye; it burdens me too much. Foc. The more I look, the more I find of Lague. His Speech, his Garb, his Action; nay his Frowniger (For I have feen it;) but ne'er bent on me. Oedip. Are we so like? Foc. In all things but his Love. (speak how w Oedip. I love thee more: so well I love, Words cannot

No pious Son ere lov'd his Mother more

Than I my dear Focasta.

Foc. I love you too The felf same way: and when you chid, methought A Mother's Love start up in your Desence, And bade me not be angry: be not you: For I love Lajus still as Wives should love: But you more tenderly; as part of me: And when I have you in my Arms, methinks

I lull my Child afleep, Oedip. Then we are bleft: And all these Curses sweep along the Skies' Like empty Clouds; but drop not on our Heads. Joe. I have not joy'd an Hour fince you departed. For publick Miseries, and for private Fears; And bran-But this bleft Meeting has o'er-paid 'em all, Good Fortune that comes feldom comes more welcome. All I can wish for now, is your Consent To make my Brother happy. Oedip, How, Jocastu? Joc. By Marriage with his Neice, Eurydice! Oedip. Uncle and Neice! they are too near, my Love; Tis too like Incest: 'Tis Offence to Kind; Had I'not promised, were there no Adraftus," No choice but Green left her of Mankind, They shou'd not marry; speak no more of The Thought disturbs me. 70c. Heav'n can never bless A Vow to broken, which I made to Creon; Remember he's my Brother. Oedip. That's the Bar : And the thy Daughter: Nature would abhor To be forc'd back again upon her felf, And like a whirle-pool swallow her own Streams. Foc. Be not displeas'd; I'll move the Suit no more. Oedip. No, do not; for, I know not why, it shakes me

When I but think on Incest; move we forward To thank the Gods for my Success, and pray To wash the Guilt of Royal Blood away, [Exemt owner.

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### KONTONIA MARKATANA

#### ACT II. SCENE I.

SCENE An open Gallery. A Royal Bed-Chamber being suppos'd behind.

The Time, Night. Thunder, &c.

Enter Hæmon, Alcander and Pyracmon.

Hem. S URE 'tis the End of all things! Fate has top.

The Lock of Time off, and his Head is now.

The ghaftly Ball of round Exernity!
Call you these Peals of Thunder, but the Yawa

Of bellowing Clouds? By Jove, they seem to me
The World's last Groams; and those wast Sheets of Plame
Are its last Blaze! The Tapers of the Gods,
The Sun and Moon, run down like waxen-Globes;
The shooting Stars end all in purple Gellies,
And Chaos is at Hand.

Pyr. 'Tie Midnight, yet there's not a Thebus ficera,'
But such as ne'er must wake. All crowd about
The Palace, and implore, as from a God,
Help of the King; who, from the Battlement,
By the red Lightning's glare, descry'd afar,
Atomes the angry Powers.

[Thanks, &c.

Ham. Ha! Pyracmon, look;
Behold, Alcander, from yon' West of Heav'n,
The perfect Figures of a Man and Woman:
A Scepter bright with Gems in each right Hand,
Their flowing Robes of dazling Purple made,
Distinctly yonder in that point they stand,
Just West; a bloody red stains all the Place:
And see, their Faces are quite his in Clouds.

Per Clusters of Golden Stars hand o'es their He

Pyr. Clusters of Golden Stars hang o'er their Heads,

And feem so crouded, that they burst upon 'em: All dart at once their baleful Influence

In leaking Fire.

Alc. Long-bearded Comets stick.

Like flaming Porcupines, to their left Sides, As they would shoot their Quills into their Hearts.

Ham. But fee! the King, and Queen, and all the Court!
Did ever Day or Night shew ought like this?

[Thunders again. The Scene drams, and discovers the Proligies.

Enter Oedipus, Jocasta, Eurydice, Adrastus, and all com-

ing forward with Amazement.

Oedip. Answer, you Pow'rs Divine; spare all this Noise, This rack of Heav'n, and speak your fatal Pleasure. Why breaks you dark and dusky Orb away? Why from the bleeding Womb of monstrous Night, Burst forth such Myriads of abortive Stars? Ha! my Jacasta, look! the Silver Moon! A fetting Crimson stains her beauteous Face! Sho's all o'er Blood! and look, behold again, What mean the mystick. Heav'ns, she journeys on? A vast Eclipse darkens the labouring Planet: Sound there, sound all our Instruments of Wars. Clarions and Trumpets, Silver, Brass, and Iron, And beat a thousand Drums to help her Labour.

Adr. 'Tis vain; you see the Prodigies continue;

Let's gaze no more, the Gods are humorous.

Oedip, Forbear, rath Man—Once more I ask your Pleasure!

If that the Glow-worm light of human Reason Might dare to offer at immortal Knowledge, And cope with Gods, why all this Storm of Nature? Why do the Rocks split, and why rouls the Sea? Why those Portents in Heav'n, and Plagues on Earth? Why yon' Gigantick Forms, Ethereal Monsters? Alas! is all this but to fright the Dwarfs Which your own Hands have made? Then be it so. Or if the Fates resolve some Expiation For murder'd Lajus; hear me, hear me, Gods!

R 5

Hear me thus profirate: Spare this grouning Land, Save innocent Thebes, stop the Tyrant Death; Do this, and lo I stand up an Oblation To meet your swiftest and severest Anger, Shoot all at once, and firike me to the Center.

The Cloud draws that veil'd the Heads of the Eigenes in the Sky, and shows 'em Crown'd, with the Names of Odipus and Jocasta written above in great Characters of Gold.

Adv. Either I dream, and all my cooler Senses Are vanish'd with that Cloud that fleets away; valo Or just above those two Majestick Heads, I see, I read distinctly in large Gold, Oedipus and Jocasia.

Alc. I read the same.

Adr. 'Tis wonderful; yet ought not Man to wade of Too far in the vast deep of Destiny.

[Thunder; and the Predigies vanish.

Jos. My Lord, my Oedipus, why gaze you now, When the whole Heav'n is clear, as if the Gods Had some new Monsters made? will you not turn, And bless your People; who devour each word You breathe.

Oedip. It shall be so.

Yes, I will die, O Thebes, to fave thee!
Draw from my Heart my Blood, with more centent Than e'er I wore thy Crown. Yet, O Josefia!
By all the Indearments of miraculous Love,
By all our Languishings, our Fears in Pleasure,
Which oft have made us wonder; here I swear
On thy fair Hand, upon thy Breast I swear
I cannot call to mind, from budding Childhood
To blooming Youth, a Crime by me committed,
For which the awful Gods should doom my Death.
Jos. Tis not you, my Lord,

But he who murder'd Lajus, frees the Land: Were you, which is impossible, the Man,

Perhaps

Perhapsiony Pomard first should drink your Blood; " is it But you are innocent, as your Joseffa, From Crimes like those: This made me violent in all To fave your Life, which you unjust would lose with a Nor can you comprehend, with deepett Thought, and The horrid Agony you cast me in, in and and .: OEdin Isie possible? To. Alas: why start you so? Her stiffning Grie; 31 Who saw her Children slaughter'd all at once, Was dull to mine: Methinks I should have made My Bosom bare against the armed God, To fave my Gedipus! Gedip. I pray, no more. Joc. You've filenc'd me, my Lord. Oedip. Pardon me, dear Jocasta; Pardon a Heart that finks with Sufferings, Andreas but went its felf in Sobs and Murmurs: Yet to restore my Peace, FR find him out, "11 7 % 70" Messe yes, you Gods! you shall have ample Vengeance On Lajus: Marderer, O, the Traitor's Name! I'll know't, I will; Art mail be conjurd for it, And Nature all ustravelid. Foc. Sacred Sir Oedis. Rage will have way, and 'tis but just; I'll'fetch

The long will have way, and 'tis but just; I'll fetel The long'd in Air, upon a Dragon's Wing; The Rocks should hide him: Nay, he shall be dragg'd From Hell, if Charms can hurry him along: His Ghost shall be, by fage Tiresias Pow'r, (Tiresias, that Rules all beneath the Moon) Consin'd to Flesh, to suffer Death once more; And then be plung'd in his first Fires again.

Enter Creon.

Cro. My Lord,
Thefias attends your Pleasure.
Oedip. Haste, and bring him in.
O, my Jecasta, Eurydice, Adrastus,
Creon, and all ye Thebaus, now the End
Of Plagues, of Madness, Murders, Prodigies,

Draws

Draws on: This Battel of the Heav'ns and Earth Shall by his Wisdom be reduc'd to peace. Enter Tiresias, leaning on a Staff, led by his Daughter Manto, follow'd by other Thebans.

to, follow'd by other Thebans.

O thou, whose most aspiring Mind
Knows all the Business of the Courts above,
Opens the Closets of the Gods, and dares
To mix with fore himself and Fate at Council;
O Prophet, answer me, declare aloud
The Traitor who confir'd the Death of Lague:
Or be they more, who from malignant Stars
Have drawn this Plague that blasts unhappy Thebest
Tir. We must no more than Fate commissions use

Tir. We must no more than Fate commissions us To tell; yet fomething, and of moment, I'll unfold, If that the God would wake; I feel him now, Like a strong Spirit charm'd into a Tree, That leaps, and moves the Wood without a Wind: 11 The rouzed God, as all this while he lay Intomb'd alive, starts and dilates himself; He struggles, and he tears my aged Trunk With holy Fury, my old Arteries burft, My rivel'd Skin, Like Parchment, crackles at the hallow'd Fire; I shall be young again: Manto, my Daughter, Thou hast a Voice that might have sav't the Bard Of Thrace, and fored the raging Bacchanals, With lifted Prongs, to liften to thy Airs: O Charm this God, this Fury in my Boson, ...

Lull him with teneful Notes, and artful Strings, With pow rful Strains; Mante, my lovely Child, Sooth the unruly God-head to be mild.

#### SONG to APOLLO.

P Hoebus, God belov'd by Men;
At thy dawn, every Beast is rouzed in his Den;
At thy setting, all the Birds of thy Absence complain,
And we die, all die till the Morning comes again.

Phoebus, God belov'd by Men!
Idol of the Eastern Kings,
Awful as the God who slings
His Thunder round, and the Lightning wings;
God of Songs, and Orphcan Strings,
Who to this mortal Bosom brings,
All harmonious heav'nly things!
Thy drouzy Prophet to revive,

Ten thousand thousand Forms before him drive:
With Chariots and Horses all offire awake him,
Convulsions, and Furies, and Prophesies shake him:
Let him tell it in Groans, tho he bend with the Load,
Tho he burst with the weight of the terrible God.

Tir. The Wretch, who shed the Blood of old Labdacides, Lives, and is great; But cruel Greatness ne'er was long: The first of Lapus Blood his Life did seize, And urg'd his Fate, Which else had lasting been and strong.

The Wretch, who Lajas kill'd, must bleed or sly; Or Thebes, consum'd with Plagues, in Ruins lyc. Oedip. The first of Lajas Blood! pronounce the Person;

May the God roar from thy prophetick Mouth, That even the dead may flart up, to behold: Name kim, I fay, that most accursed Wretch, For by the Stars he dies:

Speak, I command thee;

By Phachus, speak, for sudden Death's his Doom:
Here shall he fall, bleed on this very Spot;
His Name, I charge thee once more, speak.

Tir.

War Tis loft. Like what we think can never thun Remembrace: Yet of a fudden's gone beyond the Clouds. Oedip. Fetch it from thence; I'll have't, where e'er it be! Cre: Let me intreat you, facred Sir, be calman to part And Oreon shall point out the great Offenden. I mai al Tis true, respect of Nature might injoin .... also Me Silence, at another time; but, oh a me a M NO Much more the Pow'r of my eternal Love San Telywor That, that should strike me dumb: Yet Thebes fing Count Gave hibytid toog, short tuesour all, to fuesour thee, poor Gitytid all, O, I must speak. -Then the r Oedip. Speak then, if ought thou know'ft: do nam bak As much thou feem'st to know, delay no longer: vistil Cre. O Besuty! O illustrious Royal Maid! one and oT And with fuch modest, chaste and pure Affection, 270M The coldest Nymph might read 'em without blishings Art thou the Murdress then of wretched Louw bentonord And I, must I accuse thee! O my Tears! Why will you fall in so abhorred a Cause? But that the beauteous, barbarous Hand destroyd. Thy Father (O monstrous Act!) both Gods 1 1100 12 212 And Men at once take motion. Oedip. Eurydice ! Ear. Traitor, go on; I fcorn thy little Malice 100 ft. 101 And knowing more my perfect Innocence: udatu? misk Than Gods and Men, then how much more than the Who are their Opposite, and formed a Lyan, way wo I thus diffain thee! Thou once didft talk of Lovey 100" Because I hate thy Love, Thou dost accuse me. -Adr. Villain, inglorious Villain. . . And Traitor, doubly damn'd, who dur'st blaspheme - med I The spotless Virtue of the brightest Beautyr. Thou dy'st: Nor shall the sacred Majesty, Draws and wounds him. That guards this Place, preserve thee from my Rage.

Oedip. Disarm'em both: Prince, I shall make you know That Dons tenne you twice. Guards, feize him. Adr. Sir, I amust acknowledge in another Cause. Repentance might abath me; but I glory In this, but smile to see the Traitor's Blood. Oedip. Creon, you shall be fatisfy'd at full. Cre. My Hurt is nothing, Sir; but I appeal וווות למכי€ וו To wife Treflat, if my Accusation Be not most true. The first of Lapse Blood 19 100 11 Gave him his Death. Is there a Prince before her? Then she is Faultless, and I ask her Pardon. And may this Blood ne'er cease to drop, O Thebes, 201. If Pity of thy Sufferings did not move me and coun To show the Cure which Heav'n it self presented: 300 Eur. Yes, Thebans, I will die to fave your Lives; a o'T More willingly than you can wish my Fate; 62 whith But let this good, this wife, this holy Man, 100 00 on T Pronounce my Sentence: For to fall by hist, at wall to a By the vile Breath of that prodigious Villain, and July Would fink my Soul, the' I should die a Martyr.

Adr. Unhand me, Slaves. O mightieft of Kings, See at your Feet a Prince not us'd to kneel; Touch not Eurydice, by all the Guds, As you would fave your Thebes, but take my Life: For, should the perish, Heav's would heap Plagues on Plagues,

Upon your guilty Heads.

Cre. You turn to Gallantry, what is but Juffice: Proof will be easie made. Adrastas was The Robber who bereft th' unhapy King Of Life; because he flatly had deny'd To make so poor a Prince his Son-in-Law: Therefore 'twere fit that both should perish. 1 Theb. Both, let both die.

Rain Sulphur dewn, hurl kindled Bolts

All Theb. Both, both; let 'em die. Ordip. Hence, you wild Herd! For your Ring-leader

He shall be made Example. Hamon, take him.

1 Theb. Mercy, O Mercy.

Oedip. Mutiny in my Presence! Hence, let me see that busie Face no more. Tir. Thebans, what Madness makes you drunk with Enough of guilty Death's already acted: Fierce Creon has accus'd Eurydice, With Prince Adrastus, which the God reproves By inward Checks, and leaves their Fates in doubt. Oedip. Therefore instruct us what remains to do, Or suffer; for I feel a Sleep like Death Upon me, and I figh to be at rest. Tir. Since that the Pow'ss divine refuse to clear, The mystick Deed, I'll to the Grove of Furies: There I can force th' Informal Gods to thew : Their horrid Forms, Each trembling Ghoft shall rife; in And leave their grizly King without a Waiter. For Prince Advafous and Eurydice, My Life's engag'd, I'll guard 'em in the Fage, 'Till the dark Mysteries of Hell are done. Follow me, Princes; Thebans, all to reft. O, Oedipus, to morrow—but no more, If that thy wakeful Genius will permit, 🖫 Indulge the Brain this Night with fofter Slumbers: A To Morrow, O to Morrow! \_\_\_\_\_ Geep, my Son ; i i And in prophetick Dreams thy Fate be shown. [Ex. Tir. Adr. Eur. Man. and Thek] Manuer Oedipus, Jocasta, Creon, Pyracmon, Hamos, and Alcander. Oedip. To Bed, my Fair, my Dear, my best Focusion After the Toils of War, 'tis wondrous frange Our Loves should thus bedash'd. One moment's Thought, And I'll approach the Arms of my belov'd. Foc. Confume whole Years in Care, so now and then

I may have leave to feed my famish'd Eyes With one fhort passing Glance, and figh my Vows: This, and no more, my Lord, is all the Pattion Of languishing Focasta.

Oedip. Thou foftest, sweetest of the World ! good Night. Nay, fhe is beauteous too; yet, mighty Love!

I never offer'd to obey thy Laws, But an unusual Chilness came upon me; An unknown Hand still check'd my forward Joy, Dan'd me with blushes, tho' no Light was near: That ev'n the Act became a Violation.

Pyr. He's firangely thoughtful. [ant? Queip. Hark! who was that? Ha! Creen, did'st thou call Cre. Not I, my gracious Lord, nor any here. [Voice Oedip. That's strange! methought I heard a deletal Cry'd Oedipus — The Prophet bad me sleep. He talk'd of Dreams, and Visions, and to morrow! I'll muse no more on't, come what will or can, My Thoughts are clearer than unclouded State; And with those Thoughts I'll rest: Creen, good Night.

Cre. Sleep scal your Eyes up, Sir, eternal Sleep.
But if he must sleep and wake again, O all
Tormenting Dreams, wild Horrors of the Night,
And Hags of Fancy wing him through the Air:
From Precipices hurl him headlong down;
Charybdis roar, and death be set before him.

Alc. Your Curies have already tak'n Effect;

For he looks very ad.

Cre. May he be rooted, where he funds, for ever; His Eye-balls never move, Brows be unbent, His Blood, his Entrails, Liver, Heart and Bowels, Be blacker than the Place I wish him, Hell.

Pyr. No more: You tear your felf, but vex not him. Methinks 'twere brave this Night to force the Temple, While blind Terrias conjures up the Fiends,

And pass the time with nice Eurydice.

Alc. Try Promises, and Threats, and if all fail, Since Hell's broke loose, why should not you be mad?

Ravish, and leave her dead, with her Advathus.

Cre. Were the Globe mine, I'd give a Province hourly For such another thought. Lut, and Revenge!
To stab at once the only Man I hate,
And to enjoy the Woman whom I love!
I ask no more of my auspicious Stars,

The

The rest as Fortune please; so but this Night; She play me fair, why, let her turn for ever. Enter Hæmon.

Ham. My Lord, the troubled King is gone to reft Yet, e're he flept, commanded me to clear The Antichambers: none must dare be near him

Cre. Hamon, you do your Duty;-And we obey. — The Night grows yet more dread Tis just that all retire to their Devotions; The Gods are angry: but to Morrow's dawn, If Prophets do not lie, will make all clear. [As in

Oedipus Enters, walking asleep in his Shirt, with a L in his right Hand, and a Taper in his left.

Ordin. O, my Jacasta! 'tis for this the wet Stary'd Soldier lies all Night on the cold Ground; For this he bears the Storms Of Winter Camps, and freezes in his Arms: To be thus circled, to be thus embraced; That I could hold thee ever!----Ha! where art thous What means this melancholly Light, that seems The Gloom of glowing Embers? The Curtain's drawn; and fee, she's here again and Focasta? Ha! what, fall'n asleep so soon? How fares my Love? this Taper will inform me. Ha! Lightning blaft me, Thunder Rivet me ever to Prometheus Rock, And Vultures gnaw out my incessuous Heart, doid !! By all the Gods! my Mother Merope! My Sword, a Dagger; Ha, who waits there? Salves, My Sword: what, Hamon, dar'st thou, Villain, stop me? With thy own Ponyard perish. Ha! who's this? Or is't a change of Death? By all my Honours, New murder; thou hast slain old Polybus; Incest and Parricide, thy Father's murder'd! Out thou infernal Flame: now all is dark,

All blind and difmal, most triumphant Mischief! And now while thus I stalk about the Room. I challenge Fate to find another Wretch

Like Oedipus!

[Thunder, &c. Enter Enter Jocasta attendell, with Lights, in a Night-yown:
Oedip. Night, Horror, Death, Consusson, Hell, and Furies!
Whare am I? O, Jocasta, let me hold thee,
Thus to my Bosom, Ages let me grasp thee:
All that the hardest temper'd weather'd Flesh,
With siercest humane Spirit inspir'd, can dare
Or do, I dare; but, oh you Pow'rs, this was'
By infinite degrees too much for Man.
Methinks my deafen'd Ears
Are burst; my Eyes, as if they had been knock'd

Are burst, my Eyes, as if they had been knocked By some tempessuous Hand, shoot slashing Fire.

That fleep should do this!

Joe. Then my Fears were true.

Methought I heard your Voice, and yet I doubted, Now roaring like the Ocean, when the Winds Fight with the Waves; now, in a fill small tone Your dying Accents fell, as racking Ships,

After the dreadful Yell, sink murmuring down,

And bubble up a Noise.

Occip. Trust me, thou Fairest, best of all thy Kind, None e'er in Dreams was tortur'd so before. Yet what most shocks the niceness of my Temper, Ev'n far beyond the killing of my Father, And my own Death, is, that this horrid sleep Dash'd my sick Fancy with an act of Incest: I dreamt, Joseffa, that thou wert my Mother; Which, tho impossible, so damps my Spirits, That I cou'd do a Mischief on my self, Lest I should sleep and dream the like again.

"The I should sleep and dream the like again."

"The Cries of its Inhabitants, War's Toils, And thousand other Labours of the State, Are all referr'd to you, and ought to take you For ever from Joseffa."

Oedip. Life of my Life, and Treasure of my Soul,

Heav'n knows I love thee.

foc. O, you think me vile, And of an inclination so ignoble,

That.

That I must hide me from your Eyes for ever. Be witness, Gods, and strike Jocasta dead, If an immodest Thought, or low Defire Inflam'd my Breaft, fince first our Loves were lighted. Oedip. O rife, and add not, by thy cruel Kindnels, A Grief more sensible than all my Torments. Thou think'ff my Dreams are forg'd; but by thy felf, The greatest Oath, I swear, they are most true: But, be they what they will, I here difmis em; Begon, Chimeras, to your Mother Clouds, Is there a Fault in us? Have we not search'd The Womb of Heav'n, examin'd all the Entrails Of Birds and Beafts, and tir'd the Prophet's Art. Yet what avails? he, and the Gods together, Seem like Physicians at a loss to help us: Therefore, like Wretches that have linger'd long, We'll fnatch the ftrongest Cordial of our Love; To Bed, may Fair.

Ghost within. Oedipus!
Oedip. Ha! who calls?
Did'st thou not hear a Voice?

foc. Alas! I did., Ghoft. Focasta !

Ghoff. Jocaffa t Joc. O my Love, my Lond, support me! Oedip. Call louder, till you burst your Airy Forms: Rest on my Hand. Thus, arm'd with Innocence, I'll face these babling Damon of the Air. In spight of Ghosts, I'll on, Tho' round my Bed the Furies plant their Charms; I'll break 'em, with Joseffa in my Arms: Class'd in the folds of Love, I'll wait my Doom; And act my Joys, tho' Thunder shake the Room. [Em



# ENKY STORESTORY AND A

### ACT III. SCENE I.

#### SCENE A dark Grove.

#### Enter Creon, and Diocles.

Cre. 'T IS better not to be, than be unhappy.

Dioc. What mean you by these Words?

Cre. 'Tis better not to be, than to be Creon.

A thinking Soul is Punishment enough;

But when 'tis great, like mine, and wretched too,

Then every Thought draws Blood.

Disc. You are not wretched.

Cre. I am: my Soul's ill married to my Body. I wou'd be young, be handsom, be belov'd: Cou'd I but Breath my self into Adrassus.

Dioc. You rave; call home your Thoughts.

Cre. I prithee let my Soul take Air awhile;

Were the in Oedipus, I were a King;

Then I had kill'd a Monster, gain'd a Battel;

And had my Rival Pris'ner; brave, brave Actions:

Why have not I done these?

Diec. Your Fortune hinder'd.

Cre. There's it: I have a Soul to do 'em all:
But Fortune will have nothing done that's great,
But by young handfom Fools: Body and Brawn
Do all her Work: Hercules was a Fool,
And straight grew famous: a mad boistrous Fool,
Nay worse, a Woman's Fool.
Fool is the Stuff, of which Heav'n makes a Hero.

Dioc. A Serpent ne'er becomes a flying Dragon,
Till he has eat a Serpent.

Cre. Goes it there!

I understand thee; I must kill Adrassus.

Dioc. Or not enjoy your Miltreff un war and and Eurydice and ha are Pris ners here.
But will not long be for this Tell-tale Choles and his Perhaps will clear 'em both. But a roid a my of " Cre. Well: tis refolvid Which then ve You must not meet her, while to ! Till this be done. Evin to the best Cre. I must. Eura What the . . . And more fince you accus'd her. Vicillitude of Cre. Urge it not. I cannot stay to tell thee my Design, For the's too near. This for Europe. Enter Eurydice. Long 13d 707 . 370 How, Madam, were your Thoughts employ dloy med Eura On Death, and thee.

Ore. Then were they not well forted; Life and mond Eura On Death, and thee. Had been the better Match. Eur. No. I was thinking On two the most detested things in Nature: And they are Death and thee. Cre. The thought of Death to one near Death is dreadful; O tis a fearful thing to be no more o ir nocer ce, Or if to be, to wander after Death; To frigh er Children To walk as Spirits do, in Brakes all Days records lead bak And when the Darkness comes, to glide in Pather 30 That lead to Graves: and in the filent Vault one deed to Where lyes your own pale Shrowd, to hover o'erit, "I Striving to enter your forbidden Corps; And often, often, vainly breath your Ghost Into your lifeless Lips: Then, like a lone benighted Traveller Shut out from Lodging, shall your Groans be answered at By whiftling Winds, whose every Blast will shake 31 14 Your tender Form to Atoms. Eur. Must I be this thin Being? and thus wander!

No Quiet after Death!

Tre. None: you must leave
This beauteous Body; all this Youth and Freshness
Must be no more the object of Desire,
But a cold lump of Clay;
Which then your discontented Ghost will leave,
And loath its former Lodging.
This is the best of what comes after Death,
Ev'n to the best.

Eur. What then shall be thy Lot!

Eternal Torments, Baths of boiling Sulphur:
Vicissitudes of Fires, and then of Frosts;
And an old Guardian Fiend, ugly as thou art,
To hollow in thy Ears at every Lash;
This for Eurydice; these for her Advastus.

Cre. For her Adrastus!

For Death shall se'er divide us: Death, what's Death!

Dioc. You seem'd to fear it.

Eur. But I more fear Creen: To take that hunch-back'd Monster in my Arms;

Th' excrescence of a Man.

Dioc. to Cre. See what you've gain'd.

Esr. Death only can be dreadful to the Bad:
To Innocence, 'tis like a bug-dear drefs'd
To frighten Children; pull but off his Mafque

And he'll appear a Friend.

Ore. You talk too flightly

Of Death and Fiell. Let me inform you better.

Eur. You best can tell the News of your own Country, Dice, Nay now you are too sharp.

Ear. Can I be fo to one who has accused me Of Murder and of Parricide?

Gre. You provok'd me:

And yet I only did thus far accuse you. As next of Blood to Lajus: Be advised. And you may live.

Eur. The Means? Cre. 'Tis offer'd you.

The Fool Adrastus has accus'd himself.

Eur. He has indeed, to take the Guilt from me. Cre. He fays he loves you; if he does, 'tis well:

He ne'er cou'd prove it in a better Time.

Eur. Then Death must be his recompence for Love! Cre. 'Tis a Fool's just Reward: The wife can make a better use of Life:

But 'tis the young Min's Pleasure; his Ambition:

I grudge him not that Favour. Eur. When he's dead,

Where shall I find his Equal! Cre. Every where.

Fine empty things, like him, The Court Swarms with 'em.

Fine fighting things; in Camps they are so common, Crows feed on nothing elfe: plenty of Fools;

A glut of 'em in Thebes.

And Fortune still takes care they shou'd be seen: She places 'em aloft, o'th' topmost Spoke Of all her Wheel: Fools are the daily Work

Of Nature; her Vocation; if the form A Man, she loses by't, 'tis too expensive; 'Twou'd make ten Fools: A Man's a Prodigy:

Eur. That is a Qreon: O thou black Detractor, Who spitt'st thy Venom against Gods and Men! Thou Enemy of Eyes:

Thou who lov'st nothing but what nothing loves, And that's thy felf: who hast conspir'd against My Life and Fame, to make me loath'd by all: And only fit for thee.

But for Adrastus Death, good Gods, his Death! What Curse shall I invent?

Diec. No more: he's here. Eur. He shall be ever here.

He who wou'd give his Life; give up his Fame.-Emm Adraitus.

Adr.

If all the Excellence of Woman-kind Were mine; No, 'tis too little all for him: Were I made up of endless, endless Joys,

Air. And so thou art:

The Man who loves like me,
Wou'd think ev'n Infamy, the worst of Ills,
Were cheaply purchas'd, were thy Love the Price:
Uncrown'd, a Captive, nothing lest, but Henour;
'Tis the last thing a Prince shou'd throw away;
But when the Storm grows loud, and threatens Love,
Throw ev'n that over-board, for Love's the Jewel;

And last it must be kept.

Cre. to Dioc. Work him be sure

To Rage, he's passionate;

Make him the Aggressor.

Dioc. O false Love, false Honour. Cre. Diffembled both, and false!

Adr. Dar'ft thou fay this to me!

Ore. To you! why what are you, that I should fear you?

I am not Lojus: Hear me, Prince of Argos, You give what's nothing, when you give your Honour;

"Tis gone; 'tis lost in Battle. For your Love, Vows made in Wine are not so false as that:

You kill'd her Father; you confess'd you did:

A mighty Argument to prove your Passion to the Daughter.

Adv. [Aside.] Gods, must I bear this Brand, and not retore

The lye to his foul Throat!

Disc. Basely you kill'd him.

Adr. [Afide.] O, I burn inward: my Blood's all o'fire.

Alcides, when the poison'd Shirt sate closest,

Had but an Ague fit to this my Feaver. Yet, for Emydice, ev'n this I'll suffer,

To free my Love. Well then, I kill'd him basely.

Cre. Fairly, I'm fure, you cou'd not,

Dioc. Nor alone.

Cre. You had your fellow-Thieves about you, Prince; They conquer'd, and you kill'd.

Adr. [Afide.] Down swelling Heart!

"Tis for thy Princess all.—O my Eurydice!— [To ker. Eur. to bim. Reproach not thus the weakness of my Sex,

As if I cou'd not bear a shameful Death,

Rather than fee you burden'd with a Crime Vol. IV.

Of which I know you free.

Cre. You do ill, Madam,

To let your head-long Love triumph o'er Nature?

Dare you defend your Father's Murderer?

Eur. You know he kill'd him not.

Cre. Let him fay so.

Diec. See he stands mute.

Cre. O pow'r of Conscience, ev'n in wickel Men!
It works, it stings, it will not let him utter
One Syllable, one No to clear himself

From the most base, detested, horrid Acs.
That e'er cou'd stain a Villain, not a Prince.

Adr. Ha! Villain!

Dioc. Eccho to him Groves: cry Villain.
Adr. Let me consider! did I murther Lejus,

Thus like a Villain?

Cre. Best revoke your Words; And say you kill'd him not.

Adr. Not like a Villain; prithee change me that For any other Lye.

Dioc. No, Villain, Villain.

Cre. You kill'd him not! proclaim your Imoccace,

Accuse the Princes: So I knew 'twou'd be.

Adr. I thank thee, thou instruct it me:

No matter how I kill'd him.

Cre. [Aside.] Cool'd again.

Eur. Thou, who usurp it the facred name of Conscient.
Did not thy own declare him innocent;

To me declare him fo? The King shall know it.

Cre. You will not be believ'd, for I'll forswear it.

Eur. What's now thy Confcience?

Cre. Tis my Slave, my Drudge, my fupple Glove, My upper Garment, to put on, throw off,

As I think best: 'Tis my obedient Conscience.

Adr. Infamous Wretch!

One. My Confcience shall not do me the ill Office To save a Rival's Life; when thou art dead, (As dead thou shalt be, or be yet more base Than thou think's me,

Draws.

[Fight.

By forfeiting her Life, to fave thy own. —) Know this, and let it grate thy very Soul, She shall be mine: (she is, if Vows were binding;) Mark me, the Fruit of all thy Faith and Passion, Ev'n of thy foolish Death, shall all be mine.

Adr. Thine, fay'st thou, Monster; Shall my Love be thine? O, I can bear no more! Thy cunning Engines have with labour rais'd My heavy Anger, like a mighty Weight, To fall and path thee dead.

See here thy Nuptials; see, thou rash Ixion, Thy promised June vanished in a Cloud; And in her Room avenging Thunder rowls

To blaft thee thus. --- Come both. -

Both Draw. Cre. 'Tis what I wish'd!

Now see whose Arm can lanch the surer Bolt, And who's the better fove! -

Eur. Help; Murther, help!

Enter Hamon and Guards, run betwirt them and heat down their Swords.

Ham. Hold; hold your impious Hands: I think the Furies, To whom this Grove is hallow'd, have inspir'd you: Now, by my Soul, the holiest Earth of Thebes You have profan'd with War. Nor Tree, nor Plant Grows here, but what is fed with Magick Juice, All full of humane Souls; that cleave their Barks To dance at Midnight by the Moon's pale Beams: At least two hundred Years these reverend Shades Have known no Blood, but of black Sheep and Oren, Shed by the Priest's own Hand to Proserpine.

Adr. Forgive a Stranger's Ignorance: I knew not

The Honours of the Place.

Hem. Thou, Creon, didft. Not Oedipus, were all his Foes here lodg'd, Durst violate the Religion of these Groves, To touch one fingle Hair: but must, unarm'd, Parle as in Truce, or furlily avoid What most he long'd to kill.

Cre. I drew not first; But in my own Defence.

Adr. I was provok'd

Beyond Man's Patience: all Reproach cou'd urge Was us'd to kindle one not apt to bear.

Ham. Tis Oedipus, not I, must judge this Act: Lord Creen, you and Diocles retire:

Tirefias, and the Brother-hood of Priests, Approach the Place: None at these Rites assists. But you th' accus'd, who by the Mouth of Lajus Must be absolv'd or doom'd.

Adr. I bear my Fortune.

Eur. And I provoke my Tryal.

Ham. 'Tis at Hand.

For fee the Prophet comes with Vervin crown'd,
The Priests with Yeugh, a venerable Band;
We leave you to the Gods.

[Ex. Hæmon with Creon and Diocle.

Enter Tirefias, led by Manto: The Priests follow; all classical
in long black Habits.

Tir. Approach, ye Lovers;
I'll-fated Pair! whom, feeing not, I know:
This Day your kindly Stars in Heav'n were join'd:
When lo, an envious Planet interpos'd,
And threaten'd both with Death: I fear, I fear.

Ext. Is there no God fo much a Friend to Love, Who can controul the Malice of our Fate?

Are they all deaf? or have the Giants Heav'n?

Tir. The Gods are just.—
But how can Finite measure Infinite?
Reason! alas, it does not know it self!
Yet Man, vain Man, wou'd with this short-lin'd Plummet,
Fathom the vast Abyss of heav'nly Justice.
Whatever is, is in its Causes just;
Since all things are by Fate. But purblin'd Man
Sees but a part o'th' Chain; the nearest Links;
His Eyes not carrying to that equal Beam

That poifes all above.

Eur. Then we must dye!

Tir. The Danger's imminent this Day.

Air. Why then there's one Day less for humane Ills:

And who wou'd moan himself, for suffering that,

Which in a Day must pass? something, or nothing

I shall be what I was again, before

I was Adrafiu;

Pemerious Heav'n, can'ft thou not add a Night To our one Day; give me a Night with her, And I'll give all the rest.

Tir. She broke her Vow
First made to Crem: but the time calls on:

And Lajas Death must now be made more plain.

How loth I am to have recourse to Rites

So full of Horrour, that I once rejoice

I want the use of Sight.

1 Pr. The Ceremonies flay.

Tir. Chuse the darkest part o'th' Grove;
Such as Ghosts at Noon-day love.
Dig a Trench, and dig it nigh
Where the Bones of Lajus lye.
Altars rais'd of Turf or Stone,
Will th' Infernal Pow'rs have none.
Answer me, if this be done?

All Pr. 'Tis done.

Tir. Is the Sacrifice made fit?
Draw her backward to the Pit:
Draw the barren Heyfer back;
Barren let her be, and black.
Cut the curled Hair that grows
Full betwixt her Horns and Brows:
And turn your Faces from the Sun:
Answer me, if this be done?

All Pr. 'Tis done.

Tir. Pour in Blood, and Blood like Wine,
To Mother Earth and Proferpine:
Mingle Milk into the Stream;
Feaft the Ghosts that love the Steam;
Snatch a Brand from Funeral Pile;
Toss it in to make 'em boil;

And turn your Faces from the Sun; Answer me, if all be done?

All Pr. All is done.

[Peal of Thunder; and Plastes of Lightning; then Greating below the Stage.

Man. O, what Laments are those?

Tir. The Groans of Ghofts, that cleave the Earth with Pain. And heave it up: they pant and Rick half way. [The Stage wholly darken'd.

Man. And now a fudden Darkness covers all, True genuine Night: Night added to the Groves; The Fogs are blown full in the Face of Heav'n.

Tir. Am I but half obey'd: Infernal Gods, Must you have Musick too? then tune your Voices, And let 'em have fuch Sounds as Hell ne'er heard Since Orpheus brib'd the Shades.

### Musick first. Then Sing.

1. Hear, ye fullen Pow'rs below: Hear, ye Taskers of the Dead.

2. You that boiling Cauldrons blow, You that scum the molten Lead.

3. You that pinch with Red-hot Tongs

1. You that drive the trembling Hofts Of poor, poor Ghofts,

With your sharpen'd Prongs; 2. You that thrust 'em off the Brim; 3. You that plunge 'em when they fwino:

I. Till they drown; Till they go

On a row

Down, dewn, down-

Ten thousand, thousand, thousand Fathoms low. Chorus. Till they drown, &c.

1. Musick for a while

Shall your Cares beguile:

Wonaring how your Pains were eas'd;

2. And disdaining to be pleas'd;

3. Till Alcoto free the dead From their eternal Bands; Till the Snakes drop from her Head, And Whip from out her Hands.

1. Come away Do not stay,

But obey While we play,

For Hell's broke up, and Ghofts have Holy-day.

Chorus. Come away, &c.

[A flash of Lightning: The Stage is made bright; and the Ghofts are seen passing betwirt the Trees.

r. Lajus! 2. Lajus! 3. Lajus!

I. Hear! 2. Hear! 2. Hear!

Tir. Hear and appear.

By the Fates that from thy Thread;

Cho. Which are three,

Tir. By the Euries fierce, and dread!

Cho. Which are three,

Tir. By the Judges of the dead!

Cho. Which are three,

Three times three!

Tir. By Hell's blue Flame:

By the Stygian Lake: And by Demogorgon's Name,

At which Ghosts quake,

Hear and appear.

[The Ghost of Lajas rises arm'd in his Chariot as he was flain. And behind his Chariot, fit the three: who were murder'd with him.

Ghoft of Lajus. Why hast thou drawn me from my Pains To fuffer worse above; to see the Day, [below] And Thebes more hated? Hell is Heav'n to Thebes. For Pity send me back, where I may hide, In willing Night, this ignominious Head: In Hell I shun the publick Scorn; and then They hunt me for their Sport, and host me as I fly: Behold ev'n now they grin at my gor'd fide,

And

And chatter at my Wounds.

Tir. I pity thee:

Tell but why Thebes is for thy Death accurst, And I'll unbind the Charm.

Ghoft. O spare my Shame.

Tir. Are these two Innocent? Ghoft. Of my Death they are.

But he who holds my Crown, Oh, must I speak! Was doom'd to do what Nature most abhors.

The Gods foresaw it; and forbad his Being, Before he yet was born. I broke their Laws,

And cloath'd with Flesh his pre-existing Soul. Some kinder Pow'r, too weak for Destiny.

Took pity, and indu'd his new form'd Mass With Temperance, Justice, Prudence, Fortitude,

And every Kingly Virtue: But in vain.

For Fate, that ient him hood-winkt to the World'

Perform'd its work by his mistaking Hands. Ask'ft thou who murder'd me? 'twas Oeditus:

Who stains my Bed with Incest? Oedipus: For whom then are you curft, but Oedipus?

He comes; the Parricide: I cannot bear him: My Wounds ake at him: Oh his murd'rous Breath

Venoms my airy Substance! hence with him.

Banish him; sweep him out; the Plague he bears Will blaft your Fields, and mark his Way with Ruin.

From Thebes, my Throne, my Bed, let him be driv'n; Do you forbid him Earth, and I'll forbid him Heav'n.

Ghoft descends. Enter Oedipus, Creon, Hæmon, &c.

Oedip. What's this! methought some pestilential Blast Struck me just entring; and some unseen Hand Struggled to push me backward! tell me why My Hair stands bristling up, why my Flesh trembles! You stare at me! then Hell has been among ye, And some lag Fiend yet lingers in the Grove.

Tir. What Omen faw'ft thou entring? Oedip. A young Stork,

That bore his aged Parent on his Back:

Till weary with the weight, she shook him off, And peck'd out both his Eyes.

Adr. Oh, Oedipus!

Eur. Oh, wretched Oedipus!

Tir. O! Fatal King!

Oesip. What mean these Exclamations on my Name? I thank the Gods, no secret Thoughts reproach me:
No: I dare challenge Heav'n to turn me outward,
And shake my Soul quite empty in your Sight.
Then wonder not that I can bear unmov'd
These fix'd Regards, and silent Threats of Eyes:
A generous Fierceness dwells with Innocence;
And conscious Virtue is allow'd some Pride.

Tir. Thou know'st not what thou say'st.

Outip. What mutters he! tell me, Eurydice:
Thou shak'st: Thy Soul's a Woman. Speak, Adrassus;
And boldly as thou met'st my Arms in sight;
Dar'st thou not speak? why then 'tis bad indeed:
Tiressus, there I summon by thy Priesshood,
Tell me what News from Hell: Where Lajus points,
And who's the guilty Head!

Tir. Let me not answer.

Oction. Be dumb then, and betray thy native Soil To farther Plagues.

Tir. I dare not name him to thee.

Oedip. Dar'st thou converse with Hell, and canst thou fear An human Name!

Tr. Urge me no more to tell a thing, which known Would make thee more unhappy: "Twill be found, Tho' I am filent.

Oedip. Old and obstinate! Then thou thy self Art Author or Accomplice of this Murther, And shun'st the Justice, which by publick Ban Thou hast incurr'd.

Tir. O, if the Guilt were mine
It were not half so great: Know wretched Man,
Thou only, thou art guilty; thy own Curse
Falls heavy on thy self.

Oedip. Speak this again: Eut speak it to the Winds when they are loudest: Or to the raging Seas, they'll hear as foon,

And sooner will believe.

Tir. Then hear me Heav'n.

For blushing thou hast seen it: Hear me Earth, Whose hollow Womb could not contain this Murder, But sent it back to Light: And thou Hell, hear me, Whose own black Seal has 'firm's this hotrid Truth, Qedipus murther'd Laises.

Oedip. Rot the Tongue,

And blafted be the Mouth that spoke that Lie.

Thou blind of Sight, but thou more blind of Soul.

Tir. Thy Parents thought not so.

Ordip. Who were my Parents?

Tir. Thou shalt know too foon.

Gedip. Why feek I Truth from thee? The Smiles of Courtiers, and the Harlots Tears, The Tradesman's Oaths, and Mourning of an Heir, Are Truths to what Priests tell. O why has Priest-hood Priviledge to lye,

And yet to be believ'd!—thy Age protects theo

The Thou canst not kill me; 'tis not in thy Fate.]
'And 'twas to kill thy Father; wed thy Mother;

And beget Sons, thy Brothers.

Oedip. Riddles, Riddles!

Tir. Thou art thy felf a Riddle; a perplete Obscure Enigma, which when thou unty's, Thou shalt be found and loss.

Oedip. Impossible!

Adrastus, speak, and as thou art a King,
Whose Royal Word is facred, clear my Fame.

Adr. Wou'd I cou'd!

Oedip. Ha, wilt thou not: Can that Phobian Vice
Of Lying Mount to Kings! can they be tainted!
Then Truth is loft on Earth.

Cre. The Cheat's too gross:

Adrasius is his Oracle, and he,
The pious Juggler, but Adrasius' Organ.

Qedip.

Oedip. "Tis plain, the Priest's suborn'd to free the Pris'ner-Cre. And turn the Guilt on you.

Oedip. O, honest Green, how hast thou been bely'd?

Eur. Hear me.

Cre. She's brib'd to fave her Lover's Life.

Adr. If, Oedipus, thou think'ft-

Gre. Hear him not speak.

Air. Then hear these holy Men.

Cre. Priests, Priests all brib'd, all Priests.

Oedip. Adraffus I have found thee:

The Malice of a vanquish'd Man has seiz'd thee.

Adr. If Envy and not Truth-

Oedip. I'll hear no more: Away with him.

[Harmon sakes him off by force: Creon and Eurydice follow.

To I'r.] Why stand'st thou here, Impostor! So old, and yet so wicked — Lie for Gain; And Gain so short as Age can promise thee!

Tir. So short a time as I have yet to live Exceeds thy pointed Hour; Remember Lajus: No more; if e'er we meet again, 'twill be In mutual Darkness; we shall feel before us To reach each other's Hand; remember Lajus.

[Ex. Tirclias: Priofts follow.

Remember Loyan? that's the Burden still:
Murther and Incest! but to hear 'em nam'd
My Soul starts in me: The good Sentinel
Stands to her Weapons; takes the first Alarm
To Guard me from such Crimes—Did I kill Lajus?
Then I walk'd sleeping, in some frightful Dream,
My Soul thea stole my Body out by Night;
And brought me back to Bed e'er Morning-wake.
It cannot be ev'n this remotest Way,
But some dark hint would justle forward now,
And good my Memery—Oh my Jocasta!

Enter Jocasta.

foc. Why are you thus disturb'd? Occip. Why, would'st thou think it?

No

No less than Murder.

Joc. Murder! what of Murder?

Oedip. Is Murder then no more? add Parricide, And Incest; bear not these a frightful Sound?

Foc. Alas!

Oedip. How poor a Pity is Alas

For two fuch Crimes!—was Lajus us'd to lie?

Jos. Oh no: The most fincere, plain, honest Man-

One who abhorr'd a Lie.

Oedip. Then he has got that Quality in Hell. He charges me—but why accuse I him? I did not hear him speak it: They accuse me; The Priest, Adrassus and Eurydice,

Of murdering Lajus—Tell me, while I think on't,

Has old Tirefus practis'd long this Trade?

Foc. What Trade?

Oedip. Why, this foretelling Trade?

Joc. For many Years.

Ordip. Has he before this Day accus'd me?

Joc. Never.

Oedip. Have you e're this inquir'd, who did this Murder? Joe. Often; but still in vain.

Oedip. I am fatisfy'd.

Then 'tis an Infant-lie; but one Day old. The Oracle takes place before the Priest; The Blood of Lajus was to murder Lajus: I'm not of Lajus's Blood.

Joc. Ev'n Oracles
Are always doubtful, and are often forg'd:
Lajus had one, which never was fulfill'd,
Nor eyer can be now!

Oedip. And what foretold it?

Joe. That he should have a Son by me, fore-doom'd The Murderer of his Father: True indeed, A Son was born; but, to prevent that Crime, The wretched Infant of a guilty Fate, Bor'd through his untry'd Feet, and bound with Cords, On a bleak Mountain, naked was expos'd:

The King himself liv'd many, many Years,

And

And found a different Fate; by Robbers murder'd, Where three Ways meet: Yet these are Oracles; And this the Faith we owe 'em.

Oedip. Sayft thou, Woman?

By Heav'n thou hast awaken'd somewhat in me, That shakes my very Soul!

Joe. What, new Disturbance! [faid'st it!]
Oedip. Methought thou said'st—(or do I dream thou
This Murder was on Lajus Person done,

Where three Ways meet?

Joe. So common Fame reports.

Oedip. Would it had ly'd. Joe. Why, good my Lord?

Oedip. No Questions:

Tis busic time with me; dispatch mine first;

Say where, where was it done!

Joc. Mean you the Murder?

Oedip. Could'st thou not answer without naming Murder f for. They say in Phocide; on the Verge that parts it From Daulia, and from Delphos.

Oedip. So!—How long! when happen'd this! for. Some little time before you came to Thebes,

Oedip. What will the Gods do with me!

for. What means that Thought?

Oedip. Something: But 'tis not yet your Turn to ask: How old was Lajus, what his Shape, his Stature,

His Action, and his Meen? quick, quick, your Answerfoc. Big made he was, and tall: His Port was fierce,

Erect his Countenance: Manly Majesty Sate in his Front, and darted from his Eyes,

Commanding all he viewed: His Hair just grizled,

As in a green old Age: Bate but his Years, You are his Picture.

ou are his Picture. [Picture? Oedip. [Afide.] Pray Heav'n he drew me not! am I his Joc. So I have often told you.

Oedip. True, you have;

Add that to the rest: How was the King Attended when he travell'd?

Joc. By four Servants:

He west out privately.

Oedip. Well counted still: One scap'd I hear; what fince became of him? Foc. When he beheld you first, as King in Theber,

He kneel'd, and trembling beg'd I wou'd difmits him: He had my Leave; and now he lives retird.

Odio. This Man must be produc'd; he must, Josefia. Foc. He shall --- yet have I leave to ask you why? Oedip. Yes, you shall know: For where should I repose The Anguith of my Soul, but in your Breat!

I need not tell you Coverb claims my Birth; My Parents, Polybus and Merope, Two Royal Names; their only Child am I. It happen'd once; 'twas at a Bridal Feast, One warm with Wine, told me I was a Foundling, Not the King's Son; I stung with this Reproach, Struck him: My Father heard of it: The Man Was made ask Pardon; and the Bufiness hush'd.

Juc. 'Twas somewhat odd.

Oedip. And strangely it perplext me. I stole away to Delphos, and implor'd The God, to tell my certain Parentage. He bade me feek no farther: Twas my Fate To kill my Father, and pollute his Bed, By marrying her who bore me.

Foc. Vain, vain Oracles! Oedip. But yet they frighted me; I lookt on Cormeb as a Place accurft, Refolv'd my Destiny should wait in vain; And never catch me there.

Foc. Too nice a Fear.

Oedip. Suspend your Thoughts', and flatter not too soon. Rust in the Place you nam'd, where three Ways meet, And near that time, five Persons I encounter'd; One was too like, (Heav'n grant it prove not him) Whom you describe for Lajus: Insolent And fierce they were, as Men who liv'd on Spoil. I judg'd 'em Robbers, and by Force repell'd The Force they us'd: In short, four Men I slew:

The

The fifth upon his Knees demanding Life, My Mercy gave it——Bring me Comfort now, If I flew Lajus, what can be more wretched! From Thebes and you my Curse has banish'd me: From Corinth Fate.

Joc. Perplex not thus your Mind;
My Husband fell by Multitudes oppress,
So Phorbas said: This Band you chanc'd to meet;
And murder'd not my Lajus, but reveng'd him.

# \*\*\*COSICEETSEETSOOP!\*\*

## ACT IV. SCENE I.

Enter Pyracmon and Creon.

Pyr. Some Business of Import that Triumph wears
You seem to go with; nor is it hard to guess
When you are pleas'd, by a malicious Joy:
Whose red and siery Beams cast through your Visage:
A glowing Pleasure. Sure you smile Revenge,
And I could gladly hear.

Cre. Would'st thou believe!
This giddy hair-brain'd King, whom old Tiresias.
Has Thunder-struck with heavy Accusation,
The' conscious of no inward Guilt, yet fears;
He fears Jecasia, fears himself, his Shadow;
He fears the Multitude; and, which is worth

An

An Age of Laughter, out of all Mankind, He chuses me to be his Orator: Swears that Adrafius, and the lean-look'd Prophet, Are joint Conspirators; and wish'd me to Appeale the raving Theban; which I swore To do.

Pyr. A dangerous Undertaking: Directly opposite to your own Interest.

Cre. No, dull Pyragues; when I left his Presence, With all the Wings with which Revenge could imp My Flight, I gain'd the midft o'th' City; There, flanding on a Pile of dead and dying, I to the mad and fickly Multitude, With interrupting Sobs, cry'd out, O Thebes, O wretched Thebes, thy King, thy Oedipus, This barbarous Stranger, this Usurper, Monster, Is by the Oracle, the wife Tirefias, Proclaim'd the Murderer of thy Royal Lajus: Jecasta too, no longer now my Sister, Is found Complotter in the horrid Deed. Here I renounce all tye of Blood and Nature, For thee, O Thebes, dear Thebes, poor bleeding Thebes. And there I wept, and then the Rabble howld, And roar'd, and with a thousand antick Mouths Gabbled Revenge, Revenge was all the Cry..

Pyr. This cannot fail: I see you on the Throne;

And Oedipus cast out.

Gre. Then strait came on Alemder, with a wild and bellowing Croud, Whom he had wrought; I whisper'd him to join, And head the Forces while the Heat was in 'em: So to the Palace I return'd, to meet The King, and greet him with another Story. But see, he enters.

Enter Oedipus and Jocasta, attended. Oedip. Said you that Phorbas is return'd, and yet Intreats he may return, without being ask'd Of ought concerning what we have discover'd?

Then, falling on his Knees; begg'd, as for Life, To be dismiss'd from Court: He trembled too, As if convulsive Death had saiz'd upon him, And stammer'd in his abrupt Pray'r so widly, That had he been the Murderer of Lojus, Coult, and Discretion could not have shock him.

Guilt and Diftraction could not have shock him more.

Oedip. By your Description, sure as Plagues and Death
Lay waste our Thebes, some deed that shous the Light
Begot those sears: If thou respect it my Peace,
Secure him, dear Josasta; for my Genius

Shrinks at his Name.

Joc. Rather let him go: So my poor boding Heart would have it be, Without a Reason.

Oedip. Hark, the Thebans come! Therefore retire: And, once more, if theu lov'st me,

Let Phorbus be retain'd. foc. You shall, while I

Have Life, be still obey'd:
In vain you sooth me with your soft Indearments,
And set the fairest Countenance to view,
Your gloomy Eyes, my Lord, betray a Deadness
And inward Languishing: That Oracle
Eats like a subtil Worm its venom'd Way,
Preys on your Heart, and rots the noble Core,
How-e'er the beauteous Out-side shews so lovely.

Oedip. O, thou wilt kill me with thy Love's excess!
All, all is well; retire, the Thebans come.

[Ex. Joc.

Ghoft. Oedipus!

Oedip. Ha! again that Scream of Woe! Thrice have I heard, thrice fince the Moraing dawn'd It hollow'd loud, as if my Guardian Spirit Call'd from fome vaulted Mansion, Oedipus! Or is it but the Work of Melancholy? When the Sun sets, Shadows, that shew'd at Noon But small, appear most long and terrible;

So when we think Fate hovers o'er our Heads, Our Apprehensions shoot beyond all bounds, Owls, Ravens, Crickets feem the Watch of Death, Nature's worst Vermin scare her God-like Sons. Ecchoes, the very leavings of a Voice, Grow babling Ghosts, and call us to our Graves: Each Mole-hill Thought fwells to a huge Olympus, While we fantastick Dreamers heave and puff, And fweat with an Imagination's weight; As if, like Atlas, with these mortal Shoulders We could fustain the Burden of the World.

[Creon comes forward.

Cre. O, facred Sir, my Reyal Lord-Oedip. What now? Thou seem'st affrighted at some dreadful Action, Thy Breath comes thort, thy darted Eyes are fixt On me for Aid, as if thou wert purfu'd: I fent thee to the Thebans, speak thy Wonder; Fear not, this Palace is a Sanctuary, The King himself's thy Guard.

Cre. For me, alas, YOUR! My Life's not worth a Thought, when weight with But fly, my Lord; fly as your Life is facred; Your Fate is precious to your faithful Creen, Who therefore, on his Knees, thus profirate begs You would remove from Thebes that yows your Ruin: When I but offer'd at your Innocence, They gather'd Stones, and menac'd me with Death, And drove me through the Streets, with Imprecations Against your sacred Person, and those Traitors Which justify'd your Guilt: Which curs'd Tresus Told, as from Heav'n, was cause of their Destruction.

Oedip. Rife, worthy Creen, hafte and take our Guard, Rank 'em in equal Part upon the Square. Then open every Gate of this our Palace. Sheet. And let the Torrent in. Hark, it comes. I hear 'em roar: Begon, and break down all The Dams that would oppose their furious Passage. [Br. Creen with Gund.

Enter Adrastus, his Sword drawn.

Adv. Your City
Is all in Arms, all bent to your Destruction:
I heard but now, where I was close confin'd,
A thundring Shout, which made my Jaylors vanish,
Cry, Fire the Palace; where's the cruel King?
Yet, by th' Infernal Gods, those awful Pow'rs
That have accus'd you, which these Ears have heard,
And these Eyes seen, I must believe you guiltless;
For, since I knew the Royal Oedipus,
I have observ'd in all his Acts such Truth
And God-like Clearness; that to the last gush.
Of Blood and Spirits, I'll defend his Life,
And here have sworn to perish by his Side.
Oed. Be witness, Gods, how near this touches me,

[Embracing him.]
O what, what Recompence can Glory make?

Adr. Defend your Innocence, speak like your self,
And awe the Rebels with your dauntless Virtue.
But, hark! the Storm comes nearer.

Oedip. Let it come.

The force of Majesty is never known
But in a general Wrack: Then then is facti
The Difference 'twixt a Threshold and a Throne.

Enter Creon, Pyracmon, Alcander, Tirefias, Thebans.

Alc. Where, where's this cruel King? Thebans, behold
There stands your Plague, the Ruin, Desolation
Of this unhappy———speak; shall I kill him?
Or shall he be cast out to Banishment?

All Theb. To Banishment, away with him.
Oedip. Hence, you Barbarians, to your slavish Distance;
Fix to the Earth your fordid Looks; for he
Who stirs, dares more than Mad-men, Fiends, or Furies.
Who dares to face me, by the Gods, as well
May brave the Majesty of Thundring Jove.
Did I for this relieve you when besieg'd
By this sterce Prince, when coop'd within your Walls,
And to the very brink of Fate reduc'd;
When lean-jaw'd Famine made more Havock of you,

Than

Than does the Plague? But I rejoyce I know you, Know the base Stuff that temper'd your vile Souls: The Gods be prais'd, I needed not your Empire, Born to a greater, nobler, of my own; Nor shall the Scepter of the Earth now win me To rule such Brutes, so barbarous a People.

Adr. Methinks, my Lord, I see a sad Repentance,

A general Consternation spread among 'em.

Ordip. My Reign is at an end; yet e'er I finish—I'll do a Justice that becomes a Monarch,
A Monarch, who, i'th' midst of Swords and Javelins,
Dares act as on his Throne encompast round
With Nations for his Guard. Alcander, you
Are nobly born, therefore shall lose your Head: [Seizes him.
Here, Hamm, take him: but for this, and this,
Let Cords dispatch 'em. Hence, away with 'em.

The O facted Prince, pardon distracted Thebes, Pardon her, if she acts by Heaven's Award; If that th' Infernal Spirits have declar'd The depth of Fate, and if our Oracles May speak, O do not too severely deal, But let thy wretched Thebes at least complain? If thou art guilty, Heav'n will make it known; If innocent, then let Tiresias dye.

Oedip. I take thee at thy Word. Run, haste, and save Al-I swear the Prophet, or the King shall dye. Be Witness, all you Thebans, of my Oath;

And Phorbas be the Umpire.

Tir. I fubmit.

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[Trumpets found.

Oedip. What mean those Trumpets?

Enter Hæmon with Alcander, &c.

Ham. From your Native Country, Great Sir, the fam'd Ægen is arriv'd; That renown'd Favourite of the King your Father: He comes as an Ambassador from Carinth, And sues for Audience.

Oedip. Hafte, Henon, fly, and tell him that I burn T' embrace him.

Hem.

Ham. The Queen, my Lord, at present holds him In private Conference; but behold her here. Enter Jocasta, Eurydice, &c.

Toc. Hail, happy Oedipus, happiost of Kings? Henceforth be bleft, bleft as thou canst defire, Sleep without Fears the blackest Nights away; Let Furies haunt thy Palace, thou shalt sleep Secure, thy Slumbers shall be fost and gentle As Infants Dreams.

Oedip. What does the Soul of all my Joys intend? And whither would this Rapture?

Foc. O, I could rave,

Pull down those lying Fanes, and burn that Vault, From whence refounded those false Oracles, That robb'd my Love of Rest: if we must pray, Rear in the Streets bright Altars to the Gods, Let Virgins Hands adorn the Sacrifice; And not a Gray-beard forging Priest come near, To pry into the Bowels of the Victim, And with his Dotage mad the gaping World. But see, the Oracle that I will trust, True as the Gods, and affable as Men.

Enter Ægeon, Kneels.

Oedip. O, to my Arms, welcome, my dear Ægem; Ten thousand welcomes, O, my Foster-Father, Welcome as Mercy to a Man condemn'd! Welcome to me,

As, to a finking Mariner, The lucky Plank that bears him to the Shore! But speak, O tell me what so mighty joy Is this thou bring'st, which so transports Jocasta?

Joc. Peace, Peace, Ageon, let Jocasta tell him! O that I could for ever Charm, as now, My dearest Oedipus: Thy Royal Father, Polybus, King of Corinth, is no more.

Oedip. Ha! can it be? Ægeon, answer me, And speak in short, what my Jocasta's transport May over-do.

Æge. Since in few Words, my Royal Lord, you ask

To know the Truth; King Polybus is dead.

Oedip. O all you Powers, is't possible? what, dead!

But that the Tempest of my Joy may rise

By just degrees, and hit at last the Stars:

Say, how, how dy'd he? Ha! by Sword, by Fire,

Or Water? by Assalinates, or Poyson? speak:

Or did he languish under some Disease?

Ege. Of no Distemper, of no Blast he dy'd,—But fell like Autumn-Fruit that mellow'd long: Ev'n wonder'd at, because he dropt no sooner. Fate seem'd to wind him up for sourscore Years; Yet freshly ran he on ten Winters more: Till, like a Clock worn out with eating Time, The Wheels of weary Life at last stood still.

Oedip. O, let me press thee in my youthful Arms, And smother thy old Age in my Embraces. Yes Thebans, yes Yocasta, yes Adrastus, Old Polybus, the King my Father's dead. Fires shall be kindled in the midst of Thebas; I'th' midst of Tumult, Wars, and Pestilence, I will rejoyce for Polybus his Death. Know, be it known to the limits of the World; Yet farther, let it pass you dazling Roof, The Mansion of the Gods, and strike 'em deat With everlasting Peals of thundring Joy.

Tir. Fate! Nature! Fortune! what is all this World?
Oedip. Now, Dotard; now, thou blind old wizard Proplet,
Where are your boding Ghosts, your Altars now;
Your Birds of Knowledge, that, in dusky Air,
Chatter Futurity; and where are now
Your Oracles, that call'd me Parricide?
Is he not dead? deep laid in? Monument?
And was not I in Thebes when Fate attack'd him?
Avant, begon, you Vizors of the Gods!
Were I as other Sons, now I should weep;
But, as I am, I've Reason to rejoyce:
And will, tho' his cold Shade should rife and blast me.
O, for this Death, let Waters break their Bounds,

Rocks

Rocks, Valleys, Hills, with splitting Io's ring: Io, Focasta, Io poean fing.

Tir. Who would not now conclude a happy End?

But all Fate's turns are swift and unexpected.

Æge. Your Royal Mother Merepe, as if She had no Soul fince you forfook the Land,

Waves all the neighb'ring Princes that adore her. (speak.) Oedip. Waves all the Princes! poor Heart! for what? O

Æge. She, tho' in full-blown Flow'r of glorious Beauty, Grows cold, ev'n in the Summer of her Age: And, for your fake, has fworn to dye unmarry'd.

Oedip. How! for my sake, dye, and not marry! O,

My Fit returns.

Age. This Diamond, with a thousand Kiffes bleft, With thousand Sighs and Wishes for your Safety, She charg'd me give you, with the general Homage Of our Corinthian Lords.

Oedip. There's Magick in it, take it from my Sight; There's not a Beam it darts, but carries Hell, Hot flashing Luft, and Necromantick Incest: Take it from these sick Eyes, Oh hide it from me. No, my Jocasta, tho' Thebes cast me out, While Merope's alive, I'll ne'er return! O, rather let me walk round the wide World A Beggar, than accept a Diadem On such abhorr'd Conditions.

Foc. You make, my Lord, your own Unhappiness,

By these extravagant and needless Fears.

Oedip. Needleis! O, all you Gods! By Heav'n I'd grather Embrue my Arms up to my very Shoulders In the dear Entrails of the best of Fathers, Than offer at the execrable Act

Of damn'd Ineest: therefore no more of her. Æge. And why, O facred Sir, if Subjects may Presume to look into their Monarch's Breast, Why should the Chaste and Spotless Merope Infuse such Thoughts as I must blush to Name?

Oedip. Because the God of Delphos did forewarn me,

With Thundring Oracles.

Æge. May I intreat to know 'em? Oedip. Yes, my Egen; but the fad Remembrance Quite blasts my Soul: see then the swelling Priest! Methinks I have his Image now in View; He mounts the Tripes in a Minute's space, His clouded Head knocks at the Temple roof, While from his Mouth (to fail) These dismal Words are heard:

44 Fly, Wretch, whom Fate has doom'd thy Father's Blood 44 And with prepoftrous Births, thy Mother's Womb will

Age. Is this the Caufe

Why you refuse the Diadem of Corinth?

Oedip. The Cause! why, is it not a monfrous one? Æge. Great Sir, you may return; and the you should Enjoy the Queen (which all the Gods forbid)

The Act would prove no Incest.

Oedip. How, Egeon? Tho' I enjoy'd my Mother, not incestuous! Thou ravist, and so do I; and these all catch My madness; look, they're dead with deep Distraction: Not Incest! what, not Incest with my Mother?

Æge. My Lord, Queen Merope is not your Mother. Oedip. Ha! did I hear thee right? not Merope

My Mother!

Age. Nor was Polybus your Father. Oedip. Then all my Days and Nights must now be spent In curious Search, to find out those dark Parents Who gave me to the World; speak then Ægem, By all the Gods Celestial and Infernal, By all the tyes of Nature, Blood, and Friendship, Conceal not from this rack'd despairing King A Point or fmallest Grain of what thou know'st:

Speak then, O answer to my Doubts directly. If Royal Polybus was not my Father. Why was I call'd his Son?

Æge. He, from my Arms,

Receiv'd you as the fairest Gift of Nature. Not but you were adorn'd with all the Riches That Empire could bestow in costly Mantles

Upon

Upon its Infant Heir.

Oedip. But was I made the Heir of Corinto's Crown, Because Ægeon's Hands presented me?

Æge. By my Advice,

Being past all hope of Children,

He took, embrac'd, and own'd you for his Son.

Oedip. Perhaps I then am your's; instruct me, Sir: If it be so, I'll kneel and weep before you, With all th' Obedience of a penitent Child, Imploring Pardon.

Kill me if you pleafe, 🤻

I will not writhe my Body at the Wound: But fink upon your Feet with a last Sigh, And ask Forgiveness with my dying Hands.

Æge. O rise, and call not to this aged Cheek The little Blood which should keep warm my Heart; You are not mine, nor ought I to be bleft With fuch a God-like Off-spring. Sir, I found you

Upon the Mount Citheron.

Oedip. O speak, go on, the Air grows sensible Of the great things you utter, and is calm: The hurry'd Orbs, with Storms so rack'd of late, Seem to stand still, as if that Jove were talking. Citheron! speak, the Valley of Citheron!

Æge. Oft-times before I thither did resort, Charm'd with the Conversation of a Man Who led a rural Life, and had Command O'er all the Shepherds who about those Vales Tended their numerous Flocks: in this Man's Arms I faw you smiling at a fatal Dagger, Whose Point he often offer'd at your Throat; But then you smil'd, and then he drew it back, Then lifted it again, you smil'd again: Till he at last in fury threw it from him, And cry'd aloud, the Gods forbid thy Death. Then I rush'd in, and, after some Discourse, To me he did bequeath your innocent Life; And I, the welcome Care to Polybus.

Oedip. To whom belongs the Master of the Shepherds? Vot. IV.

Ege. His Name I knew not, or I have forget: That he was of the Family of Lajas, I well remember.

Oedip. And is your Friend alive? for if he be, I'll buy his Presence, tho' it cost my Crown,

Ege. Your monial Attendants beft can tell Whether he lives, or not; and who has now His Place.

Winds, bear me to force barren Hand, Where print of humane Feet was never from O'er-grown with Weeds of fuch mentions Height Their baleful Tops are wash'd with bellying Clouds: Beneath whose venomous Shade I may have vent For Horrors that would biast the Barbarous World.

Oedip. If there be any here that knows the Perform Whom he describ'd, I charge him on his Life To speak; Concealment shall be sudden Death; But he well be suggested to the state of the second But he well have known to the second of the seco

Beyond Ambition's Luft.

Tir. His Name is Phorbus:

Jocasta knows him well; but if I may

Advise, Rest where you are, and seek no farther.

Oedip. Then all goes well, since Phorbus is secured
By my focustus. Haste, and bring him forth:
My Love, my Queen, give Orders. Ha! what mean
These Tears, and Groams, and Struglings? speak, my Fain
What are thy Troubles?

Joc. Yours, and yours are mine: Let me conjure you take the Brephet's Counsel, And let this Phorbus go.

Oedip. Not for the World.

By all the Gods, I'll know my Birth, tho' Death Attends the Search: I have already past The middle of the Stream; and to return Seems greater Labour, than to venture o'er; Therefore produce him.

Joc. Once more, by the Gods,
I beg, my Oedipus, my Lord, my Life,
My Love, my all, my only utmost Hope.

I beg you, banish, Phorbas: O, the Gods, I kneel, that you may grant this first Request. Deny me all things else; but, for my Sake, And as you prize your own eternal Quiet, Never let Phorbas come into your Presence.

Oedip. You must be rais'd, and Phorbas shall appear, Tho' his dread Eyes were Basilists. Guards, haste, Search the Queen's Lodgings; find, and force him hither. [Execut Guards.

Jec. O, Gedipas, yet fend,
And flop their Entrance, e're it be too late:
Unless you wish to see Josasta rent
With Furies, slain out-right with meer Distraction,
Keep from your Eyes and mine the dreadful Phorpas.
Forbear this Search, I'll think you more than Mortal;
Will you yet hear me?

Enter Hamon, Guards, with Phorbas. For. Prepare then, wretched Prince, prepare to hear A Story, that shall turn thee into Stone. Could there be hew'n a monstrous Gap in Nature, A flaw made through the Center, by some God, Through which the Groans of Ghosts might strike thy Ears, They would not wound thee, as this Story will. Hark, hark! a hollow Voice calls out aloud, Focasta: Yes, I'll to the Royal Bed, Where first the Mysteries of our Loves were acted, And double dye it with imperial Crimson; Tear off this curling Hair, Be gorg'd with Fire, stab every vital Part, And, when at last I'm slain, to Crown the horrour, My poor tormented Ghost shall cleave the Ground, To try if Hell can yet more deeply wound.

Occip. She's gone; and as she went, methought her Eyes Grew larger, while a thousand frantick Spirits Seething, like rising Bubbles, on the Brim,

T 2

Peep'd from the watry Brink, and glow'd upon me.
I'll feek no more; but huth my Genius up
That throws me on my Fate.—Impossible!
O wretched Man, whose too too busie Thoughts
Ride swifter than the galloping Heav'ns round,
With an eternal hurry of the Soul:
Nay, there's a time when ev'n the rowling Year
Seems, to stand Rill, dead Calms are in the Ocean,
When not a Breath disturbs the drowzy Waves:
But Man, the very Monster of the World,
Is ne'er at rest, the Soul for ever wakes.
Come then, since Destiny thus drives us on,
Let's know the Bottom. Hamon, you I sent:
Where is that Phorbas?

Ham: Here, my Royal Lord.

Oedip. Speak first, Ægeon, say, is this the Man?
Æge. My Lord, it is: Tho Time has plough'd that Face
With many Furrows since I saw it first; (get it.
Yet I'm too well acquainted with the Ground, quite to for-

Oedip. Peace; stand back awhile. Come hither Friend; I hear thy Name is Phorbas.

Why dost thou turn thy Face? I charge thee answer To what I shall enquire: Wert thou not once The Servant of King Lajus here in Thebes?

Phor. I was, great Sir, his true and faithful Servant; Born and bred up in Court, no foreign Slave. (ment? Oedip. What Office hadft thou? what was thy Employ-

Phor. He made me Lord of all his Rural Pleasures;
For much he lov'd 'em: oft I entertain'd

With sporting Swains, o'er whom I had command.

With iporting Swains, o er whom I had command.

Old Where wasthy Refidence? to what part o'th' Country

Didft thou most frequently resort?

Phor. To Mount Citharon, and the pleasant Vallies

Which all about lye shadowing its large Feet.

Oedip. Come forth Egeon. Ha! why ftart's thou Phorbus? Forward I say, and Face to Face confront him; Look wistly on him, through him, if thou canst, And tell me on thy Life, say, dost thou know him? Didst thou e'er see him? converse with him

Near

Near Mount Citheron !

Phor. Who, my Lord, this Man?

Oedip. This Man, this old, this venerable Man:

Speak, did'st thou ever meet him there?"

Phor. Where, facred Sir?

Oedip. Near Mount Citharon; answer to the Purpole,

'Tis a King speaks; and Royal Minutes are

Of much more worth than thousand Vulgar Years: Did'st thou e'er see this Man near Mount Citheron!

Phor. Most sure, my Lord, I have seen Lines like those

His Visage bears; but know not where not when.

Æge. Is't possible you should forget your ancient Friend?

There are perhaps

Particulars, which may excite your dead Remembrance. Have you forgot I took an Infant from you, Doom'd to be murder'd in that gloomy Vale!" The Swadling-bands were Purple, wrought with Gold, Have you forgot too how you wept, and begg'd' That I should breed him up, and ask no more.

Phor. What-e'er I begg'd; thou like a Dotard, speak'it More than is requifite: and what of this?

Why is it mention'd now? And why, O why Dost thou betray the Secrets of thy Friend?

Æge. Be not too rash. That Infant grew at last

A King: and here the happy Monarch stands. Phor. Ha! whither would'st thou? O what hast thou ut-

For what thou hast said, Death strike thee dumb for ever. Oedip. Forbear to curse the Innocent; and be

Accurst thy self, thou shifting Traytor, Villain,

Damn'd Hypocrite, equivocating Slave. Phor. O Heav'ns! wherein, my Lord, have I offended?

Oedip. Why speak you not according to my Charge? Bring forth the Rack; fince Mildness cannot win you, Torments shall force.

Phor. Hold, hold, O dreadful Sir;

You will not rack an Innocent old Man.

Oedip: Speak then.

Pher. Alas, what would you have me fay?

Oedip. Did this old Man take from your Arms an Infant?

Phor. He did: And, Oh! I wish to all the Gods.
Phorbas had perish'd in that very Moment.

Oedip Moment! Thou shalt be Hours, Days, Yearsadying,

Here, bind his Hands; he dallies with my Eury:

I gave the Infant to him.

Ordip. Was he thy own, or given thee by another?

Phor. He was not mine; but given me by another.

Ordip. Whence? and from whom? what City? of what House?

Phor. O, Royal Sir, I bow me to the Ground, Would I could fink beneath it: by the Gods,

I do Conjure you to inquire no more.

Oedip. Furies and Hell! Hamon, bring forth the Rack; Fetch hither Cords, and Knives, and fulphurous Flames. He shall be bound, and gash'd, his Skin dead off,

And burnt alive.

Phor. O fpare my Age.

Oedip. Rife then, and speak.

Phor. Dread Sir, I will.

Oedip. Who gave that Infant to thee?

Phor. One of King Lajus Family.

Ordio. O, you immortal Gods! But fay, who was!! Which of the Family of Lajus gave it?

A Servant; or one of the Royal-Blood?

Phor. O wretched State! I dye, unless I speak;

And if speak, most certain Death attends me!

Oedip. Thou shalt not dye. Speak then, who was it? speak,
While I have Sense to understand the Horrour;

For I grow cold.

Phor. The Queen Joseph told me

It was her Son by Lajus.

Oedip. O you Gods!—But did she give it thee?

Phor. My Lord, she did.

(Heart;

Oesip. Wherefore? for what? — O break not yet, my Tho' my Eyes burst, no matter: wilt thou tell me, Or must I ask for ever? for what end?

Why gave the thee her Child?

. Pher. To murder it. Odip.

Gelip. O more than favage! murder her own Bowels!-

Phor. There was a dreadful one, Which had foresold, that most unhappy Son

Should kill his Father, and enjoy his Mother.

Oedip. But one thing more.

Oedip. But one thing more.

Jocasta told me thou went by the Chariot
When the old King was slain: Speak, I conjurctise.

For I shall never ask thee ought again;
What was the Number of th' Assassing

Phor. The dreadful Deed was acced but by one; And fine that one had much of your Refemblance.

Oedip. 'Tis well! I thank you, Gods! 'tis wondrous Daggers, and Posion; O there is no need [soell! For my Diffratch: And you; you merciles Pow'rs, Hoord up your Thunder-stones; keep, keep your Bolts For Chimes of little note.

Adr. Help, Hamon, help, and bow him gently forward; Chafe, chafe his Temples: How the mighty Spirits, Half strangled with the Damp his Sorrows rais'd, Struggle for Vent: But see, he breaths again, And vigorous Nature breaks through all Opposition.

How fares my Royal Friend?

Oedip. The worle for you.

O berbarous Men, and sh the hated Light,
Why did you force me back to curse the Day;
To carse my Friends; to blast with this dark Breath
The yet untainted Earth and circling Air?
To rasse new Plagues, and call new Vengeance down,
Why did you tempt the Gods, and dare to touch me?
Methinks there's not a Hand that grass this Hell.
But should run up like Flax all blazing Fire.
Stand from this spot, I wish you as my Friends,
And come not near me, left the gaping Earth
Swallow you too——Lo, I am gone already.

[Drines, and claps his Sword to his Breaft, which A-draftus firites away with his Foot.

Adr. You shall no more be trusted with your Life: Creen, Alameter, Hamen, help to hold him.

Oedip.

Oclip. Cruel Adrafus? wilk theil Hamm, too? Are these the Obligations of my Friends? O worse than worst of my most barbarous Foss! Dear, dear Adrass.; look with half an Eye On my unheard of Wors, and judge thy self, If it is fit that such a Wretch should live! O, by these melting Eyes, unus d to weep, With all the low Submissions of a Slave, I do conjure thee give my Horsor's way; Talk not of Life, for that will make me rave: As well shou may it advise a tortur'd Wretch, All mangled o'er from Head to Foot with Wounds, And his Bones broke, to wait a better Day.

Adr. My Lord, you ask me things impossible; And I with Justice should be thought your Foe, To Teave you in this Tempest of your Soul.

Tir. The banish'd Thebes, in Corinth you may Reign; Th'infernal Pow'rs themselves exact no more:

Calm then your Rage, and once more feek the Gods.

Oedip. Fill have no more to do with Gods, nor Men:
Hence, from my Arms, avant. Enjoy thy Mother!
What, violate, with Beaftial Appetite,
The facred Veils that wrapt thee yet unborn!
This is not to be born! Hence; off, I fay;
For they who let my Vengeance, make themselves
Accomplices in my most horrid Guilt.

Adr. Let it be so; We'll sence Heav'n's Fury from you,

And fuffer all together: This perhaps,

When Ruin comes, may help to break your Fall.

Oedip. O that, as oft I have at Athens feen
The Stage arife, and the big Clouds defcend;
So now in very Deed I might behold
The pondrous Earth, and all you Marble Roof
Meet, like the Hands of fove, and crush Mankind:
For all the Elements, and all the Pow'rs
Celeftial, nay, Terrefirial and Infernal,
Confpire the Rack of out-cast Oedipus.
Fall Darkness then, and everlasting Night

Shadow the Globe; may the Sun never dawn,

The

The Silver Moon be blotted from her Orb;
And for an Universal Rout of Nature
Through all the inmost Chambers of the Sky,
May there not be a glimpse, one Starry Spark,
But Gods meet Gods, and justle in the Dark.
That Jars may rise, and Wrath Divine be hurl'd,
Which may to Atoms shake the solid World.

[Excent.

## BARNE WAS TO SEE COMMENSAGED

## ACT V. SCENE I:

Enter Creon, Alcander and Pyracmon.

Cre. T Hebes is at length my own; and all my Wishes, Which sure were great as Royalty e'er form'd, Fortune and my auspicious Stars have crown'd.

O Diadem, thou Center of Ambition, Where all its different Lines are reconciled, As if thou wert the Burning-glass of Glory!

Pyr. Might I be Counseller, I would intreat you To cool a little, Sir;

Find out Eurydice;

And, with the Resolution of a Man Mark'd out for Greatness, give the fatal Choice

Of Death or Marriage.

Alc. Survey curs'd Oedipus,
As one who' tho' Unfortunate; belov'd,
Thought Innocent, and therefore much lamented
By all the Thebans; you must mark him dead:
Since nothing but his Death, not Banishment,
Can give Assurance to your doubtful Reign.

Cre. Well have you done, to inatch me from the Storm Of racking Transport, where the little Streams Of Love, Revenge, and all the UnderPassions, As Waters are by sucking Whirl-pools drawn, Were quite devour'd in the vast Gulph of Empire:

Therefore, Pyracmen, as you boldly urg'd,

Eurydice

OE DIPUSE

Encydice shall die, or be my Bride. A'cander, summon to their Master's Aid My menial Servants, and all those whom Change Of State, and hape of the new Monarch's Favour, Gen win to take our Part: Away. What now?

Ex. Alcander.

Enter Hæmon.

When Hamos weeps, without the help of Ghosts, I may foretel there is a fatal Cause.

Ham. Is't possible you should be ignorant. Of what has happen'd to the desperate King?

Gre. I know no more, but that he was conducted: Into his Closet, where I saw him sling His trembling Body on the Royal Bed; All left him there, at his Defire, alone: But fure no Ill, unless he dy'd with Grief, Could happen, for you bere his Sword away.

Ham, I did, and, having lock'd the Door, I fleedy And through a Chink I found, not only heard, But faw him, when he thought no Eye beheld him: At first, deep Sighs heav'd from his proful Heart Murmurs, and Groans, that shook the outward Rooms, And art thou still alive, Oh Wretch! he cry'd: Then groan'd again, as if his forrowful Soul Had crack'd the Strings of Life, and burst away.

Cre. I weep to hear; how then should I have griet in. Had I beheld this wondrous Heap of Sorrow!

But, to the fatal Period.

Ham. Thrice he struck, With all his Force, his hollow grosning Breaft, And thus, with Out-cries, to himself complain'd. But thou canst weep then, and thou think it 'tis well, These bubbles of the shallowest emptiest Sorrow. Which Children vent for Toys, and Women rain For any Trifle their fond Hearts are let on: Yet these thou think'st are ample Satisfaction For bloodiest Murder, and for burning Lust: No, Parricide; if thou must weep, weep Blood; Weep Eyes, instead of Tears: O, by the Gods,

Tis greatly thought, he cry'd, and fits my Webs.
Which faid, he imil'd revengefully, and leapt.
Upon the Floor; themes graing at the fixes.
His Eye-balls fiery Red, and glowing Vengeance;
Gods, I accuse you not, the I no more
Will view your Heav'n, till with more durable Glasses,
The mighty Souls immortal Perspectives,
I find your dazling Beings: Take, he cry'd,
Take, Eyes, your last, your fatal Farewel-view.
When with a Gross, that from'd the Call of Death,
With horrid Force lifting his impious Hands,
He snatch'd, he tore, from forth their bloody Orbe,
The Balls of Sight, and dash'd 'em on the Ground.

Cre. A Master-piece of Horror; new and dreadful!

Ham. I ran to fuccour him; but, oh! soo late; For he had pluck'd the remnant Strings away.
What then remains, but that I find Implies,
Who, with his Wildom, may allay thom Furles we That haunt his gloomy. Soul?

Cre. Heav'n will reward

Thy care; most honest, faithful, soolish Henre to But see, Aleander enters, well attended.

Enter Alcander, attended.

I see, thou hast been diligent.

Alc. Nothing these,

For Number, to the Crowds that foon will follow Be refolute.

And call your utmost Fury to revenge.

Cre. Ha! thou haft given
Th' Alarm to Crucky; and never may
These Eyes be closed, till they behold Adrass
Stretch'd at the Feet of false Eurydies.

But see, they're here! retire a while, and mark.'

Enter Adrastus, and Eurydice, assended.

Adr. Alas, Eurydice, what fond rash Man, What inconsiderate and ambitious Fool, That shall hereafter read the Face of Oedipus, Will dare, with his frail Hand, to grasp a Scepter? Eur. 'Tis true, a Crown seems dreadful, and I wish That you and I, more lowly plac'd, might pass Our softer Hours in humble Cells away:

Not but I love you to that infinite Height,
I could (O wondrous Proof of fiercest Love!)
Be greatly wretched in a Court with you.

Adr. Take then this most lov'd Innocence away; Fly from tumultuous Thebes,
From Blood and Murder,
Fly from the Author of all Villanies,
Rapes, Death, and Treason, from that Fury Crem:
Vouchsafe that I, o'er-joy'd, may bear you hence,
And at your Feet present the Crown of Argos.

Cree. I have o'er-heard thy black Defign, Adragus.
And therefore, as a Traitor to this State,
Death ought to be thy Lot: Let it suffice
That Thebes surveys thee as a Prince; abuse not
Her profier'd Mercy, but retire betimes,
Left she repent, and hasten on thy Doom.

Adv. Think not, most abject,
Most abhorr'd of Men,
Advassure will vouchiase to answer thee;
Thebans, to you I justifie my Love:
I have address my Prayers to this fair Princess;
But, if I ever meant a Violence,
Or thought to Ravish, as that Traitor did,
What humblest Adorations could not win;
Brand me, you Gods, blot me with foul Dishonour,
And let Men curse me by the Name of Creen!

Eur. Hear me, O Thebans, if you dread the Wrath Of her whom Fate ordain'd to be your Queen, Hear me, and dare not, as you prize your Lives, To take the Part of that Rebellious Traitor. By the Decree of Royal Oedipus, By Queen Jocafia's Order, by what's more, My own dear Yows of everlasting Love, I here resign to Prince Adrasas Arms All that the World can make me Mistress of.

Cre.

Cre. O perjur'd Woman!
Draw all; and when I give the Word, fall on.
Traitor, refign the Princess, or this moment
Expect, with all those most unfortunate Wretches,
Upon this spot straight to be hewn in pieces.

Adr. No, Villain, no.

With twice those odds of Men,
I doubt not in this Cause to vanquish thee.
Captain, remember to your Care I give
My Love; ten thousand thousand times more dear
Than Life or Liberty.

Cre. Fall on, Alcander.

Pyracmon, you and I must wheel about

For nobler Game, the Princess.

Air. Ah, Traitor, dost thou shun me? Follow, follow,

My brave Companions; see, the Cowards fly.

[Ex. fighting: Creon's Party beasen off by Adrassus.

Enter Occlipus. Oedip. O; 'tis too little this, thy loss of Sight, What has it done? I stall be gaz'd at now The more; be pointed at, There goes the Monster! Nor have I hid my Horrors from my felf; For the' corporeal Light be loft for ever, The bright reflecting Soul, through glaring Opticks, Presents in larger Size her black Idea's, Doubling the bloody Prospect of my Crimes: Holds Fancy down, and makes her act again, With Wife and Mother, Tortures, Hell and Furies. Ha! now the baleful Off-fpring's brought to light! In horrid Form they rank themselves before me; What shall I call this Medley of Creation? Here one, with all th'Obedience of a Son, Borrowing Jocafta's Look, kneels at my Feet, And calls me Father; there a flurdy Boy, Resembling Lajus just as when I kill'd him, Bears up, and with his cold Hand grasping mine, Cries out, how fares my Brother Oedipus?

What

What, Sons and Brothers! Sifters and Daughters too! Ely all, begon, fly from my whirling Brain; Hence, Incest, Murder; hence, you ghastly Figures! O Gods! Gods, answer; is there any mean? Let me go mad, or die.

Finer Jocath.

Yee. Where, where is this most wretched of Mankiad,
This stately Image of Imperial Sorrow,
Whose Story told, whose very Name but mention'd,
Would cool the Rage of Feavers, and unlock
The Hand of Lust from the pale Virgin's Hair,
And throw the Ravisher before her Feet?

Occip. By all my Fears, I think Josepha's Voice! Hence; fly; begon: O thou far worfe than worst Of damning Charmers! O abhor'd, loath'd Creature! Fly, by the Gods, or by the Fiends, I charge thee, Far as the East, West, North, or South of Heav'n, But think not thou shalt ever enter there: The golden Gates are barr'd with Adamant, 'Gainst thee, and me; and the Celestial Guards, Still as we rise, will dash our Spirits down.

Joc. O wretched Pair! O greatly wretched we!

Two Worlds of Woe!

Oedip. Art thou not gone then? ha! How dar'st thou stand the Fury of the Gods? Or com'st thou in the Grave to reap new Pleasures?

Joc. Talk on; till thou mak'ft mad my rowking Brain; Groan still more Death; and may those dissual Sources Still bubble on, and pour forth Blood and Tears. Methinks, at such a Meeting, Heav'n stands still; The Sea nor Ebbs, nor Flows: This Mole-hill Earth Is heav'd no more: The busic Emmets ocase; Yet hear me on——

Oedip. Speak then, and blaft my Soul.

Joc. O, my lov'd Lord, the I resolve a Ruin
To match my Crimes; by all my Miseries,
'Tis Horror, worse than thousand thousand Deaths,
To send me hence without a kind Farewel.

Ordip. Gods, how the thakes me! ftay thee, O Jocalia, Speak formething e'er thou goeft for ever from me.

Joc. 'Tis Woman's weakness, that I would be pity'd; Pardon me then, O greatest, tho' most wretched, Of all thy Kind: My Soul is on the Brink, And sees the boiling Furnace just beneath:

Do not thou push me off, and I will go, With such a Willingness, as if that Heav'n

With all its Glory glow'd for my Reception.

Oedip. O, in my Heart, I feel the Pangs of Nature;
It works with kindness o'er: Give give me way;
I feel a Melting here, a Tenderness,
Too mighty for the Anger of the Gods!
Direct me to thy Knees: yet oh forbeas,
Left the dead Embers should revive,
Stand off——and at just Distance
Let me groan my Horrors—here
On the Earth, here blow my utmost Gale;
Here sob my Sorrows, till I burst with Sighing:

Here Gasp and Languish out my wounded Soul, Joc. In spight of all those Crimes the cruel Gods Can charge me with, I know my Innocence; Know yours: 'Tis Fate alone that makes us wretched.

For you are still my Husband.

Oedip. Swear I am, And I'll believe thee; steal into thy Arms, Renew Endearments, think 'em no Pollutions, But chafte as Spirits Joys: Genty I'll come, Thus weening blind like deem Night, where the

Thus weeping blind, like dewy Night, upon thee, And fold thee foftly in my Arms to flumber. [The Ghost of Lajus ascends by degrees, pointing

Jocasta.

Joc. Begon, my Lord! Alas, what are we doing?

Fly from my Arms! Whirl-winds, Seas, Continents,
And Worlds, divide us! O thrice happy thou,

Who hast no use of Eyes; for here's a Sight

Would turn the melting Face of Mercy's self

To a wild Fury.

Oedip. Ha! what feeft thou there? Foc. The Spirit of my Husband! O the Gods! How wan he looks!

Oedip. Thou ray'ff; thy Husband's here, Foc. There, there he mounts

In circling Fire, amongst the blushing Clouds! And see, he waves focusta from the World!

Ghost. Jocasta, Ocuspus. [Vanish with Thunder. Oedip. What wouldft thou have?

Thou know'ft I cannot come to thee, detain'd In Darkness here, and kept from means of death. I've heard a Spirit's force is wonderful;

At whose approach, when flarting from his Düngeon, The Earth does shake, and the old Ocean groans, Rocks are remov'd, and Tow'rs are thundred down:

And Walls of Brass, and Gates of Adamant Are passable as Air, and fleet like Winds.

Foc. Was that a Raven's Croak; or my Son's Voice? No matter which; I'll to the Grave, and hide me: Earth open, or I'll tear thy Bowels up.

Hark! he goes on, and blabs the Deed of Incest.

Oedip. Strike then, imperial Ghost; dash all at once This House of Clay into a thousand Pieces: That my poor lingring Soul may take her Flight. To your immortal Dwellings.

foc. Haste thee then,

Or I shall be before thee: See, thou canst not see; Then I will tell thee that my Wings are on: I'll mount, I'll fly, and with a Port Divine Glide all along the gaudy milky Soil, To find my Lajus out; ask every God In his bright Palace, if he knows my Lajus, My murder'd Lajus!

Oedip. Ha! how's this, Jocafia?

Nay, if thy Brain be fick, then thou art happy. Foc. Ha! will you not? shall I not find him out? Will you not show him? are my Tears despis'd? Why, then I'll thunder, yes, I will be mad, And fright you with my Cries: Yes, cruel Gods,

Tho'

Tho' Vultures, Eagles, Dragons tear my Heart, I'll fnatch celeftial Flames, fire all your Dwellings, Melt down your golden Roofs, and make your Doors Of Crystal fly from off their Diamond Hinges; Drive you all out from your Ambrofial Hives, To swarm like Bees about the Field of Heav'n: This will I do, unless you shew me Lajus, My dear, my murder'd Lord. O Lajus! Lajus! Lajus! [Ex. Jocasta.]

Oedip. Excellent Grief! why, this is as it should be!

No Mourning can be suitable to Crimes
Like ours, but what Death makes, or Madness forms.
I could have wish'd methought for Sight again,
To mark the Gallantry of her Distraction:
Her blazing Eyes darting the wandring Stars,
Thave feen her mouth the Heav'ns, and mate the Gods,
While with her thundring Voice she menac'd high,
And every Accent twang'd with smarting Sorrow;
But what's all this to thee? thou, Coward, yet
Art living, canst not, wilt not find the Road
To the great Palace of magnificent Death;
Tho' thousand ways lead to his thousand Doors,
Which Day and Night are still unbarr'd for all.

[Clashing of Swords: Drums and Trumpets without.]
Hark! 'tis the Noise of clashing Swords! the Sound
Comes near: O, that a Battel would come o'er me!
If I but grasp a Sword, or wrest a Dagger,
I'll make a Ruin with the first that falls;

Enter Hæmon, with Guards.

Hem. Seize him, and bear him to the Western-Tow'r.
Pardon me, sacred Sir; I am inform'd
That Creen has designs upon your Life:
Forgive me then, if, to preserve you from him,
I order your Consinement.

Oedip. Slaves, unhand me: I think thou hast a Sword: "Twas the wrong fide... Yet, cruel Hamon, think not I will live; He that could tear his Eyes out, fure can find." Some desperate Way to Affle this curst Breath? Or if I starve! but that's a lingring Fate;
Or if I leave my Brains upon the Wall!
The aiery Soul can easily o'er-shoot
Those Bounds with which thou strivest to Pale her in:
Yes, I will perish in despite of thee;
And, by the Rage that stirs me, if I meet thee
In th' other World, I'll curse thee for this usage.

Ham. Tiresian, after him; and, with your Counsel,
Advise him humbly; charm, if possible,

Advise him humbly; charm, if possible, These Feude within: While I without extinguish, Or perish in th'Attempt, the furious Groom; That Brand which sets our City in a Flame.

Tir. Heav'n prosper your Intent, and give a Period To all our Plagues: What old Tirasias can, Shall straight be done. Lead, Manto, to the Tow'r.

[Ex. Tir. and Mant.

Hem. Follow me all, and help to part this Fray,
[Trumpets again.

Or fall together in the bloody Broil. [Ex. Enter Creon with Eurydice, Pyracmon and his Party giving Ground to Adrastus.

Cre. Hold, hold your Arms, Advastus Prince of Argo, Hear, and behold; Eurydice is my Prisoner.

. Mist would'it theu, Hell-hound?

Cre. See this brandish'd Dagger:
Forego th' Advantage which thy Arms have won,
Or, by the Blood which trembles through the Heart
Of her whom more than Life I know thou lov'st,
I'll bury to the Haft, in her fair Breast,

This Influment of my Revenge.

Adr. Stay thee, damn'd Wretch, hold, stop thy bloody

Cre. Give order then, that on this instant, now,

This moment, all thy Soldiers straight disband.

Adr. Away, my Friends, fince Fate has so allotted;

Begon, and leave me to the Villain's Mercy.

Eur. Ah, my Adraftsu! call 'em, call 'em back!
Stand there; come back! O, cruel barbarous Men!
Could you then leave your Lord; your Prince, your King,
After to bravely having fought his Cause.

To-

To perish by the Hand of this base Villain? Why rather rush you not at once together All to his Ruin? drag him through the Streets, Hang his contagious Quarters on the Gates; Nor let my Death affright you.

Cre. Dye first thy self then. Adr. O, I charge thee hold.

Hence, from my Presence all: he's not my Friend That disobeys: See, art thou now appear'd?

[Ex. Assendants.

Or is there ought else yet remains to do,
That can attone thee? flack thy thirst of Blood
With mine: but save, O save that innocent Wretch.

Cre. Forego thy Sword, and yield thy felf my Prisoner.

Eur. Yet while there's any dawn of Hope to save

Thy precious Life, my dear Adrafus,
What-e'er thou doft, deliver not thy Sword;
With that thou may'ft get off, tho' Odds oppose thee:
For me, O fear not; no, he dares not touch me;
His horrid Love will spare me. Keep thy Sword;
Lest I be ravish'd after thou art slain.

Adr. Instruct me, Gods, what shall Adrassus do? Cre. Do what thou will, when she is dead: my Soldiers. With Numbers will o'ex-pow'r thee, Is't thy Wish Estridyce should fall before thee?

Adr. Traytor, no:

Better that thou and I, and all Mankind Should be no more.

Cre. Then east thy Sword away,

And yield thee to my Mercy, or I fixike.

Adr. Hold thy rais'd Arm; give me a Moment's pause.

My Father, when he blest me, gave me this;

My Son, said he, let this be thy last Refuge;

If thou forego'st it, Misery attends thee:

Yet Love now charms it from me; which in all

The Hazards of my Life I never lost.

'Tis thine, my faithful Sword, my only Trust;

Tho' my Heart tells me that the Gift is final.

Cre. Fatal! yes, foolish Love-sick Prince, it shall:

Thy Arrogance, thy Scora.

My Wounds Remembrance, Turn all at once the Fatal Point upon thee. Pyracmen, to the Palace, dispatch The King: hang Hamon up, for he is Loyal,

And will oppose me: Come, Sir, are you ready? Adr. Yes, Villain, for what-ever thou canst dare.

Eur. Hold, Creen, or through me, through me you wound. Adr. Off, Madam, or we perish both; behold

I'm not unarm'd, my Ponyard's in my Hand: Therefore away.

Eur. I'll guard your Life with mine.

Cre. Dye both then; there is now no time for dallying, Kills Eurydice.

. Eur. Ali; Prince, farewel; farewel, my dear Adrafiu.

Adr. Unheard of Monster! eldest-born of Hell! Down, to thy Primitive Flames. Stabs Creon.

Or. Help, Soldiers, help: Revenge me.

Adr. More; yet more: a thousand Wounds! I'll stamp thee still, thus, to the gaping Furies.

[Adrastas falls, killed by the Soldiers. Buter Hæmon, Guards, with Alcander and Pyracmon bound:

the Affaffins are driven off. O Hamen, I am flain; nor need I name Th' inhumane Author of all Villanies;

There he lyes gasping.

Cre. If I must plunge in Flames, Burn first my Arm; base Instrument, unfit-To act the dictates of my daring Mind: Burn, burn for ever, O weak Substitute Of that the God, Ambition.

Dyer. Adr. She's gone; O deadly Marks-man, in the Heart! Yet in the pangs of Death she grasps my Hand: Her Lips too tremble, as if the would speak Her last Farewel O, Oedipus, thy Fall Is great; and nobly now thou goest attended! They talk of Heroes, and Celeftial Beauties, And wondrous Pleasures in the other World; Let me but find her there, I ask no more.

Enter a Captain to Hæmon: with Tirefias and Manto. Cap. O, Sir, the Queen Jocafta, fwift and wild, As a robb'd Tygres's bounding o'er the Woods. Has acted Murders that amaze Mankind:
In twisted Gold I saw her Daughters hang
On the Bed Royal, and her little Sons
Stabb'd through the Breasts upon the bloody Pillows.
Ham. Relentles Heav'ns! is then the Fate of Lajus
Never to aton'd? How facred ought
Kings Lives be held, when but the Death of one
Demands an Empire's Blood for Expiation?
But see! the surious mad Jocafa's here.

Scene draws, and discovers Jocasta held by her Women, and stabb'd in many Places of her Bosom, her Hair dishevel'd; her Children slain upon the Bed.

Was ever yet a Sight of fo much Horrour,

And Pity brought to view!

Foc. Ah, cruel Women!
Will you not let me take my last Farewel
Of those dear Babes? O let me run and seal
My melting Soul upon their bubling Wounds!
I'll print upon their Coral Mouths such Kisses,
As shall recal their wandring Spirits home.
Let me go, let me go, or I will tear you Piece-meal.
Help, Hamon, help:
Melp, Oedipus; help, Gods; Focasa dies.

Help, Oedipus; help, Gods; Jocasta dies.

Enter Oedipus above.

Oedip. I've found a Window, and I thank the Gods 'Tis quite unbarr'd; fure by the diftant Noise, The Height will fit my fatal Purpose well.

Joe. What hoa, my Oedipus! fee, where he flands! His groping Ghost is lodg'd upon a Tow'r, Nor can it find the Road: Mount, mount, my Soul; I'll wrap thy shivering Spirit in Lambent Flames! and so we'll fail.

But fee! we're landed on the happy Coast; And all the Golden Strands are cover'd o'er With glorious Gods, that come to try our Cause. Jove, Jove, whose Majesty now sinks me down, He who himself burns in unlawful Fires,

Shall

OEDIPUS.

Shall judge, and shall acquit us. O, 'tis done; Tis fixt by Fate, upon Record Divine: And Oedipus shall now be ever mine.

Dies. Oedip. Speak, Hamm; what has Fate been doing there? "What Dreadful deed has mad Joseffa done?

Ham. The Queen her felf, and all your wretched Off-spring,

Are by her Fury flain.

Omip. By all my Wees,

She has out-done me, in Revenge and Murdel And I should envy her the fad applause: But, Oh! my Children! Oh, what have they done? This was not like the Mercy of the Heav'ns, To let her Maduels on luch Cruelty: This ftirs me more than all my Sufferings,

And with my last Breath I must call you Tyrants. Hem. What mean you, Sir.

Oedip. Jocasta! lo, I come.

O Lajus, Labdacus, and all you Spirits Of the Cadmean Race, prepare to meet me, All weeping rang'd along the gloomy Shore: Extend your Arms t'embrace me; for I come; May all the Gods too from their Battlements Behold, and wonder at a Mortal's daring; And, when I knock the Goal of dreadful Death, Shout and applaud me with a clap of Thunder: Once more, thus wing'd by horrid Fate, I come Swift as a falling Meteor; lo, 1 flye, And thus go downwards, to the darker Sky.

[Thunder. He flings himself from the Window: The The-

bans gather about his Bedy.

Ham. O Propher, Ordipus is now no more! O curs'd Effect of the most deep Despair! Tir. Cease your Complaints, and bear his Body hence; The decadful Sight will dount the drooping Thebans, Whom Heav'a decrees to raise with Peace and Glory: Yet, by these terrible Examples warn'd, The facred Fury thus alarms the World Let none, tho' ne'er fo Virtuous, Great and High,

Be judg'd entirely bleft before they Dye. EPILOGUE.



## EPILOGUE

WHAT Sophocles wild undertake alone, Our Poets found a Work for more than one; And therefore Ime lay tugging at the Riece, With all their Force, to draw the pendrous Mass from Greece. A weight that bent ev'n Seneca's strong Muse, And which Corneille's Shoulders did refuse. So hard it is th' Athenian Harp to firing! So much two Consuls yield to one just King. Terroter and Pity this whole Room funy; The mightiest Machines that can mount a Play; How heavy will those Vulgar Souls be found, Whom two fuch Engines cames move from Ground? When Greece and Rome have smild upon this Birth, You can but Damn for one poor spot of Earth; And when your Children find your Judgment fach, They'll scorn their Sires, and wish themselves born Dutch; Each haughty Post will infer with ease, How much his Wit must under-write to please. As some strong Charl would brandishing advance, The monumental Sword that conquer'd France; So you, by judging this, your fudgments teach Thus far you like, that is, thus far you reach. Since then the Vote of full two thousand Years Has Crown'd this Plot, and all the Dead are theirs,

Think

## EPILOGUE.

Think it a Debt you pay, not Alms you give,
And in your own Defence, let this Play live.
Think 'em not vain, when Sophocles is shown,
To praise his Worth they humbly doubt their own.

Tet as weak States each others Pow'r affare,
Weak Poets by Conjunction are secure.
Their Treat is what your Palates relish most,
Charm! Song! and Show! a Murder and a Ghost!
We know not what you can desire or hope,
To please you more, but burning of a Pope.

The End of the Fourth Volume.

George



